

SQL Project
On
Global+Electronics+Retailer

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Project Description:

This project involves analysing global electronics retailer data to identify data-driven insights.

Dataset Description:

This data has 6 CSV files:

- 1) **Customers.csv**: It has information about customers.

customer_key,gender,name,city,state_code,state,zip_code,country,continent,birthday

- 2) **Sales.csv**: Contains sales transaction details

order_number,line_item,order_date,delivery_date,customer_key,store_key,product_key,quantity,currency_code

- 3) **Products.csv**: Lists product details such as product name, brand, colour, cost, and category.

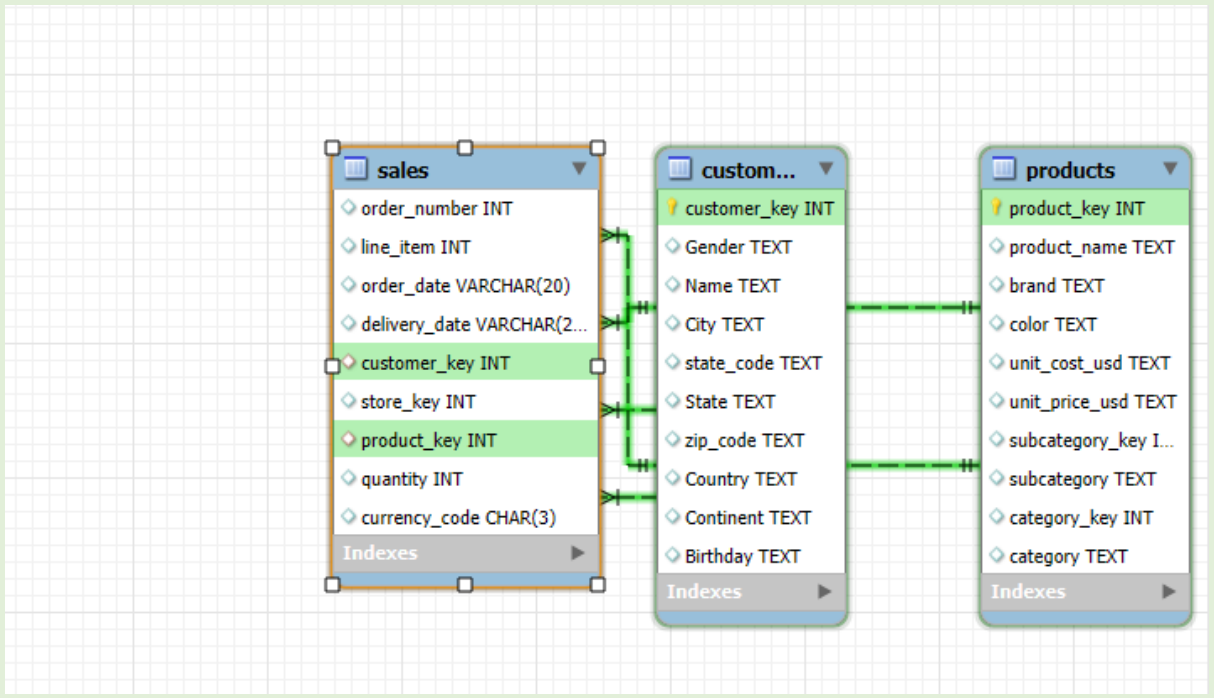
product_key,product_name,brand,color,unit_cost_usd,unit_price_usd,subcategory_key,subcategory,category_key,category

- 4) **Exchange_Rates.csv**: Provides currency exchange rates for different currencies

- 5) **Stores.csv**: Includes store-related information such as location, size, and open date.

- 6) **Data_Dictionary.csv**: Describes the fields in each table, its data structure and relationships between tables.

ER diagram



Create Database.

