

TO-Protect TLS User Manual

Release 6.3.10

March 6, 2023

Authored by Trusted Objects

Contents



Contents

1	Legal 1.1 1.2	Confidentiality
2	Licen	ased product 2
3	TO-F	Protect TLS overview 3
	3.1	Highlights
	3.2	Key features
4	TO-F	Protect TLS integration 4
	4.1	How to use TO-Protect TLS
	4.2	Overall architecture
	4.3	Library files tree
	4.4	TO-Protect files tree
	4.5	Footprint
	4.6	Limitations
5	TO-F	Protect TLS setup and configuration 8
	5.1	Use TO-Protect TLS in an MCU project
		5.1.1 Reserve space to flash TO-Protect TLS
		5.1.2 Implement the HAL NVM
		5.1.3 Install TO-Protect TLS in your sources tree
		5.1.4 Install libTO in your sources tree
		5.1.5.1 Headers include paths 9 5.1.5.2 Preprocessor definitions 9
	5.2	Library configuration for an MCU project
	0.4	5.2.1 User configuration file
		5.2.2 Global settings
		5.2.2.1 Endianness
		5.2.2.2 Integers (stdint)
		5.2.3 Features settings
		5.2.3.1 Macroscopic settings
		5.2.3.2 Microscopic settings
		5.2.4 Memory settings
	5.3	Flashing TO-Protect TLS
		5.3.1 Commands to convert toolchain generated binary
		5.3.2 Typical Flash memory mapping
		5.3.3 How to Flash
		5.3.3.1 Flashing Firmware and TO-Protect separately
		5.3.3.2 Flashing a single file combining Firmware and TO-Protect 16
6	TO-F	Protect TLS usage examples 17
	6.1	Configuration
		6.1.1 Static configuration
		6.1.2 NVM HAL implementation
	6.2	Initialization
	0.0	6.2.1 TLS usage
	6.3	Uninitialization





TRUSTED

7	Prov	ided API	21
	7.1	Helper API	21
		7.1.1 TLS handshake	21
		7.1.1.1 TLS callback functions to define	21
		7.1.1.2 Handshake API	24
			30
	7.2		31
			31
			31
			32
		,	32
			$\frac{32}{32}$
			$\frac{32}{32}$
			33
			33
			33
			34
		V	36
			$\frac{38}{38}$
			46
	7.3		58
	1.0		58
	7.4		58
	1.4	V I	58
		· ·	60
			61
			62
			63
			05 65
			оэ 67
			68 75
		7.4.9 Admin constants	75
8	Misc	ellany guides	77
•	8.1		 77
	0.1		 77
			 77
			 77
			77
	8.2		78
	0.2	· ·	78
		• 0 0	78 78
			78 78
		0.2.4 TO notary ingration guide from 5.4.x to 5.5.x	78
In	dex		79





1. Legal

Copyright (C) 2016-2023 Trusted Objects. All rights reserved.

1.1 Confidentiality

The information contained in these documents is only for the information of the intended recipient and may not be modified even partially or published without the prior written consent of Trusted Objects. It is provided without any guarantees or warranty on the product.

1.2 Property

These softwares, source codes, header files, and documentations are the entire property of Trusted-Objects and cant be copied or modified, even partially, without written Trusted-Objects agreement.





2. Licensed product

Two types of license are offered for:

- Evaluation: For TO-Protect TLS evaluation, a free evaluation release with the associated documentation can be downloaded on Trusted Objects web site. There is no maintenance included.
- **Production**: Trusted Objects will grant a non-exclusive, non-transferable yearly license. A Technology Access License (TAL) agreement will be put in place. The yearly license fee will include technical support and access to updates. All related materials (sources, binary library, etc.) are provided after the agreement signing.





3. TO-Protect TLS overview

3.1 Highlights

TO-Protect is a family of lightweight secure software libraries developed by Trusted Objects for constrained applications such as industrial IoT or embedded application where strong security and limited code footprint are required.

TO-Protect delivers higher security value on the application, by enabling security functions (cryptography, secure boot, anti-cloning,), secure storage and secure connectivity (LoRaWAN, TLS,).

TO-Protect can run on most generic MCU (ARM Cortex, RISC V) of the market. TO-Protect has been developed to address different use cases, including LoRaWAN, TLS, IP Protection.

In brief, TO Protect is a 100% software secure library for generic MCU providing the same functionalities as a Secure Element.

The characteristics of TO-Protect are:

- Based on state-of-the-art software security countermeasures
- Connectivity security already implemented for easier integration
- Reduced code size and fast execution time

With the following benefits:

- Prevent physical and logical security attacks on threatened embedded devices
- Easy to integrate, including for devices already in the field (assuming host MCU or RF SoC have FOTA capability)
- Compatible with existing hardware (no redesign)

This document describes TO-Protect TLS.

3.2 Key features

libTO and TO-Protect altogether implement a full TLS stack, including the following TLS security mechanisms:

- key generation
- keys secure storage
- mutual authentication
- integrity protection
- confidentiality





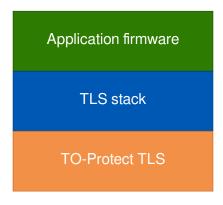
4. TO-Protect TLS integration

4.1 How to use TO-Protect TLS

If you are starting a new project, you can use *Trusted-Objects TLS stack* which is as optimized as possible in terms of footprint, and which contains a full TLS Stack. This is the easiest way to implement a firmware with a full TLS stack.

On projects already using Mbed TLS, you also have the choice to continue to use TLS stack directly. TLS stack will be adapted to use TO-Protect automatically (see Mbed TLS Application Note for details).

It has the advantage to avoid modification in your firmware, but the footprint will be higher.



TO-Protect is designed to be able to run on standard MCUs compatible with standard C API. Dynamic allocation is not used by the library.

