

长难句终极解析 (这辈子都不再用再学语法啦)



简简单单

我觉得很难,

1.长难句成分总结

主语	谓语	宾语	表语	同位语	定语	状语
n	系动词	n	形容词	n	n (of)	副词
代词	实义动词	代词	n	代词	代词(my)	从句
从句		从句	代词	从句	从句	介词短语
非谓语动词		非谓语动词	非谓语动词	非谓语动词	非谓语动词	非谓语动词
			从句		形容词	
			介词短语		介词短语	

2.举个栗子



我举个栗子

举例1 (定语)

- 1. My ma is an elegant lady.
 - 2. My ma is a lady of elegance.
 - 3. My ma is a lady of elegant as a lily.
 - 4. My ma is a lady looking as elegant a lily.
 - 5. My ma is a lady who looks as elegant a lily.
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举例2(状语)

- 1. She killed her husband with a sharp knife.
 - 2. She, applying a sharp knife , killed her husband.
 - 3. when she applied a sharp knife, she killed her husband.
 - 4. Cruelly, she killed her husband with a sharp knife.
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举例3(非谓语----->从句)

- 1. My dream is to pass the examination of postgraduates.
 - 2. My dream is that I pass the examination of postgraduates.
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3.英语长难句的模样

(状语) 主语 (定语/同位语/状语) 谓语 宾语 (定语/同位语/状语)

PS:有极个别词比如as 都可以放在主语前面,虽然是定语,但是完全可以翻译成状语,故都把主语前都统称为状语

写作 ----->长难句 (添加各种修饰语)

写作 <-----长难句 (删掉各种修饰语)

写作一句话通常10-25单词



我要开始装b啦

举例1(装饰那么一丢丢)

- 1. English is vital
 - 2. English , a universal language throughout the world , is vital although it is hard to recite these words.
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举例2 (作文语句2020真题)

- 1. I will recommend you a tourist attraction.
 - 2. I, a undergraduate in the university, will recommend you a tourist attraction which keeps popular with Chinese travelers.
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终极举例3(禁止套娃)

- 1. We are singing songs.
 - 2. While we feel quite exhausted , we , as a matter of fact, a group of vigorous university students, who will take an important examination are singing songs , Two Tigers and If I Were a Boy, which are so popular with out class because to day is out teacher's birthday.
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看到这开不开心

2020-5-30 14:39:53 上面就是总结的英语语法!英语语法学到这,发现,英语语法就这?? 剩下的就差搞定单词啦!

越努力,越幸运!
