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#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cstring>
#include "CarInventory.h"
using namespace std;
namespace sdds
{
     CarInventory :: CarInventory()
          CarInventory :: resetInfo();//member variables sets to nullptr and 0
respectively
//----
     void CarInventory :: resetInfo()
          m_type = nullptr, m_brand = nullptr, m_model = nullptr;
          m_{year} = 0, m_{code} = 0, m_{price} = 0;
//----
   CarInventory :: CarInventory(const char* type, const char* brand, const char*
model, int year, int code, double price)
          if (type != nullptr && model != nullptr && year >= 1990 && 100 <= code
&& code <= 999 && price > 0)
               //Allocation
               m_type = new char[strlen(type) + 1], m_brand = new
char[strlen(brand) + 1], m_model = new char[strlen(model) + 1];
               //strcpy(); copy one string to another
               strcpy(m_type, type), strcpy(m_brand, brand), strcpy(m_model,
model);
               //accessing private class members using arguments
               m_year = year, m_code = code, m_price = price;
          else
               resetInfo(); //m_type, m_brand, m_model sets to nullptr and
m_year, m_code, m_price sets to 0
     CarInventory :: ~CarInventory()//Destruction
     {
          /*Dellocation of memory and clean-up for a class
          object and its class members*/
          delete[] m_type, delete[] m_brand, delete[] m_model;
          m_type = nullptr, m_brand = nullptr, m_model = nullptr;
        CarInventory& CarInventory:: setInfo(const char* type, const char* brand,
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const char* model, int year, int code, double price)
            //FIRST: Dellocation of memory
            delete[] m_type, delete[] m_brand, delete[] m_model;
            //SECOND: Request for memory allocation using keyword "new"
            m_type = new char[strlen(type) + 1], m_brand = new char[strlen(brand) +
1], m_model = new char[strlen(model) + 1];
            //strcpy(); copy one string to another
            strcpy(m_type, type), strcpy(m_brand, brand), strcpy(m_model, model);
            //accessing private class members using arguments
            m_year = year, m_code = code, m_price = price;
            return *this;
      }
      void CarInventory :: printInfo() const
    /*setw() is used to set the field width based on given width in the
parameter.*/
            cout << "| " << setw(10) << left << m_type;</pre>
            cout << " | " << setw(16) << left << m_brand;</pre>
            cout << " | " << setw(16) << left << m_model;</pre>
            cout << " | " << left << m_year;</pre>
            cout << " | " << m_code;
            cout << " | " << fixed << setw(9) << setprecision(2) << right <<</pre>
m_price;
            cout << " |" << endl;
      bool CarInventory :: isValid() const
            bool suppose{true};
            if (m_type != nullptr && m_brand != nullptr && m_model != nullptr &&
m_year >= 1990 && 100 <= m_code && m_code <= 999 && m_price > 0)
            {
                  suppose = true;
            else
            {
                  suppose = false;
            return suppose;
      bool CarInventory :: isSimilarTo(const CarInventory& car) const
      {
            bool suppose{true};
```

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if (car.isValid() && this->isValid())
                   if (strcmp(m_type, car.m_type) == 0 && strcmp(m_brand,
car.m_brand) == 0 && strcmp(m_model, car.m_model) == 0)
                          suppose = false;
                   else
                   {
                          suppose = true;
             else
                   suppose = true;
             return suppose;
      /*It returns true if it finds two CarInventory objects that have similar
information in the car array.*/
      bool find_similar(CarInventory car[], const int num_cars)
      {
             bool suppose{false};
             //function implementation logic:
             for (int i = 0; i < num_cars; i++) {</pre>
                   for (int j = i + 1; j < num_cars; j++) {
    if (car[i].isSimilarTo(car[j]))</pre>
                                 suppose = true;
                          }
             return suppose;
      }
```