

*****HDCP NAS to NFS Migration Steps – June 4-5 *****

CR05635129: HDCP: NAS to NFS Migration

CT00244130: Prepare HDCP for NFS Migration - 1800 – 1900 GMT

CT00244131: Make Legacy Prod NAS volume Read only - 1900 – 1930 GMT

CT00244134: Start Final rsync and perform migration steps on NFS Server

Step 1: Prepare HDCP for NFS Migration - 1800 GMT Saturday June 4th (US Ops)

- a. Stop Splunkd, ActiveMQ, PVA Application
 - On Splunk (as root) – /opt/splunk/bin/splunk stop --no-prompt --answer-yes
 - On ActiveMQ - svcadm disable activemq
 - On PVA –
HDCP-SBEX01A # su - dsc_ju
cd \$APPS/*
./dsc_jup_eur.ksh
dsc_jup_eur
USAGE: ./dsc_jup_eur.ksh [start|shutdown|immediate|abort] [DPA]
./dsc_jup_eur.ksh shutdown dpa
- b. Stop DSS on FE (web, API, BP) & BE (Extractor, FTP)
 - On Solaris & Linux - /opt/TRI/dss/bin/disableBackendNode
 - On Windows - C:\RdsUtils\Stop-Services.ps1 & iisreset /stop
- c. Check Proftpd and Stop if running
 - On Solaris - pkill -f 'proftpd'
 - On Linux – service proftpd stop
- d. Disable Cipade on BE machines
 - On Solaris - svcadm disable cipade
 - On Linux - initctl stop cipade
- e. Un-mount Existing NAS
 - On Solaris & Linux - umount /nas/dss1; umount /nas/dss2
 - On Windows (Web/API/BP) - D:\dss\Tools\Nas\Nas.exe /u x: & D:\dss\Tools\Nas\Nas.exe /u r:
 - On QAD, Logging, NewsScope - umount x: & umount r:
- f. Check if any open process still hanging
 - lsof |grep -i nas

Request Storage-Support to execute change to make Legacy Prod NAS volume Read Only – 1900 GMT Saturday June 4th

- g. Ask Storage team to provide output for both below volume once they make RO
10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds1
10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds2
- h. Ask Storage-Support to Check & verify below - to make sure no DSS hosts is still mounted
 - i. nfsstat -z
 - ii. nfsstat -l

Step 2: Start Final rsync on NFS Server - Primary Node – 19:30 GMT Saturday June 4th (US Ops)

- a. Run Final rsync
nohup /var/tmp/NAS_to_SAN_dss1.ksh &
nohup /var/tmp/NAS_to_SAN_dss2.ksh &

ps -ef |grep -l rsync
you can also check logs with –
tail -100f /var/tmp/niko/rsync-data_\$(date +%m%d-%H).data (check under that dir for recently generated file –highlighted one)
tail -100f /var/tmp/niko/rsync-Logs_\$(date +%m%d-%H).data (check under that dir for recently generated file –highlighted one)

- b. While Final Rsync going on,
 - i. Add Static routes on HDCCP DSS Servers – [HDCCP Static Routes](#)
 - ii. Add DSS Hosts and IP on NFS Servers Host File – [HDCCP Additional Hosts](#)
- c. Once Final Rsync finish: Compare Source and Destination (It will take long for dss2 as it has 30M files)
 - 1) Run below to get all file and directory list with du command
 - i. `/var/tmp/NAS_to_SAN_du_script`
 - ii. Check/compare Total number of Files from both Source and Destination.
`wc -l "File Name"`
 - 2) Run below command to get inode, compare number with Source and Destination
 - i. `ls -ilR /nas/dss1/ | awk '{print $1}' | sort | uniq | wc -l > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/NFS_dss1_inodes.out &`
 - ii. `ls -ilR /nas/dss2/ | awk '{print $1}' | sort | uniq | wc -l > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/NFS_dss2_inodes.out &`
 - iii. `ls -ilR /nas/Legacy_NAS_data/ | awk '{print $1}' | sort | uniq | wc -l > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/Legacy_data_inodes.out &`
 - iv. `ls -ilR /nas/Legacy_NAS_Logs/ | awk '{print $1}' | sort | uniq | wc -l > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/Legacy_Logs_inodes.out &`
 - Few other commands to check inodes with df but you will see difference as it will check parent dir and files allocated in zfs pool.
 - `df -t /nas/dss1 | awk ' { if (NR==1) F=$(NF-1) ; if (NR==2) print $(NF-1) - F }'`
 - `df -t /nas/dss2 | awk ' { if (NR==1) F=$(NF-1) ; if (NR==2) print $(NF-1) - F }'`
 - `df -t /nas/Legacy_NAS_data | awk ' { if (NR==1) F=$(NF-1) ; if (NR==2) print $(NF-1) - F }'`
 - `df -t /nas/Legacy_NAS_Logs | awk ' { if (NR==1) F=$(NF-1) ; if (NR==2) print $(NF-1) - F }'`
 - 3) If need further test,
 - Run Below to get complete list of directory and files with **inodes** on Primary Node of NFS Server. (Use Mount points name from NFS Server)
 - `find /nas/dss1/ -exec ls -ild {} \; ; > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/NFS_dss1.txt &`
 - `find /nas/dss2/ -exec ls -ild {} \; ; > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/NFS_dss2.txt &`
 - `find /nas/Legacy_NAS_data/ -exec ls -ild {} \; ; > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/Leg_NAS_data.txt &`
 - `find /nas/Legacy_NAS_Logs/ -exec ls -ild {} \; ; > /reuters/Patches_Packages/Final_rsync_comparision/Leg_NAS_Logs.txt &`

Please follow [Comparison Test](#) -

Based on comparison results, Ops will decide whether to go ahead or perform another rsync or troubleshoot at this point.

