

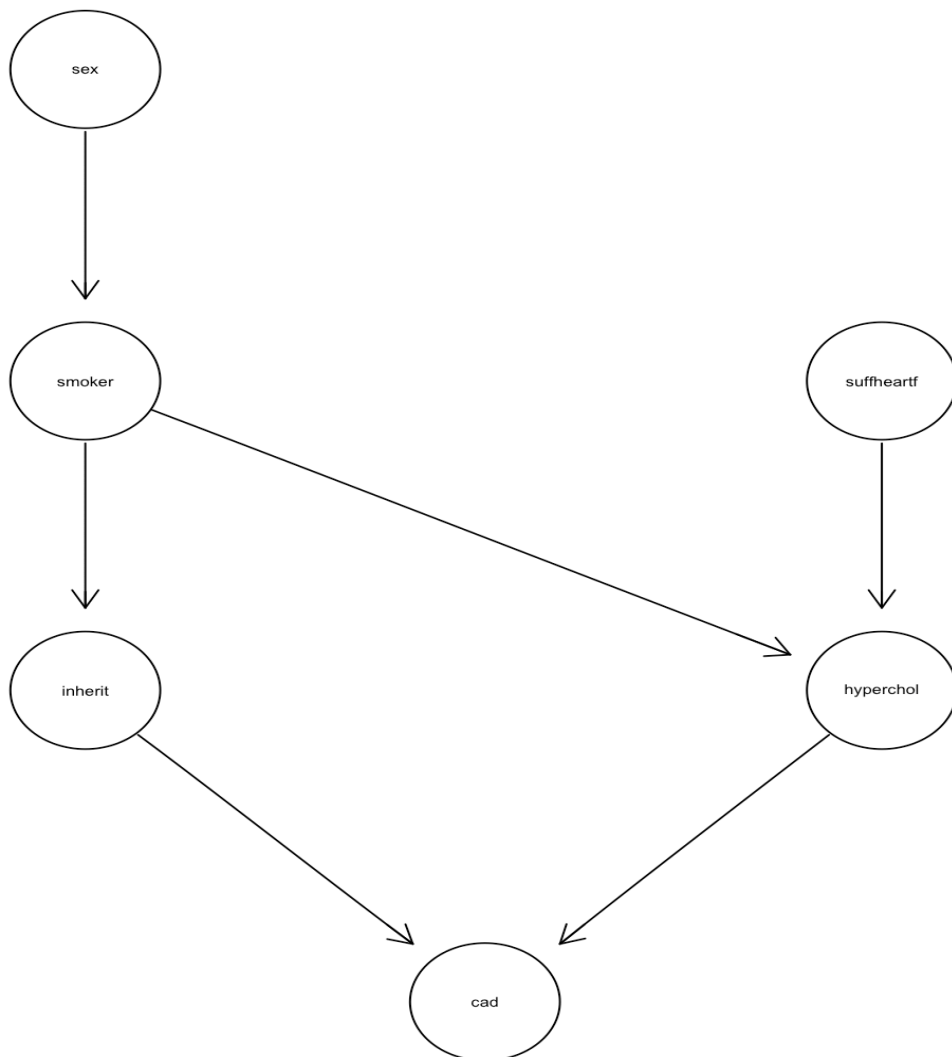
EAS 507

HW -3

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Ans -1

a.)



### Conditional Probability Tables:

> fullandsex

Sex

Female	Male
47	189

> smokerandsex

Sex

Smoker	Female	Male
No	17	34
Yes	30	155

> suffheartfandobj

SuffHeartF

No	Yes
167	69

> inheritandsmoker

Smoker

Inherit	No	Yes
No	42	120
Yes	9	65

> cadandhypercholandinherit

, , Hyperchol = No

	Inherit	
CAD	No	Yes
No	69	12
Yes	15	12

, , Hyperchol = Yes

	Inherit	
CAD	No	Yes
No	35	13
Yes	43	37

```
> hypercholandsuffheartfandsmoker  
, , SuffHeartF = No
```

	Smoker	
Hyperchol	No	Yes
No	27	59
Yes	13	68

```
, , SuffHeartF = Yes
```

	Smoker	
Hyperchol	No	Yes
No	3	19
Yes	8	39

**D- separation in the graph :**

- Sex and suffheartf
- Smoker and suffheartf
- Inherit and suffheartf
- Sex and hyperchol

b.)

**New observation is female with Hypercholesterolemia (high cholesterol)**

## Change in Conditional Prob :-

```

      CAD
SuffHeartF      No      Yes
      No 0.3957368 0.3118903
      Yes 0.1443930 0.1479799
attr(,"class")
[1] "parray" "array"
> querygrain(gcomp.ev, nodes = c("SuffHeartF", "CAD"), type = "joint")
      CAD
SuffHeartF      No      Yes
      No 0.4078210 0.2998061
      Yes 0.1453059 0.1470670
attr(,"class")
[1] "parray" "array"
>
>
> querygrain(gcomp, nodes = c("SuffHeartF", "CAD"), type = "conditional")
      SuffHeartF
CAD      No      Yes
No 0.7326698 0.2673302
Yes 0.6782138 0.3217862
> querygrain(gcomp.ev, nodes = c("SuffHeartF", "CAD"), type = "conditional")
      SuffHeartF
CAD      No      Yes
No 0.7373010 0.2626990
Yes 0.6708976 0.3291024
>
>
> querygrain(gcomp, nodes = c("SuffHeartF", "CAD"), type = "marginal")
$SuffHeartF
SuffHeartF
      No      Yes
0.7076271 0.2923729

$CAD
CAD
      No      Yes
0.5401298 0.4598702
```

```
> querygrain(gcomp.ev, nodes = c("SuffHeartF", "CAD"), type = "marginal")
$SuffHeartF
SuffHeartF
      No      Yes
0.7076271 0.2923729

$CAD
CAD
      No      Yes
0.5531269 0.4468731
```

on observing marginal prob., Chances of heart failure remains the same whereas CAD prob. Has been decreased slightly.

