# Project\_3 Analysis

This document contains analysis according to https://github.com/udacity/AIND-Planning#part-3-written-analysis. It contains examples of optimal solutions for problems 1-3 and comparison for different search techniques.

### 1. Optimal plans for problems

The optimal plans for problems 1,2,3 are:

### 1.1 Problem 1

```
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Fly(P2, JFK, SFO)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
Fly(P1, SFO, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
```

#### 1.2 Problem 2

```
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Load(C3, P3, ATL)
Fly(P1, SFO, JFK)
Fly(P2, JFK, SFO)
Fly(P3, ATL, SFO)
Unload(C3, P3, SFO)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
```

#### 1.3 Problem 3

```
Load(C1, P1, SFO)
Load(C2, P2, JFK)
Fly(P1, SFO, ATL)
Load(C3, P1, ATL)
Fly(P2, JFK, ORD)
Load(C4, P2, ORD)
Fly(P2, ORD, SFO)
Fly(P1, ATL, JFK)
Unload(C4, P2, SFO)
Unload(C3, P1, JFK)
Unload(C1, P1, JFK)
Unload(C2, P2, SFO)
```

# 2. Comparison of different search techniques

Comparison results are shown on the tables

### **2.1 Problem 1**

Search method	Expansions	Goal	New	Plan	Time
		Tests	Nodes	Length	Elapsed
1. breadth_first_search	43	56	180	6	0,09
2. breadth_first_tree_search	1458	1459	5960	6	2,79
3. depth_first_graph_search	12	13	48	12	0,02
4. depth_limited_search	101	271	414	50	0,24
5. uniform_cost_search	55	57	224	6	0,12
6. recursive_best_first_search h_1	4229	4230	17029	6	11,27
7. greedy_best_first_graph_search h_1	7	9	28	6	0,01
8. astar_search h_1	55	57	224	6	0,09
9. astar_search h_ignore_preconditions	41	43	170	6	0,12
10. astar_search h_pg_levelsum	11	13	50	6	3,57

### **2.2 Problem 2**

Search method	Expansions	Goal	New	Plan	Time
		Tests	Nodes	Length	Elapsed
1. breadth_first_search	3343	4609	30509	9	39,44
2. breadth_first_tree_search	-	-	-	-	-
3. depth_first_graph_search	1669	1670	14863	1444	37,73
4. depth_limited_search	-	-	-	-	-
5. uniform_cost_search	4853	4855	44041	9	128,39
6. recursive_best_first_search h_1	-	-	-	-	-
7. greedy_best_first_graph_search h_1	998	1000	8982	17	21,02
8. astar_search h_1	4853	4855	44041	9	143,65
9. astar_search h_ignore_preconditions	1506	1508	13820	9	53,55
10. astar_search h_pg_levelsum	86	88	841	9	451,68

### **2.3 Problem 3**

Search method	Expansions	Goal	New	Plan	Time
		Tests	Nodes	Length	Elapsed
1. breadth_first_search	14663	18098	129631	12	332,46
2. breadth_first_tree_search	-	-	-	-	-
3. depth_first_graph_search	592	593	4927	571	9,19
4. depth_limited_search	-	-	-	-	-
5. uniform_cost_search	18223	18225	159618	12	1258,38
6. recursive_best_first_search h_1	-	-	-	-	-
7. greedy_best_first_graph_search h_1	5578	5580	49150	22	356,17
8. astar_search h_1	18223	18225	159618	12	1222,06
9. astar_search h_ignore_preconditions	5118	5120	45650	12	297,94
10. astar_search h_pg_levelsum	408	410	3758	12	2673,19

# 3. Conclusions

The following conclusions can be done:

#### 3.1 Uniformed search

Uniformed search works fine for easy problems (as Problem 1). DFS in fact can't be used for bigger problems. BFS and UCS are acceptable for Problem 2,3, but in terms of expansions they are worse than searches with heuristics

#### 3.2 Heuristic search

h\_1 heuristic works fine only for small problems. In case of harder problems more complex heuristics should be used

Comparing  $h\_ignore\_preconditions$  and  $h\_pg\_levelsum$  we can say, that  $h\_ignore\_preconditions$  works much faster, but  $h\_pg\_levelsum$  expandes much less nodes

Overall, both of them are suits for Problem 2,3 and I expect that *h\_pg\_levelsum* will work fine for harder problems