Android build system

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Jan 06, 2023





Day 5

(Android.mk)



QUIZ (1/12)

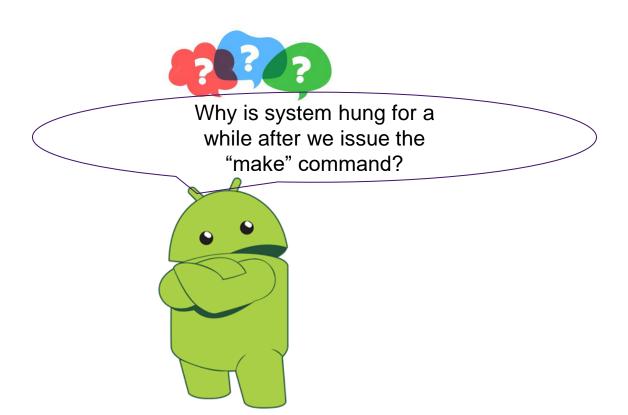


What is the entry point after we execute "make" command?





QUIZ (2/12)





QUIZ (3/12)



Tell me some useful macros/functions that Android support





QUIZ (4/12)



How can we activate macros/functions that Android support?





QUIZ (5/12)



What is the fastest way to go to root Android build system when we are at very deep subfolder?





QUIZ (6/12)



What is the fastest way to go a specific module?





QUIZ (7/12)



What is the fastest way to find a specific pattern in Android makefile?





QUIZ (8/12)

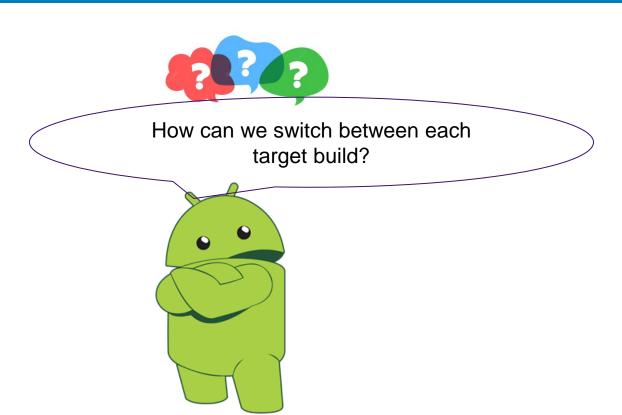


How many build flavors / Types that Android support?

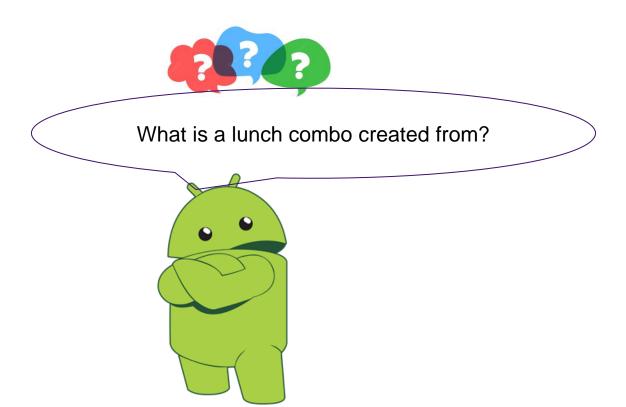




QUIZ (9/12)

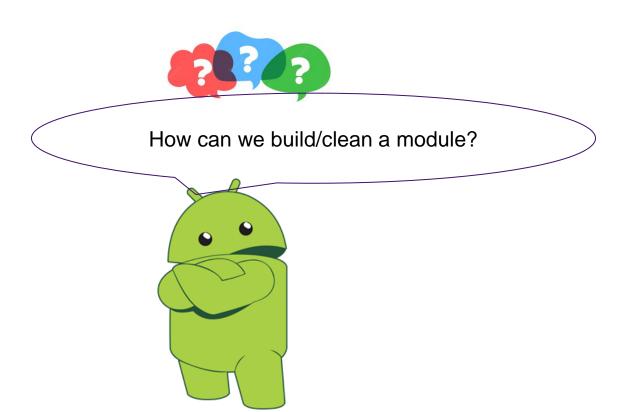


QUIZ (10/12)





QUIZ (11/12)



QUIZ (12/12)



Why was our module not updated in the target board after a module build is finished and the image was flashed into target board?





Introduction

- Android is built from a top-down perspective and Android.mk is the smallest component.
- The system has been architected so that module build recipes are pretty much independent from the build system's internals.
- Build templates are provided so that module authors can get their modules built appropriately.
- The target is to make Android.mk to be fairly lightweight.



