

17th Sep 2024

Mr. Zhiwen Teh President TrueTech Inc 8 THE GRN STE A, DOVER, DE USA 19901

Subject: Written Assurance of Compliance for Chocolate Coated Coffee Bean Candy - FDA Foreign Supplier Verification Program (FSVP)

Dear Mr. Zhiwen Teh,

Overview

I am writing on behalf of Mu Gelato to provide you with a written assurance of our compliance with the FDA Foreign Supplier Verification Program (FSVP) requirements for the importation of chocolate coated coffee bean candy to TrueTech Inc under the small importer modified exemptions rule. As a trusted supplier of chocolate coated coffee, we are committed to ensuring the safety and quality of our products in accordance with regulatory standards.

Mu Gelato is dedicated to upholding the highest food safety standards, and we are proud to affirm that our operations are compliant with the regulations set forth by Brazil's FITOSanitario certification. FITOSanitario (copy attached) is equivalent to the FDA regulations in the USA, ensuring that our products meet stringent safety and quality criteria. Each shipment will have the following accompanying certifications:

FITO Sanitario certification

To address potential hazards associated with chocolate coated coffee bean candy, Mu Gelato has implemented comprehensive preventive controls across our entire production process. Our commitment to food safety begins with the selection of raw materials. We source cacao beans and coffee beans exclusively from reputable and approved farms, ensuring that they adhere to the highest agricultural and handling practices.



Once the cacao beans and coffee beans are received at our facility, we meticulously sort, clean, and sanitize them to remove any foreign material or contaminants. The cacao beans then undergo a thorough roasting process, which not only enhances the flavor profile of the cacao nibs but also contributes to the elimination of pathogens.

Following roasting, the cacao beans are cooled, crushed into nibs, grinded into cacao mass in a controlled environment before being used to coat the roasted coffee beans. Our packaging materials are carefully chosen to prevent cross-contamination and maintain the freshness of the product. Stringent quality checks are conducted throughout the packaging process to ensure that the chocolate coated coffee bean candy meets our strict specifications.

Furthermore, Mu Gelato has established a robust traceability system that allows us to track each batch of chocolate coated coffee bean candy from their origin to the final packaged product. This traceability mechanism enables us to promptly identify and address any potential issues that may arise.

With this letter, we also aim to provide a comprehensive overview of our commitment to compliance with the FDA Foreign Supplier Verification Program (FSVP) requirements. As a trusted supplier of cacao nibs, Mu Gelato is dedicated to upholding the highest food safety standards and ensuring the safety and quality of our products in accordance with regulatory standards.

In the following sections, we will delve into the specific processes and measures that we have implemented to address potential hazards associated with chocolate coated coffee bean candy and to ensure their safe importation and consumption. Our adherence to Brazil's FITOSanitario, equivalent to FDA regulations, underscores our commitment to product safety and transparency.

Hazard Analysis

Critical control points

This section identifies the critical control points in the process from harvesting to shipping chocolate coated coffee bean candy to TrueTech Inc. These are where preventive controls can be applied to minimize or eliminate the risk of food safety hazards.

These hazards can include biological, chemical, or physical contaminants that could pose a risk to human health if not properly managed. Identifying and controlling critical points is crucial for ensuring the safety of imported food products and preventing potential health risks to consumers.



Sorting

Coffee beans and cacao beans are inspected and sorted to remove any foreign particles or mold growth, ensuring that only clean beans proceed to the next stage.

Roasting

Roasting cacao and coffee beans brings out their rich flavors. Controlled temperatures and times are employed to achieve the desired flavor profile while minimizing the formation of undesirable compounds like acrylamide.

Cracking and Winnowing

The roasted cacao beans are cracked to remove the outer shell, yielding cacao nibs. Winnowing is performed to separate nibs from the shells, ensuring that the final product is free from shell fragments.

Grinding

The grinding process breaks down cacao nibs into a fine paste (chocolate mass) through mechanical friction and heat, with controls in place for temperature, particle size, and metal detection to ensure a safe and quality product.

