

CSCE 3110 Data Structures

Assignment 2

Introduction

- For short answer and multiple choice section(1-2), you need to provide clear, correct, and complete explanations.
- For the coding section(3), please write a brief file with code with screenshot of execution result where you explain all the information required for the grader to grade your program, and complete comment on how to compile and execute your program.
- Ensure that your program compiles and executes at any CELL machine. Please note, if your program does not compile at CELL machine, you will NOT get any credits.
- On the top of your Word file or your Hand-written document, write a comment statement including your name & UNT ID, the course number, and Assignment on the top.
- Name your file as *Asgn2_LastName_FirstName.docx* or *Asgn2_LastName_FirstName.pdf*.
- Upload your file to the Assignment 2 on Canvas.

1 Question 1 (20 points)

Find two functions $f(N)$ and $g(N)$ such that neither $f(N) = O(g(N))$ nor $g(N) = O(f(N))$.

2 Question 2 (20 points)

Give an analysis of running time (Big-Oh)

a.

```
sum = 0;
for( i = 0; i < n; ++i )
    for( j = 0; j < i; ++j )
        ++sum;
```

b.

```
sum = 0;
for( i = 0; i < n; ++i )
    for( j = 0; j < i; ++j )
        for( k = 0; k < j; ++k )
            ++sum;
```

3 Question 3 (60 points)

Implement a stack and solutions to the following problems:

1. Balancing parentheses
2. Evaluating postfix expressions
3. Transforming infix expressions into postfix expressions

3.1 Programs

We are providing some sample code and input files:

- `public/`
- `stack.cpp`
— stack implementation
- `stack.hpp`
— stack header file
- `balancing.cpp`
— main method to check whether an expression is balanced
- `input_balanced.txt`
— test cases for `balancing.cpp`
- `infix2postfix.cpp`
— main method to transform an infix expression into postfix
- `input_infix2postfix.txt`
— test cases for `infix2postfix.cpp`
- `postfixEval.cpp`
— main method to evaluate postfix expressions
- `input_postfixEval.txt`
— test cases for `postfixEval.cpp`

3.2 Implementation

To compile, run:

```
$ g++ stack.cpp balancing.cpp
$ g++ stack.cpp infix2postfix.cpp
$ g++ stack.cpp postfixEval.cpp
```

To run each program, run:

```
$ ./a.out
```

3.3 Notes

- `balancing.cpp` must balance parentheses, square brackets, and curly braces: `()`, `[]`, `{}`.
- `infix2postfix.cpp` converts infix (midfix) expressions into postfix expressions using stacks.
- `postfixEval.cpp` computes the value of a postfix (suffix) expression, supporting arithmetic operations on postfix expressions.
- The test cases follow this format: *expected_solution input*. Given the input, your task is to implement code that derives the *expected_solution*, rather than simply printing it.
- While we provide a few test cases, you are expected to create additional ones to ensure your code functions correctly.

3.4 Grading

- Implementing the stack: 10 points
- Solving the balancing problem: 10 points
- Solving the evaluating postfix expressions: 20 points
- Solving the transforming infix expressions into postfix: 20 points