You can find in this documentation details about the library, installation and settings instructions, and API references.

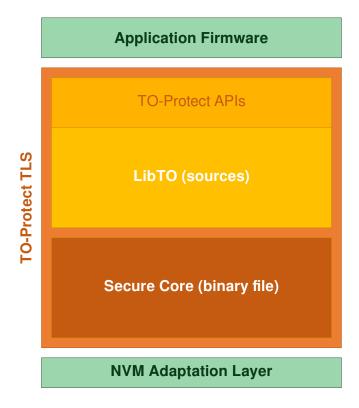




4.2 Overall architecture

TO-Protect TLS consists of 2 parts:

- libTO library: provided as source code, it provides all TO-Protect TLS APIs (TO-Protect TLS API).
- TO-Protect TLS Secure Core: provided as binary file to be flashed at a memory location of your choice, it provides all TO-Protect TLS features.



Green parts above represent the customer software, while orange parts represent Trusted Objects deliveries. The NVM adaptation layer must provide the functions to read/write/erase NVM on your platform. See *Secure storage*.

4.3 Library files tree

The libTO library files tree structure is the following:

- /include: headers providing library APIs, see *Provided API*
- /src: library sources
- /examples: some examples to use the library from your project





4.4 TO-Protect files tree

TO-Protect TLS Secure Core is delivered separately as a binary file **TO-Protect.bin**.

Along with TO-Protect.bin comes the two header files TOP_info.h and TOP_technical_info.h.

Note that these two files must **NOT** be edited by hand. They are automatically generated during the TO-Protect generation.

The libTO library includes TOP_info.h and TOP_technical_info.h, which contain information about TO-Protect TLS memory footprint information (such as Flash size and NVM size). So you must ensure that its path is in the compiler include paths.

4.5 Footprint

Table 1: TO-Protect footprint examples

	Flash	Secure Storage	RAM	Stack
TO-Protect v2.1x.xx	75K	< 7K	< 8K (1)	< 4K

Note (1): TO-Protect does NOT perform any RAM allocation (static or dynamic). So this RAM static allocation is deferred to the libTO driver part, thanks to the values exposed in TOP_info.h and TOP_technical_info.h.

Table 2: libTO footprint examples

	Flash	Secure Storage	RAM	Stack
libTO (driver excluded)	< 16K	N/A	< 1K + Helper(2)	$< 0.5 \mathrm{~K}$

Note (2): For TLS Helper buffer, see description of

- TOSE_HELPER_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE (default: 2048)
- TOSE_HELPER_TLS_FLIGHT_BUFFER_SIZE (default: 2048)

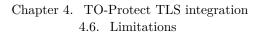
So, to calculate the total RAM requested you must add libTO requirement above, plus the size reserved for these buffers (default will be +4K).

These values have been measured on mbed-os-example-tls/tls-client (tag mbed-os-5.11.5) compiled with GNU Arm Embedded Toolchain Version 6-2017-q2-update.

Supported MCUs:

- ARM Cortex M0, M0+, M1, M3, M4 and M7,
- ARM Cortex-M23, M33, M35P and M55 with TrustZonel,
- other architectures available on demand, please contact us for more details.







4.6 Limitations

Your application must manage concurrent accesses to TO-Protect functions calls, and cumulative APIs sequences (init, update, final) must not be interrupted by another call.





5. TO-Protect TLS setup and configuration

5.1 Use TO-Protect TLS in an MCU project

In order to use TO-Protect TLS in an MCU project, please follow the integration instructions below.

Note: The following prerequisites are expected in this article:

• the ability to build C code for the target hardware

5.1.1 Reserve space to flash TO-Protect TLS

TO-Protect Secure Core is delivered separately as a binary file, **TO-Protect.bin**. You just need to reserve a free area in your Flash space, where **TO-Protect.bin** will be programmed.

Then you will need you enter this address value, either:

- in TODRV SSE cfg.h (see TODRV SSE TOP ADDRESS), or
- on the compiler command line.

We recommend that no RW data are on the same sectors as TO-Protect.bin

5.1.2 Implement the HAL NVM

TO-Protect TLS relies on an NVM adaptation layer to read, write, and erase NVM area dedicated to TO-Protect TLSs secure storage.

See NVM HAL implementation for an implementation example.

We recommend that no RW data are on the same sectors as Secure Storage

5.1.3 Install TO-Protect TLS in your sources tree

TO-Protect TLS delivery contains the files **TOP_info.h** and **TOP_technical_info.h**. These files must be placed in your project, at a place known in your project include path.

5.1.4 Install libTO in your sources tree

libTO source files must be added to your project, as detailed below.

The following directories are to be considered:

- include: header files, providing definitions and APIs
- **src**: implementation

There are two ways to install the library in your sources tree:





Chapter 5. TO-Protect TLS setup and configuration 5.2. Library configuration for an MCU project

- you can simply put TO-Protect TLS folder in your sources tree, it will be easier to update it on future deliveries, by replacing the folder
- or you can integrate different TO-Protect TLS parts among your project files, for example copy the *include* directory content with your own headers, or *src* directory contents with your HAL APIs sources

From the src folder, the following files are to be included into your build process:

• src/*.c library files

5.1.5 Configure your project

Your build process needs some configurations to be able to build and use TO-Protect TLS.

5.1.5.1 Headers include paths

No matter the way you installed the library into your source tree, be sure its headers (the files provided in the *include* directory of the library) are accessible from one of your include path.

5.1.5.2 Preprocessor definitions

The **TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX** preprocessor definition is available to set maximal logs level. Debug level prints out additional logs to help you debugging your application.

Read *Library configuration for an MCU project* for details on all available preprocessor definitions. This document also details endianness settings.

5.2 Library configuration for an MCU project

The library allows various settings with different granularity in order to customize global settings and select features to enable. These settings may be important, especially to minimize library memory usage.