We can observe change in joint and conditional prob. As well as stated in above figures.

c.)

New data set with 5 observations conditional upon this new information :

	Sex	Smoker	SuffHeartF	Inherit	CAD	Hyperchol
1	Female	No	Yes	No	No	No
2	Female	No	No	Yes	No	No
3	Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
4	Female	Yes	No	No	No	No
5	Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

```
> |
```

```
$pred$Smoker  
[1] "Yes" "Yes" "Yes" "No" "Yes"
```

```
$pred$CAD  
[1] "No" "No" "Yes" "No" "Yes"
```

```
$pEvidence  
[1] 0.01262758 0.02075442 0.01984580 0.05544145 0.01984580
```

The prediction for smoker and CAD is shown in above figure

**d.)**

Misclassification rate for smoker is 33.6

Misclassification rate for CAD is 32.4

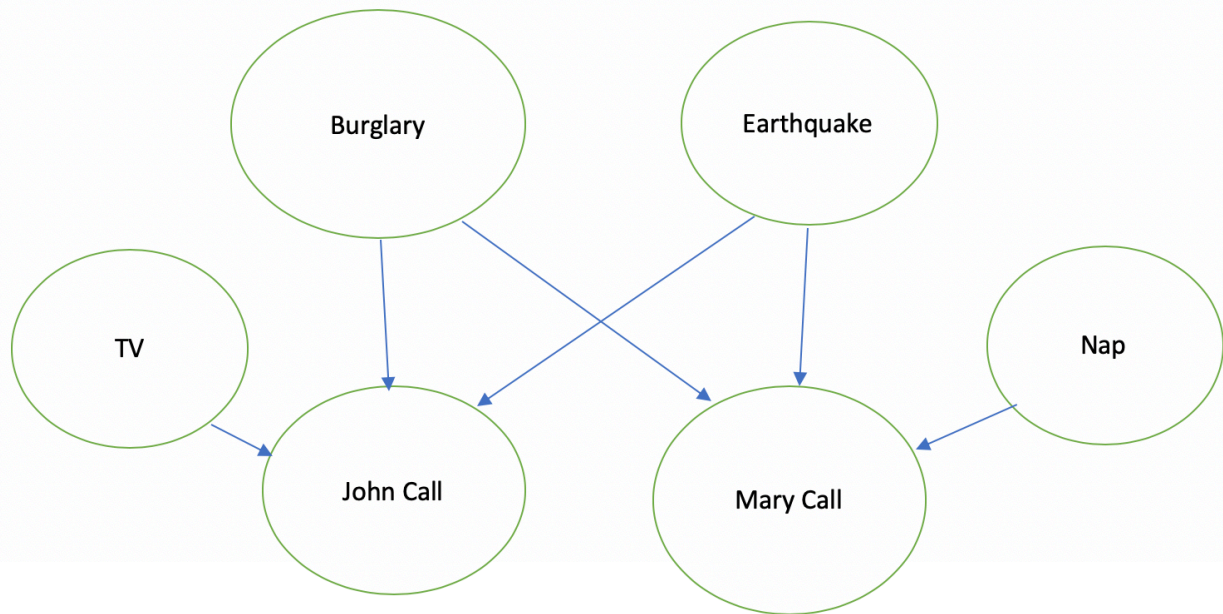
Network performance is not good as the misclassification is high for smoker and CAD.

To improve it, we can consider more permutations of the network which may increase accuracy.

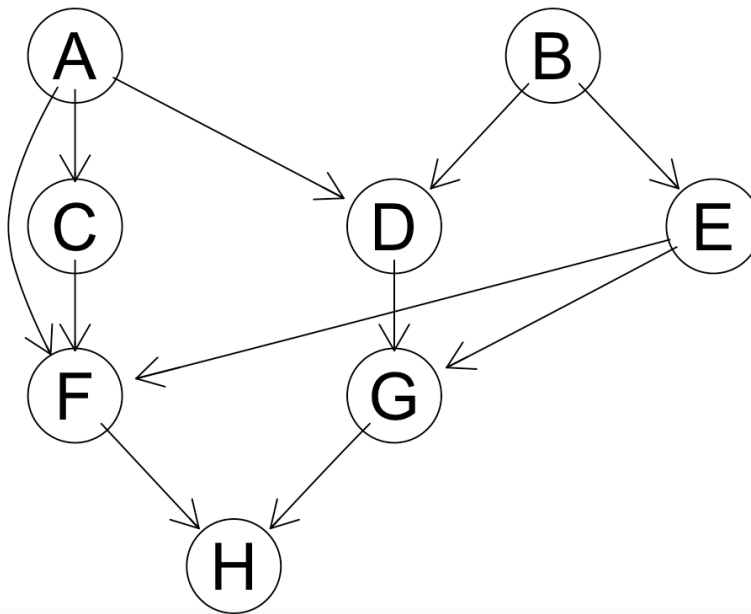
Domain knowledge can also be added along with the network to contribute towards accuracy.

**Ans 2**

Without Alarm(I-Map): -



**Ans 3** DAG plot for the diagram in the problem statement: -



**A) C and G are d-separated.**

Ans)False

**B) C and E are d-separated.**

Ans)True

**C) C and E are d-connected given evidence about G.**

Ans)True

**D) A and G are d-connected given evidence about D and E.**

Ans)False

**E) A and G are d-connected given evidence on D.**

Ans)True