Coating

Coffee beans are passed through a temperature-controlled chocolate melting unit known as the chocolate coating pan, where they are evenly coated with chocolate. The chocolate coating process is conducted at a minimum temperature of 145°F (63°C) to prevent contamination. Immediately after coating, the chocolate-coated coffee beans are cooled to 40°F (4°C) or below within 2 hours to prevent bacterial growth.

Packaging

The final product, chocolate coated coffee bean, is carefully packaged in a controlled environment to maintain freshness and prevent contamination. Airtight packaging is used to protect against oxidation and moisture.



Shipping

Chocolate coated coffee bean candies are shipped to their destination using proper packaging to ensure they reach their destination in optimal condition. Temperature and humidity controls are maintained during shipping to preserve quality.

These objective descriptions outline each stage of the chocolate coated coffee' journey and highlight key considerations to ensure compliance with FSVP regulations.

Potential hazards at critical points

Sorting:

• Physical Hazards: Inclusion of foreign objects during sorting.

Roasting:

- Biological
 - Acrylamide Formation
 - Over-Roasting
- Physical Hazards: Foreign objects like metal fragments from roasting equipment.

Cracking and Winnowing:

- Biological
 - o Particulate Contamination
 - Cross-Contamination
- Physical Hazards:
 - o Inclusion of shell fragments or foreign materials in cracked cacao beans.

Grinding

- Physical Hazards:
 - Metal fragments (e.g., from equipment wear)

Coating

- Physical Hazards:
 - Foreign objects in chocolate (e.g., metal, wood, plastic, glass, shell fragments)
 - Inadequate cleaning/sanitation of coating pan and utensils



Biological Hazards

- Mold growth on coffee beans or in chocolate
- Yeast fermentation in chocolate coating
- E. coli contamination from environmental sources

Chemical Hazards:

Contamination from cleaning/sanitizing agents

Processing and Packaging:

- **Biological Hazards:** Cross-contamination from other ingredients.
- Chemical Hazards: Residues from cleaning agents or equipment.
- Physical Hazards:
 - Inclusion of foreign objects during the packaging process.
 - Metal fragments from processing equipment.

Shipping:

Biological Hazards:

- Humidity Exposure
- Cross-Contamination
- Physical
 - Physical damage due to improper packaging or handling during transit.

Preventative Controls

Our following preventive controls aim to prevent the risk of hazards introduced throughout the entire process of preparing roasted chocolate coated coffee beans, from processing to shipping. Regular training, stringent cleaning procedures, and rigorous testing are crucial to maintaining the safety of the product and ensuring compliance with FDA regulations.

Implementation at critical control points

Sorting

Hazard Type	Proba bility	Severity of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
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Mold growth	Biologic al	Medium	Medium	Visual inspection of coffee and cacao beans for signs of mold growth	No visible mold
Inclusion of foreign objects during drying and sorting process	Physical	Medium	Medium	Coffee and Cacao beans are processed through sieve	Visibility ensure there are no more foreign objects after the sieving process

Roasting

Hazard	Туре	Proba bility	Severit y of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
Microbial Growth (salmonella)	Biological	Medium	High	The roasting process itself will kill off the microbial growth. The internal temperature of the cacao nibs during roasting reaches 180°C for 30 minutes.	CIC will provide certification that Mycotoxin levels in cacao nibs are below the regulatory limits
Acrylamide Formation	Biological	Medium	Low	Daily cleaning to ensure properly functioning equipment Required maintenance is performed when malfunction is observed before cacao nibs are processed	Machine is cleaned everyday Mechanics will provide certification that maintenance has been done.
Over-Roasting	Biological	Low	Low	Daily cleaning to ensure properly functioning equipment Required maintenance is performed when malfunction is observed before cacao nibs are processed	Machine is cleaned everyday Mechanics will provide certification that maintenance has been done.
Foreign objects like metal fragments from roasting equipment.	Physical	Medium	Medium	The stove is sealed during roasting Regular maintenance is done on the stove.	Mechanics will provide certification that maintenance has been done.



