GPCell: A Performant Framework for Gaussian Processes in Bioinformatics

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Agenda

- Motivation & Background
- Problem Statement
- The Solution: GPCell
- Results
- Discussion
- Q&A

Motivation & Background

▶ **Historical Foundations**
- ▶ Jacob and Monod (1961): Demonstrated gene expression as a result of external stimuli through mRNA modulation
- ▶ Hardin, Hall, and Rosbash (1990): Demonstrated feedback mechanisms in gene expression, revealing oscillatory behavior in circadian rhythms.
- ▶ Phillips et al. (2017): Applied Gaussian processes to classify gene expression time series in neural progenitor cells, highlighting oscillatory versus aperiodic dynamics.

▶ **Introduction to Gaussian Processes**
- ▶ A non-parametric, probabilistic modeling approach that offers flexibility in fitting complex biological signals and quantifying uncertainty.
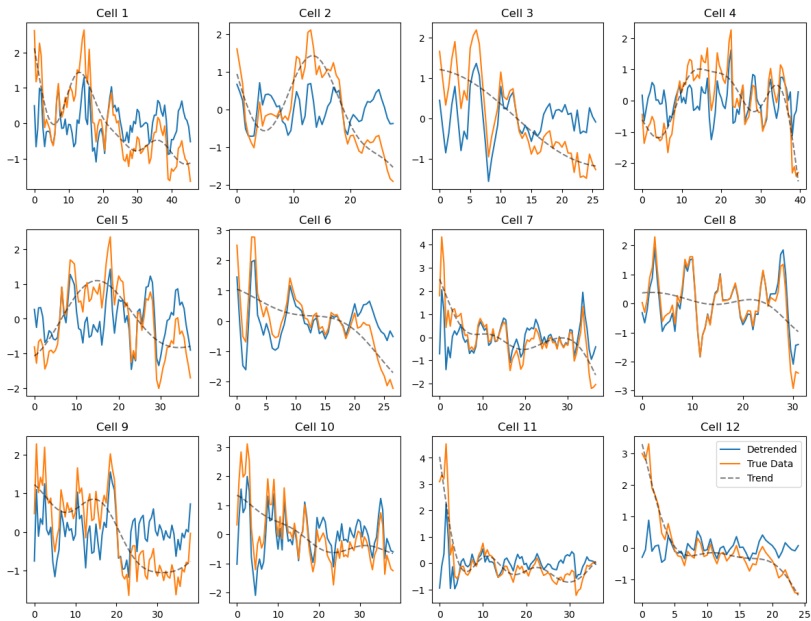
Figure 1: Example of fit GPs

Problem Statement

- **Biological Background**
  - Gene expression regulation is central to cellular function and its oscillatory dynamics can indicate critical biological processes such as differentiation.

- **Current implementation**
  - MATLAB-based Approach: Previous work relied on MATLAB, limiting accessibility and integration with modern machine learning libraries.
  - Performance Issues: Traditional implementations faced slow model fitting and lacked support for parallel processing.
  - Limited Extensibility: The original system was tailored to a specific context and difficult to extend with new inference techniques (e.g., MCMC, Variational Inference).

GPCell

- ▶ **Overview:**
  - ▶ A generalised Python library, based on GPflow (Tensorflow Probability), to facilitate model fitting and oscillation detection.
- ▶ **Key Features:**
  - ▶ **OscillatorDetector:**: A class that handles the entire analysis pipeline (background noise estimation, detrending, and GP model fitting).
  - ▶ Extensible **GaussianProcess** class: Allows for adding different models (e.g., MCMC for probabilistic inference) and various fitting algorithms.
  - ▶ **Utils** module: for fitting models/generating data quickly in parallel.
  - ▶ **Robust Pipeline**: Incorporates a strong type system, automated CI/CD, and comprehensive testing for reproducibility.

Methods & Results

▶ **Validation:**
  ▶ GPCell has been rigorously tested on both synthetic and real gene expression datasets.
  ▶ Unit tests (see correctness.py and gpflow_tests.py) ensure that background noise, detrending, and GP parameter estimation are accurate.

▶ **Performance:**
  ▶ Leverages parallel processing via Joblib (see fit_processes in utils.py) to dramatically reduce computation time
  ▶ Demonstrated improvements in model fitting speed and oscillation detection accuracy.

▶ **Visuals:**
  ▶ Results include performance charts and model prediction plots (e.g., mean and variance estimates from the GaussianProcess class).
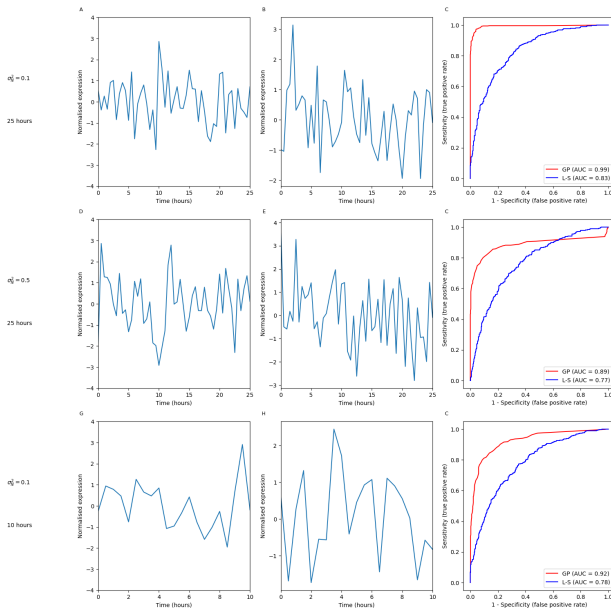
Figure 2: ROC of Gaussian Process and Lomb-Scargle fits

Figures

Performance Comparisons: Data simulation

Table 1: Average data simulation times

Implementation	Time..s.
Python, parallel and njit	58.64
Python, parallel	315.23
Python	3722.16
MATLAB	Approx 1.5 hours

Performance Comparisons: BIC pipeline

Table 2: Average BIC pipeline times

Implementation	Time..s.
Python, parallel	12.54
Python	37.03
MATLAB	44.41

MCMC
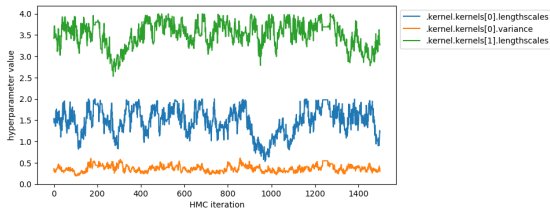

Figure 3: Example MCMC fit using GPCell

Discussion & Impact

- **Strengths:**
  - Modularity: Each component (noise estimation, detrending, GP fitting) is self-contained, making the system easy to maintain and extend.
  - Flexibility: Supports multiple inference techniques (BIC, bootstrap, MCMC) and custom kernel composition.

- **Challenges:**
  - Parameter Tuning: Fine-tuning priors and hyperparameters remains challenging in heterogeneous datasets.
  - Scalability: Handling extremely large datasets may require additional optimizations.
  - Previous Work: Inconsistent choices made (e.g priors) that need to be investigated.

- **Broader Impact:**
  - By transitioning from MATLAB to Python, GPCell enhances reproducibility and accessibility for bioinformatics researchers.

Q & A

Thank you!
Questions?

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