Note: It is assumed you have read the library setup guide, Use TO-Protect TLS in an MCU project.

The settings below can be defined through preprocessor definitions from your build environment, or by editing the following files provided with library header files:

- TO_cfg.h: provides a way to configure libTO build
- TODRV_SSE_cfg.h: provides a way to configure the driver part of libTO
- TOSE_helper_cfg.h: provides a way to configure libTO helpers





5.2.1 User configuration file

It might be convenient to define your settings in your configuration file, outside the library tree, in order to isolate your configuration in a single file, and not having your configuration spread into various IDE menus.

For this, you can define the symbol TO_USER_CONFIG , in your IDE or on the command line.

When TO_USER_CONFIG is defined, the file TO_user_config.h will be included by the library.

5.2.2 Global settings

The following preprocessor definitions are available:

Table 1: Global MCU settings

Flag	Description
TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX	Select maximal log level to compile (log
	level is also configureable at runtime with
	$TO_set_log_level()$: -1 (disabled), 0 (er-
	ror), 1 (warning, default), 2 (info), 3 (debug)
TO_BIG_ENDIAN	Force big endian
TO_LITTLE_ENDIAN	Force little endian
HAVE_ENDIAN_H	Toolchain provides endian.h
HAVE_BYTESWAP_H	Toolchain provides byteswap.h
HAVE_NO_STDINT_H	Toolchain does not provide stdint.h
TO_USER_CONFIG	User provides file TO_user_config.h
TO_TLS_SESSIONS_NB	TLS sessions number (default: 2)
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal TLS I/O buffer size,
	must be at least as big as biggest handshake mes-
	sage (defragmented, with handshake header, with-
	out record header) except messages containing cer-
TAGE HELDED THE DIVIDED OF THE	tificates
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_RX_BUFFER_SIZE	(expert) Customize internal TLS I/O buffer size
	reserved for reception (default value: half of
TOOR HELDED TIO DISCHE DISCHED CITE	TOSE_HELPER_TLS_IO_BUFFER_SIZE)
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_FLIGHT_BUFFER_SIZE	(1)
	must be at least as big as biggest client flight (de-
	fragmented, with handshake header, without record
	header, adding 4 bytes per handshake message).
TOOR HELDED THE DECEMENT TO THE	Unused without DTLS retransmission feature.
TOSE_HELPER_TLS_RECEIVE_TIMEOUT	(expert) Customize internal TLS receive timeout

For the enable/disable flags, just define to enable the expected setting.





5.2.2.1 Endianness

If your target system build environment provides endian.h header file (defining functions such as be32toh() or htobe32()), you can just define the HAVE_ENDIAN_H preprocessor macro to 1. If your target system build environment provides byteswap.h header file (defining functions such as ___bswap16() or ___bswap32()), you can just define the HAVE_BYTESWAP_H preprocessor macro to 1. Else, endianness settings may be computed by the library from preprocessor pre-defined macros if available.

If previous solutions are not available, endianness is going to be detected at run time, when $TOSE_init()$ function is called by client application.

In all cases, if you know your target endianness, you can force it by defining TO_BIG_ENDIAN or $TO_LIT-TLE_ENDIAN$ preprocessor macros to 1 according to your architecture characteristics.

5.2.2.2 Integers (stdint)

If your target system does not provide stdint.h header file, you must define $HAVE_NO_STDINT_H$ preprocessor macro to 1. The library will declare its needed integer declarations from $TO_stdint.h$.

5.2.3 Features settings

It may be interesting to only enable features required in order to minimize library memory usage.

5.2.3.1 Macroscopic settings

These settings are used to enable or disable large sets of features (macroscopic settings). The following preprocessor definitions are available:

Table 2: Macroscopic settings

Flag	Description
TO_DISABLE_TLS_STACK	TLS stack (default: enabled)
TO_DISABLE_TLS_HELPER	TLS handshake helper (default: enabled)
TO_ENABLE_DTLS	DTLS APIs (default: disabled)
TO_DISABLE_DTLS_RETRANS-	DTLS retransmission (default: enabled)
MISSION	

Some features are disabled by default and enabled if the relevant flag is defined, the other ones are enabled by default and disabled by defining a flag.

The value of these flags does not matter, only the definition is taken into account.





5.2.3.2 Microscopic settings

These settings are used to enable or disable features with a per-API granularity (microscopic settings).

Every API has its own disable flag to tell compiler to not build the related function.

Disable flags have the following form: $TO_DISABLE_API_<API_NAME>$. For example, $get_serial_number()$ API can be disabled by defining the $TO_DISABLE_API_GET_SERIAL_NUMBER$ flag.

Some APIs can be disabled by groups:

- *_init/update/final() form APIs, as $sha256_init()$, $sha256_update()$ and $sha256_final()$, which can be disabled by group using TO_DISABLE_API_<API_NAME>_INIT_UPDATE_FINAL definition
- TLS APIs
- TLS Optimized APIs

5.2.4 Memory settings

All the configuration needed to configure TO-Protect location in Flash memory, NVM address and NVM memory settings is shown in the table below.

These parameters can be set in the file named **TODRV_SSE_cfg.h**. Or you can define these preprocessor symbols in your IDE.

Table 3: Memory settings

Flag	Description
TODRV_SSE_TOP_ADDRESS	Base address for TO-Protect Secure Core in flash memory.
	This address MUST be word aligned
TODRV_SSE_NVM_SECTOR_SIZE	Secure Storage NVM sector size

We recommend that no RW data are on the same sectors as TO-Protect.bin

We recommend that no RW data are on the same sectors as Secure Storage

5.3 Flashing TO-Protect TLS

5.3.1 Commands to convert toolchain generated binary

Depending on your toolchain, your tools can generate and handle output files with format ELF, bin, hex or S-REC.

