

Integration manual - TO136 on standard MCU device

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1.1 Disclaimer

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2. Introduction

The libTO is a library used as an abstraction layer between Secure Element and your software, in order to make its usage as simple as possible.

The libTO is to be integrated as part of your software. libTO provides to your application an interface to easily deal with Secure Element features. libTO helps developers to work with the Secure Element, as an abstraction layer between its API and I2C communications.

The library is designed to be able to run on MCUs, as on Linux embedded hardwares. Dynamic allocation is not used by the library.

You can find in this documentation details about the library, installation and settings instructions, information on I2C wrappers, and API references.





2.1 Overall architecture

Below is the detailed librarys architecture.

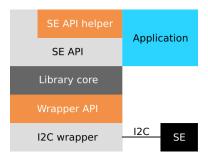


Fig. 1: Library architecture

Two developers APIs are available to use from your application: Secure Element API and Helper API.

These APIs are using library internal mechanisms to abstract the Secure Element communication protocol. However, this internal layer provides *Library core APIs*, which you may want to use for debugging or advanced uses.

The communication flow can (optionally) rely on a Secure Link protocol, which aims to encrypt and authenticate communication between Secure Element and MCU. If needed, request documentation about Secure Link to Trusted Objects.

Finally, everything relies on an I2C wrapper, which is hardware dependent, internally accessed through the I2C wrapper API.

2.2 Library files tree

The libTO library files tree structure is the following:

- /include: headers providing library APIs, see *Provided API*
- /src: library sources
- /src/: Secure Element bindings
- /src/wrapper: I2C wrappers, to abstract Secure Element I2C communications, a .C file is provided for every supported platform, and you are free to implement your own, see I2C wrapper
- **/examples:** some examples to use the library from your project





2.3 Limitations

Warning: Due to the underlying I2C bus, the library is **not** designed to be used simultaneously by different processes, so doing that may cause undefined behavior.

Your application must manage concurrent accesses to libTO functions calls, and cumulative APIs sequences (init, update, final) must not be interrupted by another call.





3. Library setup and configuration

3.1 Use the library in an MCU project

In order to work with this library in an MCU project, please follow the integration instructions below.

Note: The following prerequisites are expected in this article:

- a Secure Element soldered onto a development board and connected to the I2C bus
- the ability to build C code for the target hardware

Install library in your sources tree

The following directories are to be considered:

- include: header files, providing definitions and APIs
- **src**: implementation
- wrapper: I2C wrapper (platform dependent), to allow the library and the Secure Element communications, see *Use an existing I2C wrapper or develop your own one*

There are two ways to install the library in your sources tree:

- you can simply put the Secure Element library folder in your sources tree, it will be easier to update it on future deliveries, by replacing the folder
- or you can integrate different library parts among your project files, for example copy the *include* directory content with your own headers, or *src* directory contents with your HAL APIs sources

From the *src* folder, the following files are to be included into your build process:

- src/*.c library files
- **src/core.c**, the library core
- src/api_*.c, Secure Element API
- src/helper_*.c, library helpers API, based on Secure Element API
- src/seclink_*.c, Secure Link support API

Note: The Secure Link protocol you choose must be enabled in your delivered Secure Element chips (read Secure Link documentation for more details)





3.1.1 Configure your project

Your build process needs some configurations to be able to build and use the library.

3.1.1.1 Headers include paths

No matter the way you installed the library into your source tree, be sure its headers (the files provided in the *include* directory of the library) are accessible from one of your include path.

3.1.1.2 Preprocessor definitions

The **TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX** preprocessor definition is available to set maximal logs level. Debug level prints out additional logs to help you debugging your application.

Read *Library configuration for an MCU project* for details on all available preprocessor definitions. This document also details endianness settings.

3.1.2 Use an existing I2C wrapper or develop your own one

The I2C wrapper is handling the Secure Element I2C inputs/outputs. It is an underlying stack of the Secure Element library used by every provided API. The wrapper is platform dependent, and you need to use an already existing implementation for your platform, or implement your own. More details from I2C wrapper.

3.1.2.1 Use an existing I2C wrapper

Available I2C wrappers are provided into the library src/wrapper directory. Just ensure to build the right one for your platform. If there is no wrapper for your platform, continue with *Implement your own I2C wrapper*.

3.1.2.2 Implement your own I2C wrapper

No wrapper is already available for your hardware, then you need to implement a wrapper for your specific platform, according to the provided I2C wrapper API. Please read *I2C wrapper implementation guidelines*.

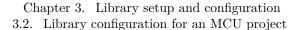
3.2 Library configuration for an MCU project

The library allows various settings with different granularity in order to customize global settings and select features to enable. These settings may be important, especially to minimize library memory usage.

Note: It is assumed you have read the library setup guide, Use the library in an MCU project.

The settings below can be defined through preprocessor definitions from your build environment, or by editing the following files provided with library header files:







- TO_cfg.h: provides a way to configure libTO build
- TODRV_HSE_cfg.h: provides a way to configure the driver part of libTO
- TOSE_helper_cfg.h: provides a way to configure libTO helpers

3.2.1 User configuration file

It might be convenient to define your settings in your configuration file, outside the library tree, in order to isolate your configuration in a single file, and not having your configuration spread into various IDE menus.

For this, you can define the symbol TO_USER_CONFIG, in your IDE or on the command line.

When TO USER_CONFIG is defined, the file TO user_config.h will be included by the library.

3.2.2 Global settings

The following preprocessor definitions are available:





Table 1: Global MCU settings

Flag	Description
TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX	Select maximal log level to compile (log level is also configureable at runtime with <code>TO_set_log_level()</code>): -1 (disabled), 0 (error), 1 (warning, default), 2 (info), 3 (debug)
TO_BIG_ENDIAN	Force big endian
TO_LITTLE_ENDIAN	Force little endian
HAVE_ENDIAN_H	Toolchain provides endian.h
HAVE_BYTESWAP_H	Toolchain provides byteswap.h
HAVE_NO_STDINT_H	Toolchain does not provide stdint.h
TO_USER_CONFIG	User provides file TO_user_config.h
TO_I2C_WRAPPER_CONFIG	Ability to configure I2C wrapper, see $TO_data_config()$
TODRV_HSE_LIB_INTER- NAL_IO_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal I/O buffer size (maximum 640 bytes due to Secure Element limitations)
TO_CMD_MAX_PARAMS	(expert) Customize maximum number of parameters taken by commands, for internal library use
TO_TLS_SESSIONS_NB	TLS sessions number (default: 2)
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal TLS I/O buffer size, must be at least as big as biggest handshake message (defragmented, with handshake header, without record header) except messages containing certificates
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_RX_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal TLS I/O buffer size reserved for reception (default value: half of TOSE_HELPER_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE)
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_FLIGHT_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal TLS flight buffer size, must be at least as big as biggest client flight (defragmented, with handshake header, without record header, adding 4 bytes per handshake message). Unused without DTLS retransmission feature.
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_RECEIVE_TIMEOUT	(expert) Customize internal TLS receive timeout

For the enable/disable flags, just define to enable the expected setting.





3.2.2.1 Endianness

If your target system build environment provides endian.h header file (defining functions such as be32toh() or htobe32()), you can just define the HAVE_ENDIAN_H preprocessor macro to 1. If your target system build environment provides byteswap.h header file (defining functions such as ___bswap16() or ___bswap32()), you can just define the HAVE_BYTESWAP_H preprocessor macro to 1. Else, endianness settings may be computed by the library from preprocessor pre-defined macros if available.

If previous solutions are not available, endianness is going to be detected at run time, when $TOSE_init()$ function is called by client application.

In all cases, if you know your target endianness, you can force it by defining TO_BIG_ENDIAN or $TO_LIT-TLE_ENDIAN$ preprocessor macros to 1 according to your architecture characteristics.

3.2.2.2 Integers (stdint)

If your target system does not provide stdint.h header file, you must define $HAVE_NO_STDINT_H$ preprocessor macro to 1. The library will declare its needed integer declarations from $TO_stdint.h$.

3.2.3 Features settings

It may be interesting to only enable features required in order to minimize library memory usage.

3.2.3.1 Macroscopic settings

These settings are used to enable or disable large sets of features (macroscopic settings). The following preprocessor definitions are available:





Table 2: Macroscopic settings

Flag Description		
TO_ENDIAN_RUNTIME_DETECT	Runtime endianness detection (default: disabled)	
TO_DISABLE_LORA	LoRa APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_LORA_OPTIMIZED	LoRa optimized API (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_TLS	TLS APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_TLS_STACK	TLS stack (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_TLS_HELPER	TLS handshake helper (default: enabled)	
TO_ENABLE_DTLS	DTLS APIs (default: disabled)	
TO_DISABLE_DTLS_RETRANS- MISSION	DTLS retransmission (default: enabled)	
${\tt TO_DISABLE_TLS_OPTIMIZED}$	TLS optimized API (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_ECIES_HELPER	ECIES sequence helper (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_TO_INFO	Secure Element informations APIs (get_sn, get_pn,) (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_API_GET_RANDOM	Random number generator API (default: enabled)	
$TO_DISABLE_CERT_MGMT$	Certificate management APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_SIGNING	Signing and verification APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_AES_ENCRYPT	AES encryption/decryption APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_SEC_MSG	Secure messaging APIs (default: enabled)	
${\tt TO_DISABLE_SEC_MSG_HELPER}$	Secure messaging helper (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_SHA256	SHA256 hash APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_KEYS_MGMT	Keys management APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_FINGERPRINT	Fingerprint APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_HMAC	HMAC computation/verification APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_CMAC	CMAC computation/verification APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_NVM	NVM secure storage APIs (default: enabled)	
TO_DISABLE_STATUS_PIO_CONFIG	Secure Element status PIO settings API	

Some features are disabled by default and enabled if the relevant flag is defined, the other ones are enabled by default and disabled by defining a flag.

The value of these flags does not matter, only the definition is taken into account.





3.2.3.2 Microscopic settings

These settings are used to enable or disable features with a per-API granularity (microscopic settings).

Every API has its own disable flag to tell compiler to not build the related function.

Disable flags have the following form: $TO_DISABLE_API_<API_NAME>$. For example, $get_serial_number()$ API can be disabled by defining the $TO_DISABLE_API_GET_SERIAL_NUMBER$ flag. Some APIs can be disabled by groups:

- *_init/update/final() form APIs, as $sha256_init()$, $sha256_update()$ and $sha256_final()$, which can be disabled by group using TO_DISABLE_API_<API_NAME>_INIT_UPDATE_FINAL definition
- LoRa APIs
- TLS APIs
- TLS Optimized APIs





4. I2C wrapper

4.1 I2C wrapper

To be able to communicate with the Secure Element, libTO needs to rely on an I2C wrapper, the library layer responsible of I2C communications. On every library Secure Element API function call, the underlying I2C wrapper is used to write the command to the Secure Element, and read its response. I2C wrapper depends on target platform I2C hardware.

I2C wrappers are mainly available for MCUs, but it is possible to have PC targets implementation (as CP2112 for Linux and Windows).

4.1.1 Available wrappers

The available wrappers implementations are present into the library src/wrapper directory:

- mbed_os.c: Mbed generic wrapper
- stm32_hal.c: implementation of STM32 wrapper for I2C, using ST HAL
- arduino.cpp: implementation of I2C wrapper for Arduino

If the wrapper you need is not already available, you can implement your own for your platform by following *I2C wrapper implementation guidelines*.

4.2 I2C wrapper implementation guidelines

To implement an I2C wrapper according to your I2C hardware, please refer to *I2C wrapper API* and implement your own wrapper functions by following this API documentation.

Once your implementation is complete, you should be able to call *Secure Element API* functions to interact with the Secure Element.

4.2.1 Timeout

Defining timeouts may be important to avoid blocking your code in case of I2C bus communication error with the Secure Element.

So, in your wrapper implementation, it is recommended to define read/write timeouts. We suggest to define 5 seconds timeouts, knowing that this value will never be reached in normal use.





Chapter 4. I2C wrapper 4.2. I2C wrapper implementation guidelines

4.2.2 Library debug logs

You may want to enable libTO debug logs to help you implement your I2C wrapper. It prints out I2C read and written data on standard output, so you can refer to the Secure Element datasheet to compare the printed logs with what is expected according to the Secure Element protocol.

For an MCU project, **TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX** preprocessor flag can be defined to **TO_LOG_LEVEL_DBG** to enable debug mode. If you are building the library with Autotools, use ./configure with log_level_max=3 option.

4.2.3 I2C wrapper integration

4.2.3.1 MCU project

For an MCU target, just build your new I2C wrapper C file with your project, to make the library able to rely on it for I2C communications with the Secure Element.





5. TO136 usage examples

5.1 Initialization

Here is how you initialize TO136:

Now, you can access TO136 functions.

5.1.1 API usage example

After handshake succeeded, use TOSE_helper_tls_send() and TO_helper_tls_receive() to send and receive data on the TLS link.

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```
// Handle the situation
// ...
return -1;
}
```

5.2 Uninitialization

When you are done, uninitialize TO136





6. Provided API

6.1 Helper API

Helper APIs are high level APIs designed to make integration easier.

```
#include "TO_helper.h"
```

6.1.1 ECIES sequence

The following functions are an easy-to-use ECIES sequence abstraction. They are to be called successively to complete the sequence. ECIES is a cipher suite standardized by ISO 18033.

Steps:

- authenticate the Secure Element
- authenticate remote device against the Secure Element
- prepare secure messaging

The two first steps are for mutual authentication between remote device and the Secure Element, to prevent man-in-the-middle attacks when messaging.

To complete the ECIES sequence, execute the functions below, in order.

To understand what are short and standalone certificates, please see Datasheet - Certificates description.

6.1.1.1 Authenticate the Secure Element

```
 \begin{array}{c} \textit{TO\_lib\_ret\_t} \; \texttt{TOSE\_helper\_ecies\_seq\_auth\_TO}( \begin{tabular}{ll} TO(\begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE\_ctx\_t \; *ctx, uint8\_t \; certificate\_index, uint8\_t \\ & challenge[ \begin{tabular}{ll} TO\_CHALLENGE\_SIZE \end{tabular}], \; uint8\_t \\ & TO\_certificate[sizeof( \begin{tabular}{ll} TO\_cert\_short\_t \end{tabular})], \; uint8\_t \\ & challenge\_signature[ \begin{tabular}{ll} TO\_SIGNATURE\_SIZE \end{tabular}]) \end{array}
```

ECIES sequence (1st step): authenticate Secure Element.

This is the ECIES sequence first step, which aims to authenticate Secure Element. It provides a challenge to Secure Element, and get back its certificate and the challenge signed using the private key associated to the certificate.

Refer to Secure Element Datasheet Application Notes - Authenticate Secure Element (and also optimized scheme).

Before call you need to:

- randomly generate a challenge After call you need to:
- check return value (see below)
- verify Secure Element certificate signature using CA public key
- verify challenge signature using Secure Element certificate public key if previous steps are validated, continue with the next ECIES step: TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_auth_remote_1(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx,) to authenticate the remote device.





Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Index of the Secure Element certificate to use
- challenge [in] Challenge (randomly generated) to be provided to the Secure Element
- TO_certificate [out] Short certificate returned by Secure Element
- challenge_signature [out] Signature of the challenge by Secure Element

Returns TO OK if this step is passed successfully.

6.1.1.2 Authenticate remote

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_auth_remote_1(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t ca_pubkey_index, uint8_t remote_certificate[sizeof(TO_cert_standalone_t)], uint8_t challenge[TO_CHALLENGE_SIZE])
```

ECIES sequence (2nd step): authenticate remote device against Secure Element (part 1)

This is the ECIES sequence second step, which aims to authenticate remote device (server or other connected object). This first part provides remote device certificate to Secure Element, and get back a random challenge which is going to be used later to authenticate remote device.

There is only one remote certificate at a time. If several shared keys are needed, we can overwrite remote certificate after shared keys computing.

Refer to Secure Element Datasheet Application Notes - Authenticate Remote Device.

Before call you need to:

- have completed previous ECIES sequence steps
- have the remote device certificate After call you need to:
- check return value (see below)
- sign the returned challenge using the remote device certificate private key if previous steps are validated, continue with TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_auth_remote_2(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx,) to finalize remote device authentication.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- ca_pubkey_index [in] Index of Certificate Authority public key
- remote_certificate [in] Remote device standalone certificate
- challenge [out] Challenge returned by Secure Element to authenticate remote device

Returns TO OK if this step is passed successfully, else:

• TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: the remote device certificate CA signature is invalid





TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_auth_remote_2(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t challenge_signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE])

ECIES sequence (2nd step): authenticate remote device against Secure Element (part 2)

This is the ECIES sequence second step, which aims to authenticate remote device (server or other connected object). This second part provides challenge signed using remote device certificate private key.

Refer to Secure Element Datasheet Application Notes - Authenticate Remote Device.

