Stop reinventing the wheel with Istio

Mete Atamel
Developer Advocate at Google
@meteatamel

Google Cloud

The need for Istio

Containers, Kubernetes

01

Google Cloud

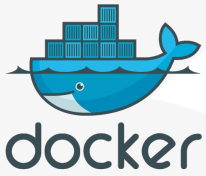
What is a container?

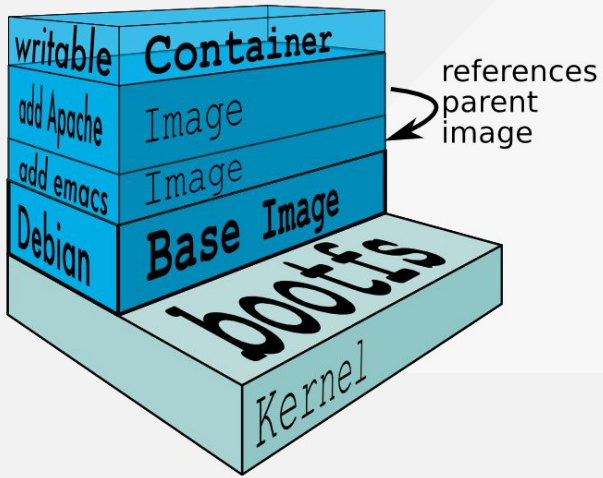
A **lightweight** way to virtualize applications

Linux (or Windows) processes

Lightweight
Hermetically sealed
Isolated

Easily deployable
Introspectable
Composable



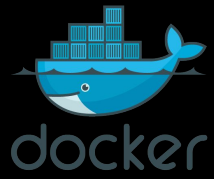


Docker: Tooling for the masses

Docker is a container runtime and image format

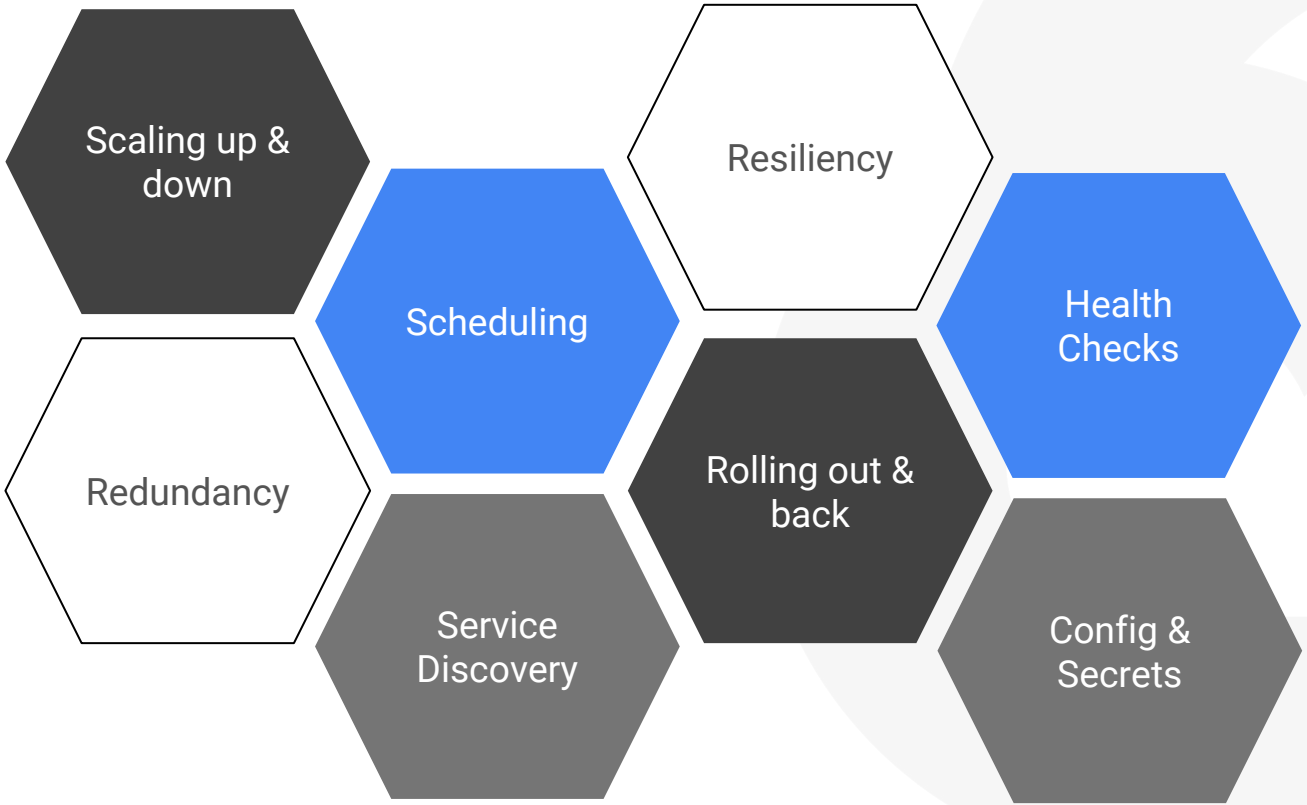
Dockerfile defines the dependencies, environment and the code to run

Container is a consistent invocation of a Dockerfile




```
FROM debian:latest

RUN apt-get update
RUN apt-get install -y nginx

CMD [“nginx”,”-g”,”daemon off;”]

EXPOSE 80
```