TO-Protect is delivered as a binary file. Below are some commands that you can use to perform the conversions required to generate the file to flash.

• convert ELF to SREC:

arm-none-eabi-objcopy -v -0 srec app.elf app.s19

• convert bin to SREC:





Chapter 5. TO-Protect TLS setup and configuration 5.3. Flashing TO-Protect TLS

arm-none-eabi-objcopy -v -0 srec -I binary TO-Protect.bin TO-Protect.s19

• SREC concatenation:

• convert SREC to bin:

```
arm-none-eabi-objcopy -v -O binary -I srec full.s19 full.bin
```

• convert SREC to ELF:

```
arm-none-eabi-objcopy -v -0 elf32-littlearm -I srec full.s19 full.elf
```

• insert TO-Protect into an existing ELF:

```
arm-none-eabi-objcopy --add-section .to-protect=TO-Protect.bin --set-section-flags . \rightarrowto-protect=code,alloc,load,readonly --change-section-address .to-protect=<TO-\rightarrowProtect address, example: 0x8020000> app.elf full_fw.elf
```

• insert TO-Protect into an existing AXF:

```
see "single file" flashing below
```

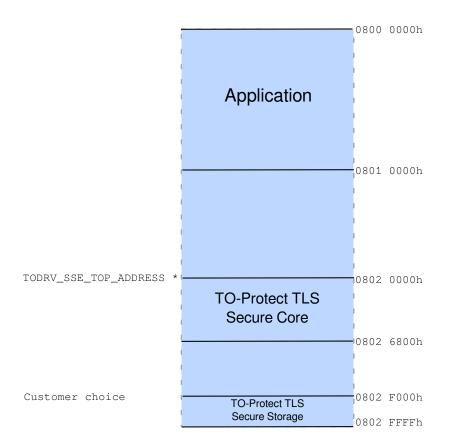
5.3.2 Typical Flash memory mapping

Use the commands above to combine your firmware with TO-Protect Secure Core (delivered as a binary file).

Below an example for a Cortex-M0+ with 192K of Flash. In this example, we suppose that:

- you place TO-Protect Secure Storage in Flash, at the end of the Flash space,
- you place TO-Protect Secure Core just before the Secure Storage,
- you place the Application at the beginning of the Flash space.





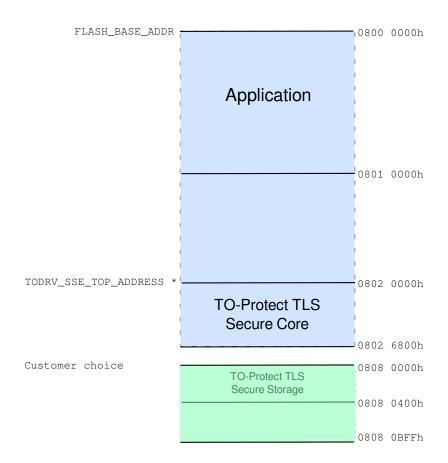
(*) This address must be defined in TODRV_SSE_cfg.h, or in your IDE

Below an example for a Cortex-M0+ with 192K of Flash and 3K of E²PROM: In this example, we suppose that:

- you place TO-Protect Secure Storage in E²PROM, at the end of the E²PROM space,
- you place TO-Protect Secure Core at the end of the Flash space,
- you place the Application at the beginning of the Flash space.



Chapter 5. TO-Protect TLS setup and configuration 5.3. Flashing TO-Protect TLS



(*) This address must be defined in TODRV_SSE_cfg.h, or in your IDE

5.3.3 How to Flash

There are two ways to Flash a device:

- using a programming tool, for example STM32 ST-Link utility.
- copying the firmware binary file to the devices virtual disk, with a shell command or using drag-and-drop. This is commonly used with MBED boards.

When using drag-and-drop for flashing, you need to produce a single file, as required by this flashing process. So you have to combine two binaries: application firmware and TO-Protect.

While when using a programming tool, you can flash the application and TO-Protect separately. Or if you prefer, you can combine the application and TO-Protect into a single file. Both options are valid.

These two options are described below.





5.3.3.1 Flashing Firmware and TO-Protect separately

This method supposes that you have a tool capable to Flash a file at a given address in memory. An example is having an ST-Link probe (already soldered on Nucleo development boards), and the STM32 ST-Link Utility software.

With the above mapping examples, you would perform:

- 1. Flashing of TO-Protect.bin at address 0x0802.0000
- 2. Flashing of Application at address 0x0800.0000

Depending on your flashing tool, you can use the commands above to convert your firmware into the file format required by your flashingtool.

5.3.3.2 Flashing a single file combining Firmware and TO-Protect

This method is required if you have to Flash:

- using file copy, or drag-and-drop to an MBed board,
- using Flashing Tool, but preferring to Flash a single file, in one shot.

Typical sequence for generating the single result file is:

The file **full_firmware.bin** is then ready to be flashed.

NOTE: for a KEIL application firmware, arm-none-eabi-objcopy cannot be used to manipulate .axf files produced by KEIL. You must configure KEIL to generate a .hex file.





6. TO-Protect TLS usage examples

6.1 Configuration

To configure TO-Protect TLS, the following sequence must be used.

6.1.1 Static configuration

First, you need to define the address where TO-Protect TLS has been flashed. This is detailed in *Memory settings*.

You also need to define what is the NVM sector size for the Secure Storage area on your platform.

This can be achieved either:

- in your IDE, by adding compiler symbols definitions,
- in the file TODRV_SSE_cfg.h, like below.

For example:

```
/* TO-Protect address */
#define TODRV_SSE_TOP_ADDRESS 0x08020000
/* Secure Storage NVM Sector size */
#define TODRV_SSE_NVM_SECTOR_SIZE 2048
```

6.1.2 NVM HAL implementation

The file **examples/secure_storage_ram.c** contains an NVM HAL example, for a fake NVM implementation in RAM. This example needs to be adapted to your platform.