Before call you need to:

- have completed previous ECIES sequence steps
- compute the challenge signature After call you need to:
- check return value (see below) if previous steps are validated, continue with TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_secure_messaging(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx,).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- challenge_signature [in] Challenge signed using remote device certificate private key

Returns TO OK if this step is passed successfully, else:

• TORSP BAD SIGNATURE: the challenge signature is invalid

6.1.1.3 ECIES secure messaging

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_ecies_seq_secure_messaging(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx, uint8_t remote_pubkey_index, uint8_t ecc_keypair_index, uint8_t remote_eph_pubkey[TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE], uint8_t remote_eph_pubkey_signature[TO_SIG_NATURE_SIZE], uint8_t TO_eph_pubkey[TO_ECC_PUB_KEY-SIZE], uint8_t TO_eph_pubkey_signature[TO_SIGNA-TURE_SIZE])
```

ECIES sequence (3rd step): prepare secure data exchange.

This is the ECIES sequence third step, which aims to prepare secure messaging. Server and connected object will be able to securely exchange data. It provides remote device ephemeral public key signed using remote device certificate private key, and get back Secure Element ephemeral public key.

Secure Element public keys, AES keys, and HMAC keys have the same index to use them from Secure Element APIs.

Refer to Secure Element Datasheet Application Notes - Secure Messaging.

Before call you need to:

- have completed previous ECIES sequence steps
- generate ephemeral key pair





• sign the ephemeral public key using remote device certificate private key.

After call you need to:

- check return value (see below)
- check Secure Element ephemeral public key signature using Secure Element certificate public key
- compute shared secret using remote device and Secure Element ephemeral public keys
- derive shared secret with SHA256 to get AES and HMAC keys

If previous steps are validated, AES and HMAC keys can be used for secure messaging.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- remote_pubkey_index [in] Index where the public key will be stored
- ecc_keypair_index [in] Index of the ECC key pair to renew
- remote eph pubkey [in] Remote device ephemeral public key
- remote_eph_pubkey_signature [in] Remote device ephemeral public key signature
- T0_eph_pubkey [out] Returned Secure Element ephemeral public key
- T0_eph_pubkey_signature [out] Secure Element ephemeral public key signature

Returns TO OK if this step is passed successfully, else:

• TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: the remote device public key signature is invalid

6.1.2 Secure messaging

Transforms a message into a secured payload.

Input (data) and output (payload) buffers must not be exactly the same. If you want to use the same buffer, you need to shift data from input buffer by TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE + TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE bytes (and send the shifted pointer in data).

The MAC tag is calculated on clear data, including sequence counter. This function will add padding after MAC if clear data size is not aligned. Padding scheme is PKCS7 with extra padding length byte (TLS like).

Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element and not included in the data length

You can use following macros to extract parts of payload for advanced usage:

- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_SEQUENCE()
- TOSE HELPER SECURE PAYLOAD GET SEQUENCE LEN()
- TOSE HELPER SECURE PAYLOAD GET INITIAL VECTOR()
- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_INITIAL_VECTOR_LEN()





- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_CRYPTOGRAM()
- TOSE HELPER SECURE PAYLOAD GET CRYPTOGRAM LEN()

Payload length is given by TO_PAYLOAD_SECURED_PAYLOAD_SIZE().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the keys to use for data encryption and MAC, starting from 0
- enc_alg [in] Encryption algorithm to use
- mac_alg [in] MAC algorithm to use
- data [in] Message to be secured
- data_len [in] Message length
- payload [out] Payload
- payload_len [in] Payload length

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_unsecure_payload(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const
TO_enc_alg_t enc_alg, const TO_mac_alg_t
mac_alg, const uint8_t *payload, const uint16_t
payload_len, uint8_t *data, uint16_t *data_len)
```

Get back a message from a secured payload.

Input (payload) and output (data) buffers can be the same buffer.

The MAC tag is verified on clear data, including sequence counter. This function will remove padding. Padding scheme is PKCS7 with extra padding length byte (TLS like).

You can use following macros to extract parts of payload for advanced usage:

- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_SEQUENCE()
- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_SEQUENCE_LEN()
- TOSE HELPER SECURE PAYLOAD GET INITIAL VECTOR()
- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_INITIAL_VECTOR_LEN()
- TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_CRYPTOGRAM()





• TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_CRYPTOGRAM_LEN()

Maximal data length is given by TO_PAYLOAD_CLEAR_DATA_SIZE().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the keys to use for data encryption and MAC, starting from 0
- enc_alg [in] Encryption algorithm to use
- mac_alg [in] MAC algorithm to use
- payload [in] Payload
- payload_len [in] Payload length
- data [out] Message unsecured
- data_len [out] Message length

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_SEQUENCE(payload) ((payload) + 0)

Get sequence pointer from payload pointer

TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_SEQUENCE_LEN() (TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE)

Get sequence length

TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_INITIAL_VECTOR(payload) (TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAY-

 $LOAD_GET_SEQUENCE(payload) +$

TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE)

Get initial vector pointer from payload pointer

TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_INITIAL_VECTOR_LEN(enc_alg)

TO_PAYLOAD_IV_SIZE(enc_alg)

Get initial vector length

TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_CRYPTOGRAM(enc_alg, payload) (TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAY-

 $LOAD_GET_INITIAL_VECTOR$ (payload) +

 $TOSE_HELPER_SECURE_PAYLOAD_GET_INI-$

TIAL_VECTOR_LEN(enc_alg))

Get cryptogram pointer from payload pointer





Get cryptogram length

6.1.3 Certificates

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_verify_chain_certificate_and_store(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx, const uint8_t ca_key_index, const uint8_t *chain_certificate, const uint16_t chain_certificate length)
```

Handle certificate chain at once.

Certificates must be in X509 DER (binary) format. Certificates must be ordered as following:

- Final certificate
- Intermediate CA certificates (if any)
- Root CA certificate (optional as it must already be trusted by the Secure Element)

Each certificate must be signed by the next.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- ca_key_index [in] CA key index (use TO_CA_IDX_AUTO to enable Authority Key Identifier based CA detection)
- chain_certificate [in] Certificate chain
- chain_certificate_length [in] Certificate chain length

Returns TO_OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

Handle CA certificate chain at once.

Certificates must be in X509 DER (binary) format. Certificates must be ordered as following:

- Intermediate CA certificates
- Root CA certificate (optional as it must already be trusted by the Secure Element)

Each certificate must be signed by the next.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context





- ca_key_index [in] CA key index (use TO_CA_IDX_AUTO to enable Authority Key Identifier based CA detection)
- subca_key_index [in] subCA index to store subCA
- chain_certificate [in] Certificate chain
- chain_certificate_length [in] Certificate chain length

Returns TO_OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

```
TO\_lib\_ret\_t TOSE_helper_set_certificate_x509(TOSE\_ctx\_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16_t size)
```

Set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

Set a x509 DER formated certificate according to the given index. The new certificate must be signed by a CA trusted by the Secure Element. Secure Element certificate size cannot exceed TO_CERT_X509_MAXSIZE.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- certificate [in] New certificate data (x509 DER formated)
- size [in] New certificate size

Returns TO_OK if certificate has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_get_certificate_x509_and_sign(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t *challenge, const uint16_t challenge_length, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *size, uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE])
```

Returns one of the Secure Element x509 DER formated certificates, and optionnaly a challenge signed with the certificate private key.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- certificate_index [in] Index of the certificate to return, starting from 0
- challenge [in] Challenge to be signed, NULL if nothing to sign
- challenge_length [in] Length of the challenge to be signed, 0 if nothing to sign
- certificate [out] Returned certificate data, this buffer should be at least TO_CERT_X509_MAXSIZE
- size [inout] input: the certificates buffer size, output: the certificates real size
- signature [out] Returned signature, NULL if nothing to sign

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: wrong length





- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.1.4 TLS handshake

TLS Helper is a set of functions making TLS handshake easy to integrate.

It only requires to provide 2 callbacks to physically send and receive data.

6.1.4.1 TLS callback functions to define

These callbacks need to be implemented and passed to TLS helper APIs to be able to send / receive data to / from the server.

typedef *TO_lib_ret_t* (*TOSE_helper_tls_send_func)(void *priv_ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32_t len)

Handshake helper network send function.

This function is used by TOSE helper tls handshake to send data on the network.

Param priv ctx [in] Opaque context given to TOSE helper tls handshake

Param data [in] Data to send

Param len [in] Length of data

Return TO OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO ERROR

typedef <u>TO_lib_ret_t</u> (*TOSE_helper_tls_receive_func)(void *priv_ctx, uint8_t *data, const uint32 t len, uint32 t *read len, int32 t timeout)

Handshake helper network receive function.

This function is used by TOSE helper tls handshake to receive data from the network.

Note: #TO_AGAIN may be returned for example when this callback is implemented with POSIX recv(), and recv() returns #EINTR

Param priv_ctx [in] Opaque context given to TOSE helper tls handshake

Param data [in] Data output

Param len [in] Length of data to read

Param read_len [out] Length of data read

Param timeout [in] Receive timeout in milliseconds (-1 for no timeout)

Retval TO OK if some data has been received successfully, read len is updated and >0

Retval TO_TIMEOUT timed out elapsed before any data was available







Retval TO_AGAIN the function has been interrupted before receiving any data Retval TO_ERROR Other error

typedef TO_ret_t (*TOSE_helper_tls_unsecure_record)(void *ctx, uint16_t header_length, uint8_t *in, uint16_t in_length, uint8_t **out, uint16_t *out_length)
callback to unsecure a received protected record (HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE)

Note: The in parameter isnt const because the callback can reuse it to unsecure in place provided it doesnt write above in_length. For example if it uses hardware decryption with constraints on memory regions used by the DMA.

Param ctx [inout] cipher context

Param header_length [in] length of the records header

Param in [in] input buffer containing the entire protected record (e.g. with the header)

Param in_length [in] length of the protected record in the input buffer

Param out [out] buffer with the plain text content of the record (e.g. without the header)

Param out_length [out] length of the plain text content

Retval TO_OK if the record is authenticated and decrypted

Retval TO_ERROR Otherwise

typedef <u>TO_ret_t</u> (*TOSE_helper_tls_secure_record)(void *ctx, uint8_t *hdr, uint16_t hdr_length, const uint8_t *in, uint16_t in_length, uint8_t **out, uint16_t *out_length)
callback to secure a plain text record before sending (HANDSHAKE_ONLY_MODE)

Note: input and output buffers provided by the caller may overlap with a gap of at least 1 AES block (*out + hdr_length + AES_BLOCK_LEN \leq in).

Param ctx [inout] cipher context

Param hdr [in] plain text record header buffer

Param hdr_length [in] plain text record header length

Param in [in] input buffer with the plain text records content data (e.g. withou header)

Param in_length [in] length of the plain text records content data

Param out [inout] output buffer with the ciphered content of the protected record

Retval TO_OK if the record cannot be encrypted

Retval TO_ERROR Otherwise

typedef TO_ret_t (*TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx)(void *ctx, uint16_t cipher_suite, uint8_t **key_block, uint8_t *key_block_length, uint16_t *cipher_overhead_length, TOSE_helper_tls_unsecure_record *unsecure_record, TOSE_helper_tls_secure_record *secure_record) callback to setup the cipher context (HANDSHAKE_ONLY_MODE)





Note: This callback is called during the handshake after the cipher suite is negotiated with the server and before extracting the derived key from the Secure Element.

Param ctx [inout] cipher context

Param cipher_suite [in] the negociated cipher_suite identifier (as specified in TLS RFCs)

Param key_block [out] pointer on the key block where key derivation from master secret is stored

Param key_block_length [out] length of the key block, depends upon the negociated cipher suite

Param cipher_overhead_length [inout] the maximum difference of length between the plain text content and the ciphered text content. The caller provides its own value if possible, the callee can lower it to 0 if it provides its own buffer to store protected records.

Param unsecure_record [out] callback used to authenticate and decrypt incoming records

Param secure record [out] callback used to encrypt data to the outcoming records

Retval TO_OK if setup completed correctly

 ${\bf Retval} \ {\bf TO_ERROR} \ \ {\bf Otherwise}$

```
typedef struct TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_s TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t Opaque TLS helper context
```

6.1.4.2 Handshake API

Calling one function will do all the steps of the TLS handshake.

```
void *default_cipher_ctx
```

default cipher context when NULL is passed to TOSE helper tls set mode handshake only()

```
TOSE helper tls setup cipher ctx default_setup_cipher_ctx
```

default setup cipher context when NULL is passed to TOSE helper tls set mode handshake only()

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_init_session(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t **tls_ctx, const uint8_t session, void *priv_ctx,

TOSE_helper_tls_send_func send_func,

TOSE_helper_tls_receive_func receive_func)
```

Initialize TLS handshake.

This function initialize TLS handshake. It configures the Secure Element and initialize static environment.

Each initialized session must be cleaned with <u>TOSE helper tls cleanup()</u>.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- tls_ctx [in] TLS context assigned
- session [in] TLS session to use





- priv_ctx [in] Opaque context to forward to given functions
- send_func [in] Function to send on network
- receive_func [in] Function to receive from network

Returns TO_OK if initialization succeed, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_close(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)
Close TLS handshake.

This function closes TLS handshake by sending a close notify alert to the TLS server. Given context must not be used anymore. In TCP, the socket used by this session might not be usable anymore due to close notify alert.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns TO OK if close succeed, else TO ERROR

It is needed to call this function if TCP socket closed for any reason.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns TO OK if finalize succeed, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_cleanup(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)
Cleanup TLS handshake.

This function closes and finalizes TLS handshake and session using TOSE_helper_tls_close and TOSE_helper_tls_fini.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns TO OK if cleanup succeed, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_retransmission_timeout(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint32_t min_timeout, const uint32_t max_timeout)

Set DTLS retransmission timeout min/max values.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- min_timeout [in] Minimal (initial) retransmission timeout, in milliseconds
- max_timeout [in] Maximal retransmission timeout, in milliseconds

Returns TO OK if cleanup succeed, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_retransmission_max(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint32 t max retransmissions)

Set DTLS retransmission max value.

Retransmission counter is reset in case of successful receive.





Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- max_retransmissions [in] Maximal retransmissions count

Returns TO_OK if cleanup succeed, else TO_ERROR

Set DTLS fragment maximum size.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- max_size [in] Maximum fragment size in bytes (record & handshake headers excluded)

Returns TO_OK if cleanup succeed, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_cipher_suites(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint16_t *cipher_suites, const uint16_t cipher_suites cnt)

Set cipher suites list.

cipher_suites values must be values defined in helper header (TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256, etc)

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- cipher_suites [in] Array of cipher suites (array of 16-bits integer values. See TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.)
- cipher_suites_cnt [in] Cipher suites count

Returns TO OK in case of success, else TO ERROR

Set configuration mode of the TLS session.

Note: updating the mode is persistent across reboot.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- mode [in] configuration mode (see TO_tls_mode_e)

Returns TO OK in case of success, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_config_certificate_slot(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, uint8_t certificate_slot)

Configure client certificate slot of the TLS session.

Note: updating the certificate slot is persistent across reboot.





Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- mode [in] client certificate mode

Returns TO_OK in case of success, else TO_ERROR

Configure the servers domain name.

When the server name is configured, it is used during handshake within the SNI extension (section 3 - RFC 6066)

Note: server_name may be NULL or empty, in that case the TLS context is configured to not use the SNI extension.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [inout] context of the TLS session
- server_name [in] a string with the servers domain name

Return values

- TO_OK the server name is configured inside the TLS context
- TO_ERROR the server name configuration failed

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, void *cipher_ctx,
TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx
setup_cipher_ctx
```

configure the TLS session in HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE

In this mode the encryption and decryption of TLS records is delegated to the upper layer. This layer shall provide a set of callbacks to be called by the libTO to transmit the key block and to secure/unsecure records.

Note: The callback setup_cipher_ctx can been NULL if the libTO has been built with a default callback enabled. In that case the parameter cipher_ctx is ignored.

Note: This function shall be called with a initialized tls_ctx, so after calling <code>TOSE_helper_tls_init_session()</code>, and it shall be called before starting a handshake, so before <code>TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake()</code> The following sequence show the calls needed to use the mode Handshake Only with the default cipher in AES128-GCM:

(continues on next page)





(continued from previous page)

Note: Once the handshake is completed. The Secure Element can be shutdown with <u>TOSE_fini()</u> as the encryption/decryption/authentication of payloads are done at the library layer.

Note: Setting the mode Handshake Only has for effect to change the persistent configuration of the Secure Element. In order to go back to the mode Full TLS, the session shall be re-configured using the following sequence:

Parameters

- tls_ctx [inout] context of the TLS session
- cipher_ctx [in] private cipher context given to the callbacks
- setup_cipher_ctx [in] callback used to setup the cipher context, call during the TLS handshake after cipher suite have been negotiated.