Step1:- Create Database

Create database GLOBAL;

use GLOBAL;

Uploading Data

- 1) Table Import wizard: Customer.csv, Products.csv
- 2) LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE: Sales.csv

Check for the number of records in each table

Example: Select count(*) from customers;

72 • `select count(*) from customers;`

count(*)
13677

72 • `select count(*) from products;`

count(*)
2517

Check for duplicate rows in all tables

Limit to 5000 rows

```

2  -- we have to find how many rows are duplicated.
3
4  •  select COUNT(*) from customers
5     group by customer_key,gender,name,city,state_code,state,zip_code,country,continent,birthday
6     having count(*)>1;
7
8  •  select COUNT(*) from products
9     group by product_key,product_name,brand,color,unit_cost_usd,unit_price_usd,subcategory_key,

```

COUNT(*)

--Analysis from customer table

1 • `SELECT * FROM global.customers;`

customer_key	Gender	Name	City	state_code	State	zip_code	Country	Continent	Birthday
301	Female	Lilly Harding	WANDEARAH EAST	SA	South Australia	5523	Australia	Australia	07-03-1939
325	Female	Madison Hull	MOUNT BUDD	WA	Western Australia	6522	Australia	Australia	9/27/1979
554	Female	Claire Ferres	WINJALLOK	VIC	Victoria	3380	Australia	Australia	5/26/1947
786	Male	Jai Poltpalingada	MIDDLE RIVER	SA	South Australia	5223	Australia	Australia	9/17/1957
1042	Male	Aidan Pankhurst	TAWONGA SOUTH	VIC	Victoria	3698	Australia	Australia	11/19/1965
1086	Male	Hayden Clegg	TEMPLERS	SA	South Australia	5371	Australia	Australia	1/20/1954
1133	Male	Nicholas Caffyn	JUBILEE POCKET	QLD	Queensland	4802	Australia	Australia	11/22/1969
1756	Male	Lincoln Jenks	KILLISNOCK	QLD	Queensland	4660	Australia	Australia	03-12-1950

```

3 • alter table customers
4   rename column i»customer_key to customer_key;
5
6 • set sql_safe_updates=0;
7   -- USE OF REPLACE FUNCTION
8 • update customers
9   set birthday=replace(Birthday, '-', '/');
10
11  -- CORRECTING FORMAT FOR DATE COLUMN
12 • update customers
13   set birthday=STR_TO_DATE(Birthday, '%m/%d/%Y');
14

```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

Fetch rows:

	customer_key	Gender	Name	City	state_code	State	zip_code	Country	Continent	Birthday
	301	Female	Lilly Harding	WANDEARAH EAST	SA	South Australia	5523	Australia	Australia	1939-07-03
	325	Female	Madison Hull	MOUNT BUDD	WA	Western Australia	6522	Australia	Australia	1979-09-27
	554	Female	Claire Ferres	WINJALLOK	VIC	Victoria	3380	Australia	Australia	1947-05-26
	786	Male	Jai Poltpalingada	MIDDLE RIVER	SA	South Australia	5223	Australia	Australia	1957-09-17
	1042	Male	Aidan Pankhurst	TAWONGA SOUTH	VIC	Victoria	3698	Australia	Australia	1965-11-19

*The STR_TO_DATE() converts a string into a date value based on a specified format string.

TO ADD PRIMARY KEY CONSTRAINT

```

14
15 • ALTER TABLE CUSTOMERS
16   ADD CONSTRAINT pk_customers PRIMARY KEY(customer_key);
17
18 • describe CUSTOMERS;
19