In this file you will implement the three functions read/write/erase:

- TOP_secure_storage_read_func_t TODRV SSE secure storage read
- TOP_secure_storage_write_func_t TODRV_SSE_secure_storage_write
- TOP_secure_storage_erase_func_t TODRV_SSE_secure_storage_erase

In order to verify your implementation, we recommend to call <u>TODRV_SSE_num_self_test()</u> (only in development mode, not in production as it wears down the Flash memory).

In order to verify that TO-Protect is correctly flashed and not corrupted, we recommend to call <code>TODRV_SSE_top_self_test()</code> (only in development mode).





6.2 Initialization

```
Here is how you initialize TO-Protect TLS:
static TOSE_ctx_t* se_ctx;
int user_init (void)
{
    int ret;
    // Retrieve driver instance
    se_ctx = TODRV_SSE_get_ctx();
    // Initialize
    ret = TOSE_init(se_ctx);
    if (ret != TO_OK)
    {
        // Handle the situation
        // ...
        return -1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Now, you can access TO-Protect TLS functions.

6.2.1 TLS usage

```
In \underbrace{Helper\ API} are described the functions needed to perform a TLS handshake.
```

First you need to implement the transport callbacks for sending/receiving data

(continues on next page)



{



(continued from previous page) int ret; TO_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx; user_ctx_t *user_ctx; // Opaque user context if ((ret = TOSE_helper_tls_init_session(se_ctx, &tls_ctx, 0, (void*)&user_ctx,_u →user_transport_send, user_transport_receive)) != TO_OK) { // Handle the situation // ... return -1; } ret = TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake(tls_ctx); if (ret != TO_OK) // Handle the situation // ... return -1; } return 0; } After handshake succeeded, use TOSE_helper_tls_send() and TO_helper_tls_receive() to send and receive data on the TLS link. ret = TOSE_helper_tls_send(tls_ctx, (uint8_t *)rest_command, http_len); if (ret != TO OK) { // Handle the situation // ... return -1; } ret = TOSE_helper_tls_receive(tls_ctx, (uint8_t *)response, buffer_len, response_len,_ →5000); if (ret != TO_OK) { // Handle the situation // ... return -1;



}



6.3 Uninitialization

When you are done, uninitialize TO-Protect TLS





7. Provided API

7.1 Helper API

Helper APIs are high level APIs designed to make integration easier.

```
#include "TO_helper.h"
```

7.1.1 TLS handshake

TLS Helper is a set of functions making TLS handshake easy to integrate.

It only requires to provide 2 callbacks to physically send and receive data.

7.1.1.1 TLS callback functions to define

These callbacks need to be implemented and passed to TLS helper APIs to be able to send / receive data to / from the server.

```
typedef TO_lib_ret_t (*TOSE_helper_tls_send_func)(void *priv_ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32_t len)
```

Handshake helper network send function.

This function is used by TOSE_helper_tls_handshake to send data on the network.

Param priv_ctx

[in] Opaque context given to TOSE helper tls handshake

Param data

[in] Data to send

Param len

[in] Length of data

Return

TO_OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

typedef <u>TO_lib_ret_t</u> (*TOSE_helper_tls_receive_func)(void *priv_ctx, uint8_t *data, const uint32_t len, uint32_t *read_len, int32_t timeout)

Handshake helper network receive function.

This function is used by TOSE_helper_tls_handshake to receive data from the network.

Note: TO_AGAIN may be returned for example when this callback is implemented with POSIX recv(), and recv() returns #EINTR

Param priv_ctx

[in] Opaque context given to TOSE_helper_tls_handshake





Param data

[in] Data output

Param len

[in] Length of data to read

Param read len

[out] Length of data read

Param timeout

[in] Receive timeout in milliseconds (-1 for no timeout)

Retval TO OK

if some data has been received successfully, read_len is updated and >0

Retval TO TIMEOUT

timed out elapsed before any data was available

Retval TO_AGAIN

the function has been interrupted before receiving any data

Retval TO_ERROR

Other error

typedef <u>TO_ret_t</u> (*TOSE_helper_tls_unsecure_record)(void *ctx, uint16_t header_length, uint8_t *in, uint16_t in_length, uint8_t *out, uint16_t *out_length)

callback to unsecure a received protected record (HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE)

Note: The in parameter isnt const because the callback can reuse it to unsecure in place provided it doesnt write above in_length. For example if it uses hardware decryption with constraints on memory regions used by the DMA.

Param ctx

[inout] cipher context

Param header_length

[in] length of the records header

Param in

[in] input buffer containing the entire protected record (e.g. with the header)

Param in_length

[in] length of the protected record in the input buffer

Param out

[out] buffer with the plain text content of the record (e.g. without the header)

Param out length

[out] length of the plain text content

Retval TO OK

if the record is authenticated and decrypted

Retval TO_ERROR

Otherwise





callback to secure a plain text record before sending (HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE)

Note: input and output buffers provided by the caller may overlap with a gap of at least 1 AES block (*out + hdr length + AES BLOCK LEN \leq in).

Param ctx

[inout] cipher context

Param hdr

[in] plain text record header buffer

Param hdr length

[in] plain text record header length

Param in

[in] input buffer with the plain text records content data (e.g. withou header)

Param in_length

[in] length of the plain text records content data

Param out

[inout] output buffer with the ciphered content of the protected record

Retval TO OK

if the record cannot be encrypted

Retval TO_ERROR

Otherwise