Return values

- TO_OK the TLS session switched to HANDSHAKE_ONLY_MODE
- TO ERROR the TLS session didnt switch to HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake_step(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)

Do TLS handshake step.
```

This function does one step of a TLS handshake. It encapsulates Secure Element payloads from optimized API in a TLS record, and sends it on the network through given function. It decapsulates TLS records received from the network and sends it to the Secure Element.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context





Returns TO_AGAIN if intermediate step succed, TO_OK if last step succeed, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)

Do TLS handshake.

This function does all the steps of a TLS handshake except initialization and cleanup. It encapsulates the Secure Element payloads from optimized API in a TLS record, and sends it on the network through given function. It decapsulates TLS records received from the network and sends it to the Secure Element. This function uses TOSE_helper_tls_handshake_init() and TOSE_helper_tls_handshake_step().

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns TO_OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

Get certificate slot used during TLS handshake.

This function must be called after handshake.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- slot [out] Certificate slot

Returns TO OK if slot has been retrieved successfully, else TO ERROR

6.1.4.3 Messaging API

Once handshake is done, these 2 functions will allow to send and receive with TLS encryption using just negociated session.

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_send(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint8_t *msg, const uint32_t msg_len)
```

Send TLS encrypted data.

This function uses TLS handshake keys to encrypt and send a message on the network through given function.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- msg [in] Message
- msg_len [in] Message length

Returns TO_OK if message has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_receive(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, uint8_t *msg, uint32_t max_msg_len, uint32_t *msg_len, int32_t timeout)
```

Receive TLS encrypted data.

This function uses given function to receive a message from the network and decrypts it with TLS handshake keys.



Chapter 6. Provided API 6.1. Helper API



Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- msg [out] Message output buffer
- max_msg_len [in] Message output buffer length
- msg_len [out] Receive message length
- timeout [in] Receive timeout in milliseconds (-1 for no timeout)

Returns TO_OK if message has been received successfully, TO_TIMEOUT if given timeout has been exceeded, else TO_ERROR

More precisely, receives at most a plain text record of type application data, less if the receiving buffer is too short or if a record has been partially received previously.

Note: the parameter timeout_ms is given to the receive_func() callback provided to $TOSE_helper_tls_init_session()$. To ensure to not block more than timeout_ms, the recv() callback is called just once, thus the #TO_AGAIN retval if partial data has been received.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [inout] the TLS context
- msg [out] received data
- max_msg_len [in] maximum length of data writable in msg
- msg len [out] number of bytes read
- timeout_ms [in] the maximum time to wait data in milliseconds

Return values

- T0_0K application data received with success, msg is updated and *msg_len is greater than 0
- TO_AGAIN some data has been received but not enough to receive a complete record, or it was not application data (see note above)
- TO_TIMEOUT timeout elapsed before any bytes were received
- TO_ERROR data cannot be received, the connection shall be (re-)initialized





6.2 Secure Element API

This API is used to setup I2C communication and then send basic commands to Secure Element.

#include "TO.h"

6.2.1 I2C communication

The following functions are used to deal with Secure Element I2C communication, they rely on the underlying I2C wrapper (see *I2C wrapper*).

6.2.1.1 I2C setup

Functions to manage connection with Secure Element.

TO_ret_t TODRV_HSE_trp_config(unsigned char i2c_addr, unsigned char misc_settings)
Configure hardware Secure Element transport.

See TO_data_config() for more details.

Parameters

- i2c_addr I2C address to use
- misc_settings Misc. settings byte. It has the following bit form (from MSB to LSB): RES, RES, RES, RES, RES, RES, RES, last byte NACKed. The last byte NACKed bit must be set to 1 if remote device NACKs last written byte.

Returns TO OK if configuration was successful.

6.2.1.2 Basic messaging

Functions to read and write data to Secure Element. They should be used only for debug purposes, as every Secure Element API is supported by the library (see <u>Secure Element functions</u>.

Warning: I2C must be initialized, see TOSE_init().

TO_ret_t TODRV_HSE_trp_write(const void *data, unsigned int length)
Write data to Secure Element.

This function uses the underlying TO_data_write() wrapper function. Refer to its documentation for more details.

Parameters

- data Buffer containing data to send
- length Amount of data to send in bytes

Returns

• TO OK if data has been written successfully





- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO ERROR if an internal error has occured

TO_ret_t TODRV_HSE_trp_read(void *data, unsigned int length)

Read data from Secure Element.

This function uses the underlying TO_data_read() wrapper function. Refer to its documentation for more details.

Parameters

- data Buffer to store received data
- length Amount of data to read in bytes

Returns

- TO_OK if data has been read successfully
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO ERROR if an internal error has occured

TO_ret_t TODRV_HSE_trp_last_command_duration(unsigned int *duration)

Last command duration from Secure Element.

This function uses the underlying TO_data_last_command_duration() wrapper function. Refer to its documentation for more details.

This function should only be called after a successful command or a successful TO_read() call. If it is called after a failed command or a failed TO_read(), or after a TO_write() call, the result is unspecified and may be irrelevant.

Parameters

• duration - Pointer to store last command duration in microseconds

Returns

- TO OK if data has been read successfully
- TO ERROR if an internal error has occured

6.2.2 Secure Element functions

Warning: To use every of these functions, I2C must be initialized, see TOSE_init().

The following API is directly based on Secure Element API.





6.2.2.1 NVM

Functions to use Secure Element secure data storage.

This zone is reserved user non-volatile memory, to store any data. No control is performed by the secure element when manipulating this data through read and write commands, except that the data area read/written must be within the NVM area.

The Secure Element does an XOR of user key with an internal key, and uses the resulting key to encrypt/decrypt the user data, using AES128-CBC. The same user key must be given to write and to read back the data, or irrelevant data will be retrieved.

Warning:

NVM is a flash memory with a limited capacity in term of erase/write cycle per sector. Please refer to electrical characteristics for details. Please note that calling 2 writes to 2 different bytes of the same sector result in 2 erase/write cycles.

Write data to Secure Element NVM reserved zone.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- offset [in] Offset in NVM reserved zone to write data
- data [in] Buffer containing data to write
- length [in] Amount of data to write in bytes (512 bytes max.)
- key [in] Key used to write data

Returns TO_OK if data has been written successfully

- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR if an internal error has occurred

Read data from Secure Element NVM reserved zone.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- offset [in] Offset in NVM reserved zone to read data
- data [out] Buffer to store data
- length [in] Amount of data to read in bytes (512 bytes max.)
- key [in] Key used to read data

Returns TO OK if data has been read successfully

- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element





• TO_ERROR if an internal error has occurred

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_nvm_size(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint16_t *size)
Get NVM reserved zone available size.
```

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- size [in] NVM size

Returns TO_OK if size has been retrieved successfully

- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR if an internal error has occurred

6.2.2.2 Initialization

The following functions are used to initialize the library with given driver configuration.

```
TOSE_ctx_t *TODRV_HSE_get_ctx(void)
Get HSE context.
```

Returns HSE context pointer

TOSE_ctx_t *TODRV_SSE_get_ctx(void)

Get SSE context.

Returns SSE context pointer

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)
Initialize TO-Protect.
```

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_fini(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)
Uninitialize TO-Protect.
```

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

6.2.2.3 System

Misc. system functions.

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_get_serial_number(TOSE\_ctx\_t*ctx, uint8_t serial_number[TO\_SN\_SIZE]) Returns the unique Secure Element serial number.
```

The Serial Number is encoded on 8 bytes:

- The first 3 bytes identify the application ID.
- The last 5 bytes are the chip ID. Each Secure Element has an unique serial number.





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- serial_number [out] Secure Element serial number

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_hardware_serial_number(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t hardware_serial_number[TO_HW_SN_SIZE])
```

Returns the hardware serial number.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hardware_serial_number [out] Hardware serial number

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_product_number(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t product_number[TO_PN_SIZE])

Returns the Secure Element product number.

Product Number is a text string encoded on 12 bytes, e.g. TOSF-IS1-001

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- product_number [out] Secure Element product number

Returns the Secure Element hardware version.

Hardware version is encoded on 2 bytes. Available values are:

- 00 00: Software
- 00 01: SCO136i

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hardware_version [out] Secure Element hardware version

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_software_version(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *major, uint8_t *minor, uint8_t *revision)
```

Returns the Secure Element software version.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- major [out] Major number. When this byte changes, API changes have occurred, incompatibility issues may be met, depending on your application.
- minor [out] Minor number. This byte is incremented when changes happen without breaking the API.
- revision [out] Revision number. This byte is incremented on each new build (when released).

 TO_ret_t TOSE_get_product_id($TOSE_ctx_t$ *ctx, uint8_t product_id[$TO_PRODUCT_ID_SIZE$]) Returns the Secure Element product identifier.

The product identifier is a text string, encoded on maximum 15 ASCII bytes. It identifies the personalization profile.





Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- product_id [out] Secure Element product identifier

 TO_ret_t TOSE_get_random($TOSE_ctx_t$ *ctx, const uint16_t random_length, uint8_t *random) Returns a random number of the given length.

Request a random number to Secure Element random number generator.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- random_length [in] Requested random length
- random [out] Returned random number

6.2.2.4 Hashes

Hashing functions.

TO_ret_t TOSE_sha256(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t *sha256)

SHA256 computation.

Compute SHA256 hash on the given data.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to compute SHA256 on
- data_length [in] Data length, max. 512 bytes
- sha256 [out] returned computed SHA256

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_sha256_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)

Compute SHA256 on more than 512 bytes of data.

This function must be followed by calls to <u>TOSE_sha256_update()</u> and <u>TOSE_sha256_final()</u>.

Parameters

• ctx – [in] Pointer to the SE context

Returns

• TORSP_SUCCESS on success





- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_sha256_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t length)
Update SHA256 computation with new data.

This function can be called several times to provide data to compute SHA256 on, and must be called after *TOSE* sha256 init().

This command is used to transmit data. It can be called several times, typically splitting the data into several blocks of 512 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to compute SHA256 on
- length [in] Data length, max. 512 bytes

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED if not called after *TOSE_sha256_init()* or *TOSE_sha256_update()*
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO ret t TOSE_sha256_final(TOSE ctx t *ctx, uint8 t *sha256)

Returns the SHA256 hash of the data previously given.

This function must be called after <u>TOSE_sha256_init()</u> and <u>TOSE_sha256_update()</u>.

This command finalizes the process and returns the SHA256 hash of the given data. This command handles the padding computation.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- sha256 [out] returned computed SHA256

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element





- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.5 Authentication

Certificates management and signature functions.

Secure Element certificate index is starting from 0 (if the AVNET TO136 version supports several certificates).

For details on Secure Element certificate formats see Secure Element Datasheet.

TO_ret_t TOSE_sign(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *challenge, const uint16_t challenge_length, uint8_t *signature)

Returns the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given data.

Note that calling this function is equivalent to calling TOSE_sha256() followed by TOSE_sign_hash().

Signature Size is twice the size of the ECC key in bytes. With a 256 bits key, signature is 64 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE contex
- key_index [in] Key index to use for signature
- challenge [in] Challenge to be signed
- challenge_length [in] Challenge length (maximum 512)
- signature [out] Returned challenge signature (64 bytes)

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_verify(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, const uint8_t *signature)

Verifies the given Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given data.

The public key used for the signature verification must be previously provided using the TOSE_set_remote public key() call.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context





- key_index [in] Remote Public Key index to use for verification
- data [in] Data to verify signature on
- data_length [in] Data length (maximum 512)
- signature [in] Expected data signature (64 bytes)

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: invalid signature
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_sign_hash(TOSE\_ctx\_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t hash[TO\_HASH\_SIZE], uint8_t *signature)
```

Returns the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given hash.

Signature Size is twice the size of the ECC key in bytes. With a 256 bits key, signature is 64 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Key index to use for signature
- hash [in] Hash to be signed
- signature [out] Returned hash signature

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_hash_signature(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t hash[TO_HASH_SIZE], const uint8_t *signature)

Verifies the given Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the data that generates the given hash.

The public key used for the signature verification must be previously provided using the TOSE_set_remote_public_key() call.





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Remote Public Key index to use for verification
- hash [in] Hash to verify signature on (32 bytes)
- signature [in] Expected hash signature (64 bytes)

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: invalid signature
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate_subject_cn(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, char subject_cn[TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE + 1])
```

Returns subject common name of one of the Secure Element certificates.

Request a certificate subject common name to Secure Element according to the given index.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate index [in] Requested certificate index
- subject_cn [out] Returned certificate subject common name null terminated string

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t csr_dn[TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE], const uint16 t csr_dn len)
```

Set CSR distinguished name.

Set certificate distinguished name which will be used in next CSR.





openssl can be used to generate a fake CSR and extract the Distinguished Name sequence in DER format, like:

- openssl ecparam -out acme.key -name prime256v1 -genkey
- openssl req -new -key acme.key -out acme.csr -subj /CN=*.ACME.com/O=ACME/OU=Security Services
- openssl asn1parse -in acme.csr Note the number of the first SEQUENCE with depth=2; in example above, this is item number 9
- openssl asn1parse -in acme.csr -strparse 9 -out extract_acme_DN.der and the file extract_acme_DN.der contains the Distinguished Name in DER format, that can be used as parameter to <u>TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn()</u> Double-check that Distinguished Name size (check <u>extract_acme_DN.der</u> file size on the disk) does not exceed TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE; else this will be rejected by libTO.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Certificate index
- csr_dn [in] CSR distinguished name (without main sequence tag & length)
- csr_dn_len [in] CSR distinguished name length

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: invalid Distinguished Name length (> TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE)
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate_signing_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate index, uint8 t *csr, uint16 t *size)
```

Get new certificate signing request.

Request a x509 DER formated certificate signing request according to the given index. CSR distinguished name can be set with <u>TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn()</u>, otherwise existing certificate DN will be used (if any). Secure Element CSR size will not exceed TO_CERT_X509_MAXSIZE.

Parameters

- \mathtt{ctx} [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Certificate index to renew
- csr [out] Returned CSR data (can be NULL to determine needed buffer size)
- size [out] Returned CSR real size





- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16_t size)

Set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

Set a x509 DER formated certificate according to the given index. The new certificate must be signed by a CA trusted by the Secure Element. Secure Element certificate size cannot exceed TO_CERT_X509_MAXSIZE.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- certificate [in] New certificate data (x509 DER formated)
- size [in] New certificate size

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index)
Initialize to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE_set_certificate_x509

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported





- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16 t size)

Update to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE set certificate x509

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [in] New certificate partial data (from x509 DER formated)
- size [in] New certificate partial data size

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)

Finalize to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE set certificate x509

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device





- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const TO_certificate_format_t format, uint8_t *certificate)

Returns one of the Secure Element certificates.

Request a certificate to Secure Element according to the given index and format.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate index [in] Requested certificate index
- format [in] Requested certificate format
- certificate [out] Certificate, size depends on the certificate type (see $TO_cert_*_t$)

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate_x509(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, uint8_t *certificate, uint16 t *size)

Returns one of the certificates, x509 DER formated.

Request a x509 DER formated certificate according to the given index. Secure Element certificate size will not exceed TO_CERT_X509_MAXSIZE.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- **certificate [out]** Returned certificate data (can be NULL to determine needed buffer size)
- size [out] Returned certificate real size

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element





- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_ca_certificate_and_store(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t ca_key_index, const uint8_t subca_key_index, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16_t certificate_len)
```

Requests to verify signature of the given subCA certificate; if verification succeeds, this certificate is stored into Secure Element CA slot.

Note: the only supported certificate format for this command is DER X509.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- ca_key_index [in] index of the CA slot used to verify subCA
- subca_key_index [in] subCA index to store certificate
- certificate [in] Certificate to be verified and stored
- certificate_len [in] Certificate length

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid CA Key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

Returns a challenge (random number of fixed length) and store it into Secure Element memory.

This command must be called before TOSE verify challenge signature().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- challenge [out] Returned challenge

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device





- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.6 Encryption

Ciphered messaging functions.

The best way to encrypt more than the maximum size of data supported by TOSE_<xxx>_encrypt() command is to manually chain encryption.

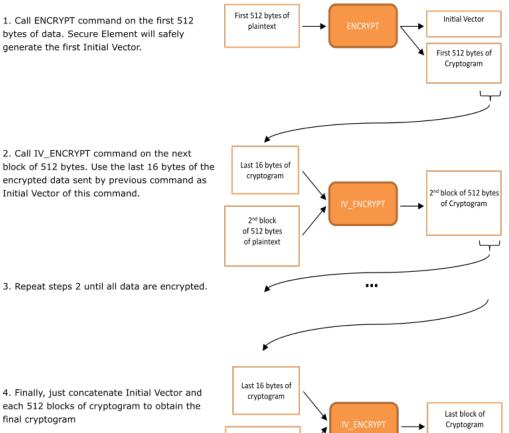
The following steps allows to encrypt any size of data using manual blocks chaining with the maximum security level:

1. Call ENCRYPT command on the first 512 bytes of data. Secure Element will safely generate the first Initial Vector.

2. Call IV_ENCRYPT command on the next

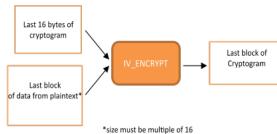
Initial Vector of this command.

encrypted data sent by previous command as



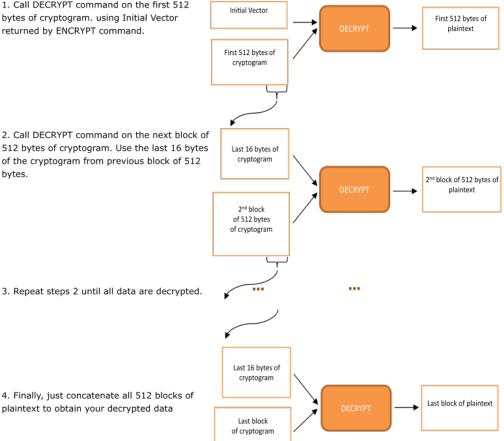
3. Repeat steps 2 until all data are encrypted.

