

Development & Onboarding Guide

This document is the single source of truth for developing, maintaining, and safely operating the True Competency platform.

It is written for:

- Current and future developers
- Auditors / reviewers who need to understand *how* the system is operated safely

True Competency follows a database-driven, security-first architecture.

1. High-Level Architecture

- Frontend: Next.js (App Router), TypeScript, Tailwind
 - Backend: Supabase (PostgreSQL, Auth, RLS, RPC)
 - Deployment: Vercel
 - Auth & Security: Supabase Auth + Row Level Security (RLS)
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2. Environments Overview

There are three environments, each with a strict purpose.

Environment	Purpose	Database (Supabase)	Domains
Local Dev	Development on local machine	Staging	http://localhost:3000/
Staging	Testing, QA, Demos	Staging	https://staging-true-competency.vercel.app/
Production	Real users	Production	https://truecompetency.com/

Local development must always point to staging, never production.

3. Environment Variables

Local Development

Local development uses `.env.local` only.

`.env.local` template:

`NEXT_PUBLIC_ENV=staging`

```
NEXT_PUBLIC_SUPABASE_URL=https://<STAGING_REF>.supabase.co
NEXT_PUBLIC_SUPABASE_ANON_KEY=<STAGING_ANON_KEY>
```

Vercel

- Staging domain → staging Supabase keys
- Production domain → production Supabase keys

Never reuse keys across environments.

4. Database Structure (Conceptual)

Core Data

- profiles
- countries
- competencies
- competency_questions
- question_options

Progress / Runtime Data

- competency_assignments
- student_answers
- student_competency_overrides

Governance & Proposals

- competencies_stage
- competency_questions_stage
- competency_question_options_stage
- committee_votes
- committee_question_votes

5. Roles & Permissions

Roles

- Trainee — takes tests, sees own progress
- Instructor — assigns & approves competencies
- Committee — proposes competencies & questions, votes
- Admin — elevated governance, not a frontend role

Security Model

- RLS enabled on every table
 - Writes are always validated by:
 - `auth.uid()`
 - role checks via profiles
 - or SECURITY DEFINER RPCs
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6. SQL, Migrations & Schema Changes

All schema changes must live in `supabase/migrations/`

Workflow (Without Docker)

1. Create a new migration file
2. Apply it manually in Supabase SQL Editor (staging)
3. Test staging
4. Apply same SQL to production
5. Commit migration file

Order matters! Never skip staging.

- *Production schema was captured as a baseline migration*
 - *All future changes build on that*
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7. Analytics

- Vercel Analytics is used
 - Privacy-preserving
 - No PII tracking
 - No Google Analytics
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8. Git & Branching

- `main` → production
- `develop` → staging

Rules:

- All features go to develop first

- Only tested code reaches main
- Conventional commits required

Example:

```
chore(db): add baseline schema migration  
feat(committee): allow proposing test questions
```

9. What NOT To Do

- Do not bypass RLS for convenience
 - Do not add frontend-only security
 - Do not test on production
 - Do not keep temporary scripts or CSVs
 - Do not reuse prod keys locally
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