Containers are not enough



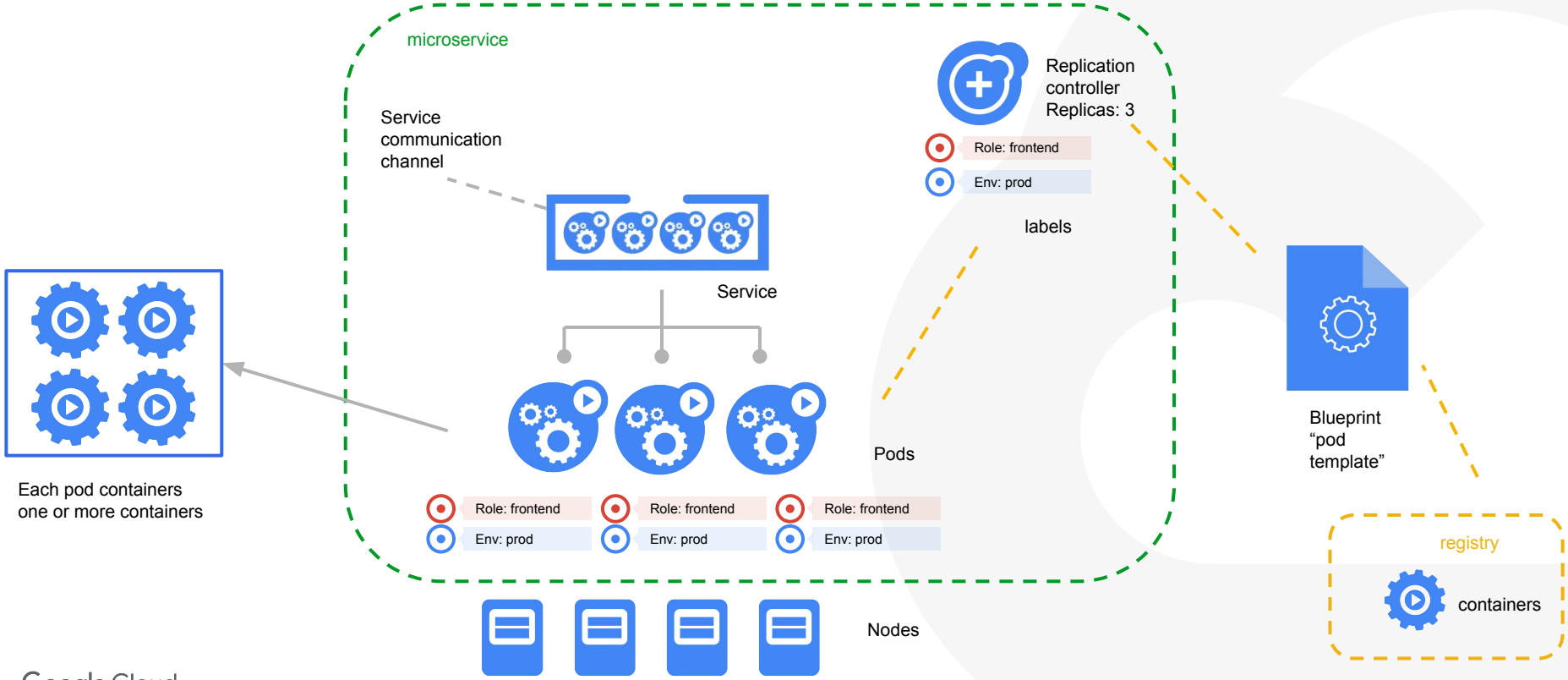
Kubernetes

Κυβερνήτης means *“governor”* in Greek

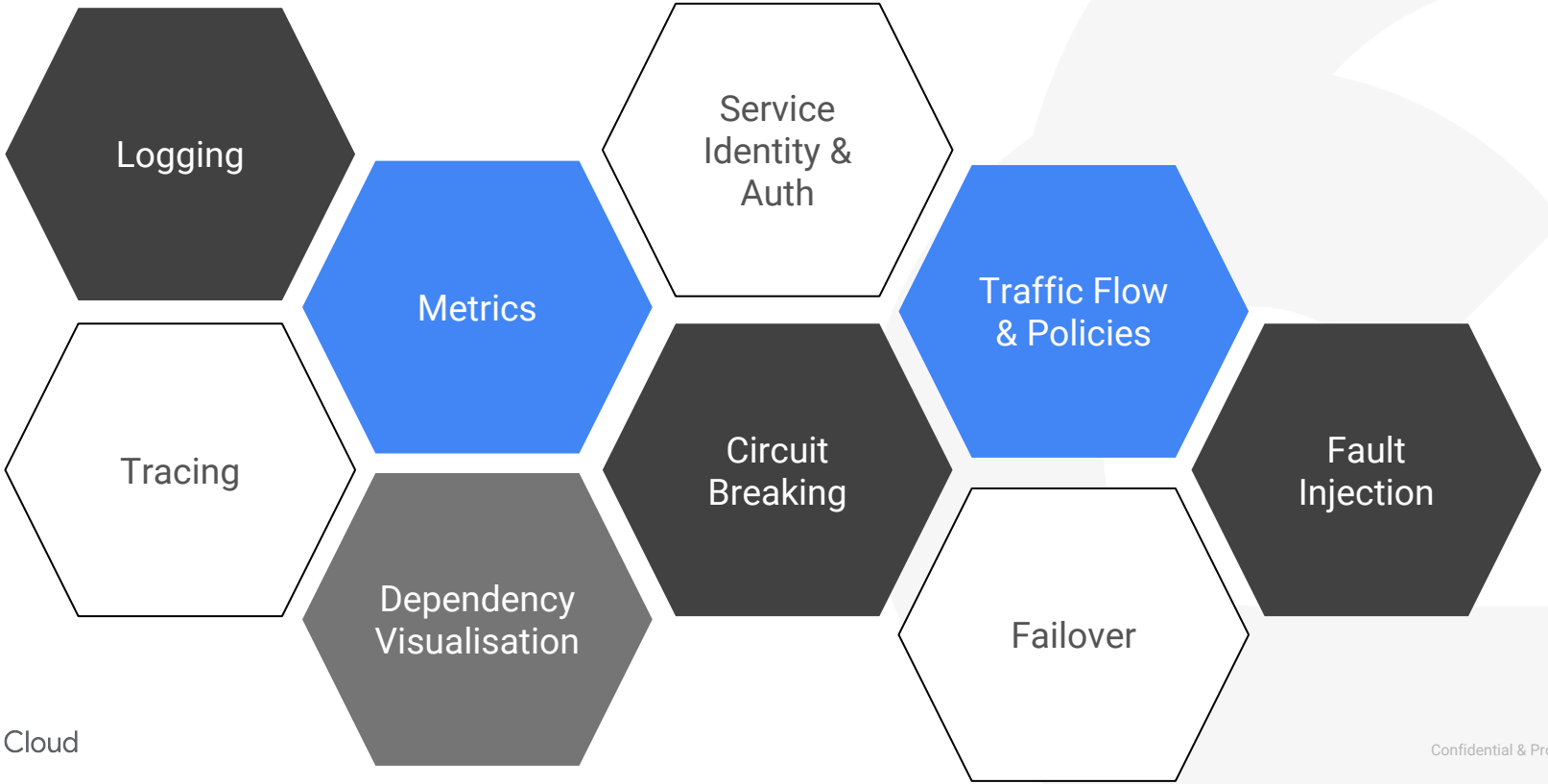
- Manages container clusters
- Inspired and informed by Google’s internal container system called Borg
- Supports multiple cloud and bare-metal environments
- **100% Open source**, written in Go