4. Finally, just concatenate Initial Vector and each 512 blocks of cryptogram to obtain the final cryptogram



The following steps allows to decrypt any size of data using manual blocks chaining:

1. Call DECRYPT command on the first 512 bytes of cryptogram. using Initial Vector returned by ENCRYPT command.



Here is the API list:

TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_encrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], uint8_t *cryptogram)

Encrypts data using AES128 algorithm in CBC mode of operation.

As padding is not handled by the Secure Element, you must ensure that data length is a multiple of 16 and is not greater than maximum length value (512 bytes). Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to encrypt
- data_length [in] Length of the data to encrypt
- initial_vector [out] Initial vector
- cryptogram [out] Cryptogram, sent back by the Secure Element





- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: Wrong length
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_iv_encrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t *cryptogram)
```

Similar to encrypt() except that Initial Vector is given by user.

It can be used to encrypt more than data size limit (512 bytes) by manually chaining blocs of 512 bytes (see Secure Element Datasheet - Encrypt or

decrypt more than 512 bytes chapter for more details).

Warning: Using iv_encrypt() with a predictable Initial Vector can have security impact. Please let Secure Element generate Initial Vector by using encrypt() command when possible.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- initial_vector [in] Random data (16 bytes)
- data [in] Data to encrypt
- data_length [in]
- cryptogram [out] Returned encrypted data

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_decrypt (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const uint8_t *cryptogram_const uint16_t cryptogram_length, uint8_t *data)
```

Decrypts data using AES128 algorithm in CBC mode of operation.

Requires the initial vector provided by the encryption function.





Padding is not handled by Secure Element firmware. It gives the possibility to avoid the case of a full padding block sometimes required by padding functions.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0
- initial_vector [in] Initial vector
- cryptogram [in] Data to decrypt
- cryptogram_length [in] Cryptogram length, less or equal to 512 bytes
- data [out] returned decrypted data

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128gcm_encrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, const uint8_t *aad, const uint16_t aad_length, uint8_t initial_vector[TO_AESGCM_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], uint8_t *cryptogram, uint8_t tag[TO_AESGCM_TAG_SIZE])
```

Encrypts data using AES128 algorithm in GCM mode of operation.

Additional authentication data length and data length can not exceed driver IO buffer size (if applicable). Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to encrypt
- data_length [in] Length of the data to encrypt
- aad [in] Additional authentication data
- aad_length [in] Length of the additional authentication data
- initial_vector [out] Initial vector
- cryptogram [out] Cryptogram
- tag [out] Authentication tag

Returns

• TORSP_SUCCESS on success





- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: Wrong length
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128gcm_decrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t initial_vector[TO_AESGCM_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const uint8_t *aad, const uint16_t aad_length, const uint8_t *cryptogram, const uint16_t cryptogram_length, const uint8_t tag[TO_AESGCM_TAG_SIZE], uint8_t *data)
```

Decrypts data using AES128 algorithm in GCM mode of operation.

Requires the initial vector provided by the encryption function. Additional authentication data length and cryptogram length can not exceed driver IO buffer size (if applicable).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0
- initial_vector [in] Initial vector
- aad [in] Additional authentication data
- aad_length [in] Length of the additional authentication data
- cryptogram [in] Data to decrypt
- cryptogram_length [in] Cryptogram length, less or equal to 512 bytes
- tag [in] Authentication tag
- data [out] returned decrypted data

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128ccm_encrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, const uint8_t *aad, const uint16_t aad_length, uint8_t nonce[TO_AESCCM_NONCE_SIZE], uint8_t *cryptogram, uint8_t tag[TO_AESCCM_TAG_SIZE])
```

Encrypts data using AES128 algorithm in CCM mode of operation.





Additional authentication data length and data length can not exceed driver IO buffer size (if applicable). Nonce is generated by the Secure Element.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to encrypt
- data_length [in] Length of the data to encrypt
- aad [in] Additional authentication data
- aad_length [in] Length of the additional authentication data
- nonce [in] Nonce
- cryptogram [out] Cryptogram
- tag [out] Authentication tag

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: Wrong length
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
 \begin{array}{c} \textit{TO\_ret\_t} \; \texttt{TOSE\_aes128ccm\_decrypt}( \underbrace{TOSE\_ctx\_t} \; \text{*ctx, const uint8\_t key\_index, const uint8\_t} \\ & \quad \text{nonce}[ \underbrace{TO\_AESCCM\_NONCE\_SIZE} ], \; \text{const uint8\_t} \; \text{*aad, const uint16\_t aad\_length, const uint8\_t} \\ & \quad \text{cryptogram\_length, const uint8\_t} \\ & \quad \text{tag}[ \underbrace{TO\_AESCCM\_TAG\_SIZE} ], \; \text{uint8\_t} \; \text{*data}) \end{array}
```

Decrypts data using AES128 algorithm in CCM mode of operation.

Requires the nonce provided by the encryption function. Additional authentication data length and cryptogram length can not exceed driver IO buffer size (if applicable).

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0
- nonce [in] Nonce
- aad [in] Additional authentication data
- aad length [in] Length of the additional authentication data
- cryptogram [in] Data to decrypt
- cryptogram_length [in] Cryptogram length, less or equal to 512 bytes
- tag [in] Authentication tag





• data – [out] returned decrypted data

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128ecb_encrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t *cryptogram)

Encrypts data using AES128 algorithm in ECB mode of operation.

As padding is not handled by the Secure Element, you must ensure that data length is a multiple of 16 and is not greater than maximum length value (512 bytes).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to encrypt
- data_length [in] Length of the data to encrypt
- cryptogram [out] Cryptogram

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: Wrong length
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128ecb_decrypt(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *cryptogram, const uint16_t cryptogram_length, uint8_t *data)

Decrypts data using AES128 algorithm in ECB mode of operation.

Padding is not handled by Secure Element firmware. It gives the possibility to avoid the case of a full padding block sometime required by padding functions.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0





- cryptogram [in] Data to decrypt
- cryptogram_length [in] Cryptogram length, less or equal to 512 bytes
- data [out] returned decrypted data

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.7 MAC

Message Authentication Code functions (HMAC and CMAC).

TO_ret_t TOSE_compute_hmac(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t hmac_data[TO_HMAC_SIZE])

Computes a 256-bit HMAC tag based on SHA256 hash function.

If you need to compute HMAC on more than 512 bytes, please use the sequence <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_init()</u>, <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_update()</u>, , <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_final()</u>.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC calculation, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to compute HMAC on
- data_length [in]
- hmac_data [out] Computed HMAC

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_compute_hmac_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t key_index)
Compute HMAC on more than 512 bytes of data.

This is the first command of the sequence <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_init()</u>, <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_up-date()</u>, , <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_final()</u>. It is used to Secure Element send Key_index.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC calculation, starting from 0

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error
- TO_ret_t TOSE_compute_hmac_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, uint16_t length)
 Used to send data to compute HMAC on.

This command can be called several times, new data are added to the data previously sent.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to compute HMAC on
- length [in] Data length

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED: need to call *TOSE_compute_hmac_init()* first
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

This is the last command of the sequence $TOSE_compute_hmac_init()$, $TOSE_compute_hmac_up-date()$, , $TOSE_compute_hmac_final()$.





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hmac [out] Returned computed HMAC

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED: need to call <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_init()</u> and <u>TOSE_compute_hmac_update()</u> first
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

If you need to verify HMAC of more than 512 bytes, please use the combination of <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_init()</u>, <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_update()</u>, , <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_final()</u>

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC calculation, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to verify HMAC on
- data_length [in]
- hmac data [in] expected HMAC value

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: verification failed
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow

TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_hmac_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t key_index)

Verify HMAC on more than 512 bytes of data.

When you need to verify HMAC of more than 512 bytes you need to call this function first with the key index - as sent to verify_hmac(). Data will be sent with verify_hmac_update() and HMAC will be sent with verify_hmac_final().





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC calculation, starting from 0

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error
- TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_hmac_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, uint16_t length)
 Used to send data to verify HMAC on.

After calling <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_init()</u> to provide key index, you can call <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_update()</u> to send the data to verify HMAC on. This command can be called several times, and new data are added to the previous one for HMAC verification. Last command to use is <u>TOSE_verify_hmac_final()</u>.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to verify HMAC on
- length [in] Data length

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED: need to call VER-IFY HMAC INIT first
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error
- TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_hmac_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t hmac[TO_HMAC_SIZE])
 This command is used to send HMAC to verify.

Data was previously sent by the sequence $TOSE_verify_hmac_init()$, $TOSE_verify_hmac_update()$, , $TOSE_verify_hmac_final()$. This command succeeds if the HMAC is correct for the given data.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hmac [in] HMAC to verify





- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED: *TOSE_verify_hmac_init()* or *TOSE_verify_hmac_update()* were not called before this command
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_compute_cmac(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t cmac_data[TO_CMAC_SIZE])

Compute CMAC.

Compute a 128-bit CMAC tag based on AES128 algorithm.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use for CMAC calculation, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to compute CMAC on
- data_length [in]
- cmac_data [out] Returned computed CMAC

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_cmac(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t cmac_data[TO_CMAC_SIZE])

Verify CMAC.

Verify if the CMAC tag is correct for the given data.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the key to use to compute the CMAC tag, starting from 0
- data [in] Data to verify CMAC on
- $data_length [in]$





• cmac_data - [in] expected CMAC

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: verification failed
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.8 Secure messaging CAPI

Secure messaging functions.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_secure_payload_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const

TO_enc_alg_t enc_alg, const TO_mac_alg_t mac_alg, const
uint16_t data_len, uint8_t sequence[TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE],
uint8_t *iv, uint16_t *iv_len)
```

Initializes transform of a message into a secured payload.

Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element and not included in the data length

Initial vector length is also given by TO_PAYLOAD_IV_SIZE().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the keys to use for data encryption and MAC, starting from 0
- enc_alg [in] Encryption algorithm to use
- mac_alg [in] MAC algorithm to use
- data_len [in] Full data length
- sequence [in] Sequence counter to avoid replay attacks
- iv [out] Initial vector
- iv_len [out] Initial vector length

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element





- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_secure_payload_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_len, uint8_t *cryptogram)

Updates transform of a message into a secured payload.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Message part to be secured
- data_len [in] Message part length (must be multiple of 16)
- cryptogram [out] Message cryptogram (same length)

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

Finaliazes transform of a message into a secured payload.

The MAC tag is calculated on clear data, including sequence counter. This function will add padding after MAC if clear data size is not aligned. Padding scheme is PKCS7 with extra padding length byte (TLS like).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Final message part to be secured
- data_len [in] Final message part length (0 <= data_len < 16)
- cryptogram [out] Final message cryptogram (containing MAC and padding)
- cryptogram_len [out] Final message cryptogram length

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: algorithm not available





- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_unsecure_payload_init_cbc(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const

TO_enc_alg_t enc_alg, const TO_mac_alg_t mac_alg,
const uint16_t cryptogram_len, const uint8_t
sequence[TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE], const uint8_t
initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const
uint8_t last_block_iv[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE],
const uint8_t last_block[TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE])
```

Initializes to get back a message from a secured payload (CBC).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the keys to use for data encryption and MAC, starting from 0
- enc_alg [in] Encryption algorithm to use
- mac_alg [in] MAC algorithm to use
- cryptogram_len [in] Cryptogram length
- sequence [in] Sequence counter to avoid replay attacks
- initial_vector [in] Block of 16 random bytes generated by the Secure Element and required to decrypt the data
- last_block_iv [in] Last AES block initial vector (penultimate block)
- last_block [in] Last AES block

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- \bullet TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

Initializes to get back a message from a secured payload (AEAD).





Do not use this function directly, use <u>TOSE_helper_unsecure_payload()</u> instead.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Index of the keys to use for data encryption and MAC, starting from 0
- enc_alg [in] Encryption algorithm to use
- mac_alg [in] MAC algorithm to use
- cryptogram_len [in] Cryptogram length
- sequence [in] Sequence counter to avoid replay attacks

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_unsecure_payload_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *cryptogram, const uint16_t cryptogram_len, uint8_t *data, uint16_t *data len)
```

Updates to get back a message from a secured payload.

Do not use this function directly, use <u>TOSE_helper_unsecure_payload()</u> instead.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- cryptogram [in] Message cryptogram
- cryptogram_len [in] Message cryptogram length
- data [out] Message unsecured
- data_len [out] Message length

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device





- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

 TO_ret_t TOSE_unsecure_payload_final($TOSE_ctx_t$ *ctx)

Finalizes to get back a message from a secured payload.

Do not use this function directly, use TOSE helper unsecure payload() instead.

Parameters

• ctx – [in] Pointer to the SE context

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: algorithm not available
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.8.1 Old API

Deprecated since version 4.10.0: Use new 'Secure messaging'.

TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_hmac_secure_message (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t aes_key_index, const uint8_t hmac_key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], uint8_t *cryptogram, uint8_t hmac[TO_HMAC_SIZE]) TO_DEPRECATED

Transforms a message into a secured message (AES128-CBC cryptogram and HMAC tag).

It is equivalent to call <u>TOSE_aes128cbc_encrypt()</u> command, then <u>TOSE_compute_hmac()</u> on the result. The HMAC tag is calculated on encrypted data. Typical use is to have the same value to both AES and HMAC Key indexes. If remote public key is known and trusted by the Secure Element, the Secure Elements public key could be added to the result of this command and could be used on to have one way only communication network (from Secure Element to remote only).

Note: As padding is not handled by the Secure Element, you must ensure that data length is a multiple of 16 and is not greater than maximum length value (512 bytes). Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element and not included in the data length

This API is deprecated, use TOSE_secure_payload() instead.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- aes_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- hmac key index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC, starting from 0





- data [in] Message to be secured
- data_length [in]
- initial_vector [out] Block of 16 random bytes generated by the Secure Element and required to decrypt the data
- cryptogram [out] Message cryptogram (same size as data)
- hmac [out] Message HMAC

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_hmac_unsecure_message (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t aes_key_index, const uint8_t hmac_key_index, const uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const uint8_t *cryptogram, const uint16_t cryptogram_length, const uint8_t hmac[TO_HMAC_SIZE], uint8_t *data) TO_DEPRECATED
```

Get back a message from a secured message (AES128-CBC cryptogram and HMAC tag).

Data are decrypted only if the HMAC tag is valid.

This API is deprecated, use TOSE_unsecure_payload() instead.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- aes_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0
- hmac_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for HMAC verification, starting from
- initial_vector [in] Initial vector for decryption
- cryptogram [in] Message cryptogram
- cryptogram_length [in]
- hmac [in] Expected HMAC
- data [out] Decrypted data

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element





- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_cmac_secure_message (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t aes_key_index, const uint8_t cmac_key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], uint8 t *cryptogram, uint8 t cmac[TO CMAC SIZE]) TO DEPRECATED

Transforms a message into a secured message (AES128-CBC cryptogram and CMAC tag).

It is equivalent to call <u>TOSE_aes128cbc_encrypt()</u> command, then <u>TOSE_compute_cmac()</u> on the result. The CMAC tag is calculated on encrypted data. Typical use is to have the same value to both AES and CMAC Key indexes. If remote public key is known and trusted by the Secure Element, the Secure Elements public key could be added to the result of this command and could be used on to have one way only communication network (from Secure Element to remote only).

Note: As padding is not handled by the Secure Element, you must ensure that data length is a multiple of 16 and is not greater than maximum length value (512 bytes). Initial vector is generated by the Secure Element and not included in the data length

This API is deprecated, use TOSE_secure_payload() instead.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- aes_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data encryption, starting from 0
- cmac key index [in] Index of the key to use for CMAC, starting from 0
- data [in] Message to be secured
- data_length [in]
- initial_vector [out] Block of 16 random bytes generated by the Secure Element and required to decrypt the data
- cryptogram [out] Message cryptogram (same size as data)
- cmac [out] Message CMAC

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





```
TO_ret_t TOSE_aes128cbc_cmac_unsecure_message (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t aes_key_index, const uint8_t cmac_key_index, const uint8_t initial_vector[TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE], const uint8_t *cryptogram, const uint16_t cryptogram_length, const uint8_t cmac[TO_CMAC_SIZE], uint8_t *data) TO_DEPRECATED
```

Get back a message from a secured message (AES128-CBC cryptogram and CMAC tag).

Data are decrypted only if the CMAC tag is valid.

