# SCRUM Domain Optimization Model

# Generated by GPT-5 Thinking

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### 1 1. Sets (Entities)

- $\mathcal{P}$  (P): set of Projects.
- $\mathcal{T}$  (T): set of Teams.
- W (W): set of Workers.
- $\mathcal{F}$  (F): set of Features.
- $\mathcal{SK}$  (S): set of Skills.
- $\mathcal{R}$  (R): set of Roles.
- $\mathcal{PO}$  (PO): set of Product Owners.
- $\mathcal{SM}$  (SM): set of Scrum Masters.
- $\mathcal{PB}$  (PB): set of Product Backlogs.
- $\mathcal{SP}$  (SP): set of Sprints.
- $\mathcal{SPP}$  (SPP): set of Sprint Planning events.
- $\mathcal{DS}$  (DS): set of Daily Scrums.
- $\mathcal{SR}$  (SR): set of Sprint Reviews.
- $\mathcal{SRE}$  (SRE): set of Sprint Retrospectives.
- $\mathcal{SBL}$  (SBL): set of Sprint Backlogs.
- SG (SG): set of Sprint Goals.
- $\mathcal{E}$  (E): set of Epics.
- $\mathcal{US}$  (US): set of User Stories.
- TSK (TSK): set of Tasks.
- $\mathcal{DEV}$  (DEV): set of Development Snapshots.
- $\mathcal{BL}$  (BL): set of Blockers.
- $\mathcal{SH}$  (SH): set of Stakeholders.
- VEL (VEL): set of Velocity measurements.
- $\mathcal{REP}$  (REP): set of Release Plans.
- $\mathcal{RM}$  (RM): set of Roadmaps.
- $\mathcal{SCB}$  (SCB): set of Scrum Boards.
- $\mathcal{FED}$  (FED): set of Feature Documents.

#### 2 2. Indices

•  $p \in \mathcal{P}, t \in \mathcal{T}, w \in \mathcal{W}, f \in \mathcal{F}, e \in \mathcal{E}, u \in \mathcal{US}, k \in \mathcal{TSK}, s \in \mathcal{SP}, b \in \mathcal{BL}, v \in \mathcal{VEL}, d \in \mathcal{DEV}, r \in \mathcal{REP}.$ 

#### Attribute-derived parameters (examples; sanitized names):

- eff  $f \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ : Feature estimated\_effort.
- $\operatorname{prio}_f^F \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ : Feature priority.
- $\operatorname{sp}_u \in \mathbb{Z}_{>0}$ : UserStory story\_points.
- $\operatorname{prio}_u^{US} \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ : UserStory priority.
- hasAC<sub>u</sub>  $\in \{0,1\}$ : 1 if acceptance\_criteria present.
- $\operatorname{eff}_{k}^{TSK} \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ : Task effort.
- avail $w \in [0, 1]$ : Worker availability.
- attend $_s^{SR} \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$ : SprintReview attendees\_count (for sprint s).
- $\overline{\mathrm{sp}}_v \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ ,  $\mathrm{minVel}_v$ ,  $\mathrm{maxVel}_v$ : Velocity avg\_story\_points,  $\mathrm{min\_velocity}$ ,  $\mathrm{max\_velocity}$ .
- $cap_t \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ : team capacity proxy (derived from team\_size and availability).
- $\operatorname{cap}^{SP}_s \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ : sprint capacity (e.g., person-days).
- is AllowedTarget  $d_{,\tau} \in \{0,1\}$ : whether deployment target  $\tau \in \{\text{staging}, \text{production}\}\$  allowed for snapshot d.
- isActivePB  $\in \{0, 1\}$ : ProductBacklog status active flag.

#### Relationship-derived sets (examples):

- $US(e) \subseteq \mathcal{US}$ : user stories in Epic e (R9).
- $TSK(u) \subseteq TSK$ : tasks in UserStory u (R10).
- BLK $(k) \subseteq \mathcal{BL}$ : blockers of Task k (R16).
- $F(PB) \subseteq \mathcal{F}$ : features in Product Backlog (R7).