```
typedef TO_ret_t (*TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx)(void *ctx, uint16_t cipher_suite, uint8_t **key_block, uint8_t *key_block_length, uint16_t *cipher_overhead_length, TOSE_helper_tls_unsecure_record *unsecure_record, TOSE_helper_tls_secure_record *secure_record) callback to setup the cipher context (HANDSHAKE_ONLY_MODE)
```

Note: This callback is called during the handshake after the cipher suite is negotiated with the server and before extracting the derived key from the Secure Element.

Param ctx

[inout] cipher context

Param cipher_suite

[in] the negociated cipher_suite identifier (as specified in TLS RFCs)

Param key_block

[out] pointer on the key block where key derivation from master secret is stored

Param key_block_length

[out] length of the key block, depends upon the negociated cipher suite





Param cipher_overhead_length

[inout] the maximum difference of length between the plain text content and the ciphered text content. The caller provides its own value if possible, the callee can lower it to 0 if it provides its own buffer to store protected records.

Param unsecure_record

[out] callback used to authenticate and decrypt incoming records

Param secure record

[out] callback used to encrypt data to the outcoming records

Retval TO_OK

if setup completed correctly

Retval TO ERROR

Otherwise

```
\label{typedef} \begin{tabular}{ll} typedef struct TOSE\_helper\_tls\_ctx\_s \begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE\_helper\_tls\_ctx
```

7.1.1.2 Handshake API

Calling one function will do all the steps of the TLS handshake.

```
void *default_cipher_ctx
```

default cipher context when NULL is passed to TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only()

```
TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx default_setup_cipher_ctx
```

default setup cipher context when NULL is passed to TOSE helper tls set mode handshake only()

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_init_session(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t **tls_ctx, const uint8_t session, void *priv_ctx, TOSE_helper_tls_send_func send_func, TOSE_helper_tls_receive_func receive_func)
```

Initialize TLS handshake.

This function initialize TLS handshake. It configures the Secure Element and initialize static environment.

Each initialized session must be cleaned with TOSE helper tls cleanup().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- tls_ctx [in] TLS context assigned
- session [in] TLS session to use
- priv_ctx [in] Opaque context to forward to given functions
- send_func [in] Function to send on network
- receive_func [in] Function to receive from network





Returns

TO OK if initialization succeed, else TO ERROR

Close TLS handshake.

This function closes TLS handshake by sending a close notify alert to the TLS server. Given context must not be used anymore. In TCP, the socket used by this session might not be usable anymore due to close notify alert.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns

TO OK if close succeed, else TO ERROR

Finalize TLS context.

It is needed to call this function if TCP socket closed for any reason.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns

TO OK if finalize succeed, else TO ERROR

Cleanup TLS handshake.

This function closes and finalizes TLS handshake and session using TOSE_helper_tls_close and TOSE_helper_tls_fini.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns

TO OK if cleanup succeed, else TO ERROR

Set DTLS retransmission timeout min/max values.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- min_timeout [in] Minimal (initial) retransmission timeout, in milliseconds
- max_timeout [in] Maximal retransmission timeout, in milliseconds

Returns

TO_OK if cleanup succeed, else TO_ERROR





Set DTLS retransmission max value.

Retransmission counter is reset in case of successful receive.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- max_retransmissions [in] Maximal retransmissions count

Returns

TO_OK if cleanup succeed, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_fragment_max_size(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint16 t max size)

Set DTLS fragment maximum size.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- max_size [in] Maximum fragment size in bytes (record & handshake headers excluded)

Returns

TO OK if cleanup succeed, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_cipher_suites(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint16_t *cipher_suites, const uint16_t cipher_suites_cnt)

Set cipher suites list.

cipher_suites values must be values defined in helper header (TO TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256, etc)

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- cipher_suites [in] Array of cipher suites (array of 16-bits integer values. See TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.)
- cipher_suites_cnt [in] Cipher suites count

Returns

TO OK in case of success, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_config_mode(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, TO_tls_mode_t mode)

Set configuration mode of the TLS session.

Note: updating the mode is persistent across reboot.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- mode [in] configuration mode (see TO_tls_mode_e)





Returns

TO OK in case of success, else TO ERROR

Configure client certificate slot of the TLS session.

Note: updating the certificate slot is persistent across reboot.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- mode [in] client certificate mode

Returns

TO_OK in case of success, else TO_ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_server_name(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const char *server_name)

Configure the servers domain name.

When the server name is configured, it is used during handshake within the SNI extension (section 3 - RFC 6066)

Note: server_name may be NULL or empty, in that case the TLS context is configured to not use the SNI extension.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [inout] context of the TLS session
- server_name [in] a string with the servers domain name

Return values

- TO_OK the server name is configured inside the TLS context
- TO ERROR the server name configuration failed

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, void *cipher_ctx,
TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx
setup_cipher_ctx)
```

configure the TLS session in HANDSHAKE_ONLY_MODE

In this mode the encryption and decryption of TLS records is delegated to the upper layer. This layer shall provide a set of callbacks to be called by the libTO to transmit the key block and to secure/unsecure records.





Note: The callback setup_cipher_ctx can been NULL if the libTO has been built with a default callback enabled. In that case the parameter cipher_ctx is ignored.

Note: This function shall be called with a initialized tls_ctx, so after calling <code>TOSE_helper_tls_init_session()</code>, and it shall be called before starting a handshake, so before <code>TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake()</code> The following sequence show the calls needed to use the mode Handshake Only with the default cipher in AES128-GCM:

Note: Once the handshake is completed. The Secure Element can be shutdown with *TOSE_fini()* as the encryption/decryption/authentication of payloads are done at the library layer.

Note: Setting the mode Handshake Only has for effect to change the persistent configuration of the Secure Element. In order to go back to the mode Full TLS, the session shall be re-configured using the following sequence:

Parameters

- tls_ctx [inout] context of the TLS session
- cipher_ctx [in] private cipher context given to the callbacks
- setup_cipher_ctx [in] callback used to setup the cipher context, call during the TLS handshake after cipher suite have been negotiated.





Return values

- TO_OK the TLS session switched to HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE
- TO_ERROR the TLS session didnt switch to HANDSHAKE ONLY MODE

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake_step(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)

Do TLS handshake step.

This function does one step of a TLS handshake. It encapsulates Secure Element payloads from optimized API in a TLS record, and sends it on the network through given function. It decapsulates TLS records received from the network and sends it to the Secure Element.

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns

TO AGAIN if intermediate step suceed, TO OK if last step succeed, else TO ERROR

TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx)

Do TLS handshake.

This function does all the steps of a TLS handshake except initialization and cleanup. It encapsulates the Secure Element payloads from optimized API in a TLS record, and sends it on the network through given function. It decapsulates TLS records received from the network and sends it to the Secure Element. This function uses TOSE_helper_tls_handshake_init() and TOSE_helper_tls_handshake_step().

Parameters

• tls_ctx - [in] TLS context

Returns

TO OK if data has been sent successfully, else TO ERROR

Get certificate slot used during TLS handshake.

This function must be called after handshake.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- slot [out] Certificate slot

Returns

TO OK if slot has been retrieved successfully, else TO ERROR





7.1.1.3 Messaging API

Once handshake is done, these 2 functions will allow to send and receive with TLS encryption using just negociated session.

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_send(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, const uint8_t *msg, const uint32 t msg len)
```

