

Java

Object Oriented Programming

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Overview

1. Organisation
2. Why Java?
3. Time to get started! ..almost
4. Let's go!
5. That's it (at least for today)

Organisation

Who are we?

Florian Kluge

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Moritz Schulz

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@schokotets auf Telegram

What are we doing here?

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- Introduction to programming
- Getting to know the basics of Java
- Preparation for upcoming courses (e.g 'Softwaretechnologie', 2nd Semester)

- 14 lessons

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- Thursday, 13:00 - 14:30

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- Attendance list

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- If you don't attend the course for two weeks in a row without notice we will give your slot to other students

Why Java?

Why Java?

- Widely used programming language
- Introduction to object oriented programming (OOP)
- Platform-independent
- ... and much more

- Android development
- Web applications
- Desktop GUI applications
- ... and much more

Do you have any programming experience already?

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<https://trivo25.github.io/tud-java-course/poll.html>

or

<https://strawpoll.com/6uh45fcvx>

Time to get started! ..almost

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Java OpenJDK 11 <https://adoptium.net/>
Did you install it correctly? Time to find out!

```
1      $ javac --version  
2      > javac 11.0.12  
3
```

Time to get started! ..almost

Doesn't work? :(Use an online compiler!

<https://www.jdoodle.com/online-java-compiler/>

Let's go!

Your first task

- Create a new folder

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```
$ cd /to/my/folder
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- Create a new file by either typing

```
$ touch helloWorld.java
```

or right-clicking in your folder

Right click -> new -> text document

and save it as a .java file

Your first task

- now its time to write your first piece of code!

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```
1 public class HelloWorld {  
2     public static void main (String[] args) {  
3         System.out.println("Hello World!");  
4     }  
5 }
```

../code_samples/HelloWorld.java

How to execute a java program

what we have to do now..

- telling `javac` to compile our `helloWorld.java` file into a `helloWorld.class`

How to execute a java program

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- telling `javac` to compile our `helloWorld.java` file into a `helloWorld.class`
- `.class` files are 'bytecode' for the Java Virtual Machine (JVM)

How to execute a java program

what we have to do now..

- telling `javac` to compile our `helloWorld.java` file into a `helloWorld.class`
- `.class` files are 'bytecode' for the Java Virtual Machine (JVM)
- with `$ java helloWorld` we can finally execute our first program!

How to execute a java program

```
1      $ java helloWorld  
2      > Hello World!  
3
```

Time to play around

your next task

- change the text you want to print in the `helloWorld.java` file

Time to play around

your next task

- change the text you want to print in the `helloWorld.java` file
- re-compile it into a `.class` file and execute it again!

What are we actually doing?

- we are telling the computer what do to

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- we list instructions for the computer

Task numero 2!

Let's add a variable of type `String`!

Task numero 2!

```
1 public class VariableString {  
2     public static void main (String[] args) {  
3         // greeting is of type 'String'  
4         String greeting = "Hello"  
5         /*  
6             toGreet is also of type 'String', but this  
7             comment is on multiple lines!  
8         */  
9         String toGreet = "everyone"  
10        System.out.println(greeting + " " + toGreet);  
11    }
```

../code_samples/VariableString.java

Task numero 2!

- We can re-use variables

Task numero 2!

- We can re-use variables
- We can store data in them

Task numero 3!

Let's talk to the console and read our input!

Task numero 3!

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2 public class VariableStringName {
3     public static void main (String[] args) {
4         Scanner myInputScanner = new Scanner(System.in
5         );
6
7         System.out.println("Hi, whats your name?");
8         String name = myInputScanner.nextLine();
9         System.out.println("Hello, " + name + " nice
10        to meet you! :)");
11     }
12 }
```

../code_samples/VariableStringName.java

Task numero 3!

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Task numero 3!

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- `int` represent whole numbers, like `1`, `18`, `1337` or `420360`
- We can calculate `int` with operators like `+`, `-`, `*` and many more

Task numero 3!

We now can..

- Display text in the console `System.out.println("Hello word!");`

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- Declare variables like `int` or `String`

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Okay, what now?

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We now can..

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- Declare variables like `int` or `String`
- Read input from the conole
- .. and know operators like `+`, `-` or `*`

Okay, what now?

Let's build a calculator!

That's it (at least for today)

What will we do next lesson?

- Deep dive into (more) variables and their operators
- Introducing functions and control flow
- and build more cool things!

Links and resources

<https://trivo25.github.io/tud-java-course/>

