

Mathematical Literacy - Finance Extended Study Guide

Mathematical Literacy - Complete Formula Sheet

--- FINANCE ---

Simple Interest: $I = P \times r \times t$

Compound Interest: $A = P \times (1 + r)^t$, Interest = $A - P$

VAT: $VAT = \text{Price excl. VAT} \times 0.15$

Price incl. VAT = Price excl. VAT $\times 1.15$

Price excl. VAT = Price incl. VAT $\div 1.15$

Profit = Selling Price - Cost Price

Loss = Cost Price - Selling Price

Profit % = $(\text{Profit} \div \text{Cost Price}) \times 100$

Loss % = $(\text{Loss} \div \text{Cost Price}) \times 100$

Break-even units = $\text{Fixed Costs} \div (\text{Selling Price} - \text{Variable Cost})$

Foreign Amount = $\text{Local Amount} \div \text{Exchange Rate}$

Local Amount = $\text{Foreign Amount} \times \text{Exchange Rate}$

Inflation Increase = $\text{Original Price} \times (\text{Rate} \div 100)$

New Price = $\text{Original Price} + \text{Inflation Increase}$

--- MEASUREMENT ---

Perimeter of rectangle = $2(l + w)$

Area of rectangle = $l \times w$

Area of triangle = $0.5 \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$

Area of circle = $\pi \times r^2$

Circumference of circle = $2 \times \pi \times r$

Volume of rectangular prism = $l \times w \times h$

Volume of cylinder = $\pi \times r^2 \times h$

Surface area of cube = $6 \times (\text{side}^2)$

Surface area of rectangular prism = $2(lw + lh + wh)$

Speed = $\text{Distance} \div \text{Time}$

Distance = $\text{Speed} \times \text{Time}$

Time = $\text{Distance} \div \text{Speed}$

Temperature conversion: $F = (C \times 9/5) + 32$, $C = (F - 32) \times 5/9$

--- MAPS & PLANS ---

Actual Distance = $\text{Map Distance} \times \text{Scale Factor}$

Map Distance = $\text{Actual Distance} \div \text{Scale Factor}$

Scale Factor = $\text{Actual Distance} \div \text{Map Distance}$

--- DATA HANDLING ---

Mean = $(\text{Sum of values}) \div (\text{Number of values})$

Range = Highest - Lowest

Median = Middle value when ordered

Mode = Most common value

--- PROBABILITY ---

$P(\text{Event}) = (\text{Number of favourable outcomes}) \div (\text{Total possible outcomes})$

$P(\text{Not Event}) = 1 - P(\text{Event})$