

Laborator 07

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```
student@host:~# update_lab --force
student@host:~# start_lab lab-iptables
```

Task 01 | Conectare SSH folosind cheie publica

Tot ce a trebuit sa fac a fost sa rulez comenzile (copy paste direct).

```
student@red:~$ ssh student@host
student@red:~$ ssh -l student host # La fel ca mai sus
student@red:~$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
student@red:~$ ssh -l student host "cat ~/.ssh/authorized_keys"
```

Task 02 | Generare cheie publica si autentificare

```
corina@blue:~$ # Va genera automat, fara sa mai puna intrebari (in stdin)
corina@blue:~$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -f ~/.ssh/id_rsa -N ""
```

```

Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Created directory '/home/corina/.ssh'.
Your identification has been saved in /home/corina/.ssh/id_rsa
Your public key has been saved in /home/corina/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
The key fingerprint is:
SHA256:Q5NgDifhHuRowGD9+Lgm8l/ZqeLfne3BLB+5BeZd84A corina@blue
The key's randomart image is:
+---[RSA 3072]---+
|=. . =.+          |
|.o * * . .       |
| o * . +         |
| . o o . . .     |
|   +   S   E ... |
|   . . o o = + oo|
|   . o o . B o . |
|.. o.. o . = =   |
|..+oooo . o.=    |
+----[SHA256]-----+

```

```

corina@blue:~$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub # 0 copiez in
student@host:~/.ssh/authorized_keys

```

```

ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQGC/WCRqCRamkGgX+cYds/LtxkapEFHGUYKYiafed9C6wMo
AIEIvACwD9+JEkPaU96inoVxWPLAgkUjtXG6QHq8KafXCp/YnvedqBDawZd1jfCuU4fIE0A7NXB
2+XL2x2YAyA1JBm25ELE0rs+cra40R2JgSwD6/x00LdbpIV5CsRdVJEIvum3H9FbzdXoX6oeza1
GbCUxemRtvmEDTHCovfNZAUhQiff+lGaYlveMPwvIy9qZexjsee/IIYbDKsCA9ZfgE6RIn0Vu0
Ju0w/F+TMAivzmU0yTc+2ACBtaHU2LgducM6AB+kUHbSerzf50z0yGSWMgfVSiJmZT0q9n/jGS9
w0IvVUcgWM5oxwusmYkCY6t1HYHU0zDM/ZHTsD1fAWvnI6wkbcQVpWtGBhQTEyQ80hJedW66gJN
1uPjx9b5wh0jorTrXQZZqCGXPRh3sMCabQy8AA2HGCxDxfLxPVeku5HX+/YQoTRT16vPYYRJtmh
VfRZIydrHrDk/Cxyp0= corina@blue

```

```

student@host:~$ nano -l ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
student@host:~$ grep --color=ALWAYS 'corina@blue' ~/.ssh/authorized_keys

```

```

ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQGC/WCRqCRamkGgX+cYds/LtxkapEFHGUYKYiafed9C6wMo
AIEIvACwD9+JEkPaU96inoVxWPLAgkUjtXG6QHq8KafXCp/YnvedqBDawZd1jfCuU4fIE0A7NXB
2+XL2x2YAyA1JBm25ELE0rs+cra40R2JgSwD6/x00LdbpIV5CsRdVJEIvum3H9FbzdXoX6oeza1
GbCUxemRtvmEDTHCovfNZAUhQiff+lGaYlveMPwvIy9qZexjsee/IIYbDKsCA9ZfgE6RIn0Vu0
Ju0w/F+TMAivzmU0yTc+2ACBtaHU2LgducM6AB+kUHbSerzf50z0yGSWMgfVSiJmZT0q9n/jGS9
w0IvVUcgWM5oxwusmYkCY6t1HYHU0zDM/ZHTsD1fAWvnI6wkbcQVpWtGBhQTEyQ80hJedW66gJN
1uPjx9b5wh0jorTrXQZZqCGXPRh3sMCabQy8AA2HGCxDxfLxPVeku5HX+/YQoTRT16vPYYRJtmh
VfRZIydrHrDk/Cxyp0= corina@blue

```

Verificare

```
corina@blue:~$ ssh student@host
```

La prima autentificare cu **ssh**, ma va intreba "Are you sure you want to continue connecting".
Raspund cu "yes", iar altadata nu va mai intreba nimic (se va conecta automat).

Task 03 | Download si upload de director folosind **scp**Task 03 | Download prin **scp** (from remote to local)

Descarc directorul **assignment/** din directorul **home** al utilizatorului **student** de pe statia **host**.