Step 3: Post Final rsync, Make appropriate changes on DSS machines - 0000 GMT Sunday June 5th (US Ops)

- a. Comment out Old NAS entries and Make NFS Server entries in /etc/vfstab (Solaris) and /etc/fstab (Linux) using same mountpoits. Splunk servers has different mount points, make appropriate changes.
 - Make sure to take backup of existing file with
 - `cp -p /etc/vfstab /etc/vfstab.orig --- Solaris Machines`
 - `cp -p /etc/fstab /etc/fstab.orig --- Linux Machines`
 - Verify that DNS is working for NFS Cluster IP, (Ex. hdcus/us1s/us1p/us2p-dswsnfs01-cr)
 - On Solaris –


```
# NAS Mounts
# 10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds1 - /nas/dss1 nfs - yes -
# 10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds2 - /nas/dss2 nfs - yes -
#NFS Mounts
us2p-dswsnfs01-cr:/nas/dss1 - /nas/dss1 nfs - yes rw
us2p-dswsnfs01-cr:/nas/dss2 - /nas/dss2 nfs - yes rw
```

- On Linux –
 - # NAS Mounts
 - # 10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds1 /nas/dss1 nfs rw 0 0
 - # 10.249.188.24:/vol/fnr_virtual_dss0001prod_snap/ds2 /nas/dss2 nfs rw 0 0
 - #NFS Mounts
 - us2p-dswsnfs01-cr:/nas/dss1 /nas/dss1 nfs rw 0 0
 - us2p-dswsnfs01-cr:/nas/dss2 /nas/dss2 nfs rw 0 0

b. On Splunk, ActiveMQ and PVA Servers

- Mount NFS Share
 - mount -a
 - check with df -h – should see both mount point
- Reboot Splunk, ActiveMQ and PVA servers
- Start Application on Splunk, ActiveMQ and PVA servers
 - On Splunk (as root) – /opt/splunk/bin/splunk start --no-prompt --answer-yes
 - On ActiveMQ - svcadm enable activemq
 - On PVA –
 - su - dsc_ju
 - cd \$APPS/*
 - ./dsc_jup_eur.ksh
 - dsc_jup_eur
 - USAGE: ./dsc_jup_eur.ksh [start|shutdown|immediate|abort] [DPA]
 - ./dsc_jup_eur.ksh start dpa

c. FE only Drop with NFS Change

- a. Reboot Web, API and BP once installation complete
- Perform manual mount using Powershell on Windows (manual mount):
 - Verify that DNS is working for NFS Cluster IP, (Ex. hdcs/us1s/us1p/us2p-dswsnfs01-cr)
 - i. net use X: \\us2p-dswsnfs01-cr\nas\dss1 /PERSISTENT:YES
 - ii. net use Q: \\us2p-dswsnfs01-cr\nas\dss2 /PERSISTENT:YES
 - iii. There is also DSS Mount tool,
 - D:\dss\Tools\Nas\Nas.exe /m – it will mount NFSShare data with Drive X:
- Verify Processes using
 - Get-Service | Where-Object {((\$_.Name -like "dss*") -or (\$_.Name -like "pubs*") -or (\$_.Name -like "splunk*"));iisreset /status
 - Start dss process if it did not get started with reboot.
 - Verify localhost checks on each machines

d. On Extractor and FTP Servers

- Mount NFS Share
 - mount -a
 - check with df -h – should see both mount point
- Start Cipade on Extractor and FTP Machines
 - On Solaris - svcadm enable cipade
 - On Linux - initctl start cipade
- Start DSS on BE (Extractor, FTP)
 - On Solaris & Linux - /opt/TRI/dss/bin/enableBackendNode
 - Check dss processes
 - ps -ef |grep -i dss
 - ps -ef |grep -i proftpd (on Ftp Machines and on some extractor in Arora Environment where we get UFDA feed)
 - extmon -c 3
- Reboot Odd numbered machines and then even numbered machines to make sure they come up with NFS Share.

Verification Checks –

- Check on NFS Server and make sure that client is only using NFS3 protocol
 - `nfsstat -c -v 3` and `nfsstat -s -v 3`
 - `root@us1s-dswsnfs01a # rpcinfo -s localhost | egrep 'nfs|mountd'`
100005 3,2,1 ticots,ticotsord,tcp,ticlt,udp mountd superuser
100003 3 tcp,udp nfs superuser
100227 3 tcp,udp nfs_acl superuser
- For verification of NFS client is using only v3:
 - On linux: check `/proc/mounts` to confirm NFS mounts are only using NFSv3
 - On Solaris: check `/etc/mnttab` to confirm NFS mounts are only using NFSv3
 - On Windows: Right click NFS drive and go to properties on windows explorer, check the NFS version is 3 in the NFS Mount options tab
- Login to the GUI from Internet
 - Check Admin -> NAS
 - Admin -> PF and Extractor Status Page
 - Run some Immediate Extraction, check preview and notes file
 - On any one Extractor server,
 - `touch -t 04281233 /tmp/file1` (0428 – is date mmdd and 1233 is the time BE started)
 - `find /nas/dss1/user-files/ -name .snapshot -prune -o -type f -newer /tmp/file1 | wc -l ;date` – to get number of files created in user-files on NFS Share after BE restarted