Manage applications, not machines

Microservices in Kubernetes world



Kubernetes is not enough either



02

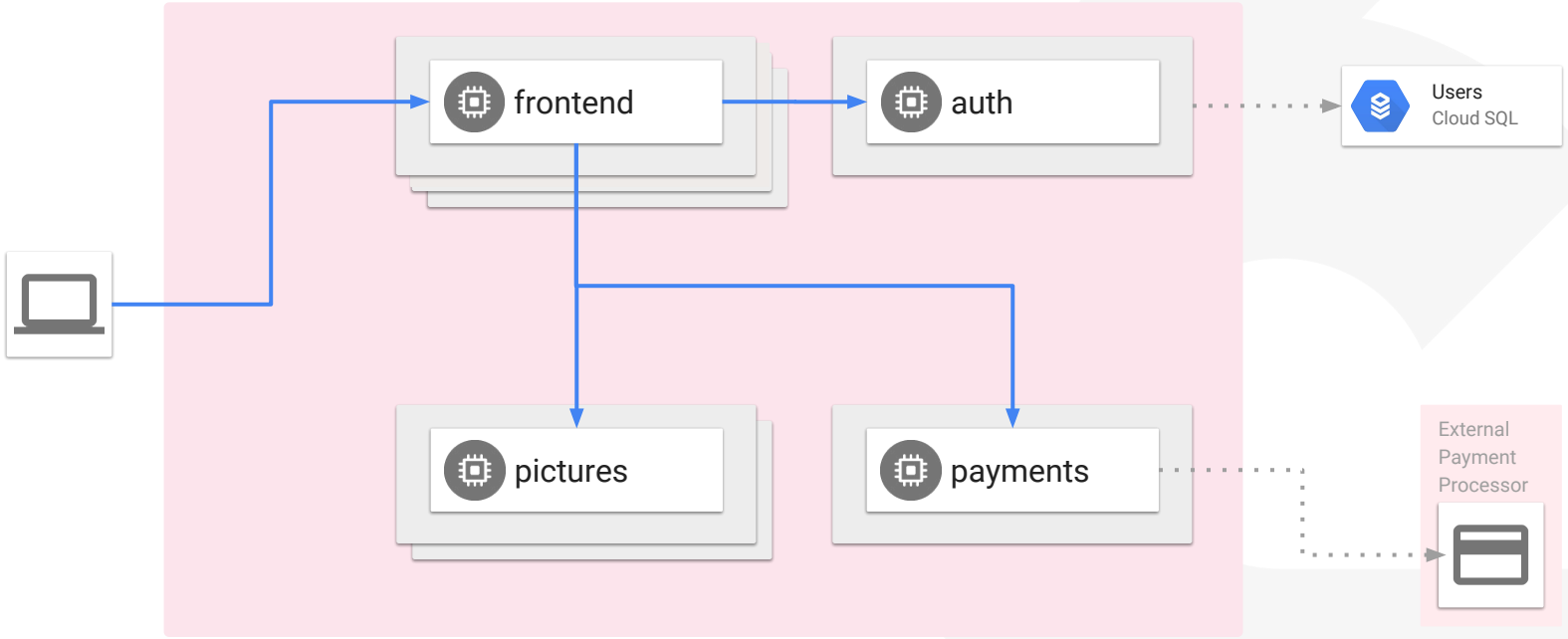
Google Cloud

Ιστιο means “sail” in Greek

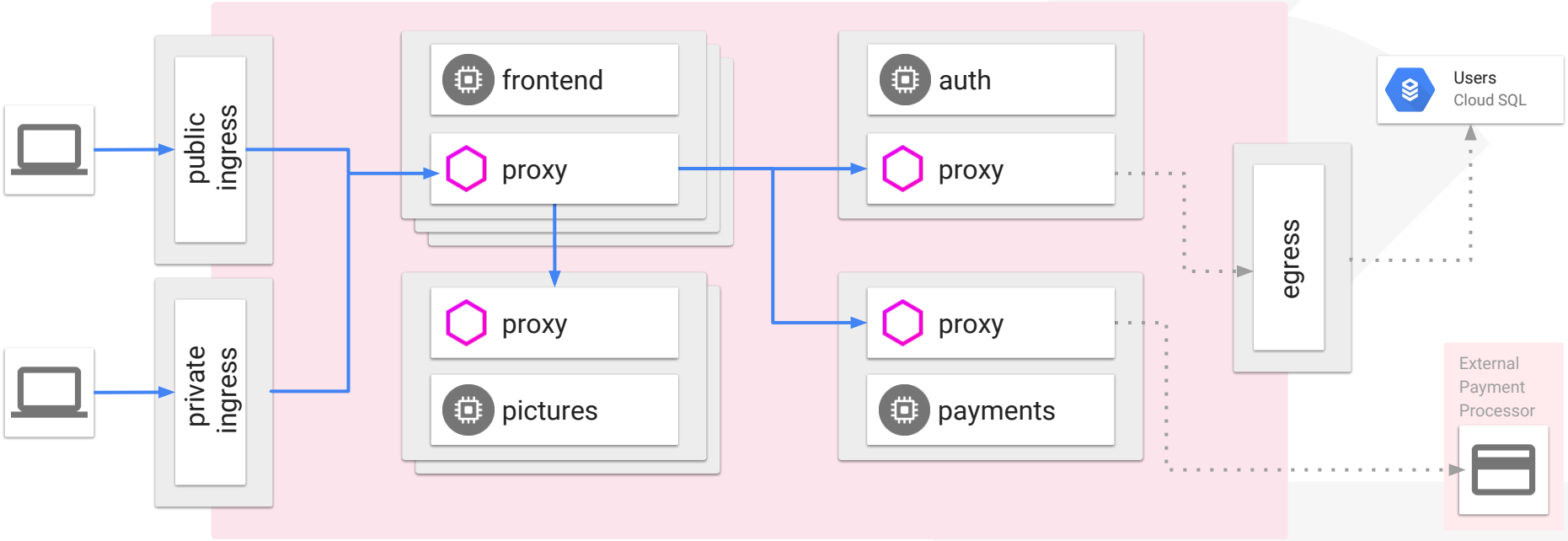
Istio: An open framework for connecting, securing, managing and monitoring services

Google Cloud

Service architecture without Istio



Service architecture with Istio



Istio in a single slide

Platform support: Kubernetes (Nomad, Mesos, Cloud Foundry)
Current version: 1.0.6
Observability: Metrics, metrics query/visualization, trace spans, dependency visualisation
Service Identity & Security: Verifiable service identity, mutual auth
Traffic Management:

- Dynamic traffic control
- Ingress/egress routing
- Timeouts, retries and fault injection
- Policy enforcement and quote management

Istio on GKE

SEND FEEDBACK

Internal: Count: 159, Average: 3.0

Beta

This is a beta release of Istio on GKE. This product might be changed in backward-incompatible ways and is not subject to any SLA or deprecation policy.