```
corina@blue:~$ scp -r student@host:~/assignment student-assignment
```

```
corina@blue:~$ scp -r student@host:~/assignment student-assignment
linear.txt                                     100%
10      15.7KB/s   00:00
cubic.txt                                     100%
24      50.2KB/s   00:00
quadratic.txt                                100%
17      39.9KB/s   00:00
corina@blue:~$ ls
blue-file-10M.dat  solution  student-ass*ignment
corina@blue:~$ cd student-assignment/
corina@blue:~/student-assignment$ ls
cubic.txt  linear.txt  quadratic.txt
corina@blue:~/student-assignment$ cat cubic.txt
x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6 = 0
corina@blue:~/student-assignment$ cat linear.txt
x - 1 = 0
corina@blue:~/student-assignment$ cat quadratic.txt
x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0
```

Task 03 | Upload prin **scp** (from local to remote)

Uploadez directorul **solution/** in directorul **home** al utilizatorului **student** de pe **host**.

```
corina@blue:~$ scp -r student@host:~/assignment student-assignment
```

```
corina@blue:~$ scp -r student@host:~/assignment student-assignment
linear.txt                                     100%
10      15.7KB/s   00:00
cubic.txt                                     100%
24      50.2KB/s   00:00
quadratic.txt                                100%
17      39.9KB/s   00:00

student@host:~$ ls
assignment  host-file-10M.dat  pwndbg  solution
student@host:~$ cd solution/
student@host:~/solution$ ls
cubic.txt  linear.txt  quadratic.txt
student@host:~/solution$ cat cubic.txt
x1 = 1, x2 = 2, x3 = 3
student@host:~/solution$ cat linear.txt
x = 1
student@host:~/solution$ cat quadratic.txt
x1 = 1, x2 = 2
```

Task 04 | Copiere fisiere cu diverse protocoale: durata si consum de resurse

Task 04 | Transfer prin **netcat** (a.k.a **nc**)

```
# Terminal 1
student@host:~$ nc -l 12345 > file-100M-nc.dat
```

```
# Terminal 2
student@green:~$ time cat file-100M.dat | nc -q0 host 12345

real    0m0.225s
user    0m0.011s
sys 0m0.081s
```

Verific **hash**-urile:

```
# Terminal 1
student@host:~$ sha512sum file-100M-nc.dat
0fd2d103367c010b4f21ab2c6d1be7adf888e186f0e19363d8e19dbbfef1b491540566894a8
2f2d701f108a6aff589e70286537da9641f076639626058c38614  file-100M-nc.dat
```

```
# Terminal 2
student@green:~$ sha512sum file-100M.dat
0fd2d103367c010b4f21ab2c6d1be7adf888e186f0e19363d8e19dbbfef1b491540566894a8
2f2d701f108a6aff589e70286537da9641f076639626058c38614  file-100M.dat
```

Task 04 | Transfer prin FTP

```
student@green:~$ time curl -T file-100M.dat -u student:student
ftp://host/file-100M-ftp.dat

  % Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time
  Current                                 Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left
Speed
100 100M    0      0 100 100M      0   278M --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--
279M

real    0m0.505s
user    0m0.004s
sys 0m0.048s
```

Task 04 | Transfer prin SSH

```
student@green:~$ time scp file-100M.dat student@host:file-100M-scp.dat

file-100M.dat                                100%
100MB 181.5MB/s   00:00

real    0m0.714s
user    0m0.164s
sys 0m0.083s
```

Task 05 | Trafic criptat si necriptat

Se ruleaza comenzile cu copy-paste