Send TLS encrypted data.

This function uses TLS handshake keys to encrypt and send a message on the network through given function.

Parameters

- tls_ctx [in] TLS context
- msg [in] Message
- msg_len [in] Message length

Returns

TO_OK if message has been sent successfully, else TO_ERROR

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_receive(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, uint8_t *msg, uint32_t max_msg_len, uint32_t *msg_len, int32_t timeout)
```

Receive TLS encrypted data.

This function uses given function to receive a message from the network and decrypts it with TLS handshake keys.

Parameters

- tls ctx [in] TLS context
- msg [out] Message output buffer
- max_msg_len [in] Message output buffer length
- msg len [out] Receive message length
- timeout [in] Receive timeout in milliseconds (-1 for no timeout)

Returns

TO_OK if message has been received successfully, TO_TIMEOUT if given timeout has been exceeded, else TO $\,$ ERROR

```
TO_lib_ret_t TOSE_helper_tls_recv(TOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t *tls_ctx, uint8_t *msg, uint32_t max_msg_len, uint32_t *msg_len, int32_t timeout_ms)
```

receive plain text application data

More precisely, receives at most a plain text record of type application data, less if the receiving buffer is too short or if a record has been partially received previously.

Note: the parameter timeout_ms is given to the receive_func() callback provided to $TOSE_helper_tls_init_session()$. To ensure to not block more than timeout_ms, the recv() callback is called just once, thus the TO_AGAIN retval if partial data has been received.

Parameters





- tls_ctx [inout] the TLS context
- msg [out] received data
- max_msg_len [in] maximum length of data writable in msg
- msg_len [out] number of bytes read
- timeout_ms [in] the maximum time to wait data in milliseconds

Return values

- T0_0K application data received with success, msg is updated and *msg_len is greater than 0
- TO_AGAIN some data has been received but not enough to receive a complete record, or it was not application data (see note above)
- TO_TIMEOUT timeout elapsed before any bytes were received
- TO_ERROR data cannot be received, the connection shall be (re-)initialized

7.2 TO-Protect TLS API

These APIs are used to communicate with TO-Protect.

#include "TO.h"

7.2.1 Secure storage

Secure storage is a persistent storage for TO-Protect. It is used by the TO-Protect binary to store data. Data in the secure storage could be counters or keys, and are protected by a smart mechanism against read and modifications.

As TO-Protect is an external binary, developers need to:

- Provide a non-volatile area where TO-Protect will store data
- Provide read, write and erase functions to manage this area

7.2.1.1 Provide a non-volatile area

First, you have to choose the good non-volatile device.

Empty flash area is usually easy to find, but you have to reserve full sectors as each write will be made on one or several sectors. That is to say that if you choose flash as NVM for TO-Protect, you need to align this area with a sector, and reserve a entire number of sectors. Moreover, flash endurance is expressed as the maximum number of erase cycles that you can do before sector wear-out. It is typically around 50K cycles.

EEPROM is not always present in a MCU, and is generally smaller. It does not require to erase a full sector before writing new content. Moreover, it has a higher endurance value, typically about 100K writes.

So prefer EEPROM if it is available.

The required NVM size can be calculated with the help of TOP_STORAGE_NVM_SIZE macro.





Flash or EEPROM characteristics must be entered in the file TODRV_SSE_cfg.h, or set in your IDE. You must fill this parameter about the secure storage NVM (see Memory settings):

• NVM Sector size in TODRV_SSE_NVM_SECTOR_SIZE

7.2.1.2 Provide read, write and erase functions to NVM area

You have to declare 3 functions in your program to allow TO-Protect to access its NVM storage area.

TO-Protect uses these functions, passing a relative address, starting from 0 (which is the secure storage relative base address). When you implement these functions, you have to convert this address to absolute address, depending on where you want to put the secure storage, and then call the platform functions to respectively read, write and erase the NVM (flash or EEPROM).

Address in Flash = $\langle SECURE_STORAGE_ADDRESS \rangle + address provided by TO-Protect In case of error, you have to return <u>TO_ERROR</u>.$

7.2.1.2.1 Read function

• TOP_secure_storage_read_func_t TODRV_SSE_secure_storage_read with the following prototype:

Warning: doxygentypedef: Cannot find typedef TOP_secure_storage_read_func_t in doxygen xml output for project libTO from directory: xml/

7.2.1.2.2 Write function

• TOP_secure_storage_write_func_t TODRV_SSE_secure_storage_write with the following prototype:

Warning: doxygentypedef: Cannot find typedef TOP_secure_storage_write_func_t in doxygen xml output for project libTO from directory: xml/

7.2.1.2.3 Erase function

• TOP_secure_storage_erase_func_t TODRV_SSE_secure_storage_erase with the following prototype:

Warning: doxygentypedef: Cannot find typedef TOP_secure_storage_erase_func_t in doxygen xml output for project libTO from directory: xml/





7.2.2 TO-Protect functions

You will find below the list of TLS functions.

Nevertheless, please refer to *Helper API* for high-level functions to simplify integration.

7.2.2.1 Initialization

The following functions are used to initialize the library with given driver configuration.