Istio on GKE is an add-on for GKE that lets you quickly create a cluster with all the components you need to create and run an Istio service mesh, in a single step. Once installed, your Istio control plane components are automatically kept up-to-date, with no need for you to worry about upgrading to new versions. You can also use the add-on to install Istio on an existing cluster.

What is Istio?

Istio is an open service mesh that provides a uniform way to connect, manage, and secure microservices. It supports managing traffic flows between services, enforcing access policies, and aggregating telemetry data, all without requiring changes to the microservice code.

```
$ gcloud beta container clusters create istio-demo \
    --addons=Istio --istio-config=auth=MTLS_STRICT \
    --cluster-version=latest \
    --machine-type=n1-standard-2 \
    --num-nodes=4

Creating cluster istio-demo in europe-west4-a
Created[https://container.googleapis.com/v1beta1/projects/istio-project2517/zones/europe-west4-a/clusters/istio-demo]
NAME        LOCATION        MASTER_VERSION  MASTER_IP     MACHINE_TYPE   NODE_VERSION  NUM_NODES  STATUS
istio-demo  europe-west4-a  1.12.5-gke.5    35.204.5.121  n1-standard-2  1.12.5-gke.5  4          RUNNING
```

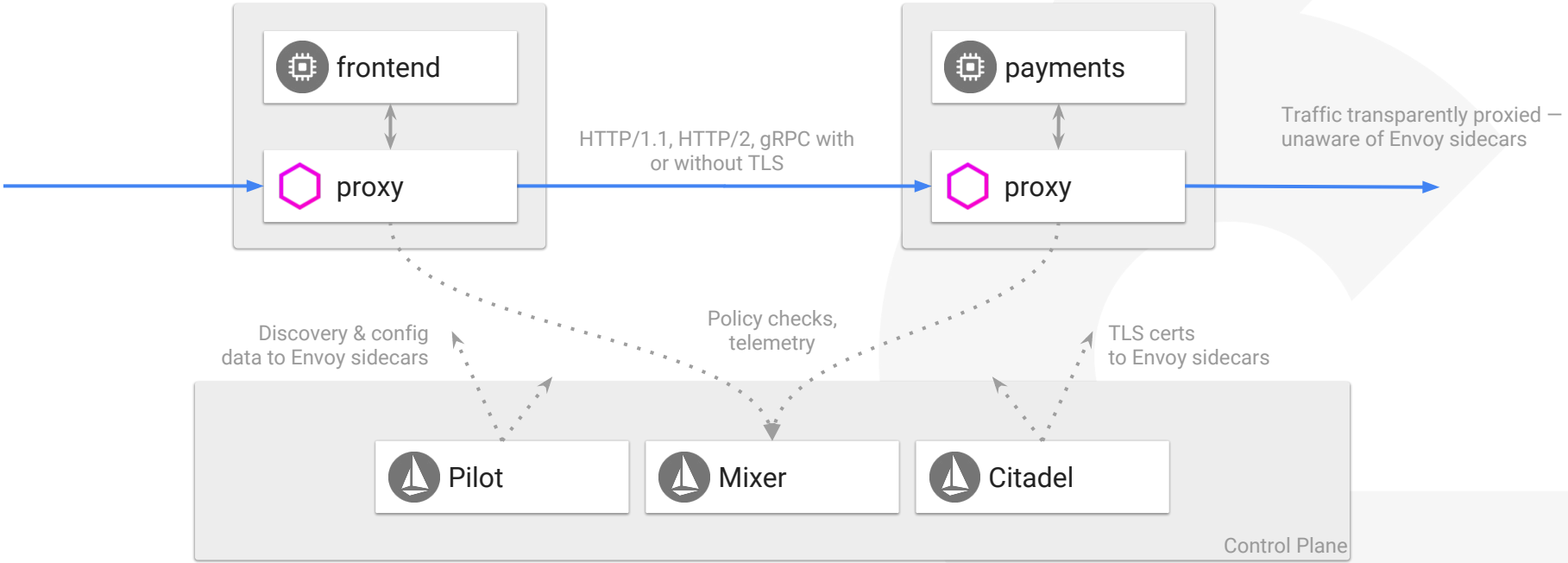
```
$ kubectl create clusterrolebinding cluster-admin-binding \
    --clusterrole=cluster-admin \
    --user=$(gcloud config get-value core/account)

clusterrolebinding "cluster-admin-binding" created
```

