

Optimization Model for SCRUM-based Software Development

Sets and Indices

- T : set of Tasks / Sub-Tasks, indexed by t
- S : set of Sprints, indexed by s
- U : set of User Stories, indexed by u
- E : set of Employees, indexed by e
- F : set of Features, indexed by f
- B : set of Blockers, indexed by b
- R : set of Roles, indexed by r

Decision Variables

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| $x_t \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Effort (hours) for task t , $1 \leq x_t \leq 100$ |
| $y_s \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Duration (days) of sprint s , $7 \leq y_s \leq 30$ |
| $z_e \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Team size for team with employee e , $3 \leq z_e \leq 15$ |
| $a_e \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Hours available for employee e , $0 \leq a_e \leq 160$ |
| $sp_u \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Story points for user story u , $1 \leq sp_u \leq 50$ |
| $nTasks_s \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Number of tasks in sprint backlog s , $0 \leq nTasks_s \leq 200$ |
| $p_t \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Priority of task t , $1 \leq p_t \leq 5$ |
| $bUsage \in \mathbb{R}_+$ | Budget usage, $0 \leq bUsage \leq 10^7$ |
| $nBlockers_t \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ | Number of blockers for task t , $0 \leq nBlockers_t \leq 50$ |
| $g_s \in [0, 100]$ | Sprint goal achievement percentage for sprint s |

Parameters

- Cap_{team} : maximum capacity (effort hours) of a team
- $SkillMatch_{e,t}$: binary parameter if employee e has skills for task t
- $Assigned_{u,s}$: binary if user story u assigned to sprint s
- $Blocked_t$: binary if task t is currently blocked
- PO : binary if product owner assigned to product backlog (must be 1)
- SM : binary if scrum master assigned to team (must be 1)
- $Priority_f$: priority level of feature f
- $Included_f$: binary if feature f included in release plan

Objective Functions

We consider a multi-objective function:

$$\max \quad w_1 \sum_{s \in S} \text{Velocity}_s + w_2 \sum_{f \in F} \text{CompletedFeatures}_f - w_3 \sum_{t \in T} n\text{Blockers}_t - w_4 b\text{Usage} + w_5 \text{StakeholderSatisfaction} + w_6 \text{TeamSa}$$

Where weights w_i balance importance of objectives.

Constraints

(C1) Each user story must be assigned to at least one sprint: (1)

$$\sum_{s \in S} \text{Assigned}_{u,s} \geq 1, \quad \forall u \in U \quad (2)$$

(3)

(C2) Product backlog managed by exactly one product owner: (4)

$$PO = 1 \quad (5)$$

(6)

(C3) Team capacity not exceeded: (7)

$$\sum_{t \in T_{team}} x_t \leq Cap_{team} \quad (8)$$

(9)

(C4) Task priority order respected: (10)

$$p_t \leq p_{t'} \implies x_t \text{ scheduled before } x_{t'}, \quad \forall t, t' \in T \quad (11)$$

(12)

(C5) Prefer skill match for task assignment: (13)

$$\text{If task } t \text{ assigned to employee } e, \quad SkillMatch_{e,t} = 1 \quad \text{preferred} \quad (14)$$

(15)

(C6) Blocked tasks cannot be started: (16)

$$x_t = 0, \quad \text{if } Blocked_t = 1 \quad (17)$$

(18)

(C7) Scrum master assigned per team: (19)

$$SM = 1 \quad (20)$$

(21)

(C8) Sprint goal achievement percentage $g_s \in [0, 100]$ (22)

(23)

(C9) Sprint dates immutable after start (modeled by parameters) (24)

(25)

(C10) High priority features must be included in release plans: (26)

$$\text{If } Priority_f \text{ is high, } \quad Included_f = 1 \quad (27)$$

Additional Notes

- Effort and availability variables ensure workload balance.
- Blockers reduce achievable velocity.

- Team and stakeholder satisfaction could be modeled as auxiliary variables derived from retrospective data.