```
# Terminal 1
root@host:~# tcpdump -vvv -A -i veth-green
```

```
# Terminal 2
root@red:~# telnet green      # (user:mae: student; parola: student)
root@red:~# ftp green        # Same
root@red:~# ssh -l student green
```

Task 06 | Blocare servicii necriptate

```
root@host:~# # Blocheaza 'telnet green'
root@host:~# iptables -A FORWARD -d green -p tcp --dport telnet -j REJECT
root@host:~# # Blocheaza 'ftp green'
root@host:~# iptables -A FORWARD -d green -p tcp --dport ftp -j REJECT
```

In loc de argumentul `telnet/ftp` pentru `--dport`, se poate folosi portul numeric `23/21`.

Asocierile dintre protocol si port se gasesc in `/etc/services`.

```
student@red:~$ ftp green
ftp: Can't connect to `192.168.2.2:21': Bad file descriptor
ftp: Can't connect to `green:ftp'
ftp>
ftp> ls
Not connected.
ftp> ls
Not connected.
ftp> ls
Not connected.
ftp> ^D
student@red:~$
exit
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD -v -n
# Warning: iptables-legacy tables present, use iptables-legacy to see them
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 403 packets, 34224 bytes)
 pkts bytes target    prot opt in     out     source
destination
    2  120 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2      tcp dpt:23 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
    1   60 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2      tcp dpt:21 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
```

Task 07 | Blocare SSH

```
root@host:~# iptables -A FORWARD -d green -p tcp --dport ssh -j REJECT
root@host:~# go red
student@red:~$ ssh student@green
ssh: connect to host green port 22: Connection refused
```

```
# Comenzi de verificare iptables
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD
```

```
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD -vv -n
```

```
# Warning: iptables-legacy tables present, use iptables-legacy to see them
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 403 packets, 34224 bytes)
 pkts bytes target    prot opt in     out     source
destination
    2   120 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:23 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
    1    60 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:21 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
    2   120 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:22 rejec
```

Task 08 | Permite traffic SSH

```
root@host:~# iptables -I FORWARD 3 -s red -d green -p tcp --dport ssh -j
ACCEPT
```

```
# Comanda de verificare
```

```
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD -vv -n
```

```
# Warning: iptables-legacy tables present, use iptables-legacy to see them
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 403 packets, 34224 bytes)
 pkts bytes target    prot opt in     out     source
destination
    2   120 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:23 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
    1    60 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:21 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
    0     0 ACCEPT    tcp  --  *      *       192.168.1.2
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:22
    2   120 REJECT    tcp  --  *      *       0.0.0.0/0
192.168.2.2    tcp dpt:22 reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
```

```
# Verificare
```

```
student@red:~$ ssh student@green      # Merge
```

```
student@blue:~$ ssh student@green     # Connection refused (e bine) :)
```

Task 09 | Stergere regului adaugate

```
root@host:~# iptables -F FORWARD
```

```
# Comanda de verificare
```

```
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD -n -v
```

```
student@red:~$ telnet green          # Merge  
student@red:~$ ftp student@green    # Merge  
student@red:~$ ssh student@green    # Merge
```

```
student@blue:~$ telnet green         # Merge  
student@blue:~$ ftp student@green    # Merge  
student@blue:~$ ssh student@green    # Merge
```

Task 10 | Captura de trafic