This API is deprecated, use TOSE_unsecure_payload() instead.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- aes_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for data decryption, starting from 0
- cmac_key_index [in] Index of the key to use for CMAC verification, starting from
- initial_vector [in] Initial vector for decryption
- cryptogram [in] Message cryptogram
- cryptogram_length [in]
- cmac [in] Expected CMAC
- data [out] Decrypted data

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO _MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

6.2.2.9 TLS

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_reset(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)
Resets the current TLS/DTLS session.
```

Note:

After resetting the session, a full handshake will have to be re-negociated, as the session keys and master secrets are reset for this session. It does not have any influence on the other sessions that may be opened.

It can be used also to fix a malfunctioning TLS slot.





Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_mode (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const TO_tls_mode_t mode) TO_DEPRECATED Selects between TLS and DTLS mode and resets the session for the current selected slot.

Deprecated:

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- mode [in] TLS mode. Currently only <u>TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2</u> and <u>TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2</u> are supported.

Set TLS config (either mode or cipher suite selection).

Permits to switch to TLS or DTLS, to select a cipher suite for the handshake and resets the current session (if the configuration has changed).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- config_id [in] TLS configuration ID (either TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MODE or TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CIPHER_SUITES)
- config [in] Pointer to the desired new TLS configuration
- config_len [in] TLS configuration length (1 for the mode, 2 for the cipher suite)

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_session(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t session)

Selects the current TLS session slot to be used.

Note: There are several session slots available which can be connected to different servers. Depending on your application you may have to switch between those session slots.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- session [in] TLS session ID

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_cid_ext_id(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const TO_tls_extension_t cid_ext_id)

Set sets the type of the extension ID corresponding to the connection ID.

Currently, the ID corresponding to the connection ID is still part of a draft standard (dec. 2021). Until the moment the RFC standard is published, this entry-point is used to provide this information.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- cid_ext_id [in] Connection ID extension ID





```
 \begin{array}{c} \textit{TO\_ret\_t} \; \texttt{TOSE\_tls\_get\_client\_hello}(\textit{TOSE\_ctx\_t} \; \text{*ctx, const uint8\_t} \\ & \text{timestamp}[\textit{TO\_TIMESTAMP\_SIZE}], \; \text{uint8\_t} \; \text{*client\_hello}, \\ & \text{uint16\_t} \; \text{*client\_hello\_len}) \end{array}
```

Generates the TLS Client Hello (client) message.

When a client first connects to a server, it is required to send the ClientHello as its first message. The client can also send a ClientHello in response to a HelloRequest or on its own initiative in order to renegotiate the security parameters in an existing connection.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)
- client_hello [out] Pointer to a buffer receiving the ClientHello payload (up to 79 bytes in TLS, 120 bytes in DTLS)
- client_hello_len [out] Pointer to receive the ClientHello payload length

Get TLS ClientHello with extension.

Return the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record. The length of the response can be different depending on the use case.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)
- ext data [in] extension data
- ext_length [in] extension length
- client_hello [out] ClientHello payload
- client_hello_len [out] ClientHello payload length

Return values

- $\bullet \ \ \mathsf{TORSP_SUCCESS} on \ success \\$
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Init.





Initialize retrieval of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)
- ext_data [in] extension data
- ext_length [in] extension length
- client_hello_len [out] ClientHello payload length
- final_flag [out] signal the final chunk of ClientHello to be received with TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final()

Return values

- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{TORSP_SUCCESS} on \ success$
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *data, uint16_t *part_len, uint8_t *final_flag)

Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Update.

Return a part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [out] ClientHello payload part
- part_len [out] ClientHello payload part length
- final_flag [out] signal the final chunk of ClientHello to be received with *TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final()*

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *data)
Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Final.

Return the last part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [out] last ClientHello payload part

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_hello_verify_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *hello_verify_request, const uint32_t hello_verify_request_len)
```

Handles the DTLS HelloVerifyRequest (server) message.

When the client sends its ClientHello message to the server, the server MAY respond with a HelloVerifyRequest message. This message contains a stateless cookie.

Note: This message processing is only needed in the case of DTLS

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hello_verify_request [in] HelloVerifyRequest message
- hello_verify_request_len [in] HelloVerifyRequest message length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_hello, const uint32_t server_hello_len)
```

Handles the ServerHello (server) message.

The server will send this message in response to a ClientHello message when it was able to find an acceptable set of algorithms. If it cannot find such a match, it will respond with a handshake failure alert.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server hello [in] ServertHello payload
- server_hello_len [in] ServertHello payload length





TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint32_t server_hello_len)
Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Init.

Initialize handling of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- server_hello_len [in] ServerHello payload length

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE} bad \ content \\$
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32_t part_len)
```

Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Update.

Handle a part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [in] part of ServerHello payload
- part_len [in] part length

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE} bad\ content \\$
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32 t last len)
```

Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Final.

Handle the last part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

• ctx - [inout] SE context





- data [in] last part of ServerHello payload
- last_len [in] last part len

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE bad content
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_certificate, const uint32_t server_certificate_len)
```

Handles the TLS Certificate (server) message.

The server MUST send a Certificate message whenever the agreed- upon key exchange method uses certificates for authentication (this includes all key exchange methods defined in this document except DH_anon). This message will always immediately follow the ServerHello message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server certificate [in] Certificate payload
- server_certificate_len [in] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_certificate_init, const uint32_t server_certificate_init len)
```

Handles the TLS Server Certificate header (server)

Handle TLS Server Certificate header from TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerCertificate message. The goal of TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init(), udate() and final(), is to validate a certificate chain, and to store the public key of the first certificate. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- $\bullet \ \ \mathbf{server_certificate_init} [\mathbf{in}] \ \mathrm{Certificate} \ \mathrm{payload} \ \mathrm{header} \ (\mathrm{handshake} \ \mathrm{header}$
 - certificates list length)
- server_certificate_init_len [in] Certificate payload header length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_certificate_update, const uint32_t server_certificate_update len)
```

Handles the TLS Server Certificate partial payload (server)

Handle TLS Server Certificate partial payload from TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerCertificate message, and if possible, verify the signature and memories the key of the current certificate of the certificates chain. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command.





This command can be called several times. *TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init()* must be called prior to this call.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_certificate_update [in] Certificate partial payload
- server_certificate_update_len [in] Certificate partial payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)
Finishes the TLS Server Certificate handling (server)
```

Parameters

• ctx – [in] Pointer to the SE context * Finish Server Certificate TLS handshake payload handling by verifying signature of last certificate and store the public key of the first certificate of the chain. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command. Functions TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init(), and TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_update() must be called prior to this call.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_key_exchange, const uint32_t server_key_exchange_len)
```

Handle the TLS ServerKeyExchange (server) message.

Handle TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerKeyExchange message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_key_exchange [in] ServerKeyExchange payload
- server_key_exchange_len [in] ServerKeyExchange payload length

Handles the TLS Server ServerKeyExchange (server) header.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_key_exchange_init [in] ServerKeyExchange payload header (handshake header
 - key exchanges list length)
- server_key_exchange_init_len [in] ServerKeyExchange payload header length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_key_exchange_update, const uint32_t server key exchange update len)
```

Handles the TLS Server ServerKeyExchange partial payload (server)

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context





- server_key_exchange_update [in] ServerKeyExchange partial payload
- server_key_exchange_update_len [in] ServerKeyExchange partial payload length

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)

Finishes TLS Server ServerKeyExchange handling (server)

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_certificate_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *certificate_request, const uint32_t certificate request len)
```

Handles the TLS CertificateRequest (server) message.

The server MUST send a Certificate message whenever the agreed- upon key exchange method uses certificates for authentication (this includes all key exchange methods defined in this document except DH_anon). This message will always immediately follow the ServerHello message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_request [in] CertificateRequest payload
- certificate_request_len [in] CertificateRequest payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_done(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_hello_done, const uint32_t server hello done len)
```

Handles the DTLS ServerHelloDone (server) message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server hello done [in] ServerHelloDone payload
- server_hello_done_len [in] ServerHelloDone payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)
```

Generates the TLS Certificate (client) message.

This is the first message the client can send after receiving a ServerHelloDone message. This message is only sent if the server requests a certificate. If no suitable certificate is available, the client MUST send a certificate message containing no certificates.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate_len [out] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)
```

Get the TLS Certificate initialization (client)





This function is used with <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_update()</u> and <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_final()</u> to get TLS Certificate of more than 512 bytes without limitation. This first command initiates the process.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate_len [out] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)
```

Gets the TLS Certificate update (client)

This command can be called several times. Function <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_init()</u> must be called prior to this command.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate_len [out] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)
```

Gets the TLS Certificate finalize (client)

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_key_exchange(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *client_key_exchange, uint16_t *client_key_exchange_len)
```

Gets the TLS ClientKeyExchange (client) message.

Get TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS message ClientKeyExchange, containing internal Secure Elements ephemeral public key if using ECDHE cipher suite.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- client_key_exchange [out] ClientKeyExchange payload
- client_key_exchange_len [out] ClientKeyExchange payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_verify(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate_verify, uint16_t *certificate_verify len)
```

Generates the TLS Certificate Verify (client) message.

This message is used to provide explicit verification of a client certificate. This message is only sent following a client certificate that has signing capability (i.e., all certificates except those containing fixed Diffie-Hellman parameters). When sent, it MUST immediately follow the client key exchange message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_verify [out] CertificateVerify payload





• certificate_verify_len - [out] CertificateVerify payload length

Generates the TLS Change_Cipher_Spec (client) message.

The ChangeCipherSpec message is sent by both the client and the server to notify the receiving party that subsequent records will be protected under the newly negotiated CipherSpec and keys. This message is technically not part of the handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- change_cipher_spec [out] ChangeCipherSpec payload
- change_cipher_spec_len [out] ChangeCipherSpec payload length

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_tls_get_finished(TOSE\_ctx\_t*ctx, uint8_t*finished, uint16_t*finished_len) Generates the TLS Finished (client) message.
```

The Finished message is the first one protected with the just negotiated algorithms, keys, and secrets. Recipients of Finished messages MUST verify that the contents are correct. Once a side has sent its Finished message and received and validated the Finished message from its peer, it may begin to send and receive application data over the connection.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- finished [out] Finish payload
- finished_len [out] Finish payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_change_cipher_spec(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *change_cipher_spec, const uint32_t change_cipher_spec_len)
```

Handles the TLS ChangeCipherSpec (server) message.

The change cipher spec protocol exists to signal transitions in ciphering strategies. The protocol consists of a single message, which is encrypted and compressed under the current (not the pending) connection state.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- change_cipher_spec [in] ChangeCipherSpec payload
- change_cipher_spec_len [in] ChangeCipherSpec payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_finished(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *finished, const uint32_t finished_len)
```

Handles the TLS Finished (server) message.

The Finished message is the first one protected with the just negotiated algorithms, keys, and secrets. Recipients of Finished messages MUST verify that the contents are correct. Once a side has sent its Finished message and received and validated the Finished message from its peer, it may begin to send and receive application data over the connection.

Parameters





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- finished [in] Finished payload
- finished_len [in] Finish payload length

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_slot(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *slot)
Generates the TLS certificate slot used during handshake (client) message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- slot [out] Certificate slot

Post Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_secure_payload(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *header, const uint16_t header_len, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_len, uint8_t *payload_uint16_t *payload_len)
```

Secures a (client) message with TLS.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- header [in] TLS header
- header_len [in] TLS header length
- data [in] TLS data
- data_len [in] TLS data length
- payload [out] Secured message (without header)
- payload_len [out] Secured message (without header) length

Post Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_unsecure_payload(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *header, const uint16_t header_len, const uint8_t *payload, const uint16_t payload len, uint8 t *data, uint16 t *data len)
```

Unsecure message with TLS.

Decrypt data received from server through TLS. Take a TLS record as input with encrypted content and return a TLS record with clear content.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- header [in] TLS header
- header_len [in] TLS header length
- payload [in] Secured message (without header)
- payload_len [in] Secured message (without header) length
- data [out] TLS data
- data_len [out] TLS data length

Post Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.





Handles the TLS proprietary MediatorCertificate (server) message.

This is a TO-specific message, used to handle the mediator certificate. This message is not part of any standard (TLS or DTLS).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- mediator_certificate [in] MediatorCertificate payload
- mediator_certificate_len [in] MediatorCertificate payload length

6.3 I2C wrapper API

Warning: These APIs are not to be called externally, only the library should rely on them.

This API is implemented by every libTO I2C wrapper. The following functions have to be implemented in order to develop a new wrapper for a new I2C master device.

```
#include "TODRV_HSE_i2c_wrapper.h"
```

6.3.1 Types and definitions

The following structure type is used to configure I2C wrapper:

```
struct TO_i2c_config_s
```

I2C wrapper configuration.

To be used through $TO_data_config()$.

Public Members

```
unsigned char i2c_addr
```

Device I2C address on 7 bits (MSB=0)

$unsigned\ char\ {\tt misc_settings}$

Misc. device I2C settings bit field: | RES | last byte NACKed |

typedef struct TO_i2c_config_s TO_i2c_config_t

misc. settings bitfield definitions:





${\tt TO_CONFIG_NACK_LAST_BYTE} \ 0x01$

TO_i2c_config_s misc. setting: last byte is NACKed by remote device

6.3.2 I2C bus setup

TO_lib_ret_t TO_data_init(void)

Initialize Secure Element communication bus session.

Initializes I2C bus for Secure Element communications. If required, this is the recommended place to handle SecureElement power-on.

Returns TO OK if initialization was successful, else TO ERROR

$TO_lib_ret_t$ TO_data_fini(void)

Finish Secure Element communication bus session.

Reset (stop) I2C bus used for Secure Element communications. If required, this is the recommended place to handle SecureElement power-off.

Returns TO_OK if reset was successful, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TO_data_config(const TO_i2c_config_t *config)

I2C configuration (optional function)

Take given I2C configuration and apply it on the I2C wrapper. If the function returns successfully, it means the configuration has been applied and taken into account. The wrapper must NOT assume this function will be called, and must run correctly even if this function is never used.

This function is optional, and even if enabled by TODRV_HSE_I2C_WRAPPER_CONFIG it can still return TO_OK without doing anything. It is left to the wrapper developer discretion. This function is not called internally by TO library.

See $TO_i2c_config_s$.

Parameters

• config - I2C configuration to use

Returns TO OK if configuration has been applied, else TO ERROR

This function uses the following structure to receive settings:

Note: TO_data_config() API is not mandatory, if you dont need it do not define TO_I2C_WRAP-PER_CONFIG in your project preprocessor flags.





6.3.3 Data transfers

TO_lib_ret_t TO_data_read(void *data, unsigned int length)

Read data from Secure Element on I2C bus.

Reads specified amount of data from the Secure Element on I2C bus. This function returns when data has been read and is available in the data buffer, or if an error occured. The condition start has to be sent only one time to read the full Secure Element response, the reading can not be divided.

Parameters

- data Buffer to store received data
- length Amount of data to read in bytes

Returns TO_OK if data has been read successfully TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element TO ERROR if an internal error has occured

TO_lib_ret_t TO_data_write(const void *data, unsigned int length)

Write data to Secure Element on I2C bus.

Writes specified amount of data to the Secure Element on I2C bus. This function returns when all data in the buffer has been written, or if an error occured. The condition start has to be sent only one time to write the full Secure Element command, the writing can not be divided.

Parameters

- data Buffer containing data to send
- length Amount of data to send in bytes

Returns TO_OK if data has been written successfully TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element TO_ERROR if an internal error has occured

6.3.4 Miscellaneous

TO_lib_ret_t TO_data_last_command_duration(unsigned int *duration)

Get last command duration (from I2C send to I2C receive)

Measure the delay of the last executed command with MCU point of view. This function is optional, if implemented you have to define TODRV_HSE_I2C_WRAPPER_LAST_COMMAND_DURATION in your project in order to use it through TO_last_command_duration() API.

This function should only be called after a successful TO_read() call. If it is called after a failed TO_read(), or after a TO_write() call, the result is unspecified and may be irrelevant.

Parameters

• duration – Pointer to store last command duration in microseconds

Returns TO_OK if last command duration is available TO_ERROR if an internal error has occured





6.4 Library core APIs

These APIs are available if it is needed to add some custom tuning on the library behavior. For example, the *Secure Element functions* can be completely rewritten using the following APIs, if the way some of them are implemented does not fit your needs.

#include "TODRV_HSE_cmd.h"

6.4.1 Data buffers

The following buffers are accessible.

unsigned char *TODRV_HSE_command_data

Helper to access internal I/O buffer command data section, only valid before TO_send_command() call (even if an error occured while sending command).

unsigned char *TODRV_HSE_response_data

Helper to access internal I/O buffer response data section, only valid after TO_send_command() call.

6.4.2 Command data preparation

The following functions are used to prepare data before sending command to the Secure Element.

TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_HSE_prepare_command_data(uint16_t offset, const unsigned char *data, uint16_t len)

Prepare command data.

Insert data into the internal I/O buffer at the specified offset.

Warning: do not free data pointer parameter or overwrite data before having called <u>TODRV_HSE_send_command()</u>, or before aborted command with <u>TODRV_HSE_reset_com-mand_data()</u>.

