

Assignment A2: Team XX

Firstname1 Lastname1

Firstname2 Lastname2

Firstname3 Lastname3

1 Agent Description

Explain, *in your own words*, the workings of your AI agent. Pay special attention to the following:

- Include a concise description of the underlying ‘basic’ minimax agent to which you have added heuristic functionality. (This is in general your teams A1 agent. You are however free to include upgrades about which you have learned since then, but this should not take up too much space.)
- Explain (all) the heuristic technique(s) that you have chosen to implement. Consider using pseudocode for this, and then also provide an explanation of the pseudocode. (N.B.: The pseudocode does not need to cover all actual code.)
- How does your agent use the (unknown) amount of time it has to compute its next move? Can it reasonably be expected to find a better move when given more time? Focus on the heuristic features you have included.
- Explain the (heuristic) evaluation function used for numerically scoring board positions. What is the intuition/reasoning behind it?
- For all of the points above, as a general rule of thumb, consider whether the explanation is clear to your fellow students. Whenever you base your design on existing work/methods, provide references to the appropriate literature.

Do not hesitate to go beyond these points above in case relevant aspects of the design are not captured by any of them.

2 Agent Analysis

After implementing your agent, perform the following experiments to measure its performance against the provided alternate agents.

- Let your AI agent play a number of games against the **greedy_player** agent, on a grid with $n = m = 3$, each time starting from an empty board position, and having each agent be the starting player in an equal number of games. Repeat this process several times, while varying the compute-time allotted per move as 0.1, 0.5, 1, and 5 seconds.
- Repeat the above experiment, now using your team’s minimax agent from A1 as the opponent of your new AI agent.
- You are encouraged to include further experiments or expand the set of boards tested (e.g. different sizes and/or using non-empty starting positions). In this case, make sure you clearly explain the setup of your additional experiments.

Table 1: This is a table. Notice the position of the caption.

left	right
this	is
a	table

- Create plots and/or tables to summarize the experimental results or provide insight that can be gained from them. Basic plots you could use are, for example, those of the average performance (e.g. win/loss/draw statistics) of your agent as a function of compute-time.

In your report, include the interesting plots and tables that you have generated. Also provide some analysis; can you qualitatively summarize the observed performance of your agent on each of these tasks? Moreover, can you think of a possible explanation for these observations?

3 Reflection

What do you think are strong points of your agent’s design? Which properties of the problem domain does it exploit? Is there an inherent strength to the heuristic(s) you chose for finding good moves in this application?

Conversely, what do you think are weak points? Are there certain properties of the problem domain for which you think your design is unsuitable? Is there an inherent weakness to the heuristic(s) you chose for finding good moves in this application?

General Guidelines for Your Report

Please remove this section from your submitted report

This section contains some general guidelines that you should keep in mind when preparing your report:

- The **maximum** length of your report is **6** pages, **excluding** references and the appendix with your included Python code, but **including** all figures and tables.
- Please do not modify the style of the template to squeeze in more content. Make sure all text is legible (not too small).
- Please carefully proofread your report for typos and grammatical errors; use a spellchecker.
- References to literature are best added in the `report_template.bib` BibTeX file, and invoked in your report using a citation command. For example, “Shannon [1950] proposed an approach for ...” or “...as discussed in the literature [Shannon, 1950]”.
- Tables can be added through the `\tabular` command, for example Table 1.
- Figures and graphs are best added through the `figure` environment, possibly using the `\includegraphics` command; see e.g. Figure 1.
- Your code should be included in the appendix at the end of this file meant for that. The appendix should not be used for anything else.

5	3			7				
6			1	9	5			
	9	8					6	
8				6				3
4			8		3			1
7				2				6
	6					2	8	
			4	1	9			5
				8			7	9

5	3	4	6	7	8	9	1	2
6	7	2	1	9	5	3	4	8
1	9	8	3	4	2	5	6	7
8	5	9	7	6	1	4	2	3
4	2	6	8	5	3	7	9	1
7	1	3	9	2	4	8	5	6
9	6	1	5	3	7	2	8	4
2	8	7	4	1	9	6	3	5
3	4	5	2	8	6	1	7	9

Figure 1: Left: Example of a sudoku puzzle with $n = m = 3$. Right: The solved puzzle; original clues are in black, with the values to be entered shown in red.

References

Claude E. Shannon. XXII. Programming a computer for playing chess. *The London, Edinburgh, and Dublin Philosophical Magazine and Journal of Science*, 41(314):256–275, 1950. doi:10.1080/14786445008521796.

Python files

In this appendix, you must include all your Python files, so that the reviewers can evaluate your code. So this must at least be your `sudokuai.py` file, but might include any support files. Make sure that the file name (and path) is explicitly mentioned, so that it is clear how the code is used. Avoid too-long code lines that need to be broken over multiple lines here.

Code Listing 1: `team00_A1/sudokuai.py`.

```
1 # (C) Copyright Wieger Wesselink 2021. Distributed under the GPL-3.0-or-later
2 # Software License, (See accompanying file LICENSE or copy at
3 # https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.txt)

5 import random
6 import time
7 from competitive_sudoku.sudoku import GameState, Move, SudokuBoard, TabooMove
8 import competitive_sudoku.sudokuai

11 class SudokuAI(competitive_sudoku.sudokuai.SudokuAI):
12     """
13     Sudoku AI that computes a move for a given sudoku configuration .
14     """

16     def __init__(self):
17         super().__init__()

19     # N.B. This is a very naive implementation.
20     def compute_best_move(self, game_state: GameState) -> None:
21         N = game_state.board.N

23         # Check whether a cell is empty, a value in that cell is not taboo, and that
24         # cell is allowed
25         def possible(i, j, value):
26             return game_state.board.get((i, j)) == SudokuBoard.empty \
27                 and not TabooMove((i, j), value) in game_state.taboo_moves \
28                 and (i, j) in game_state.player_squares()

29         all_moves = [Move((i, j), value) for i in range(N) for j in range(N)
30                     for value in range(1, N+1) if possible(i, j, value)]
31         move = random.choice(all_moves)
32         self.propose_move(move)
33         while True:
34             time.sleep(0.2)
35             self.propose_move(random.choice(all_moves))
```

Code Listing 2: `team00_A2/sudokuai.py`.

```
1 # (C) Copyright Wieger Wesselink 2021. Distributed under the GPL-3.0-or-later
2 # Software License, (See accompanying file LICENSE or copy at
3 # https://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.txt)

5 import random
```

```

6 import time
7 from competitive_sudoku.sudoku import GameState, Move, SudokuBoard, TabooMove
8 import competitive_sudoku.sudokuai

11 class SudokuAI(competitive_sudoku.sudokuai.SudokuAI):
12     """
13     Sudoku AI that computes a move for a given sudoku configuration .
14     """

16     def __init__(self):
17         super().__init__()

19     # N.B. This is a very naive implementation.
20     def compute_best_move(self, game_state: GameState) -> None:
21         N = game_state.board.N

23         # Check whether a cell is empty, a value in that cell is not taboo, and that
24         # cell is allowed
25         def possible(i, j, value):
26             return game_state.board.get((i, j)) == SudokuBoard.empty \
27                 and not TabooMove((i, j), value) in game_state.taboo_moves \
28                 and (i, j) in game_state.player_squares()

29         all_moves = [Move((i, j), value) for i in range(N) for j in range(N)
30                     for value in range(1, N+1) if possible(i, j, value)]
31         move = random.choice(all_moves)
32         self.propose_move(move)
33         while True:
34             time.sleep(0.2)
35             self.propose_move(random.choice(all_moves))

```