Introduction

- Each template is tailored for a specific type of module, and module authors can use a set of documented variables, all prefixed by LOCAL_, to modulate the templates' behavior and output.
- All templates can be found at build/core/
- Android.mk gets access to them through the include directive. Here's an example:

```
LOCAL_PROGUARD_ENABLED := disabled include $(BUILD_PACKAGE)
```



Introduction

```
LOCAL_PROGUARD_ENABLED := disabled include $(BUILD_PACKAGE)
```

- Android.mk files don't actually include the .mk templates by name.
- Instead, they include a variable that is set to the corresponding .mk file.

```
LOCAL_PATH:= $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR_VARS)

LOCAL_MODULE_TAGS := optional
```



Android build templates list

Variable	Template	What it builds	Most notable use
BUILD_EXECUTABLE	executable.mk	Target binaries	Native commands and daemons
BUILD_HOST_EXECUTABLE	host_executable.mk	Host binaries	Development tools
BUILD_JAVA_LIBRARY	java_library.mk	Target Java libraries	Apache Harmony and Android Framework
BUILD_STATIC_JAVA_LIBRARY	static_java_library. mk	Target static Java libraries	N/A
BUILD_HOST_JAVA_LIBRARY	host_java_library.m k	Host Java libraries	Development tools
BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY	shared_library.mk	Target shared libraries	A vast number of modules, including many in external/ and frameworks/base/
BUILD_STATIC_LIBRARY	static_library.mk	Target static libraries	A vast number of modules, including many in external/



Android build templates list

Variable	Template	What it builds	Most notable use
BUILD_HOST_SHARED_LIBRARY	host_shared_library. mk	Host shared libraries	Development tools
BUILD_HOST_STATIC_LIBRARY	host_static_library.mk	Host static libraries	Development tools
BUILD_PREBUILT	prebuilt.mk	Copies prebuilt target files	Configuration files and binaries
BUILD_HOST_PREBUILT	host_prebuilt.mk	Copies prebuilt host files	Tools in <i>prebuilt/</i> and configuration files
BUILD_MULTI_PREBUILT	multi_prebuilt.mk	Copies prebuilt modules of multiple but known types, like Java libraries or executables	Rarely used
BUILD_PACKAGE	package.mk	Built-in AOSP apps (i.e., anything that ends up being an .apk)	All apps in the AOSP
CLEAR_VARS	clear_vars.mk	Make sure we won't have anything weird coming from other modules	Always used



Target information variables

- TARGET_ARCH:
 - The CPU family the build system is targeting as it parses this Android.mk file. This variable will be one of: arm, arm64, x86, or x86_64.
- TARGET_PLATFORM:
 - The Android API level number the build system is targeting as it parses this Android.mk file

```
ifeq ($(TARGET_PLATFORM), android-22)
    # ... do something ...
endif
```



Target information variables

- TARGET_ARCH_ABI:
 - The ABI build system is targeting as it parses this Android.mk file.

CPU and architecture	Setting	
ARMv7	armeabi-v7a	
ARMv8 AArch64	arm64-v8a	
i686	x86	
x86-64	x86_64	

```
ifeq ($(TARGET_ARCH_ABI), arm64-v8a)
  # ... do something ...
endif
```



Target information variables

• TARGET_ABI:

- A concatenation of target Android API level and ABI.
- It is especially useful when you want to test against a specific target system image for a real device.
- For example, to check for a 64-bit ARM device running on Android API level 22:

```
ifeq ($(TARGET_ABI), android-22-arm64-v8a)
  # ... do something ...
endif
```



- Each module description should follow this basic flow:
 - Initialize or undefine the variables associated with the module, using the CLEAR_VARS variable.
 - Assign values to the variables used to describe the module.
 - Set the build system to use the appropriate build script for the module, using the BUILD_XXX variable.

- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_PATH:
 - The path of the current module's sources, typically provided by invoking \$(call my-dir).
 - It is not cleared by CLEAR_VARS

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_MODULE:
 - This variable stores the name of our module.
 - It must be unique among all module names and must not contain any spaces.
 - We must define it before including any scripts (except CLEAR_VARS).
 - We do not need to add either the lib prefix or the .so or .a file extension; the build system
 makes these modifications automatically.
 - If this is set to **foo**, for example, and we build an **executable**, then the final executable will be a command called **foo** and it will be put in the target's **/system/bin/**.
 - If this is set to libfoo and we include BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY instead of BUILD_EXECUTABLE, the build system will generate libfoo.so and put it in /system/lib/.