#### 3 3. Goals

- Decision variables used by goals (subset):
  - $-x_f \in \{0,1\}$ : select\_feature (DV0) for release.
  - $-y_{u,s} \in \{0,1\}$ : assign\_user\_story\_to\_sprint (DV1).
  - $-z_{k,w} \in \{0,1\}$ : allocate\_task\_to\_worker (DV2).
  - $-q \in \{3, \ldots, 10\}$ : review\_attendees\_quota (DV8).
  - $-L \in \{3, \ldots, 12\}$ : limit\_sprint\_wip (DV10).
  - $-\ d_d^{\rm stag}, d_d^{\rm prod} \in \{0,1\}, \ d_d^{\rm stag} + d_d^{\rm prod} = 1: \ {\rm choose\_deployment\_target} \ ({\rm DV4}).$
- G0 (maximize\_velocity\_points):

$$\max \sum_{s \in \mathcal{SP}} \sum_{u \in \mathcal{US}} \operatorname{sp}_u y_{u,s}$$

(proxy for maximizing average story points delivered per sprint).

• G1 (maximize\_goal\_achievement\_rate):

$$\max \sum_{s \in \mathcal{SP}} \gamma_s \quad \text{with } \gamma_s \in \{0, 1\} \text{ indicating Sprint } s \text{ goal achieved}$$

• G2 (minimize\_open\_blockers):

$$\min \sum_{k \in \mathcal{TSK}} \sum_{b \in \text{BLK}(k)} \beta_{k,b}$$

where  $\beta_{k,b} \in \{0,1\}$  flags blocker b unresolved for task k.

• G3 (minimize\_feature\_effort):

$$\min \sum_{f \in \mathcal{F}} \operatorname{eff}_f^F x_f$$

• G4 (maximize\_story\_points\_completed):

$$\max \sum_{s \in \mathcal{SP}} \sum_{u \in \mathcal{US}} \operatorname{sp}_u y_{u,s}$$

• G5 (minimize\_task\_effort):

$$\min \sum_{k \in \mathcal{TSK}} \operatorname{eff}_{k}^{TSK} \left( \sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} z_{k,w} \right)$$

• G6 (maximize\_team\_utilization):

$$\max \sum_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \operatorname{avail}_w \left( \sum_{k \in \mathcal{TSK}} z_{k,w} \right)$$

• G7 (minimize\_least\_velocity\_gap):

$$\min \sum_{s \in \mathcal{SP}} \left| \sum_{u} \operatorname{sp}_{u} y_{u,s} - \min_{v \in \mathcal{VEL}} \min \operatorname{Vel}_{v} \right|$$

• G8 (maximize\_priority\_delivery):

$$\max \sum_{f \in \mathcal{F}} \operatorname{prio}_f^F x_f$$

• **G9** (minimize\_backlog\_wip):

$$\min \ \sum_{s \in \mathcal{SP}} \sum_{u \in \mathcal{US}} \omega_{u,s} \quad \text{with } \omega_{u,s} \in \{0,1\} \text{ indicating "in\_progress"}$$

• G10 (maximize\_review\_attendance):

$$\max \sum_{s \in SR} \operatorname{attend}_s^{SR} \quad \text{subject to attend}_s^{SR} \ge q$$

• G11 (maximize\_test\_status\_pass):

max 
$$\sum_{d \in \mathcal{DSV}} \tau_d$$
 with  $\tau_d \in \{0,1\}$  indicating snapshot tests passing

### 4 4. Conditions

- C0 (sprint\_within\_dates) (Must-Match): For all  $s \in \mathcal{SP}$ , start(s)  $\leq$  end(s).
- C1 (sprint\_end\_after\_start) (Must-Match): For all s, end(s) start(s)  $\geq 1$  day.
- C2 (stories\_have\_acceptance\_criteria) (Must-Match):

$$y_{u,s} \leq \text{hasAC}_u \quad \forall u \in \mathcal{US}, \forall s \in \mathcal{SP}.$$

• C3 (stories\_within\_priority\_bounds) (Must-Match):

$$y_{u,s} = 1 \Rightarrow \underline{P} \leq \operatorname{prio}_u^{US} \leq \overline{P} \quad \forall u, s.$$

• C4 (tasks\_have\_type) (Must-Match): Each scheduled task has a valid type:

$$\sum_{w} z_{k,w} \le \text{hasType}_k \quad \forall k \in \mathcal{TSK}, \text{ hasType}_k \in \{0,1\}.$$

• C5 (blockers\_resolved\_before\_done) (Cannot-Match if blocked):

$$\sum_{w} z_{k,w} \le 1 - \max_{b \in \mathrm{BLK}(k)} \beta_{k,b} \quad \forall k \in \mathcal{TSK}.$$

• C6 (team\_size\_capacity\_check) (May-Match):

$$\sum_{k} \operatorname{eff}_{k}^{TSK} \left( \sum_{w} z_{k,w} \right) \leq \sum_{t \in \mathcal{T}} \operatorname{cap}_{t} \cdot (1 + \theta),$$

where  $\theta$  is an optional buffer (DV7).