Building Blocks

Envoy, Mixer, Pilot, Citadel

Google Cloud

Istio Architecture



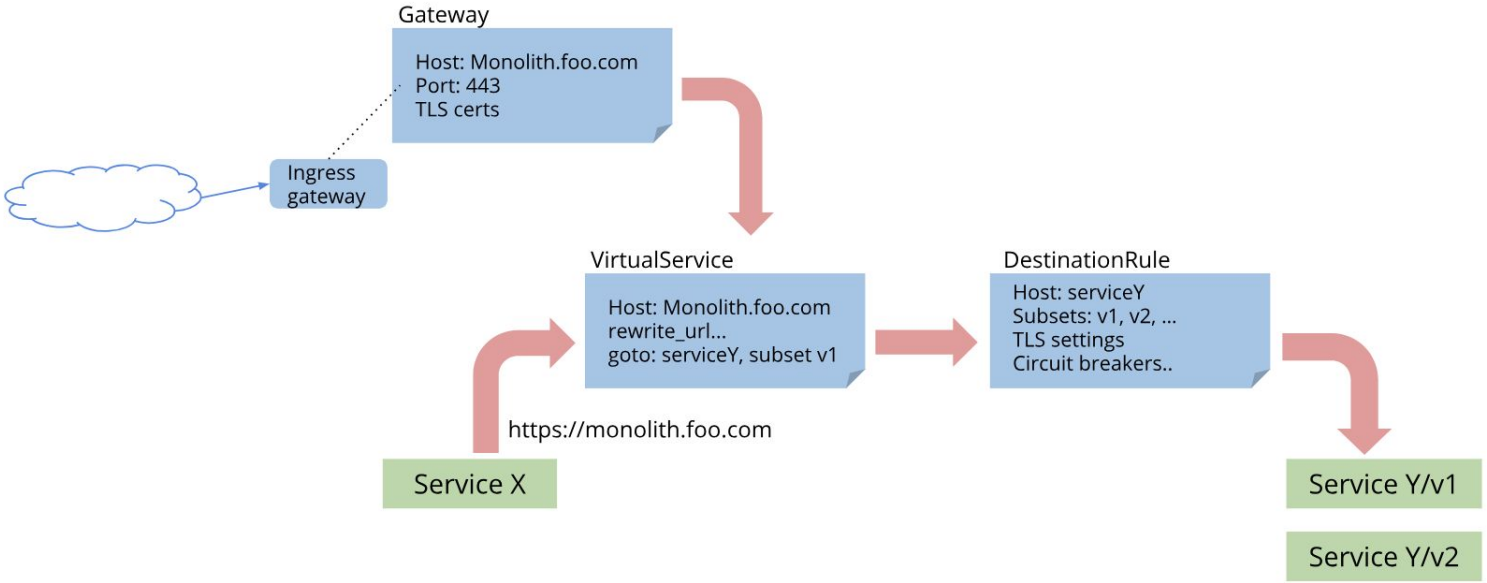
Demo: Deploy App

Routing API

04

Google Cloud

Istio Routing



Relationship between different v1alpha3 elements

Add-ons

Prometheus, Grafana, Jaeger/Zipkin, ServiceGraph

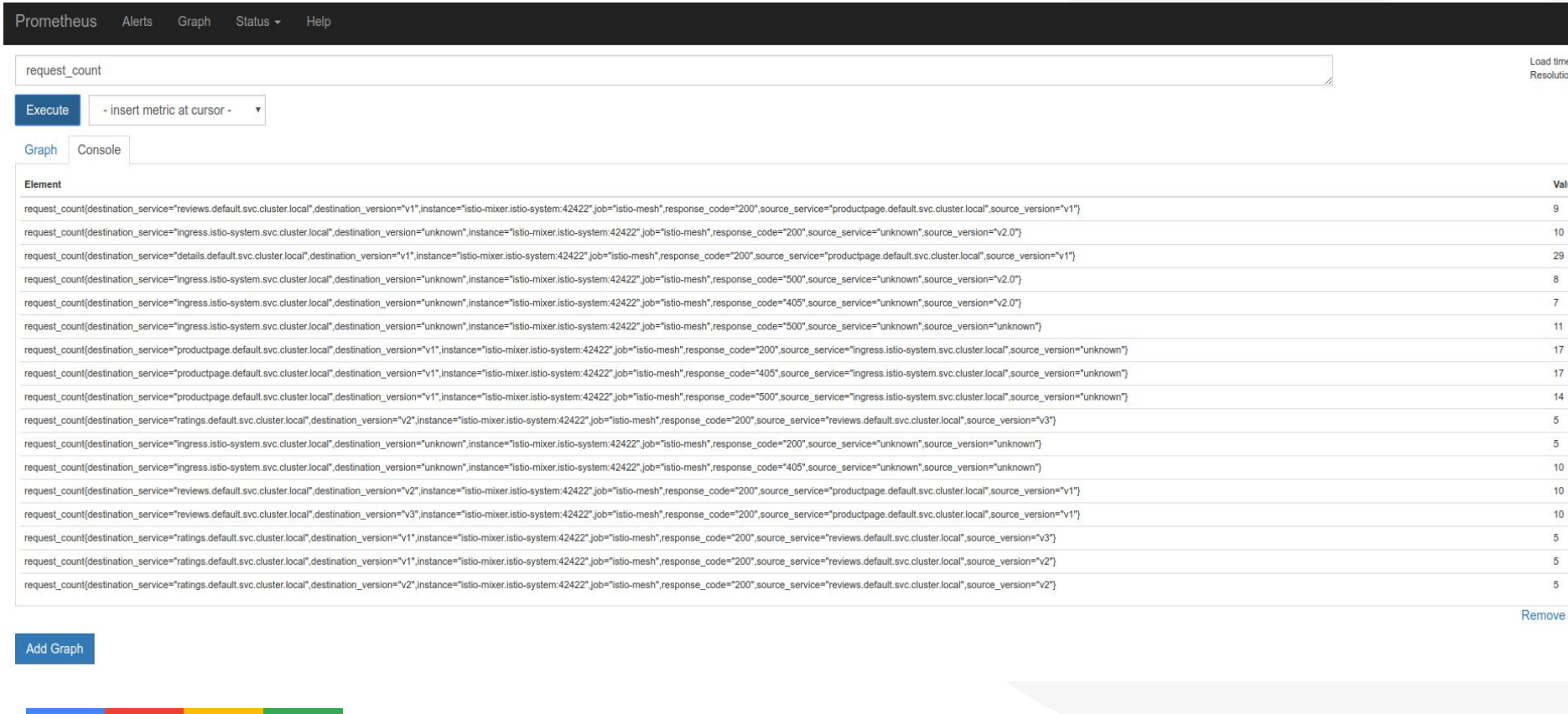
05

Google Cloud

Install Prometheus

```
$ curl
https://storage.googleapis.com/gke-release/istio/release/1.0.3-gke.3/patches/instal
l-prometheus.yaml | kubectl apply -n istio-system -f -

service "prometheus" created
deployment.extensions "prometheus" created

$ kubectl get svc prometheus -n istio-system
NAME         TYPE        CLUSTER-IP     EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)
AGE
prometheus   ClusterIP   10.31.250.92   <none>        9090/TCP
```