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_MODULE_FILENAME:
 - This optional variable allows you to override the names that the build system uses by default for files that it generates.
 - For example, if the name of your LOCAL_MODULE is foo, you can force the system to call the file it generates libnewfoo

```
LOCAL_MODULE := foo
LOCAL_MODULE_FILENAME := libnewfoo
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_MODULE_TAGS:
 - This allows us to control under which TARGET_BUILD_VARIANT this module is built.
 - Usually, this should just be set to optional.

```
LOCAL_MODULE_TAGS := optional
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_SRC_FILES
 - Contain the list of source files that the build system uses to generate the module.
 - Note:
 - Please list the files that the build system passes to the compiler, since the build system automatically computes any associated dependencies.
 - Both relative (to LOCAL_PATH) and absolute file paths can be used.
 - Please avoiding absolute file paths; relative paths make your Android.mk file more portable.

```
LOCAL_SRC_FILES := service.cpp Power.cpp power_hikey.c
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_CPP_EXTENSION
 - We can use this optional variable to indicate a file extension other than .cpp for your C++ source files.
 - For example, the following line changes the extension to .cxx. (The setting must include the dot.):

```
LOCAL_CPP_EXTENSION := .cxx
```

• We can use this variable to specify multiple extensions:

```
LOCAL_CPP_EXTENSION := .cxx .cpp .cc
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_CPP_FEATURES
 - We can use this optional variable to indicate that your code relies on specific C++ features.
 - It enables the right compiler and linker flags during the build process.
 - For prebuilt binaries, this variable also declares which features the binary depends on, thus
 helping ensure the final linking works correctly.
 - This variable should be used instead of enabling C++ feature directly in your LOCAL CPPFLAGS definition.

```
LOCAL_CPP_FEATURES := rtti
```

LOCAL_CPP_FEATURES := rtti features

- Note:
 - The order in which we describe the values does not matter.



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_C_INCLUDES:
 - We can use this optional variable to specify a list of paths, relative to android root directory, to add to the include search path when compiling all sources (C, C++ and Assembly).

```
LOCAL_C_INCLUDES := sources/foo
```

Or even:

```
LOCAL_C_INCLUDES := $(LOCAL_PATH)/<subdirectory>/foo
```

- Note:
 - Define this variable before setting any corresponding inclusion flags via LOCAL_CFLAGS or LOCAL CPPFLAGS.

- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_CFLAGS:
 - This optional variable sets compiler flags for the build system to pass when building C and C++ source files.
 - It is very useful for specifying additional macro definitions or compile options.

```
# General compilation flags
LOCAL_CFLAGS := -Werror -DLOG_TAG=\"gralloc\" -DPLATFORM_SDK_VERSION=$(PLATFORM_SDK_VERSION)
```

```
LOCAL_CFLAGS := -Wconversion -Wall -Werror -Wno-sign-conversion
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_CPPFLAGS:
 - An optional set of compiler flags that will be passed when building C++ source files only.
 - They will appear after the LOCAL_CFLAGS on the compiler's command-line.

```
LOCAL_CPPFLAGS := -std=c++11 -fexceptions -Wall -Wno-literal-suffix
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES:
 - This variable stores the list of static libraries modules on which the current module depends.
 - If the current module is a shared library or an executable, this variable will force these libraries
 to be linked into the resulting binary.
 - If the current module is a static library, this variable simply indicates that other modules depending on the current one will also depend on the listed libraries.

```
LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES := libdng_sdk_validate libjpeg_static_ndk
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_SHARED_LIBRARIES:
 - This variable is the list of shared libraries modules on which this module depends at runtime.
 - This information is necessary at link time, and to embed the corresponding information in the generated file.