```
# Terminalul 1
```

```
root@host:~# tcpdump -i veth-red -v -w capture-red.pcap
```

```
# Terminalul 2
```

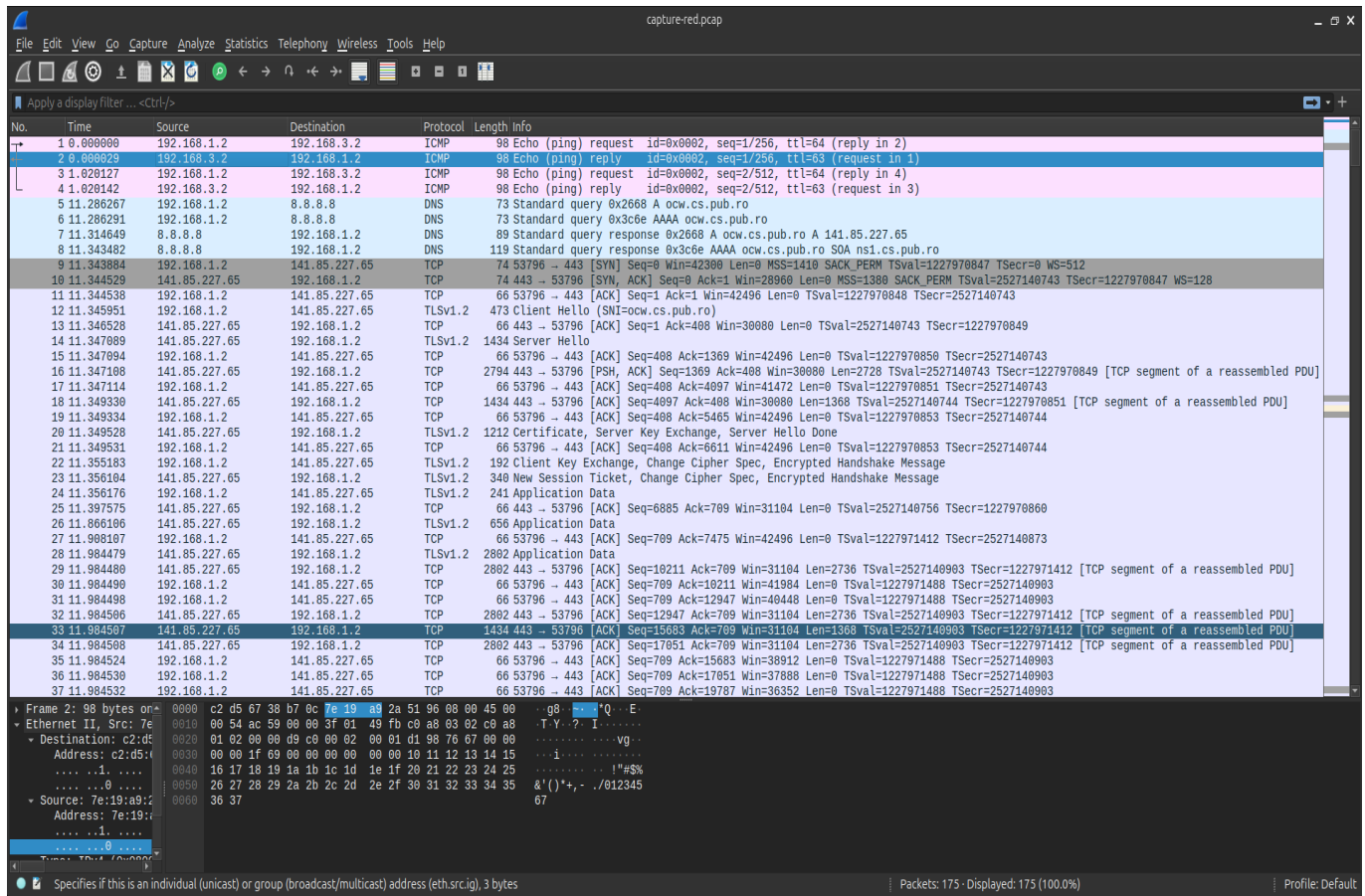
```
student@red:~$ ping blue
```

```
student@red:~$ wget https://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/rl/labs/07
```

```
student@red:~$ ssh student@green
```

```
root@host:~# mv capture-red.pcap /home/student/
```

```
je@localhost:~$ scp -J moodle-username@fep.grid.pub.ro student@<IP-  
VM>:~/capture-red.pcap ~/Downloads/capture-red.pcap  
je@localhost:~$ wireshark ~/Downloads/capture-red.pcap &
```

Pachete analizate contin:

- Protocolul ICMP pentru ping-uri
- Este si un ARP undeva pe acolo ("Who has IP....?")
- Protocolul DNS pentru wget (se face domain resolution)
- TLSv1.2 pentru descarcarea paginii web
- SSHv2

Task 11 (Bonus) | Blocare acces green -> red