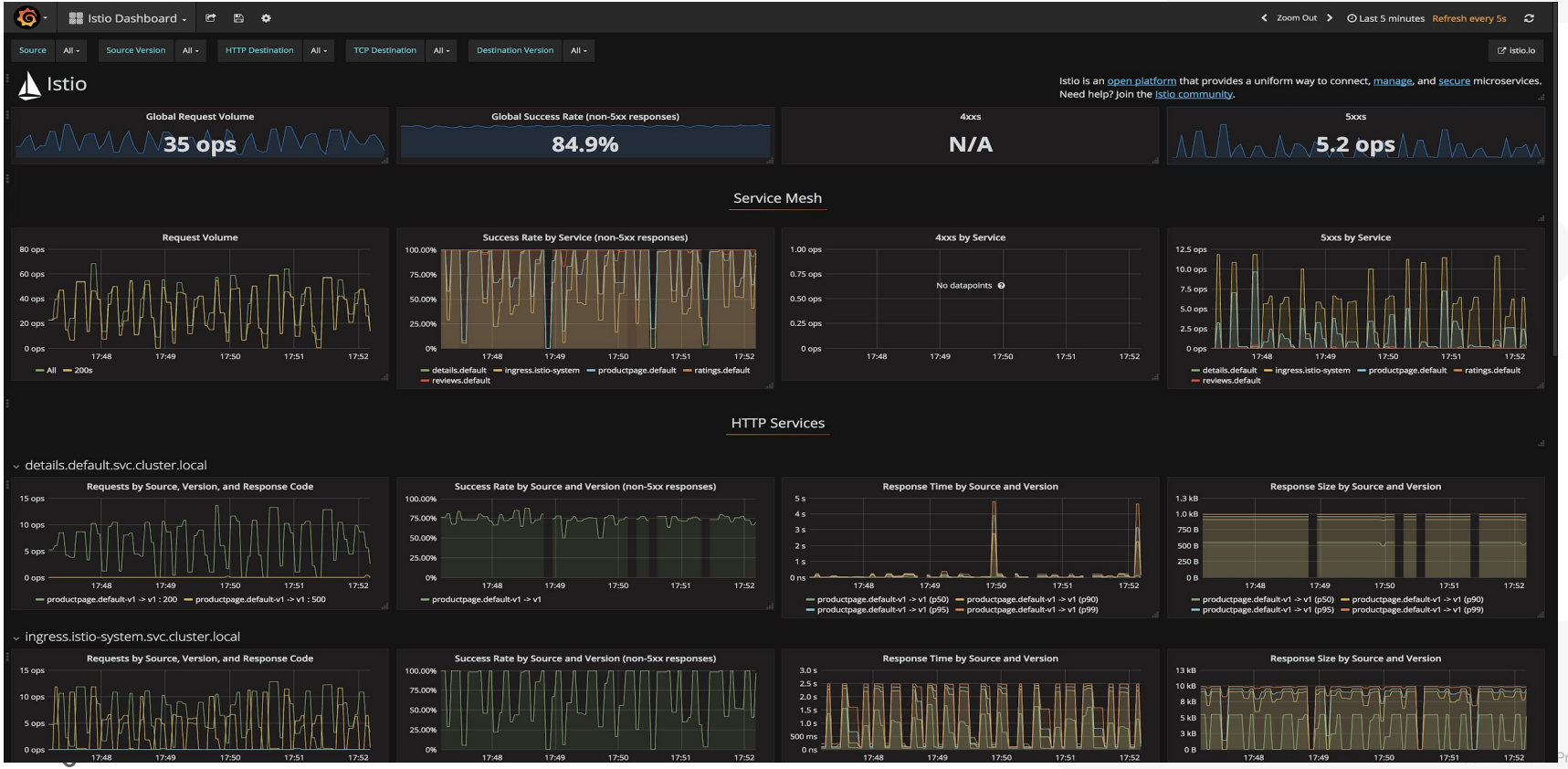
Prometheus: Query metrics



Install Grafana

```
$ curl
https://storage.googleapis.com/gke-release/istio/release/1.0.3-gke.3/patches/instal
l-grafana.yaml | kubectl apply -n istio-system -f -

service "grafana" created
deployment.extensions "grafana" created

$ kubectl get svc grafana -n istio-system
NAME          TYPE        CLUSTER-IP     EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)
AGE
grafana   ClusterIP   10.31.251.158   <none>        3000/TCP
```

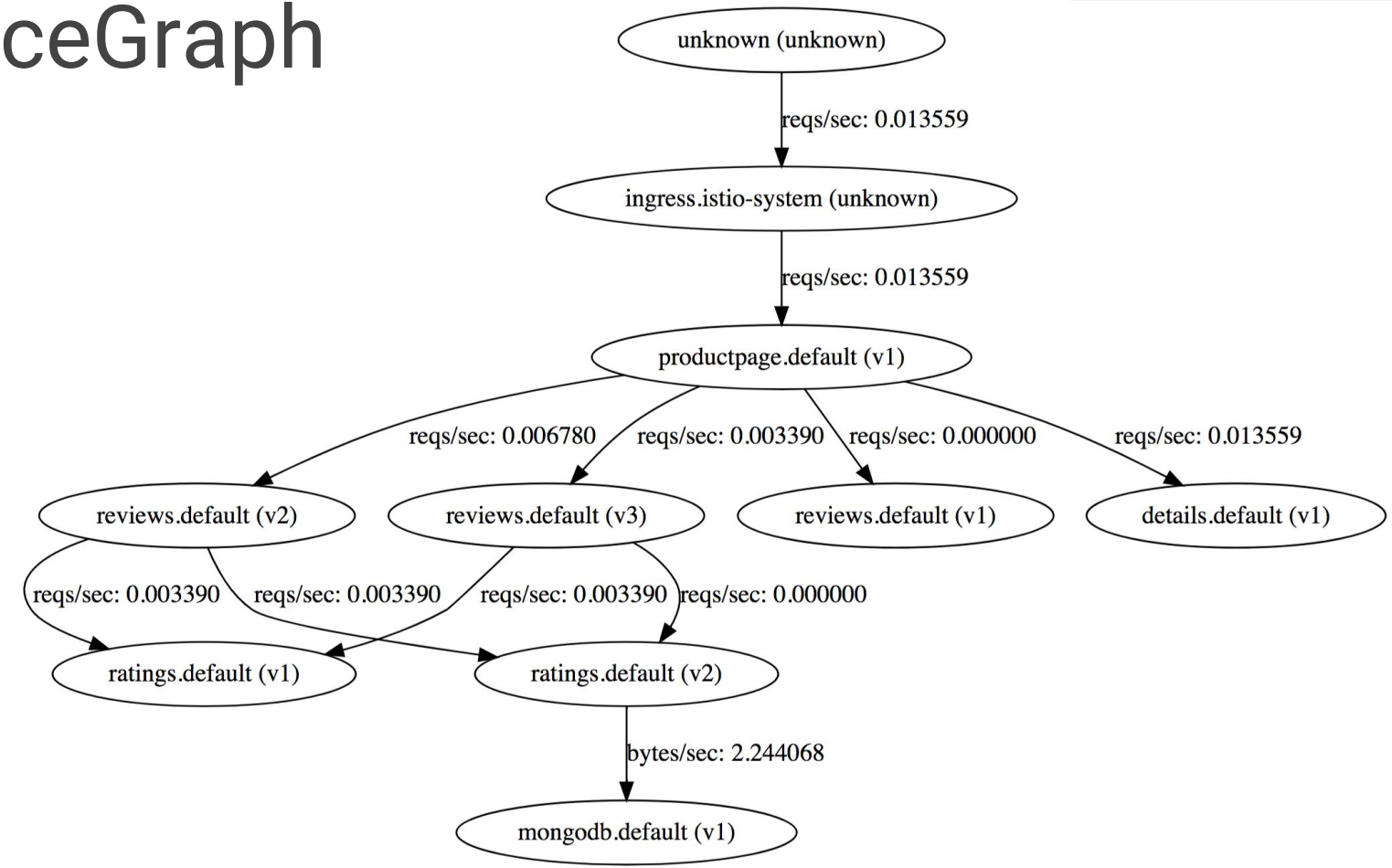
Grafana: Visualize metrics



Install ServiceGraph

```
$ curl
https://storage.googleapis.com/gke-release/istio/release/1.0.3-gke.3/patches/instal
l-servicegraph.yaml | kubectl apply -n istio-system -f -

service "servicegraph" created
deployment.extensions "servicegraph" created

$ kubectl get svc servicegraph -n istio-system
NAME           TYPE        CLUSTER-IP     EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)
servicegraph ClusterIP   10.31.251.158   <none>        8088/TCP
```