```

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

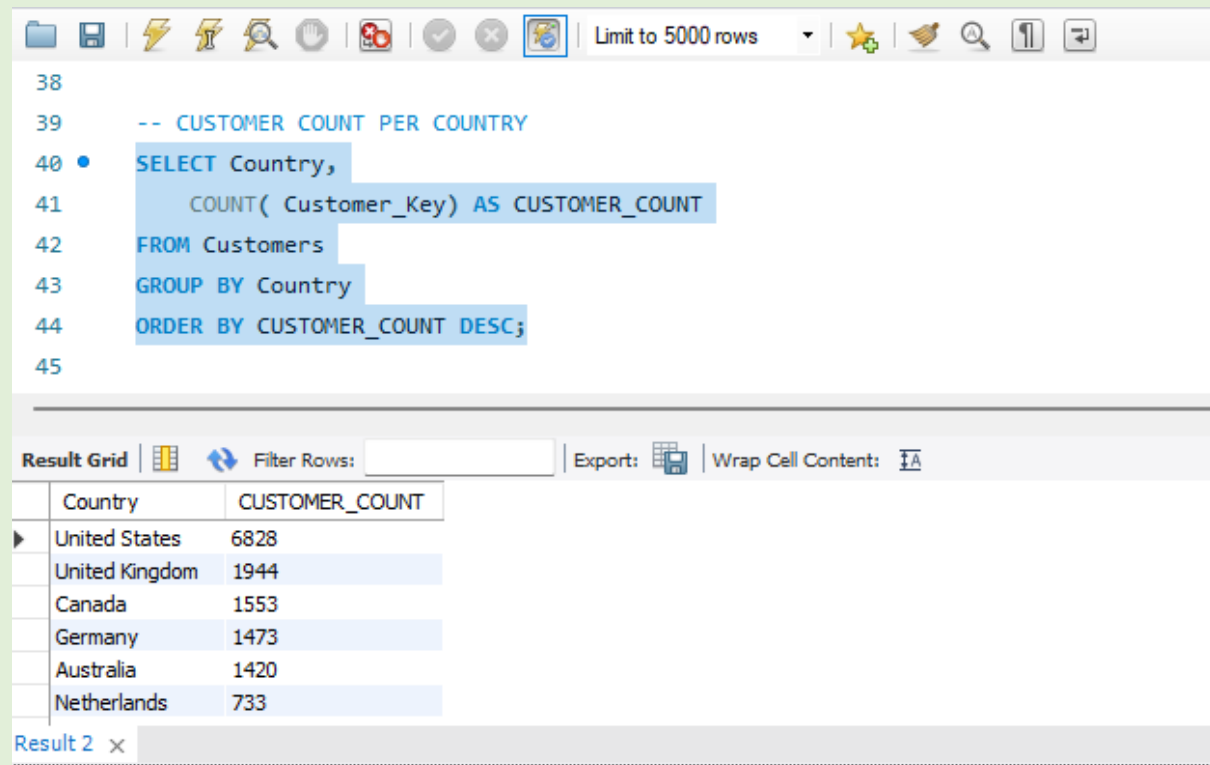
Export:

Wrap Cell Content:

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
	customer_key	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
	Gender	text	YES		NULL	
	Name	text	YES		NULL	
	City	text	YES		NULL	
	state_code	text	YES		NULL	