```
LOCAL_SHARED_LIBRARIES := libc libcutils liblog
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_WHOLE_STATIC_LIBRARIES:
 - This variable is a variant of LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES and expresses that the linker should treat the associated library modules as whole archives.
 - This variable is useful when there are circular dependencies among several static libraries.
 - When we use this variable to build a shared library, it will force the build system to add all
 object files from your static libraries to the final binary

```
LOCAL_WHOLE_STATIC_LIBRARIES := libmesa_genxml
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_LDLIBS:
 - This variable contains the list of additional linker flags for use in building our shared library or executable.
 - It enables us to use the -I prefix to pass the name of specific system libraries.
 - For example, the following example tells the linker to generate a module that links to /system/lib/libz.so at load time:

LOCAL_LDLIBS := -1z



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_LDFLAGS:
 - The list of other linker flags for the build system to use when building your shared library or executable.
 - For example, to use the Id.bfd linker on ARM/X86:

```
LOCAL_LDFLAGS += -fuse-ld=bfd
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS:
 - This variable records a set of C/C++ compiler flags to add to the LOCAL_CFLAGS definition of any other module that uses this one via the LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES or LOCAL_SHARED_LIBRARIES variables.

```
include $(CLEAR_VARS)
LOCAL_MODULE := foo
LOCAL_SRC_FILES := foo/foo.c
LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS := -DF00=1
include $(BUILD_STATIC_LIBRARY)
```

```
include $(CLEAR_VARS)
LOCAL_MODULE := bar
LOCAL_SRC_FILES := bar.c
LOCAL_CFLAGS := -DBAR=2
LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES := foo
include $(BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY)
```



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_EXPORT_CPPFLAGS:
 - This variable is the same as LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS, but for C++ flags only.
 - LOCAL_EXPORT_C_INCLUDES:
 - This variable is the same as LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS, but for C include paths.
 - LOCAL_EXPORT_LDFLAGS:
 - This variable is the same as LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS, but for linker flags



- Most frequently LOCAL_* variables to be used:
 - LOCAL_EXPORT_LDLIBS:
 - This variable is the same as LOCAL_EXPORT_CFLAGS, telling the build system to pass names of specific system libraries to the compiler. Prepend -I to the name of each library you specify.
 - Note that the build system appends imported linker flags to the value of your module's LOCAL_LDLIBS variable.
 - This variable is typically useful when module foo is a static library and has code that depends on a system library. We can use LOCAL_EXPORT_LDLIBS to export the dependency

```
LOCAL_MODULE := foo

LOCAL_SRC_FILES := foo/foo.c

LOCAL_EXPORT_LDLIBS := -llog

include $(BUILD_STATIC_LIBRARY)

include $(CLEAR_VARS)

LOCAL MODULE := bar
```

LOCAL_SRC_FILES := bar.c

LOCAL_STATIC_LIBRARIES := foo

include \$(BUILD_SHARED_LIBRARY)

include \$(CLEAR_VARS)



my-dir:

- This macro returns the path of the last included makefile, which typically is the current Android.mk's directory.
- my-dir is useful for defining LOCAL_PATH at the start of your Android.mk file.

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
```

- This macro will return the path of the last makefile that the build system included when parsing the build scripts.
- Therefore, we should not call my-dir after including another file.

my-dir:

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)

# ... declare one module

include $(LOCAL_PATH)/foo/`Android.mk`

LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)

# ... declare another module
```

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)

# ... declare one module

LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)

# ... declare another module

# extra includes at the end of the Android.mk file include $(LOCAL_PATH)/foo/Android.mk
```

```
MY_LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
LOCAL_PATH := $(MY_LOCAL_PATH)

# ... declare one module
include $(LOCAL_PATH)/foo/`Android.mk`
LOCAL_PATH := $(MY_LOCAL_PATH)

# ... declare another module
```



all-subdir-makefiles:

- Returns the list of Android.mk files located in all subdirectories of the current my-dir path.
- We can use this function to provide deep-nested source directory hierarchies to the build system.
- By default, Android build system will only look for files in the directory containing the Android.mk
 file.

include \$(call all-subdir-makefiles)

this-makefile:

Returns the path of the current makefile

parent-makefile:

 Returns the path of the parent makefile in the inclusion tree (the path of the makefile that included the current one).

grand-parent-makefile:

• Returns the path of the **grandparent makefile** in the inclusion tree (the path of the makefile that included the current one).

• inherit-product:

- Inherits all of the variables from product.
- Records the inheritance in the .INHERITS_FROM variable
- Records that we've visited this node, in ALL_PRODUCTS

inherit-product-if-exists:

Perform inherit-product only if product exists

```
#Add GAS package
ifneq ($(TARGET_PRODUCT), aivi2_n_nongas)
$(call inherit-product-if-exists, vendor/google/gas/products/gms.mk)
endif
```



Android.mk example

```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)  
include $(CLEAR_VARS)  