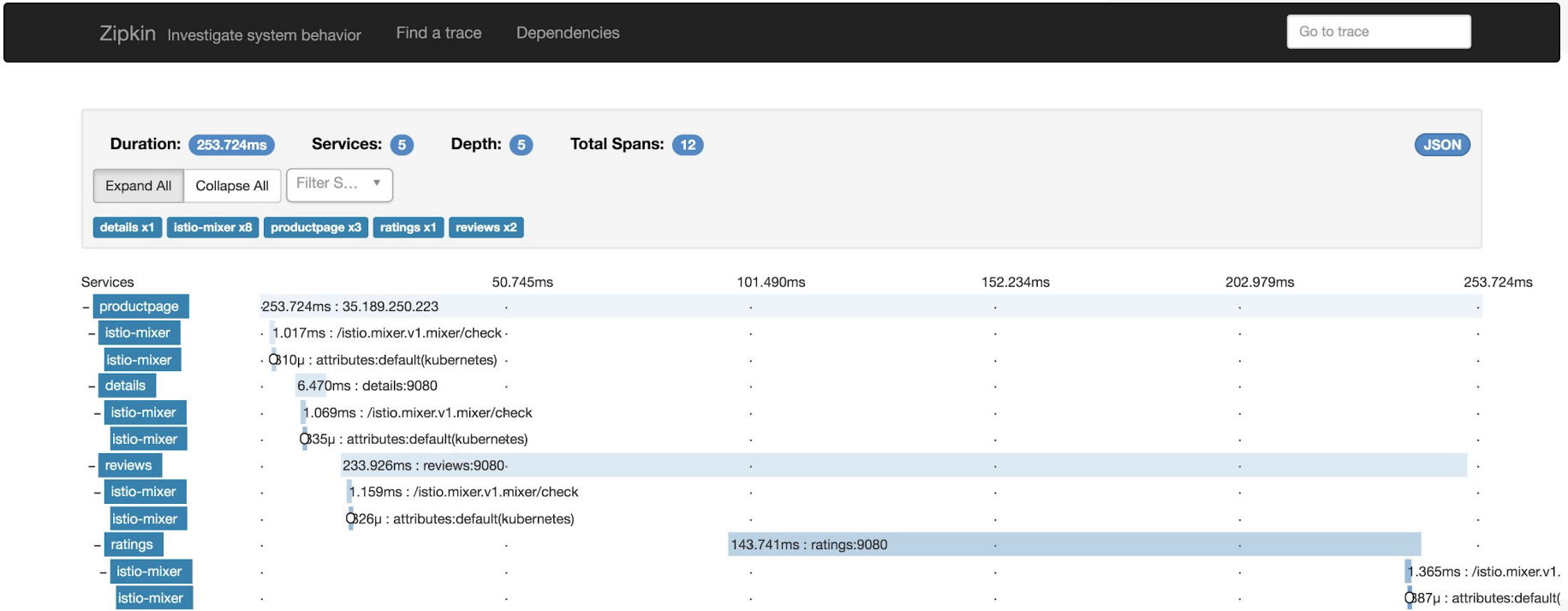
ServiceGraph



Install Tracing (Jaeger, Zipkin)

```
$ curl
https://storage.googleapis.com/gke-release/istio/release/1.0.3-gke.3/patches/instal
l-tracing.yaml | kubectl apply -n istio-system -f -
service "jaeger-query" created
service "jaeger-collector" created
service "jaeger-agent" created
service "zipkin" created
service "tracing" created

$ kubectl get svc jaeger-query -n istio-system
NAME          TYPE        CLUSTER-IP     EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)
jaeger-query ClusterIP  10.31.251.158   <none>        16686/TCP
```

Jaeger/Zipkin: Tracing



Demo: Show add-ons

Traffic Management

Request Routing, Discovery & Load Balancing, Failure Recovery, Fault Injection

06

Google Cloud

Traffic Management

Istio’s traffic management decouples traffic flow from infrastructure

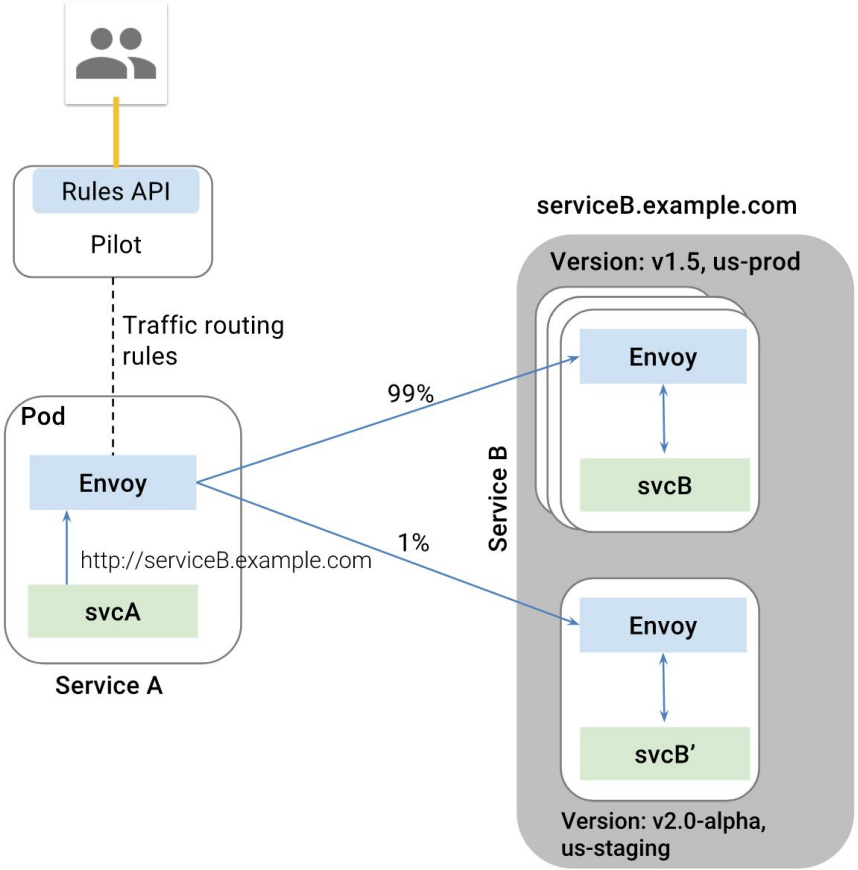
Discovery & load balancing across services