Parameters

- offset Buffer offset where to insert data
- data Data to be copied into the buffer
- len Data length

Returns TO_OK on success TO_MEMORY_ERROR: data overflows internal I/O buffer, in this case internal command data buffers are invalidated (as if *TODRV_HSE_reset_command_data()* has been called).

TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_HSE_prepare_command_data_byte(uint16_t offset, const char byte)
Prepare command data byte.

Insert data byte into the internal I/O buffer at the specified offset.

Parameters

• offset – Buffer offset where to insert data





• byte - Data byte to be copied into the buffer

Returns TO_OK on success TO_MEMORY_ERROR: data byte overflows internal I/O buffer, in this case internal command data buffers are invalidated (as if *TO-DRV_HSE_reset_command_data()* has been called).

TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_HSE_set_command_data(uint16_t offset, const char byte, uint16_t len) Set data range.

Set internal I/O buffer range bytes to a defined value.

Parameters

- offset Buffer offset where to begin range
- byte Value to be set for each byte in the range
- len Range length

Returns TO_OK on success TO_MEMORY_ERROR: range overflows internal I/O buffer, in this case internal command data buffers are invalidated (as if <u>TODRV_HSE_reset_command_data()</u> has been called).

And to reset command context:

void TODRV_HSE_reset_command_data(void)

Reset command data.

This function resets command data. It MUST be called if command data has been prepared without subsequent call to <u>TODRV_HSE_send_command()</u> (if command has been aborted for example).

6.4.3 Send command

The following function is used to send a command to the Secure Element, after Command data preparation.

```
TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_HSE_send_command(const uint16_t cmd, uint16_t cmd_data_len, uint16_t *resp data len, TO_se_ret_t *resp status)
```

Send command to the Secure Element device.

Send a command to the Secure Element device and get response data. Internal command data buffers must be considered as invalidated after calling this function.

Parameters

- cmd Command code (see TODRV HSE CMD * definitions)
- cmd_data_len Command data len (got from internal I/O buffer)
- resp_data_len Response data len (expected)
- resp_status Status of the command

Returns TO_OK on success TO_MEMORY_ERROR: data overflows internal I/O buffer TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: unable to send command TO_DE-VICE_READ_ERROR: unable to read response data TO_INVALID_RE-SPONSE LENGTH: expected response length differs from headers





6.4.4 Hooks

The following hooks can be set to automatically call client application functions when reaching particular steps in the library internal flow. This mechanism allows client application to run custom code interlaced with libTO code.

6.4.4.1 Hooks functions prototypes

Below are detailed functions hooks prototypes, to be implemented by client application if required. Implemented hook functions have to be setup using *Hooks setup functions*.

typedef void (*TODRV_HSE_pre_command_hook)(uint16_t cmd, uint16_t cmd_data_len)

Hook function prototype to be called by <u>TODRV_HSE_send_command()</u> just before sending a command to the Secure Element.

Once return, the command response is read from Secure Element.

Warning: do NOT call any libTO function from this kind of hook.

Param cmd Command code, see Hardware Secure Element command codes

Param cmd_data_len Command data length

typedef void (*TODRV_HSE_post_write_hook)(uint16_t cmd, uint16_t cmd_data_len)

Hook function prototype to be called by <u>TODRV_HSE_send_command()</u> just after writing command to the Secure Element, and before reading its response.

This hook can be used by client application for power optimization, for example making the system sleep for a while or until Secure Element status GPIO signals response readyness. For this second use case, it is recommended to arm GPIO wakeup interrupt by setting a hook with $TODRV_HSE_pre_command_hook()$, to be sure to do not miss the response readyness GPIO toggle.

Once return, the command response is read from Secure Element.

Warning: do NOT call any libTO function from this kind of hook.

Param cmd Command code, see Hardware Secure Element command codes

Param cmd_data_len Command data length

typedef void (*TODRV_HSE_post_command_hook)(uint16_t cmd, uint16_t cmd_data_len, uint16_t cmd rsp_len, TO_se_ret_t cmd_status)

Hook function prototype to be called by <u>TODRV_HSE_send_command()</u> just after reading command response from the Secure Element.

Warning: do NOT call any libTO function from this kind of hook.

Param cmd Command code, see Hardware Secure Element command codes

Param cmd_data_len Command data length

Param cmd_rsp_len Command response length

Param cmd status Command status





6.4.4.2 Hooks setup functions

For each hook type, a function has to be called to setup it and to allow libTO to call it.

```
void TODRV_HSE_set_lib_hook_pre_command(TODRV_HSE_pre_command_hook hook) Set a pre command hook (see TODRV_HSE_pre_command_hook).
```

Parameters

• hook - Pre command hook function to set (NULL to disable).

```
void TODRV_HSE_set_lib_hook_post_write(TODRV_HSE_post_write_hook hook) Set a post write hook (see TODRV_HSE_post_write_hook).
```

Parameters

• hook - Post write hook function to set (NULL to disable).

```
void TODRV_HSE_set_lib_hook_post_command(TODRV_HSE_post_command_hook hook) Set a post cmd hook (see TODRV_HSE_post_command_hook).
```

Parameters

• hook – Post cmd hook function to set (NULL to disable).

Note: Hooks are set permanently until reboot, or until you set a NULL hook function pointer using the hook setup function.

6.4.5 Logs

The following function is used to set library log level.

```
\label{top_log_ctx_t} $$ void $TO\_set_log_level(TO\_log\_ctx\_t *log\_ctx, const TO\_log\_level\_t level, TO\_log\_func\_t *log\_function)$
```

Sets the Log function and log level.

This function permits to change the log level and the log function.

Parameters

- log_ctx Current log context
- level Desired log level
- $log_function Log function (eg. TO_log)$





6.5 Types and definitions

LibTO types and definitions.

```
#include "TO_defs.h"
```

6.5.1 Library error codes

```
group lib_codes
Error codes
```

Typedefs

```
typedef enum TO_lib_ret_e TO_lib_ret_t
```

Enums

```
enum TO_lib_ret_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_OK
    enumerator TO_MEMORY_ERROR
    enumerator TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR
    enumerator TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CA_ID
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_FORMAT
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_NUMBER
    enumerator TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH
    enumerator TO_SECLINK_ERROR
    enumerator TO_TIMEOUT
    enumerator TO_AGAIN
    enumerator TO_INVALID_PARAM
    enumerator TO_NOT_IMPLEMENTED
    enumerator TO_ERROR
```

Note: Less significant byte is left empty because it is reserved for Secure Element error codes, then it is possible to return Secure Element and library error codes in one single variable. See *Secure Element error codes*.





6.5.2 Secure Element error codes

group se_codes $\mathbf{Typedefs}$

typedef enum TO_se_ret_e TO_se_ret_t

Secure Element response codes.

These return codes are common to all TO Secure elements, including the TO-136 and TO-Protect. Therefore, some of these return values may have a different meaning depending on the SE you are using, and the context you are receiving it. Refer yourself to the called function to have a more precise information.

Enums

enum TO_se_ret_e

Secure Element response codes.

These return codes are common to all TO Secure elements, including the TO-136 and TO-Protect. Therefore, some of these return values may have a different meaning depending on the SE you are using, and the context you are receiving it. Refer yourself to the called function to have a more precise information.

Values:

enumerator TORSP_UNKNOWN_CMD

Indicates that the SE does not know how to handle this command

enumerator TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE

The digital signature is wrong

enumerator TORSP_INVALID_LEN

The provided length is wrong

enumerator TORSP NOT AVAILABLE

The requested data cannot be retrieved

enumerator TORSP_INVALID_PADDING

The expected padding is not respected

enumerator TORSP_COM_ERROR

A communication error has occurred

enumerator T0136RSP_COM_ERROR

Deprecated, use TORSP_COM_ERROR instead

enumerator TORSP NEED AUTHENTICATION

An authentication process has to be conduced to pursue





enumerator TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED

This command cannot be used in this context

enumerator TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE

An argument is not in the expected range

enumerator TORSP_SUCCESS

The Commands execution has been conduced correctly

enumerator TORSP_SECLINK_RENEW_KEY

The SecLink key has to be renewed

enumerator TORSP INTERNAL ERROR

An internal error has occurred. It may be the proof that something unexpected has happened (for instance, a fault has been detected).

6.5.3 Combined error codes

group error_codes

Defines

 $\label{tolercode} \mbox{\tt TO_LIB_ERRCODE}(errcode) \ ((errcode) \ \& \ 0xFF00)$

Mask error code to extract library error

TO_SE_ERRCODE(errcode) ((errcode) & 0x00FF)

Mask error code to extract SE error

Typedefs

typedef uint16_t TO_ret_t

6.5.4 Keys types

 $group \ key_types$ Typedefs

typedef enum *TO_key_type_e* TO_key_type_t Secure Element key types





Enums

```
enum TO_key_type_e
Secure Element key types

Values:

enumerator KTYPE_CERT_KPUB
enumerator KTYPE_CERT_KPRIV
enumerator KTYPE_CA_KPUB
enumerator KTYPE_REMOTE_KPUB
enumerator KTYPE_ECIES_KPUB
enumerator KTYPE_ECIES_KPRIV
enumerator KTYPE_ECIES_KAES
enumerator KTYPE_ECIES_KAES
enumerator KTYPE_LORA_KAPP
enumerator KTYPE_LORA_KNET
enumerator KTYPE_LORA_KSAPP
enumerator KTYPE_LORA_KSAPP
```

6.5.5 Certificates

```
group certificates

Defines
```

Retro-compatibility

Deprecated:





Typedefs

- TO CERTIFICATE X509 is used for Secure Element and remote certificate verification
- TO_CERTIFICATE_STANDALONE is only used for remote certificate verification
- TO CERTIFICATE SHORT is only used for Secure Element certificates

```
typedef struct TO_cert_standalone_s TO_cert_standalone_t
typedef struct TO_cert_short_s TO_cert_short_t
typedef struct TO_cert_short_v2_s TO_cert_short_v2_t
typedef enum TO_cert_CA_capabilities_e TO_cert_CA_capabilities_t
```

Enums

enum TO_certificate_format_e

Certificates formats

- TO CERTIFICATE X509 is used for Secure Element and remote certificate verification
- TO_CERTIFICATE_STANDALONE is only used for remote certificate verification
- TO_CERTIFICATE_SHORT is only used for Secure Element certificates

Values:

```
enumerator TO_CERTIFICATE_STANDALONE
enumerator TO_CERTIFICATE_SHORT
enumerator TO_CERTIFICATE_X509
enumerator TO_CERTIFICATE_SHORT_V2
enum TO_cert_CA_capabilities_e
Values:

enumerator TO_CERT_CA_CAP_EMPTY
No capability

enumerator TO_CERT_CA_CAP_ADMIN
Admin capability

enumerator TO_CERT_CA_CAP_UPDATE_CA
CA update capability

struct TO_cert_standalone_s
#include <TO_defs.h> Standalone certificate structure
```





Public Members

```
uint8_t ca_id[TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE]
Certificate Authority ID

uint8_t serial_number[TO_SN_NB_SIZE]
SE serial number

uint8_t public_key[TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE]
Public key

uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE]
Certificate signature

struct TO_cert_short_s
#include <TO_defs.h> Short certificate structure

Public Members

uint8_t ca_id[TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE]
Certificate Authority ID

uint8_t serial_number[TO_SN_NB_SIZE]
SE serial number
```

SE serial number
uint8_t public_key[TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE]

uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE]

Certificate signature

struct TO_cert_short_v2_s
#include <TO_defs.h> Short v2 certificate structure

Public Members

Public key

uint8_t ca_id[TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE]
Certificate Authority ID

uint8_t serial_number[TO_SN_NB_SIZE]
SE serial number

uint8_t date[TOCERTF_VALIDITY_DATE_SIZE]
Validity date (Zulu date (UTC))





uint8_t public_key[TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE]
Public key

uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE]
Certificate signature

6.5.6 Algorithms

enum TO_enc_alg_e

Encryption algorithms

Values:

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{enumerator} \ \textbf{TO_ENC_ALG_UNDEFINED} \\ \text{Undefined} \end{array}$

enumerator TO_ENC_ALG_AES128CBC AES128 CBC

enumerator TO_ENC_ALG_AES128GCM AES128 GCM

enumerator TO_ENC_ALG_ARC4
ARC4

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{enumerator} \ \textbf{TO_ENC_ALG_AES128CCM} \\ \text{AES} 128 \ \text{CCM} \end{array}$

enumerator TO_ENC_ALG_MAX

enum TO_mac_alg_e

MAC algorithms

Values:

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{enumerator} \ \textbf{TO_MAC_ALG_UNDEFINED} \\ \text{Undefined} \end{array}$

enumerator TO_MAC_ALG_HMAC HMAC

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{enumerator $\tt TO_MAC_ALG_CMAC$} \\ \text{CMAC} \end{array}$

 ${\bf enumerator}~{\bf TO_MAC_ALG_MAX}$

 $\begin{array}{c} {\tt typedef \ enum} \ \ \underline{{\tt TO_enc_alg_e}} \ {\tt TO_enc_alg_t} \\ {\tt Encryption \ algorithms} \end{array}$





```
typedef enum TO\_mac\_alg\_e TO_mac_alg_t MAC algorithms
```

6.5.7 Payloads

```
 TO\_PAYLOAD\_MAC\_SIZE (enc\_alg, mac\_alg) \ ((enc\_alg) == TO\_ENC\_ALG\_AES128CCM \ ? 
                                                                        TO\_AESCCM\_TAG\_SIZE : ((enc\_alg) == TO\_ENC\_ALG\_AES128GCM)?
                                                                        TO AESGCM TAG SIZE: ((enc alg) == TO ENC ALG AES128CBC?
                                                                        ((\text{mac\_alg}) == \textcolor{red}{TO\_MAC\_ALG\_HMAC} ? \textcolor{red}{TO\_HMAC\_SIZE} : ((\text{mac\_alg}) == \textcolor{red}{TO\_MAC\_ALG\_HMAC} ? \textcolor{red}{TO\_HMAC\_SIZE} : (\textcolor{red}{TO\_HMAC\_SIZE} : \textcolor{red}{TO\_HMAC\_SIZE} : \textcolor{
                                                                         TO MAC ALG CMAC ? TO CMAC SIZE : 0)) : 0)))
                 Payload MAC size
 TO\_PAYLOAD\_PADDING\_SIZE (enc\_alg, data\_len) \ ((enc\_alg) == TO\_ENC\_ALG\_AES128CBC \ ? 
                                                                                        (((TO\_AES\_BLOCK\_SIZE - (((data\_len) + 1) \%)
                                                                                       TO AES BLOCK SIZE)) % TO AES BLOCK SIZE) + 1) : 0)
                 Payload padding size
TO_PAYLOAD_IV_SIZE(enc\_alg) ((enc_alg) == TO\_ENC\_ALG\_AES128CBC?
                                                                     TO INITIALVECTOR SIZE: 0)
                 Payload initial vector size
TO_PAYLOAD_SECURED_PAYLOAD_SIZE(enc_alg, mac_alg, data_len) (TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE +
                                                                                                                      TO\_PAYLOAD\_IV\_SIZE(enc\_alg) + data\_len +
                                                                                                                     TO PAYLOAD MAC SIZE (enc alg, mac alg) +
                                                                                                                     TO_PAYLOAD_PADDING_SIZE(enc_alg, data_len))
                 Secured payload size from clear data size
TO_PAYLOAD_CLEAR_DATA_SIZE(enc_alg, mac_alg, payload_len) ((payload_len) -
                                                                                                  TO SEQUENCE SIZE - TO PAYLOAD IV SIZE (enc alg) -
                                                                                                   TO PAYLOAD MAC SIZE (enc alg, mac alg))
                 Clear data max size from secured payload size
```