```
# Blocheaza traficul TCP initiat de la green la red (green -> red)
root@host:~# iptables -A FORWARD -s green -d red -p tcp -m state --state NEW -j REJECT
```

```
# Comanda de verificare
root@host:~# iptables -L FORWARD -vv -n
```

```
# Warning: iptables-legacy tables present, use iptables-legacy to see them
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT 1063 packets, 105K bytes)
 pkts bytes target     prot opt in     out     source
destination
```

```
2 120 REJECT tcp -- * * 192.168.2.2
192.168.1.2 state NEW reject-with icmp-port-unreachable
```

Task 12 (Bonus) | Transfer sincronizat de fisiere folosind **rsync** peste **SSH**

```
TL;DR: rsync -avz -r --delete -e "ssh -i /home/ana/.ssh/blue-bogdan"
~/proiecte/ bogdan@blue:~/proiecte-backup.
```

```
student@host:~$ sudo su - ana
```

```
ana@host:~$ # Generare pereche chei SSH
```

```
ana@host:~$ ssh-keygen -t ed25519 -f ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan -N ""
```

```
ana@host:~$ # Nu merge... cere parola :(
```

```
ana@host:~$ ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan.pub bogdan@blue
```

```
bogdan@blue's password:
```

De vreme ce **ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan bogdan@blue** nu functioneaza, va trebui sa copiezi manual **cheia publica** in fisierul **~/.ssh/authorized_keys** de pe **bogdan@blue**.

```
ana@host:~$ cat ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan.pub
```

```
ssh-ed25519
```

```
AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAINp7juYp8oqg4v3W5RvvPk5gFUVFHTgkq3X3GLUBD8ot
```

```
ana@host
```

Deschid un nou terminal (**Ctrl+Shift+T**) si ma autentific ca **bogdan@blue**.

```
student@host:~$ go blue
```

```
student@blue:~$ sudo su - bogdan
```

```
bogdan@blue:~$
```

```
bogdan@blue:~$ # Copiez cheia publica aici
```

```
bogdan@blue:~$ nano -l ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
bogdan@blue:~$ cat ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
ssh-ed25519
```

```
AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAINp7juYp8oqg4v3W5RvvPk5gFUVFHTgkq3X3GLUBD8ot
```

```
ana@host
```

Apoi, pe **host**:

```
ana@host:~$ # Verificare conectare fara parola
ana@host:~$ ssh -i ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan bogdan@blue
```

```
ana@host:~$ # Sincronizare
ana@host:~$ rsync -avz -r --delete -e "ssh -i /home/ana/.ssh/blue-bogdan"
~/proiecte/ bogdan@blue:~/proiecte-backup
```

Verificare, dupa rularea **rsync**-ului

```
bogdan@blue:~$ ls --recursive
bogdan@blue:~$ # Sau
bogdan@blue:~$ tree
```

Alternativ, se poate crea o intrare in fisierul de configuratie SSH pentru autentificarea fara parola pe **bogdan@blue**.

```
ana@host:~$ nano -l ~/.ssh/config
```

```
Host blue
  HostName blue
  IdentityFile ~/.ssh/blue-bogdan
```

```
ana@host:~$ # Verificare conectare fara parola
ana@host:~$ ssh bogdan@blue
```

```
ana@host:~$ # Sincronizare
ana@host:~$ rsync -avz -r --delete -e ssh ~/proiecte/
bogdan@blue:~/proiecte-backup
ana@host:~$ # Alternativ
ana@host:~$ rsync -avz -r --delete ~/proiecte/ bogdan@blue:~/proiecte-
backup
```

NOTA: Daca exista o configuratie de SSH definita in **~/.ssh/config**, **rsync**-ul va folosi automat intrarea respectiva. In acest caz, optiunea **-e ssh** nu mai este necesara.