• C7 (sprint\_backlog\_effort\_limit) (Must-Match):

$$\sum_{u} \operatorname{sp}_{u} y_{u,s} \le \operatorname{cap}_{s}^{SP} \quad \forall s \in \mathcal{SP}.$$

- C8 (release\_plan\_has\_status) (Must-Match): status(r)  $\in$  {planned, approved} for all  $r \in \mathcal{REP}$ .
- C9 (deployment\_target\_allowed) (Must-Match):

$$d_d^{\mathrm{stag}} \leq \mathrm{isAllowedTarget}_{d, \mathrm{staging}}, \quad d_d^{\mathrm{prod}} \leq \mathrm{isAllowedTarget}_{d, \mathrm{production}} \quad \forall d \in \mathcal{DEV}.$$

• C10 (velocity\_reference\_team) (Must-Match):

$$\sum_{v \in \mathcal{VEL}: v \leftrightarrow t} 1 = 1 \quad \forall t \in \mathcal{T} \quad (R19).$$

• C11 (product\_backlog\_is\_active) (Must-Match): isActivePB = 1.

### 5 5. DecisionVariables

- **DV0** select\_feature:  $x_f \in \{0,1\}$  for  $f \in \mathcal{F}$  (Domain  $\{0,1\}$ ). Min=0, Max=1.
- DV1 assign\_user\_story\_to\_sprint:  $y_{u,s} \in \{0,1\}$  for  $u \in \mathcal{US}, s \in \mathcal{SP}$ . Min=0, Max=1.
- DV2 allocate\_task\_to\_worker:  $z_{k,w} \in \{0,1\}$  for  $k \in \mathcal{TSK}, w \in \mathcal{W}$ . Min=0, Max=1.
- DV3 set\_task\_priority\_weight:  $h_k \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  for  $k \in \mathcal{TSK}$ . Min=0, Max=5.
- **DV4** choose\_deployment\_target:  $d_d^{\text{stag}}, d_d^{\text{prod}} \in \{0, 1\}, d_d^{\text{stag}} + d_d^{\text{prod}} = 1$  (encode categorical). Min=0, Max=1.
- DV5 enable\_blocker\_resolution:  $\rho_b \in \{0,1\}$  for  $b \in \mathcal{BL}$ . Min=0, Max=1.
- DV6 select\_epic\_for\_breakdown:  $\xi_e \in \{0,1\}$  for  $e \in \mathcal{E}$ . Min=0, Max=1.
- DV7 team\_capacity\_buffer\_percent: choose  $\theta \in \{0, 0.05, 0.10, 0.15, 0.20\}$  (encodable via binaries). Min=0, Max=0.20.
- DV8 choose\_review\_attendees\_quota:  $q \in \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$ . Min=3, Max=10.
- **DV9** select\_tests\_for\_snapshot:  $g_d \in \{0, 1\}$  for  $d \in \mathcal{DEV}$  (gate enabled). Min=0, Max=1.
- DV10 limit\_sprint\_wip:  $L \in \{3, \dots, 12\}$ . Min=3, Max=12.
- DV11 choose\_release\_version:  $v^* \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ . Min=1, Max=5.

#### Canonical scheduling/consistency constraints (linking DVs to data):

- Each task assigned to at most one worker:  $\sum_{w} z_{k,w} \leq 1 \quad \forall k$ .
- WIP limit per sprint backlog (board-level):  $\sum_{u} \omega_{u,s} \leq L \quad \forall s.$
- Capacity coupling:  $\sum_{k} \operatorname{eff}_{k}^{TSK} (\sum_{w} z_{k,w}) \leq (1+\theta) \sum_{t} \operatorname{cap}_{t}$ .
- Story–task linkage:  $y_{u,s} = 1 \Rightarrow \sum_{k \in TSK(u)} \sum_{w} z_{k,w} \ge 1$ .
- Epic selection implies at least one story scheduled:  $\xi_e = 1 \Rightarrow \sum_{u \in US(e)} \sum_s y_{u,s} \ge 1$ .