Cracking and Winnowing

Hazard	Туре	Proba bility	Severity of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
Particulate Contamination	Biological	Low	Low	The machine is sealed. Daily cleaning to ensure properly functioning equipment Required maintenance is performed when malfunction is observed before cacao nibs are processed	Mechanics will provide certification that maintenance has been done.
Cross-Contamination	Biological	Low	Low	Clean and sanitize winnowing equipment between batches. Implement proper allergen controls to prevent cross-contact. The facility only processes cacao nibs	No cross-contact with allergens should occur during winnowing. Visual check to ensure undesirable ingredients are in the facility
Inclusion of shell fragments or foreign materials in cracked cacao beans.	Physical	Medium	Low	Use proper cracking and winnowing equipment to minimize shell fragments. Implement visual inspections and sieving to remove foreign materials. Workers are to wear hair mesh and gloves.	Shell fragments in cracked cacao beans shall be less than 3%.

Grinding

Hazard	Туре	Proba bility	Severit y of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
Metal fragments	Physical	Low	High	Proper maintenance, metal detection	No metal fragments in cacao mass

Coating

Hazard	Туре		Severit y of	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
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			Illness or injury		
Foreign objects in chocolate	Physical	Moderate	High	Visual inspection of chocolate coating	100% visual inspection
Inadequate cleaning/sanitati on of coating pan and utensils	Physical	High	Moderate	Cleaning/sanitation verification Visual inspection of equipment	Visual inspection: no residue/contamination
Mold growth on coffee beans or in chocolate	Biological	Low	High	Chocolate coating: 105°F - 115°F (40°C - 46°C) for melting, 80°F - 90°F (27°C - 32°C) for cooling Visual inspection for mold	No visible mold
Yeast fermentation in chocolate coating	Biological	Moderate	High	Visual inspection for fermentation	No visible fermentation
E. coli contamination from environmental sources	Biological	Low	High	Environmental monitoring Employee hygiene training Handwashing verification	Environmental monitoring: <1 CFU/cm² Handwashing frequency before processing any batch of candy Employee hygiene training: annual refresher
Contamination from cleaning/sanitizi ng agents	Chemical Hazard	Moderate	Moderate	Labeling and storage of chemicals Training on chemical handling	Storage: designated area, labeled containers Training: annual refresher

Processing and Packing

Hazard Proba Severit y of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls Critical Limit
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Mycotoxin Contamination	Biological	Low	Medium	Implement proper drying and storage practices to prevent mold growth. Regularly test for mycotoxins and reject contaminated batches. Package is sealed properly to ensure against moisture content	Airtight packaging material should be free from signs of visible damage
Oxidation	Biological	Medium	Low	NA	NA
Metal fragments from processing equipment.	Biological	Low	Low	Implement effective quality control measures to detect and remove foreign objects during processing. Regularly inspect equipment for signs of wear or damage.	Visual inspection that the final product should be free from foreign objects.
Foreign objects introduced during the packaging process.	Physical	Low	Low	Implement controls to prevent foreign objects from entering packaging materials. Use metal detectors or sieves to catch any contaminants before sealing.	The final packaged cacao nibs should be free from foreign objects.
Residues from heavy metals.	Chemical	Low	Medium	Implement a rigorous cleaning and sanitation program to ensure that heavy metals are not introduced during the packing and process of cacao nibs in the facilities.	Visual inspection that no restricted heavy metal content should be present in the packing facility.

Shipping

Hazard	Туре	Proba bility	Severity of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls	Critical Limit
Humidity Exposure	Biological	Medium	Low	The package used for shipping will be sealed and resistant to humidity. Use sturdy and appropriate packaging materials to protect cacao nibs during shipping.	Package should be well sealed. During visual inspection upon arrival of cargo, the package should not be damaged.
Cross-Contamination	Biological	Low	Low	The package used for shipping will be sealed and resistant to humidity. Use sturdy and appropriate packaging materials to protect cacao nibs during shipping.	Package should be well sealed. During visual inspection upon arrival of cargo, the package should not be damaged.
Physical damage due to improper packaging or handling during	Physical	Medium	Low	The package used for shipping will be sealed and resistant to humidity. Use sturdy and appropriate	Package should be well sealed. During visual inspection upon arrival of cargo, the package



transit.		packaging materials to protect cacao nibs during shipping.	should not be damaged.
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Prevention against allergens introduction

Our following preventive measures aim to prevent the risk of allergen introduction and cross-contact throughout the entire process of preparing roasted cacao nibs, from harvesting to shipping. Regular training, stringent cleaning procedures, and rigorous testing are crucial to maintaining the safety of the product and ensuring compliance with FDA regulations.