6.5.8 Constants

group command_codes

Hardware Secure Element command codes

Defines

```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_SN ((unsigned short)0x0001)

TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_HW_SN ((unsigned short)0x000B0)

TODRV_HSE_CMD_RES ((unsigned short)0x0000)

TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_PN ((unsigned short)0x0002)

TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_HW_VERSION ((unsigned short)0x0003)

TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_SW_VERSION ((unsigned short)0x0004)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_PRODUCT_ID ((unsigned short)0x0048)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_RANDOM ((unsigned short)0x0005)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_ECHO ((unsigned short)0x0010)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SLEEP ((unsigned short)0x0011)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_READ_NVM ((unsigned short)0x0021)
TODRV HSE CMD WRITE NVM ((unsigned short)0x0022)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_NVM_SIZE ((unsigned short)0x0050)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_STATUS_PIO_CONFIG ((unsigned short)0x00B1)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_STATUS_PIO_CONFIG ((unsigned short)0x00B2)
TODRV HSE CMD SET CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST DN ((unsigned short)0x0055)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_SIGNING_REQUEST ((unsigned short)0x0056)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_SUBJECT_CN ((unsigned short)0x0046)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE ((unsigned short)0x0006)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_CERTIFICATE ((unsigned short)0x0057)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_CERTIFICATE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x005D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_CERTIFICATE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x005E)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_CERTIFICATE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x005F)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0060)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0061)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0062)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SIGN ((unsigned short)0x0007)
TODRV HSE CMD VERIFY ((unsigned short)0x0012)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SIGN_HASH ((unsigned short)0x001E)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_HASH_SIGNATURE ((unsigned short)0x001F)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CERTIFICATE_AND_SIGN ((unsigned short)0x0008)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE ((unsigned short)0x0009)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CA_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE ((unsigned short)0x0047)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_CHALLENGE_AND_STORE ((unsigned short)0x000A)
TODRV HSE CMD VERIFY CHALLENGE SIGNATURE ((unsigned short)0x000B)
TODRV HSE CMD VERIFY CHAIN CERTIFICATE AND STORE INIT ((unsigned short)0x00AD)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CHAIN_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00AE)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CHAIN_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00AF)
TODRV HSE CMD VERIFY CHAIN CA CERTIFICATE AND STORE INIT ((unsigned short)0x00B3)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CHAIN_CA_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00B4)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CHAIN_CA_CERTIFICATE_AND_STORE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00B5)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMPUTE_HMAC ((unsigned short)0x000C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMPUTE_HMAC_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0023)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMPUTE_HMAC_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0024)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMPUTE_HMAC_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0025)
TODRV HSE CMD VERIFY HMAC ((unsigned short)0x000D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_HMAC_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0026)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_HMAC_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0027)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_HMAC_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0028)
TODRV HSE CMD AES128CBC ENCRYPT ((unsigned short)0x000E)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CBC_DECRYPT ((unsigned short)0x000F)
{\tt TODRV\_HSE\_CMD\_AES128CBC\_IV\_ENCRYPT}~((unsigned~short)0x0020)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128GCM_ENCRYPT ((unsigned short)0x0030)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128GCM_DECRYPT ((unsigned short)0x0034)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CCM_ENCRYPT ((unsigned short)0x004C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CCM_DECRYPT ((unsigned short)0x004D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128ECB_ENCRYPT ((unsigned short)0x004E)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128ECB_DECRYPT ((unsigned short)0x004F)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMPUTE_CMAC ((unsigned short)0x001C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VERIFY_CMAC ((unsigned short)0x001D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SHA256 ((unsigned short)0x00A2)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SHA256_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00AA)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SHA256_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00AB)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SHA256_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00AC)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CBC_HMAC_SECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00A0)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CBC_HMAC_UNSECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00A1)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CBC_CMAC_SECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00C1)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AES128CBC_CMAC_UNSECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00C2)
TODRY HSE CMD SET REMOTE PUBLIC KEY ((unsigned short)0x00A3)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_RENEW_ECC_KEYS ((unsigned short)0x00A4)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_PUBLIC_KEY ((unsigned short)0x00A5)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_UNSIGNED_PUBLIC_KEY ((unsigned short)0x002E)
TODRV HSE CMD RENEW SHARED KEYS ((unsigned short)0x00A6)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_KEY_FINGERPRINT ((unsigned short)0x0019)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_RANDOM_AND_STORE ((unsigned short)0x0029)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_RENEW_KEYS ((unsigned short)0x002A)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_MASTER_SECRET ((unsigned short)0x002B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_MASTER_SECRET_DERIVED_KEYS ((unsigned short)0x006B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SET_SERVER_RANDOM ((unsigned short)0x002F)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SET_SERVER_EPUBLIC_KEY ((unsigned short) 0x002C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_RENEW_KEYS_ECDHE ((unsigned short) 0x002D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_CALCULATE_FINISHED ((unsigned short)0x0031)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_RESET ((unsigned short)0x00B6)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS SET MODE ((unsigned short)0x0042)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SET_CONFIG ((unsigned short)0x0051)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SET_SESSION ((unsigned short)0x00C0)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SET_CONNECTION_ID_EXT_ID ((unsigned short)0x00CB)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CLIENT_HELLO ((unsigned short)0x0032)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CLIENT_HELLO_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0063)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CLIENT_HELLO_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0064)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CLIENT_HELLO_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0065)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS HANDLE HELLO VERIFY REQUEST ((unsigned short)0x0041)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS HANDLE SERVER HELLO ((unsigned short)0x0033)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_HELLO_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0066)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_HELLO_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0067)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS HANDLE SERVER HELLO FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0068)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE ((unsigned short)0x0054)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x0043)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x0044)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x0045)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE ((unsigned short)0x0035)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x005A)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS HANDLE SERVER KEY EXCHANGE UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x005B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x005C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST ((unsigned short)0x0036)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE ((unsigned short)0x0037)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS HANDLE MEDIATOR CERTIFICATE ((unsigned short)0x0058)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CERTIFICATE ((unsigned short)0x0038)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CERTIFICATE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00BD)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CERTIFICATE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00BE)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CERTIFICATE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00BF)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE ((unsigned short)0x0039)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY ((unsigned short)0x003A)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC ((unsigned short)0x003B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_GET_FINISHED ((unsigned short)0x003C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC ((unsigned short)0x003D)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_HANDLE_FINISHED ((unsigned short)0x003E)
TODRV HSE CMD TLS GET CERTIFICATE SLOT ((unsigned short)0x0059)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x003F)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SECURE_MESSAGE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00B7)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SECURE_MESSAGE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00B8)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_SECURE_MESSAGE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00B9)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_UNSECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x0040)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00BA)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00BB)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_TLS_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00BC)
TODRV HSE CMD SECURE MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00C3)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SECURE_MESSAGE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00C4)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SECURE_MESSAGE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00C5)
TODRV HSE CMD SECURE MESSAGE FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00C6)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_UNSECURE_MESSAGE ((unsigned short)0x00C7)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_INIT ((unsigned short)0x00C8)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_UPDATE ((unsigned short)0x00C9)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_UNSECURE_MESSAGE_FINAL ((unsigned short)0x00CA)
{\tt TODRV\_HSE\_CMD\_LORA\_GET\_APPEUI}~((unsigned~short)0x0108)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_GET_DEVEUI ((unsigned short)0x0109)
TODRV HSE CMD LORA COMPUTE MIC ((unsigned short)0x010A)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_ENCRYPT_PAYLOAD ((unsigned short)0x010B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_DECRYPT_JOIN ((unsigned short)0x010C)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_COMPUTE_SHARED_KEYS ((unsigned short)0x010D)
TODRV HSE CMD LORA GET DEVADDR ((unsigned short)0x0110)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_GET_JOIN_REQUEST ((unsigned short)0x0100)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_HANDLE_JOIN_ACCEPT ((unsigned short)0x0101)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_SECURE_PHYPAYLOAD ((unsigned short)0x0102)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LORA_UNSECURE_PHYPAYLOAD ((unsigned short)0x0103)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_PRE_PERSONALIZATION_DATA ((unsigned short)0x0013)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_NEXT_STATE ((unsigned short)0x0015)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_STATE ((unsigned short)0x0016)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_ADMIN_SET_SLOT ((unsigned short)0x0053)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_INIT_ADMIN_SESSION ((unsigned short)0x0049)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_AUTH_ADMIN_SESSION ((unsigned short)0x004A)
TODRV HSE CMD FINI ADMIN SESSION ((unsigned short)0x004B)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_ADMIN_COMMAND ((unsigned short)0x0014)
{\tt TODRV\_HSE\_CMD\_ADMIN\_COMMAND\_WITH\_RESPONSE}~((unsigned~short)0x0052)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOCK ((unsigned short)0x0017)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_UNLOCK ((unsigned short)0x0018)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_AES_KEY ((unsigned short)0x00A7)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_HMAC_KEY ((unsigned short)0x00A8)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SET_CMAC_KEY ((unsigned short)0x00A9)
TODRV HSE CMD SECLINK ARC4 ((unsigned short)0xFF00)
TODRV HSE CMD SECLINK ARC4 GET IV ((unsigned short)0xFF01)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SECLINK_ARC4_GET_NEW_KEY ((unsigned short)0xFF04)
TODRV HSE CMD SECLINK AESHMAC ((unsigned short)0xFF02)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SECLINK_AESHMAC_GET_IV ((unsigned short)0xFF03)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_SECLINK_AESHMAC_GET_NEW_KEYS ((unsigned short)0xFF05)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOADER_BCAST_GET_INFO ((unsigned short)0xFFFF)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOADER_BCAST_RESTORE ((unsigned short)0x00D7)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOADER_BCAST_INITIALIZE_UPGRADE ((unsigned short)0xFFF2)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOADER_BCAST_WRITE_DATA ((unsigned short)0xFFF3)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_LOADER_BCAST_COMMIT_RELEASE ((unsigned short)0xFFF4)
TODRV HSE CMD DATA MIGRATION ((unsigned short)0x00D6)
TODRV HSE CMD SET MEASURE BOOT ((unsigned short)0x00E0)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_VALIDATE_NEW_FW_HASH ((unsigned short)0x00E1)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_COMMIT_NEW_FW_HASH ((unsigned short)0x00E2)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_STORE_NEW_TRUSTED_FW_HASH ((unsigned short)0x00E3)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_BOOT_MEASUREMENT ((unsigned short)0x00E4)
```





```
TODRV_HSE_CMD_GET_SE_MEASUREMENT ((unsigned short)0x00E6)
TODRV_HSE_CMD_INVALIDATE_NEW_HASH ((unsigned short)0x00E5)
```

6.5.9 Generic context

```
group \ {\tt tose\_defs}
     Typedefs
     typedef struct TOSE_drv_ctx_s TOSE_drv_ctx_t
          Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)
     typedef struct TOSE_ctx_s TOSE_ctx_t
          Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)
     struct TOSE_drv_ctx_s
          #include <TO_defs.h> Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)
          Public Members
          const struct TODRV_api_s *api
              Driver API
          uint32\_t func\_offset
              Offset to add to driver API functions
          TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx
              Running-platform specific log function
          void *priv_ctx
              Driver private context
     struct TOSE_ctx_s
          #include <TO_defs.h> Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)
         Public Members
          TOSE_drv_ctx_t *drv
              Driver context
          uint8 t initialized
```



Context initialization state



6.5.10 Log levels

group log_level

```
Defines

TO_LOG_LEVEL_NONE -1
Log levels

TO_LOG_LEVEL_ERR 0

TO_LOG_LEVEL_WRN 1

TO_LOG_LEVEL_INF 2

TO_LOG_LEVEL_DBG 3

TO_LOG_LEVEL_MASK 0x0f

TO_LOG_STRING 0x00

TO_LOG_BUFFER 0x10

TO_LOG_BUFFER 0x20
```

Typedefs

```
The Log context, propagated to all layers.

void() TO_log_func_t (TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, void *ptr,
...)

Pointer to a log function.

This function will be responsible for displaying/processing logs in a way suitable for your appli-
```

Enums

```
enum TO_log_level_e
```

Different log levels that are available to the application.

typedef struct TO_log_ctx_s TO_log_ctx_t

Values:

cation.





Functions

```
enum T0_log_level_e __attribute__ ((packed)) T0_log_level_t
```

Different log levels that are available to the application.

void print_log_function(const TO_log_level_t level, const char *log)

Default print log function, potentialy to be customized per-target.

Depending on your target and the way to send string messages out, you may have to rewrite it. In this case, just declare a function having the same names/parameters, printing-out the messages.

Parameters

- level Importance level of the message
- log String to be displayed

void T0_log(TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, void *ptr, ...)
Default LOG display function.

Parameters

- log_ctx The LOG context
- level The desired log display level
- ptr Pointer to the string (mandatory parameter)

```
void TO_set_log_level(TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, TO_log_func_t *log_function)
```

Sets the Log function and log level.

This function permits to change the log level and the log function.

Parameters

- log_ctx Current log context
- level Desired log level
- log_function Log function (eg. TO_log)

```
TO_log_ctx_t *TO_log_get_ctx(void)
```

Get the LOG context.

This function is weak, and can be replaced by your own implementation.

struct TO_log_ctx_s

#include <TO log.h> The Log context, propagated to all layers.





Public Members

TO_log_func_t *log_function Pointer to a log function

TO_log_level_t log_level
Dynamic level management

6.5.11 Miscellaneous constants

group constants

Misc constants

Defines

TO_INDEX_SIZE 1UL

 ${\tt TO_FORMAT_SIZE}~1UL$

 ${\tt TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE} \ 16 UL$

TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE

TO_AES_KEYSIZE 16UL

TO_AESGCM_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE 12UL

 ${\tt TO_AESGCM_TAG_SIZE} \ 16UL$

 ${\tt TO_AESGCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE} \ 2UL$

TO_AESCCM_NONCE_SIZE 13UL

TO_AESCCM_TAG_SIZE 16UL

 ${\tt TO_AESCCM_8_TAG_SIZE}~8UL$

TO_AESCCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE 2UL

TO_HMAC_KEYSIZE $16\mathrm{UL}$

TO_HMAC_SIZE TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE

 ${\tt TO_HMAC_MINSIZE} \ 10 UL$

 ${\tt TO_CMAC_KEYSIZE}~16UL$

TO_CMAC_SIZE TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE

 ${\tt TO_CMAC_MIN_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE}~32{\rm UL}$

TO_HASH_SIZE TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE

 ${\tt TO_CHALLENGE_SIZE} \ 32UL$





 ${\tt TO_KEY_FINGERPRINT_SIZE}~3UL$

 ${\tt TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_CRC_SIZE} \ 2UL$

TO_SN_SIZE (TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE+TO_SN_NB_SIZE)

 ${\tt TO_HW_SN_SIZE}~23UL$

TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE 3UL

TO_SN_NB_SIZE 5UL

 ${\tt TO_PN_SIZE} \ 12UL$

 ${\tt TO_HW_VERSION_SIZE} \ 2UL$

TO_SW_VERSION_SIZE 3UL

TO_PRODUCT_ID_SIZE 15UL

 ${\tt TO_SEED_SIZE}~32UL$

6.5.12 LoRaWAN constants

group lora_constants
LoRa constants

Defines

 ${\tt TO_LORA_PHYPAYLOAD_MINSIZE} \ 10 UL$

 ${\tt TO_LORA_MHDR_SIZE}~1UL$

TO_LORA_APPEUI_SIZE 8UL

TO_LORA_DEVEUI_SIZE 8UL

TO_LORA_DEVADDR_SIZE 4UL

 ${\tt TO_LORA_DEVNONCE_SIZE}~2UL$

TO_LORA_APPNONCE_SIZE 3UL

TO_LORA_NETID_SIZE 3UL

 ${\tt TO_LORA_MIC_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_LORA_FCTRL_SIZE}~1UL$

TO_LORA_FCNT_SIZE 4UL

 ${\tt TO_LORA_APPKEY_SIZE}~16UL$

 ${\tt TO_LORA_APPSKEY_SIZE}~16UL$

TO_LORA_NWKSKEY_SIZE 16UL

 ${\tt TO_LORA_DLSETTINGS_SIZE}~1UL$





 ${\tt TO_LORA_RXDELAY_SIZE}~1UL$

 ${\tt TO_LORA_CFLIST_SIZE}~16UL$

TO_LORA_JOINREQUEST_SIZE (TO_LORA_MHDR_SIZE + TO_LORA_APPEUI_SIZE + TO_LORA_DEVEUI_SIZE + TO_LORA_DEVNONCE_SIZE + TO_LORA_MIC_SIZE)

TO_LORA_JOINACCEPT_CLEAR_MAXSIZE (TO_LORA_MHDR_SIZE + TO_LORA_APPNONCE_SIZE + TO_LORA_NETID_SIZE + TO_LORA_DEVADDR_SIZE + TO_LORA_DLSETTINGS_SIZE + TO_LORA_RXDELAY_SIZE + TO_LORA_CFLIST_SIZE)

 $\label{tolora_joinaccept_maxsize} \textbf{(TO_LORA_JOINACCEPT_CLEAR_MAXSIZE} + \textbf{TO_LORA_MIC_SIZE)}$

6.5.13 Certificates constants

 $group \ \mathtt{cert_constants}$

Certificate constants

Defines

TO CERT X509 MAXSIZE $512\mathrm{UL}$

TO_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (TO_SN_SIZE+TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE+TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE)

TO_CERT_PRIVKEY_SIZE 32UL

TO ECC PRIV KEYSIZE TO CERT PRIVKEY SIZE

TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE (2*TO_ECC_PRIV_KEYSIZE)

TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE

TO_CERT_GENERALIZED_TIME_SIZE 15UL /* YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ */

TO_CERT_DATE_SIZE ((TO_CERT_GENERALIZED_TIME_SIZE - 1) / 2)

TO_CERT_SUBJECT_PREFIX_SIZE $15 \mathrm{UL}$

TO_SHORTV2_CERT_SIZE (TO_CERTIFICATE_SIZE + TO_CERT_DATE_SIZE)

TO_REMOTE_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (TO SN SIZE+TO ECC PUB KEYSIZE)

TO_REMOTE_CAID_SIZE TO SN CA ID SIZE

TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE 64UL

TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_PREFIX_MAXSIZE (TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE - TO_SN_SIZE * 2)