Result 7 x

Customer Count Per Country



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

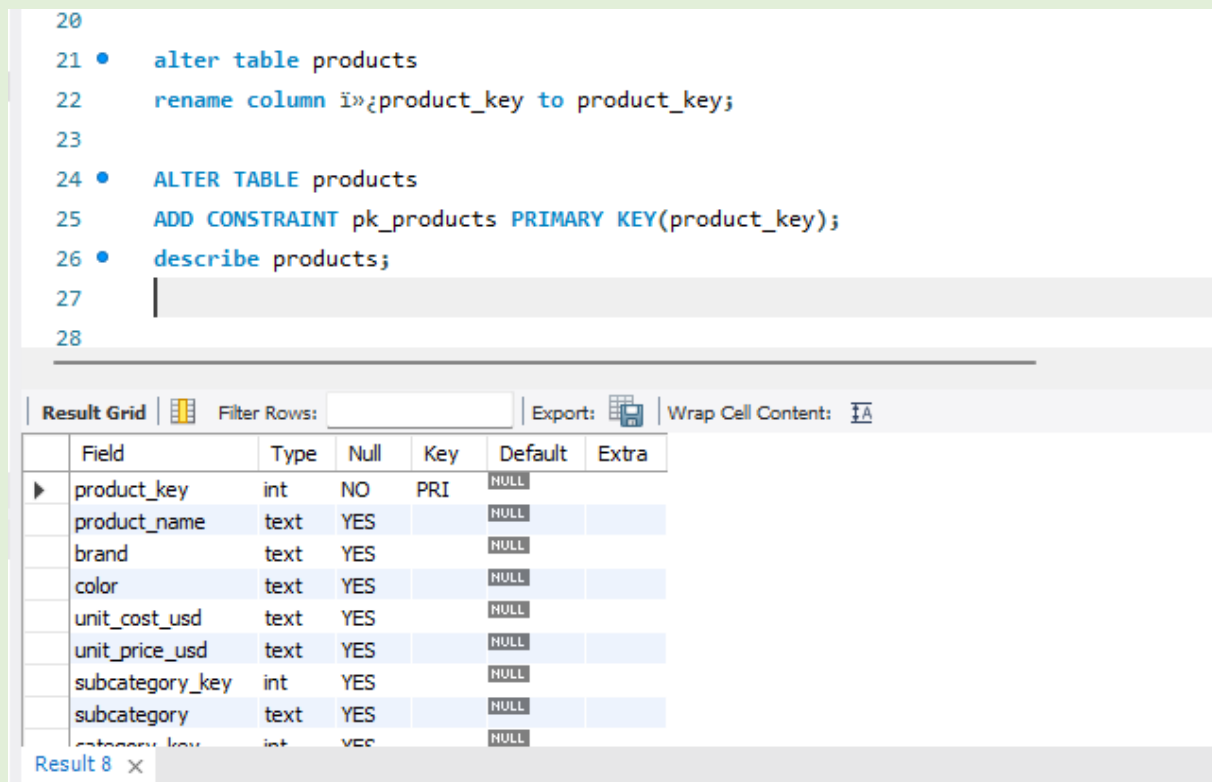
```
38
39  -- CUSTOMER COUNT PER COUNTRY
40  • SELECT Country,
41      COUNT( Customer_Key) AS CUSTOMER_COUNT
42  FROM Customers
43  GROUP BY Country
44  ORDER BY CUSTOMER_COUNT DESC;
45
```

Below the query editor is the 'Result Grid' tab. It displays the results of the query in a table with two columns: 'Country' and 'CUSTOMER_COUNT'. The results are sorted in descending order of customer count.

Country	CUSTOMER_COUNT
United States	6828
United Kingdom	1944
Canada	1553
Germany	1473
Australia	1420
Netherlands	733

Below the result grid, there is a tab labeled 'Result 2' with a close button (x).

--Analysis from Products table



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
20
21  • alter table products
22    rename column i»{product_key to product_key;
23
24  • ALTER TABLE products
25    ADD CONSTRAINT pk_products PRIMARY KEY(product_key);
26  • describe products;
27
28
```

Below the query editor is the 'Result Grid' tab. It displays the results of the 'describe products;' command in a table with columns: 'Field', 'Type', 'Null', 'Key', 'Default', and 'Extra'.

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
product_key	int	NO	PRI	NULL	
product_name	text	YES		NULL	
brand	text	YES		NULL	
color	text	YES		NULL	
unit_cost_usd	text	YES		NULL	
unit_price_usd	text	YES		NULL	
subcategory_key	int	YES		NULL	
subcategory	text	YES		NULL	
category_key	int	YES		NULL	

Below the result grid, there is a tab labeled 'Result 8' with a close button (x).

Types and Quantity of Products Sold

Create A view

```
56
57 • create view quantity as
58     SELECT DISTINCT Category, Subcategory, COUNT(category) AS Quantity
59     FROM products
60     GROUP BY Category, Subcategory
61     ORDER BY Category ;
62 • select * from quantity;
63
```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	Category	Subcategory	Quantity
	Audio	Bluetooth Headphones	50
	Audio	MP4&MP3	45
	Audio	Recording Pen	20
	Cameras and camcorders	Camcorders	103
	Cameras and camcorders	Cameras & Camcorders Accessories	69
	Cameras and camcorders	Digital Cameras	100

quantity 13 ▾

Quantity sold above 100



```
63
64 • select quantity, Category, Subcategory
65     from quantity
66     where quantity > 100;
67
68
```

Result Grid | | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	quantity	Category	Subcategory
▶	103	Cameras and camcorders	Camcorders
	101	Cell phones	Smart phones & PDAs
	201	Computers	Computers Accessories
	101	Computers	Printers, Scanners & Fax
	103	Computers	Projectors & Screens
	120	Games and Toys	Download Games
	158	Home Appliances	Lamps
	102	Home Appliances	Microwaves

--Analysis from Sales table