Allergent	Probab ility	Severity of Illness or injury	Preventive Controls
Milk	Medium	Medium	A clear label that contents of package contains milk
Eggs	Medium	Medium	No eggs will be brought on the facility
Fish & Crustacean shellfish	Low	Medium	No fish & crustacean shellfish will be brought on the facility
Tree nuts	Low	Medium	No tree nuts will be brought on the facility
Peanuts	Medium	High	No peanuts will be brought on the facility
Wheats	Medium	Medium	No wheats will be brought on the facility
Soybeans	Low	Medium	No soybeans will be brought on the facility

Prevention against intentional adulterations

In our commitment to upholding the highest standards of food safety and quality, Mu Gelato affirms our unwavering dedication to maintaining the integrity of our products throughout every stage of the supply chain. We wish to assure TrueTech Inc that, in accordance with FDA's Foreign Supplier Verification Program (FSVP) requirements, we pledge not to engage in any of the below listed intentional adulterations that compromise the safety, purity, and authenticity of our cacao nibs. Our commitment to transparency, traceability, and the meticulous execution of preventive controls reflects our steadfast adherence to regulatory guidelines and industry best practices. TrueTech Inc can trust that our products are delivered with utmost integrity, ensuring the health and satisfaction of consumers.



Potential Adulterations	Description	Preventive Controls
Dilution with Inferior Ingredients	Chocolate coated coffee bean candy could be mixed with cheaper or inferior ingredients to increase volume, which might decrease the quality and nutritional value of the product.	An integrity seal will be adhered to the package prior to leaving the facility
Addition of Undeclared Allergens	Adding allergenic ingredients like nuts, dairy, or soy without proper declaration on the label can pose a risk to consumers with allergies.	All facilities will not undeclared allergens
Mislabeling Origin	Falsely labeling the origin of the cacao and coffee beans could deceive consumers about the source and quality of the product.	We will conduct a taste sampling test since the taste is very specific to the location
Use of Unauthorized Additives	Adding unapproved additives, preservatives, or flavors to the roasted cacao nibs could be harmful to consumers' health.	No additives are being introduced in the entire process as it is entirely organic.
Adulteration with Unsafe Substances	Adding unsafe substances or contaminants that may not be detectable through routine testing can pose health risks.	No additives are being introduced in the entire process as it is entirely organic.
Contamination with Heavy Metals	Chocolate coated coffee bean candy could be contaminated with heavy metals like lead or cadmium, which can be harmful if consumed over time.	Lab Test to provide certification that there are no traces of heavy metals.
Use of Unsanitary Processing	If the chocolate coated coffee bean candy are processed in unsanitary conditions, they could become contaminated with pathogens that may cause foodborne illnesses.	FitoSanitario certification will be provided for each shipment
Substitution with Lower-Quality Varieties	Substituting higher-quality cacao and coffee beans with lower-quality varieties could affect the flavor, aroma, and overall quality of the product.	We will conduct a taste sampling test since the taste is very specific to the location.
Economic Adulteration	Mixing chocolate and coffee bean with fillers or additives to reduce production costs while maintaining the appearance of quality.	Lab test to provide certification that there are no traces of unauthorized additives within the shipment.

Conclusion

We greatly value our partnership with TrueTech Inc and the trust you have placed in Mu Gelato as your supplier. Should you require any additional documentation or information regarding our compliance or preventive controls, please do not hesitate to contact us. We are fully dedicated to maintaining the integrity of our supply chain and ensuring the safety of the cacao nibs we provide.

With the overview provided, thank you for your continued collaboration and support. We look forward to contributing to the success of our shared endeavors.



Sincerely,

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