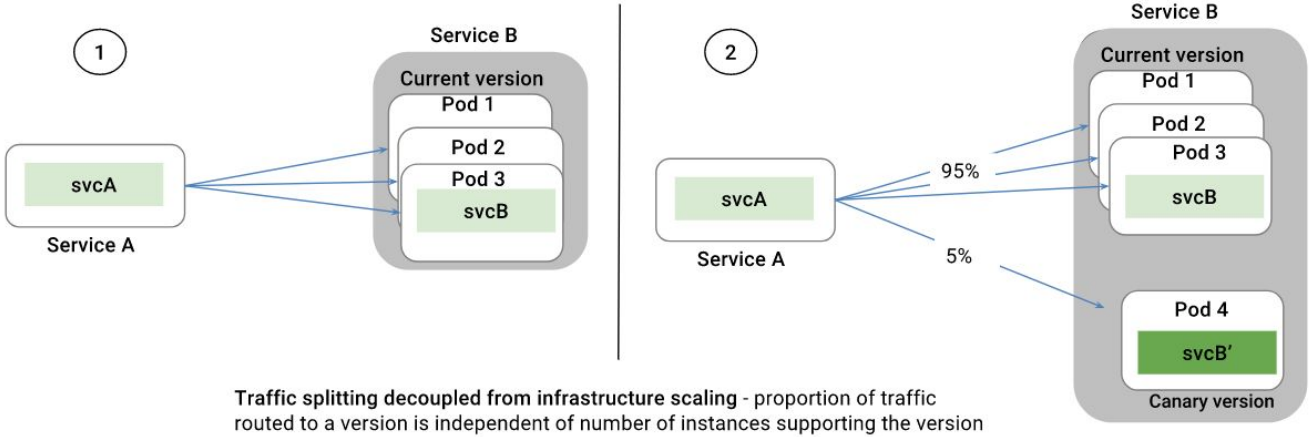
Dynamic request routing for A/B testing, gradual rollouts, canary releases

Failure recovery using timeouts, retries, and circuit breakers

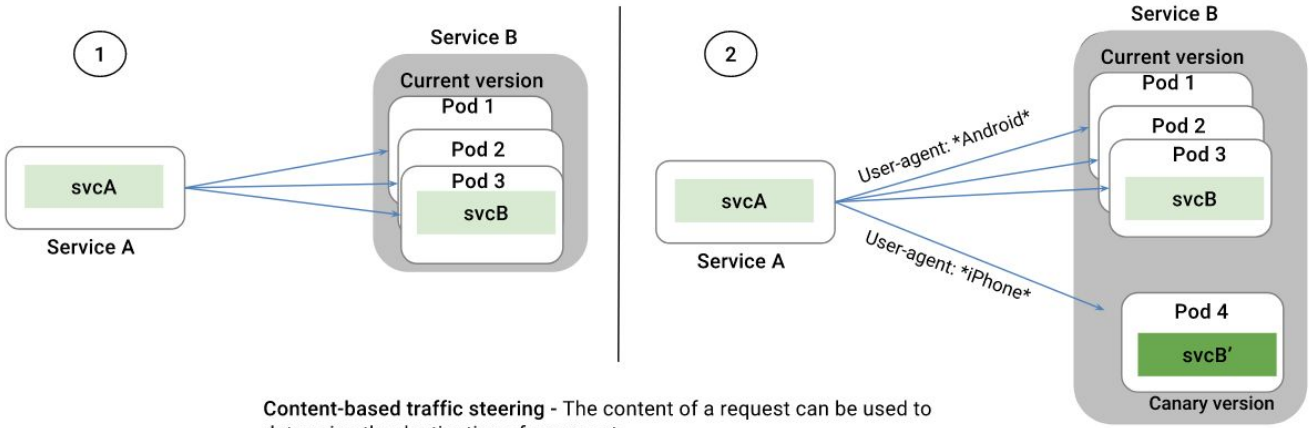
Fault injection to test the compatibility of recovery policies across services

Request Routing





Traffic splitting decoupled from infrastructure scaling - proportion of traffic routed to a version is independent of number of instances supporting the version



Content-based traffic steering - The content of a request can be used to determine the destination of a request

Failure Handling

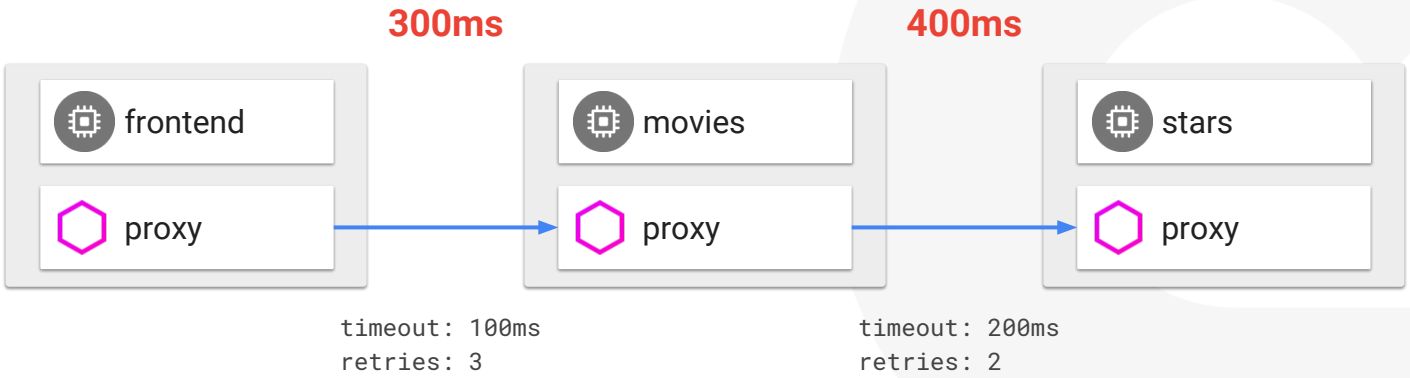
Out-of-the-box opt-in failure recovery features such as:

- Default **timeout** for HTTP requests is 15 seconds but configurable
- The number of **retries** for a given HTTP request
- **Limits** on number of concurrent connections
- **Circuit breakers** can be set based on a number of criteria such as connection and request limits

Fault Injection

The faults can be either delays or aborts. Examples:

- 5 second delay in 10% of the requests to the “v1” version of the service
- Return HTTP 400 error for 10% of the requests to the service “v1”



Demo: Traffic Management

Thank you!

Mete Atamel
@meteatamel

https://codelabs.developers.google.com/codelabs/cloud-istio-aspnetcore-part1
https://codelabs.developers.google.com/codelabs/cloud-istio-aspnetcore-part2

@istiomesh
istio-users@googlegroups.com