LOCAL_VARIABLE_1 := value_1  

LOCAL_VARIABLE_2 := value_2  

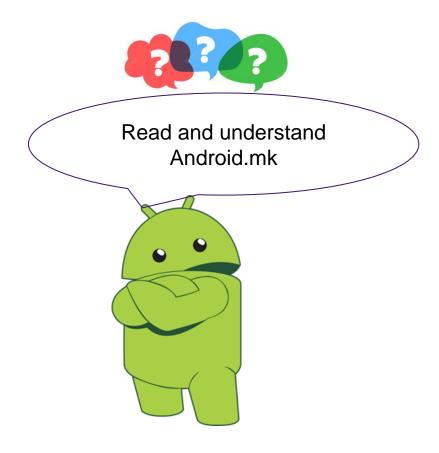
...

include $(BUILD_MODULE_TYPE)
```

- Tell the build template where the current module is located. The macro function my-dir, provided by the build system, returns the path of the current directory (the directory containing the Android.mk file itself).
- 2. Clear all previously set **LOCAL*** variables that might have been set for other modules.
- 3. Set various **LOCAL*** variables to module-specific values.
- 4. Invoke the build template that corresponds to the current module's type.



Group working (5 mins)





```
ifneq ($(filter vsoc arm64 vsoc x86 vsoc x86 64, $(TARGET BOARD PLATFORM)),)
LOCAL PATH:= $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
include $(LOCAL PATH)/fetcher.mk
include $(CLEAR VARS)
include $(LOCAL PATH)/host package.mk
endif
LOCAL PATH:= $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
include $(call all-makefiles-under,$(LOCAL PATH))
```



```
LOCAL PATH := $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL MODULE := LeanbackSampleApp
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := legacy notice
  CAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL SRC FILES := $(LOCAL MODULE).apk
LOCAL MODULE CLASS := APPS
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
LOCAL MODULE SUFFIX := $(COMMON ANDROID PACKAGE SUFFIX)
LOCAL CERTIFICATE := platform
include $(BUILD PREBUILT)
```



```
LOCAL PATH := $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL CFLAGS := \
    -Wall \
    -Werror \
    -Wno-format \
    -Wno-reorder \
    -Wno-unused-function \
    -Wno-unused-parameter \
    -Wno-unused-private-field \
    -Wno-unused-variable \
LOCAL C INCLUDES += \
        external/libnl/include \
        $(call include-path-for, libhardware legacy)/hardware legacy \
        external/wpa supplicant 8/src/drivers
LOCAL HEADER LIBRARIES := libutils headers liblog headers
LOCAL SRC FILES := \
        wifi hal.cpp \
        rtt.cpp \
        common.cpp \
        cpp bindings.cpp \
        qscan.cpp \
        link layer stats.cpp \
        wifi logger.cpp \
        wifi offload.cpp
LOCAL MODULE := libwifi-hal-rtl
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-Apache-2.0
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL PROPRIETARY MODULE := true
include $(BUILD STATIC LIBRARY)
```



```
LOCAL PATH := $(call my-dir)
ifeq ($(WPA SUPPLICANT VERSION), VER 0 8 X)
ifneg ($(BOARD WPA SUPPLICANT DRIVER),)
  CONFIG DRIVER $(BOARD WPA SUPPLICANT DRIVER) := y
endif
WPA SUPPL DIR = external/wpa supplicant 8
WPA SRC FILE :=
include $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/wpa supplicant/android.config
WPA SUPPL DIR INCLUDE = $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src/common \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src/drivers \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src/l2 packet \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src/utils \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/src/wps \
        $(WPA SUPPL DIR)/wpa supplicant
ifdef CONFIG DRIVER NL80211
WPA SUPPL DIR INCLUDE += external/libnl/include
WPA SRC FILE += driver cmd nl80211.c
endif
```

```
ifdef CONFIG DRIVER WEXT
WPA SRC FILE += driver cmd wext.c
endif
ifeq ($(TARGET ARCH),arm)
 . CFLAGS += -mabi=aapcs-linux
endif
ifdef CONFIG ANDROID LOG
 CFLAGS += -DCONFIG ANDROID LOG
endif
ifdef CONFIG P2P
 CFLAGS += -DCONFIG P2P
endif
 CFLAGS += -Wall -Werror -Wno-unused-parameter -Wno-macro-redefined
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL MODULE := lib driver cmd rtl
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-BSD
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL NOTICE FILE := $(LOCAL PATH)/NOTICE
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := libc libcutils
LOCAL CFLAGS := $(L CFLAGS)
LOCAL SRC FILES := $(WPA SRC FILE)
LOCAL C INCLUDES := $(WPA SUPPL DIR INCLUDE)
LOCAL VENDOR MODULE := true
include $(BUILD STATIC LIBRARY)
endif
```