TO CERT DN MAXSIZE $127\mathrm{UL}$

TO_KEYTYPE_SIZE TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE

TO_CA_PUBKEY_SIZE TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE

TO_CA_PUBKEY_CAID_SIZE TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE





TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SIZE 20UL
TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SHORT_SIZE 8UL

6.5.14 TLS constants

group tls_constants
TLS constants

Defines

TO_TLS_RECORD_CIPHER_OVERHEAD_MAX (352UL)

maximum data overhead between a protected record and its plain text version

The theorical maximum data overhead between a protected record and its plain text version is 1024 but in practice it should not exceed AES256 with SHA512 in CBC mode with max padding: $(32 \text{ (IV)} + 64 \text{ (hmac)} + 256 \text{ (max padding)}) => 352 \text{ This value is used when the real overhead is not known, to determine if a plain text record to send need to be fragmented before encryption$

TO_TLS_RECORD_MAX_SIZE (1UL « 14) TO_TLS_RANDOM_SIZE (TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE + 28UL) TO_TLS_MASTER_SECRET_SIZE 48UL TO_TLS_SERVER_PARAMS_SIZE 69UL TO_TLS_HMAC_KEYSIZE 32UL TO_TLS_FINISHED_SIZE 12UL TO TLS CHANGE CIPHER SPEC SIZE 1UL TO_TLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE 8UL ${\tt TO_DTLS_HEADER_SIZE}~13UL$ TO_DTLS_HEADER_MAXSIZE (TO DTLS HEADER SIZE + TO_TLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE) TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE 12UL TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_MAXSIZE (TO DTLS HANDSHAKE HEADER SIZE + ${\tt TO_TLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE)}$ TO TLS HEADER SIZE 5UL TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE 4UL TO_TLS_AEAD_IMPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE 4UL TO_TLS_AEAD_EXPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE 8UL ${\tt TO_DTLS_MAJOR}~254$



TO_DTLS_MINOR 253



```
TO_TLS_MAJOR 3

TO_TLS_MINOR 3

TO_TLS_SNI_LENGTH_MAX 253U
```

Typedefs

```
typedef enum TO_tls_mode_e TO_tls_mode_t
Different modes available for TO-Protect TLS.

typedef enum TO_tls_config_id_e TO_tls_config_id_t
typedef enum TO_tls_record_type_e TO_tls_record_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_e TO_tls_cipher_suite_t
typedef enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_encryption_type_e TO_tls_encryption_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_handshake_type_e TO_tls_handshake_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_state_e TO_tls_state_t
typedef enum TO_tls_extensions_e TO_tls_extension_t
```

Enums

```
enum TO_tls_mode_e
Different modes available for TO-Protect TLS.

Values:

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_UNKNOWN
Unknown mode (uninitialized)

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
Handshake Only mode

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2
TLS 1.2 only

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
TLS 1.2, in Handshake only

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2
DTLS 1.2 only

enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2
HANDSHAKE_ONLY
```

DTLS 1.2, in Handshake only





```
enum TO_tls_config_id_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_UNKNOWN
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MODE
        Configure mode on 1 byte. See TO_tls_mode_e.
    enumerator TO TLS CONFIG ID CIPHER SUITES
        Configure cipher suites list (each cipher suite on 2 bytes, big-endian)
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CERTIFICATE_SLOT
        Configure certificate slot
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MAX
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_LAST
enum TO_tls_record_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_ALERT
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_HANDSHAKE
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_APPLICATION_DATA
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_TLS_12_CID
enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_ECDHE
```





```
enumerator TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_PSK
enum TO_tls_encryption_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CBC
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_GCM
enum TO_tls_handshake_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CLIENT_HELLO
    enumerator TO TLS HANDSHAKE TYPE SERVER HELLO
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_HELLO_VERIFY_REQUEST
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE
    enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_FINISHED
    enumerator TO TLS HANDSHAKE TYPE MEDIATOR CERTIFICATE
enum TO_tls_state_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_START
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_1
    enumerator TO TLS STATE CLIENT HELLO
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_1_INIT
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_2
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_VERIFY_REQUEST
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_2_INIT
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_3
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_HELLO_WITH_COOKIE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_3_INIT
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_4
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO
```





```
enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_4_INIT
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_MEDIATOR_CERTIFICATE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT
    enumerator TO TLS STATE CLIENT KEY EXCHANGE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT_NO_CLIENT_AUTH
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_FINISHED
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_6
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_6_INIT
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_FINISHED
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_DONE
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_FAILED
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FATAL_RECEIVED
    enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLOSE_RECEIVED
enum TO_tls_extensions_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SERVER_NAME
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SIG_ALG
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_ECC
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_ECC_POINT_FORMAT
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_TRUNCATED_HMAC
    enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_CONNECTION_ID
```





6.5.15 I2C constants

group i2c_constants
I2C constants

Defines

TO_I2CADDR_SIZE 1UL

TO_I2C_SEND_MSTIMEOUT TO_I2C_MSTIMEOUT

TO_I2C_RECV_MSTIMEOUT TO_I2C_MSTIMEOUT

TO_I2C_MSTIMEOUT 5000UL

TO_I2C_RESPONSE_MSTIMEOUT 10000UL

TO_I2C_ERROR_MSTIMEOUT 10000UL

6.5.16 Status PIO constants

group status_pio_constants Status PIO constants

Defines

TO_STATUS_PIO_ENABLE 0x80TO_STATUS_PIO_READY_LEVEL_MASK 0x01TO_STATUS_PIO_HIGH_OPENDRAIN_MASK 0x02TO_STATUS_PIO_IDLE_HZ_MASK 0x04

6.5.17 Seclink constants

 $group \ \mathtt{seclink_constants}$ Seclink constants





Defines

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TO_ARC4_KEY_SIZE $16UL$\\ TO_ARC4_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE $16UL$\\ \end{tabular}$

6.5.18 Admin constants

group admin_constants Admin constants

Defines

TO_ADMIN_DIVERS_DATA_SIZE TO_SN_SIZE
TO_ADMIN_PROTO_INFO_SIZE 4UL
TO_ADMIN_OPTIONS_SIZE 2UL
TO_ADMIN_CHALLENGE_SIZE 8UL
TO_ADMIN_CRYPTOGRAM_SIZE 8UL
TO_ADMIN_MAC_SIZE 8UL
TO_ADMIN_DATAIDX_SIZE 4





7. Miscellany guides

7.1 Production optimizations

7.1.1 Features

In production environment, all unneeded features must be disabled using corresponding configuration flags.

7.1.2 Internal buffers

Internal buffers sizes must be reduced to fit the biggest used size in order to optimize library footprint.

For example, in a use-case using only AES on cryptograms of maximum 128 bytes, IO buffer can be reduced to 5 (header) + 16 (iv) + 128 (data) bytes.

7.1.3 Logs

Logs must be disabled as it can slow down performances, and increase the footprint. It can be done by setting $TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX$ at disabled state.

Note: Changing log level at runtime with $TO_set_log_level()$ will fix performance issue but will not reduce the footprint.

See Library configuration for an MCU project to properly configure libTO.

7.2 Migration

7.2.1 TO library migration guide from 5.7.x to 5.8.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.7.x to 5.8.x.

TLS helper TOSE_helper_tls_cleanup() function is splitted in 2 new functions:

- TOSE_helper_tls_close()
- TOSE_helper_tls_fini()

Note: TOSE_helper_tls_cleanup() can still be used.





7.2.2 TO library migration guide from 5.6.x to 5.7.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.6.x to 5.7.x.

CSR function $TOSE_set_certificate_x509()$ is now also available with helper $TOSE_helper_set_certificate_x509()$ when it needs to be used with a small I2C buffer.

7.2.3 TO library migration guide from 5.5.x to 5.6.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.5.x to 5.6.x.

New function TOSE_get_product_id() to get product ID.

7.2.4 TO library migration guide from 5.4.x to 5.5.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.4.x to 5.5.x.

A user configuration file can now be included by libTO using TO_CONFIG_FILE define.

7.2.5 TO library migration guide from 5.3.x to 5.4.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.3.x to 5.4.x.

API TOSE_helper_tls_init() is now deprecated, as it uses a free TLS session independently of session characteristics. As TLS sessions can now have different storage characteristics (NVM/RAM/hybrid), it is mandatory to explicitly select which session to use. The new API TOSE_helper_tls_init_session() must now be used to initialize TLS sessions.

7.2.6 TO library migration guide from 5.2.x to 5.3.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.2.x to 5.3.x.

7.2.7 TO library migration guide from 5.1.x to 5.2.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.1.x to 5.2.x.

7.2.8 TO library migration guide from 5.0.x to 5.1.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.0.x to 5.1.x.





7.2.9 TO library migration guide from 4.x.x to 5.x.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.x.x to 5.x.x.

Old APIs are now deprecated, but still defined and mapped on new APIs by including TO.h.

7.2.9.1 Internal architecture changes

The source tree structure has changed:

- Core API based on Trusted Objects Secure Element has been moved from src/to/ to src
- Wrappers directory has been moved from src/to/wrapper/ to src/wrapper/.

7.2.9.2 Generic APIs renames

Generic **TO_()** functions have been renamed to **TOSE_()**.

New TOSE_() APIs now take a context parameter, given by driver function TODRV_HSE_get_ctx().

7.2.9.3 Hardware Secure Element renames

Hardware Secure Element specific functions have need renamed to TODRV_HSE_:

- TO_config() renamed to TODRV_HSE_trp_config()
- TO_last_command_duration() renamed to TODRV_HSE_trp_last_command_duration()
- TO_read() renamed to TODRV_HSE_trp_read()
- TO_write() renamed to TODRV_HSE_trp_write()
- TO_seclink_() renamed to TODRV_HSE_seclink_...()
- TO_prepare_command_data() renamed to TODRV_HSE_prepare_command_data()
- TO prepare command data byte() renamed to TODRV HSE prepare command data byte()
- TO_set_command_data() renamed to TODRV_HSE_set_command_data()
- TO_send_command() renamed to TODRV_HSE_send_command()
- TO set lib hook pre_command() renamed to TODRV HSE set lib hook pre_command()
- TO_set_lib_hook_post_write() renamed to TODRV_HSE_set_lib_hook_post_write()
- TO_set_lib_hook_post_command() renamed to TODRV_HSE_set_lib_hook_post_command()

Hardware Secure Element specific files have need renamed to TODRV_HSE_:

- TO_i2c_wrapper.h renamed to TODRV_HSE_i2c_wrapper.h
- TO_hooks.h renamed to TODRV_HSE_hooks.h





7.2.10 TO library migration guide from 4.18.x to 4.19.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.18.x to 4.19.x.

7.2.11 TO library migration guide from 4.17.x to 4.18.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.17.x to 4.18.x.

7.2.12 TO library migration guide from 4.16.x to 4.17.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.16.x to 4.17.x.

TLS standard API function $TO_renew_tls_keys$ has been removed, as non-ephemeral TLS cipher suites are now considered weak.

TLS standard API is now enabled by default with autotools.

7.2.13 TO library migration guide from 4.15.x to 4.16.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.15.x to 4.16.x.

Following TLS helper functions (dedicated to DTLS) are now compiled when TO_ENABLE_DTLS is set:

- TO_helper_tls_set_retransmission_timeout()
- TO_helper_tls_set_fragment_max_size()

7.2.14 TO library migration guide from 4.14.x to 4.15.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.14.x to 4.15.x.

7.2.15 TO library migration guide from 4.13.x to 4.14.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.13.x to 4.14.x.

7.2.16 TO library migration guide from 4.12.x to 4.13.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.12.x to 4.13.x.





7.2.17 TO library migration guide from 4.11.x to 4.12.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.11.x to 4.12.x.

Helpers now returns errors codes with least significant byte corresponding to command error if it is the source of the error.

Errors originally tested with:

se_ret = TO_SE_ERRCODE(ret);

```
if (ret == TO_ERROR) {

Must now be tested using TO_LIB_ERRCODE():

if (TO_LIB_ERRCODE(ret) == TO_ERROR) {

Secure Element error codes can be extracted using TO_SE_ERRCODE():
```

7.2.18 TO library migration guide from 4.10.x to 4.11.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.10.x to 4.11.x.

7.2.19 TO library migration guide from 4.9.x to 4.10.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.9.x to 4.10.x.

The old secure messaging API and old secure messaging helper API are now deprecated.

Secure messaging APIs changed to new payload based API and new payload based helper API.

7.2.20 TO library migration guide from 4.8.x to 4.9.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.8.x to 4.9.x.

New secure messaging APIs are available, with following features:

- Cumulative APIs (any data length supported)
- Replay attacks protection

Use *helpers function* for simple usage.

Retrocompatibility alias of functions $TO_secure_message$ and $TO_unsecure_message$ has been removed as these functions are part of new implementation (TO_secure_message() and TO_unsecure_message()).





7.2.21 TO library migration guide from 4.6.x to 4.7.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.6.x to 4.7.x.

Internal architecture changed:

- Core API based on Trusted Objects Secure Element has been moved to src/to/.
- Wrappers directory has been moved to src/to/wrapper/.

TLS helper API changed to new context based API supporting multiple sessions. Old API is now deprecated.

New API TO_helper_tls_handshake_cleanup() has been added to old deprecated API. This function needs to be called to each successfull TO_helper_tls_handshake_init().

7.2.21.1 Preprocessor defines (MCU project)

Define TO_DEBUG is no more used.

Logs are now enabled by default at warning level. Maximum level is controllable by setting define $TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX$. All logs with higher log level will not be compiled (no possibility to enable it at runtime).

See *Library configuration for an MCU project*. to properly configure libTO.

7.2.22 TO library migration guide from 4.5.x to 4.6.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.5.x to 4.6.x.

7.2.22.1 TLS helper API

 $size_t$ and $ssize_t$ have been replaced respectively by $uint32_t$ and $int32_t$.

Impacted functions are:

- TO_helper_tls_send_message()
- TO helper tls handshake send func
- TO_helper_tls_receive_message()
- TO_helper_tls_handshake_receive_func

7.2.23 TO library migration guide from 4.4.x to 4.5.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.4.x to 4.5.x.





7.2.24 TO library migration guide from 4.3.x to 4.4.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.3.x to 4.4.x.

TLS and LoRa features have been enabled by default. Then, if you dont need TLS or LoRa in your project, you now have to explicitly disable these features.

DTLS remains disabled and has to be explicitly enabled if needed.

7.2.24.1 Preprocessor defines (MCU project)

The following definitions are useless because this is now the default setting:

- TO_ENABLE_LORA
- TO_ENABLE_LORA_OPTIMIZED
- TO ENABLE TLS
- TO_ENABLE_TLS_OPTIMIZED
- TO_ENABLE_TLS_HELPER

If not required, to disable these features for your project consider using the following definitions:

- TO_DISABLE_LORA
- TO_DISABLE_LORA_OPTIMIZED
- TO DISABLE TLS
- TO_DISABLE_TLS_OPTIMIZED
- TO_DISABLE_TLS_HELPER

The following defines have been renamed:

Old name	New name
TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE	TO_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE
TLS_FLIGHT_BUFFER_SIZE	TO_TLS_FLIGHT_BUFFER_SIZE

See *Library configuration for an MCU project*. to properly configure libTO.

7.2.25 TO library migration guide from 4.1.x to 4.2.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.1.x to 4.2.x.





7.2.25.1 Changed APIs

The API TO_tls_get_certificate() has changed, with a new length output parameter.

7.2.26 TO library migration guide from 4.0.x to 4.1.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 4.0.x to 4.1.x.

7.2.26.1 Renamed files

The library core files, src/main.c and src/main.h, has been renamed src/core.c and src/core.h.

7.2.27 TO library migration guide from 3.x.x to 4.x.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 3.x.x to 4.x.x.

7.2.27.1 Renamed APIs

The following header files have been renamed:

- include/to136.h to include/TO.h
- include/to136_defs.h to TO_defs.h
- include/to136_helper.h to include/TO_helper.h
- include/to136_i2c_wrapper.h to include/TO_i2c_wrapper.h

TO136 () functions have been renamed to **TO** ().

TO136_ definitions have been renamed to TO_.

to136_ structures, types and enums have been renamed to TO_.

7.2.27.2 Preprocessor flags

ENABLE_/DISABLE_ flags have been renamed to TO_ENABLE_/TO_DISABLE_.

TO_USE_ flags have been renamed to TO_ENABLE_.

Removed USE_ECIES___SIGNATURE flags.





7.2.27.3 Error codes

TO_OK (previously TO136_OK) have its value changed from 1 to **0x0000**. This change was motivated to always keep LSB free to code Secure Element error codes.

7.2.28 TO library migration guide from 2.x.x to 3.x.x

Please follow these quick steps to update TO library from 2.x.x to 3.x.x.

7.2.28.1 Headers

Include TO.h instead of TO_cli.h.

7.2.28.2 Defines

TO_I2C_WRAPPER_CONFIG replaces TO_CLI_I2C_WRAPPER_CONFIG. TO_LIB_INTERNAL_IO_BUFFER_SIZE replaces TO_CLI_INTERNAL_IO_BUFFER_SIZE.

7.2.28.3 Autotools

For Unix platforms, pkg-config file TO.pc replaces TO_client.pc.