```
137 • show global variables like 'local_infile';
138 • set global local_infile=true;
139 • set global local_infile=0;
140 • set global local_infile=1;
141 • LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE 'C:/Users/trupt/Documents/sales.csv' INTO TABLE sales fields terminated by ','
142     LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
143     ignore 1 LINES;
144 • select count(*) from sales;
145
```



Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

count(*)
55006

```
alter table sales
add constraint fk_sales
FOREIGN KEY (customer_key) REFERENCES Customers(customer_key),
add constraint fk_sales1
FOREIGN KEY (product_key) REFERENCES products(product_key);
```

118 20:10:43 SELECT * FROM global.sales LIMIT 0, 5000 5000 row(s) returned 0.016 sec / 0.01
119 20:11:23 alter table sales add constraint fk_sales FOREIGN KEY (customer_key) REFERENCE... 55006 row(s) affected Records: 55006 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0 1.594 sec

```
21 • describe sales;
22
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
▶	order_number	int	YES		NULL	
	line_item	int	YES		NULL	
	order_date	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	delivery_date	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
	customer_key	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
	store_key	int	YES		NULL	
	product_key	int	YES	MUL	NULL	
	quantity	int	YES		NULL	
	currency_code	char(3)	YES		NULL	

Use of Replace, Str_to_date

```
-- USE OF REPLACE FUNCTION
• update sales
  set order_date=replace(order_date,'-','/');

-- CORRECTING FORMAT FOR DATE COLUMN
• update sales
  set order_date=STR_TO_DATE(order_date, '%m/%d/%Y');

• select * from sales;
```

ult Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch rows:

order_number	line_item	order_date	delivery_date	customer_key	store_key	product_key	quantity	currency_code
366000	1	2016-01-01		265598	10	1304	1	CAD
366001	1	2016-01-01	1/13/2016	1269051	0	1048	2	USD
366001	2	2016-01-01	1/13/2016	1269051	0	2007	1	USD
366002	1	2016-01-01	01-12-2016	266019	0	1106	7	CAD
366002	2	2016-01-01	01-12-2016	266019	0	373	1	CAD
366002	3	2016-01-01	01-12-2016	266019	0	1080	4	CAD
366004	1	2016-01-01		1107461	38	163	6	GBP

Inner Join(customers and sales)

```
155 • select c.customer_key,c.gender,c.country,s.order_date,s.quantity
156 from customers as c
157 inner join sales as s
158 on
159 c.customer_key=s.customer_key
160 where gender="Female" and country like "A%";
161
162
163
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	customer_key	gender	country	order_date	quantity
▶	301	Female	Australia	2019-11-11	2
	325	Female	Australia	2018-01-13	4
	325	Female	Australia	2018-01-13	4
	325	Female	Australia	2018-01-13	3
	325	Female	Australia	2019-11-16	3
	325	Female	Australia	2019-11-16	3
	325	Female	Australia	2020-01-04	1
	325	Female	Australia	2020-01-04	1

Result 2 x

LEFT JOIN

```
2 • select distinct p.category,p.subcategory,s.order_date
3 FROM Sales as S
4 LEFT JOIN Products as P ON S.Product_Key=P.Product_Key
5 group by p.category,p.subcategory,s.order_date;
6
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: | Fetch row

category	subcategory	order_date
Cameras and camcorders	Cameras & Camcorders Accessories	2016-01-01
Cameras and camcorders	Digital SLR Cameras	2016-01-01
Home Appliances	Microwaves	2016-01-01
Computers	Laptops	2016-01-01
TV and Video	Televisions	2016-01-01
Cell phones	Smart phones & PDAs	2016-01-01

ult 3 x

Use of substring Function.

```
22 • select substring(Unit_Price_USD,2) as unitprice,Unit_Price_USD
23 from products;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	unitprice	Unit_Price_USD
▶	12.99	\$12.99
	12.99	\$12.99
	14.52	\$14.52
	21.57	\$21.57
	21.57	\$21.57
	21.57	\$21.57
	21.57	\$21.57

*****END*****