```
DCAL PATH := $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL VENDOR MODULE := true
        $(LOCAL PATH)/include
        $(LOCAL PATH)/include/audio
        $(LOCAL PATH)/include/os/android
        $(LOCAL PATH)/include/sys/fio \
        $(LOCAL PATH)/playback
        $(LOCAL PATH)/playback/tinyalsa \
        $(LOCAL PATH)/utest/include
LOCAL SRC FILES :=
        proxy/xf-proxy.c
        proxy/xaf-api.c
        proxy/xf-trace.c
        proxy/xf-fio.c
        playback/xa playback.c \
        playback/tinyalsa/pcm.c \
        utest/xaf-utils-test.c \
        utest/xaf-mem-test.c
 FLAGS := -DXF TRACE=0 -Wall -Werror -Wno-everything
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := liblog
LOCAL C INCLUDES := $(common C INCLUDES)
LOCAL C INCLUDES += external/expat/lib
LOCAL CFLAGS := $(C FLAGS)
LOCAL MODULE := libxtensa proxy
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-MIT
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
include $(BUILD STATIC LIBRARY)
```

```
xaf-dec-test: fileinput->ogg/pcm decoder->speaker output
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL VENDOR MODULE := true
LOCAL MODULE := xaf-dec-test
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-MIT
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL SRC FILES := \
    utest/xaf-dec-test.c
LOCAL C INCLUDES := $(common C INCLUDES)
LOCAL CFLAGS := $(C FLAGS)
LOCAL STATIC LIBRARIES := libxtensa proxy
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := liblog libcutils
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
include $(BUILD EXECUTABLE)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL VENDOR MODULE := true
LOCAL MODULE := xaf-dec-mix-test
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-MIT
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL SRC FILES := \
    utest/xaf-dec-mix-test.c
LOCAL C INCLUDES := $(common C INCLUDES)
LOCAL CFLAGS := $(C FLAGS)
LOCAL STATIC LIBRARIES := libxtensa proxy
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := liblog libcutils
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
include $(BUILD EXECUTABLE)
```



```
LOCAL PATH := $(call my-dir)
 HAL module implemenation stored in
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL MODULE RELATIVE PATH := hw
LOCAL VENDOR MODULE := true
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
LOCAL MODULE := android.hardware.power@1.1-service.hikey-common
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-Apache-2.0 SPDX-license-identifier-BSD
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL INIT RC := android.hardware.power@1.1-service.hikey-common.rc
LOCAL SRC FILES := service.cpp Power.cpp power hikey.c
#LOCAL MODULE := power.$(TARGET BOARD PLATFORM)
#LOCAL SRC FILES := power hikey.c
LOCAL HEADER LIBRARIES += libhardware headers
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := liblog libcutils
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := \
    libbase \
    libcutils \
    libhidlbase \
    liblog \
    libutils \
    android.hardware.power@1.1 \
include $(BUILD EXECUTABLE)
```



```
LOCAL_PATH := $(call my-dir)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL SRC FILES := \
       gralloc gbm.cpp \
        gralloc.cpp
LOCAL SHARED LIBRARIES := \
        libdrm \
        libqbm mesa \
        liblog \
        libcutils
LOCAL EXPORT C INCLUDE DIRS := \
        $(LOCAL PATH)
LOCAL C INCLUDES += system/core/include hardware/libhardware/include
LOCAL C INCLUDES += system/core/libsystem/include system/core
```

```
LOCAL MODULE := gralloc.gbm
OCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-MIT
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
LOCAL MODULE RELATIVE PATH := hw
LOCAL PROPRIETARY MODULE := true
include $(BUILD SHARED LIBRARY)
include $(CLEAR VARS)
LOCAL EXPORT C INCLUDE DIRS := \
        $(LOCAL PATH)
LOCAL MODULE := libgralloc drm
LOCAL LICENSE KINDS := SPDX-license-identifier-MIT
LOCAL LICENSE CONDITIONS := notice
LOCAL MODULE TAGS := optional
LOCAL PROPRIETARY MODULE := true
include $(BUILD SHARED LIBRARY)
```



Exercises



Exercises

Write an Android.mk file to build C/C++ source code to:

- a) An executable file
- b) A static library
- c) A share libraries



Thank for your listening!