```
TOSE_ctx_t *TODRV_HSE_get_ctx(void)
```

Get HSE context.

Returns

HSE context pointer

Get SSE context.

Returns

SSE context pointer

Initialize Secure Element.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

Uninitialize Secure Element.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

7.2.2.2 Self-test

The following functions are used to self-test driver configuration.

```
TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_SSE_nvm_self_test(void)
```

Self-test for NVM load/store functions with driver configuration.

In order to verify your implementation, we recommend to call this function (only in development, not in production, as it wears down the Flash memory and will write test data over the secure storage).

Return values

- TO_OK If the selftest has been passed successfully
- TO_ERROR If an error has been detected during the test

Returns

TO_lib_ret_t return code





```
TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_SSE_top_self_test(void)
```

Self-test TO-Protect.

In order to verify that TO-Protect is correctly flashed and not corrupted, we recommend to call this function while in development mode.

Returns

TO_OK in case of success, error otherwise

TO_lib_ret_t TODRV_SSE_set_top_address(void *sse_top_address)

Enables providing the base address of TO-Protect when its obtained dynamically.

Parameters

• sse_top_address - TOP Address of TO-Protect

Return values

TO_OK - If data has been read successfully

Returns

TO lib ret t return code

7.2.2.3 System

Misc. system functions.

TO ret t TOSE_get_serial_number(TOSE ctx t *ctx, uint8 t serial number[TO SN SIZE])

Returns the unique Secure Element serial number.

The Serial Number is encoded on 8 bytes:

- The first 3 bytes identify the application ID.
- The last 5 bytes are the chip ID. Each Secure Element has an unique serial number.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- serial_number [out] Secure Element serial number

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_get_hardware_serial_number(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t hardware_serial_number[TO_HW_SN_SIZE])
```

Returns the hardware serial number.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hardware_serial_number [out] Hardware serial number

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_product_number(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t product_number[TO_PN_SIZE])

Returns the Secure Element product number.

Product Number is a text string encoded on 12 bytes, e.g. TOSF-IS1-001

Parameters

• ctx – [in] Pointer to the SE context





• product_number - [out] Secure Element product number

Returns the Secure Element hardware version.

Hardware version is encoded on 2 bytes. Available values are:

- 00 00: Software
- 00 01: SCO136i

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hardware_version [out] Secure Element hardware version

Returns the Secure Element software version.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- major [out] Major number. When this byte changes, API changes have occurred, incompatibility issues may be met, depending on your application.
- minor [out] Minor number. This byte is incremented when changes happen without breaking the API.
- revision [out] Revision number. This byte is incremented on each new build (when released).

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_get_product_id(TOSE\_ctx\_t *ctx, uint8_t product_id[TO\_PRODUCT\_ID\_SIZE])
Returns the Secure Element product identifier.
```

The product identifier is a text string, encoded on maximum 15 ASCII bytes. It identifies the personalization profile.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- product_id [out] Secure Element product identifier

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_random(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint16_t random_length, uint8_t *random)

Returns a random number of the given length.

Request a random number to Secure Element random number generator.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- random_length [in] Requested random length
- random [out] Returned random number





TO_ret_t TOSE_access_dummy_data(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t write_data, uint32_t *dummy data)

Returns the dummy data.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- write_data [in] Indicates whether we have to write (1) it or only read (0) it.
- dummy_data [out] Pointer to the data to be read/written

7.2.2.4 Hashes

Hashing functions.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_sha256(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, uint8_t sha256[TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE])
```

SHA256 computation.

Compute SHA256 hash on the given data.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to compute SHA256 on
- data_length [in] Data length, max. 512 bytes
- sha256 [out] returned computed SHA256

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP INTERNAL ERROR if a fault has been detected
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN if the data_length is too large (> 512)
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO ret t TOSE_sha256_init(TOSE ctx t *ctx)

Compute SHA256 on more than 512 bytes of data.

This function must be followed by calls to <u>TOSE_sha256_update()</u> and <u>TOSE_sha256_final()</u>.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

Returns

• TORSP_SUCCESS on success





- TORSP_INTERNAL_ERROR if a fault has been detected
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error
- TO_ret_t TOSE_sha256_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t length)
 Update SHA256 computation with new data.

This function can be called several times to provide data to compute SHA256 on, and must be called after *TOSE* sha256 init().

This command is used to transmit data. It can be called several times, typically splitting the data into several blocks of 512 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- data [in] Data to compute SHA256 on
- length [in] Data length, max. 512 bytes

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP INTERNAL ERROR if a fault has been detected
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN if the data_length is too large (> 512)
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED if not called after *TOSE_sha256_init()* or *TOSE_sha256_update()*
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error
- TO ret t TOSE sha256 final (TOSE ctx t*ctx, uint8 t sha256[TO SHA256 HASHSIZE])

Returns the SHA256 hash of the data previously given.

This function must be called after <u>TOSE_sha256_init()</u> and <u>TOSE_sha256_update()</u>.

This command finalizes the process and returns the SHA256 hash of the given data. This command handles the padding computation.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- sha256 [out] returned computed SHA256





- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_INTERNAL_ERROR if a fault has been detected
- TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED: if not called after *TOSE_sha256_update()*
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

7.2.2.5 Authentication

Certificates management and signature functions.

Secure Element certificate index is starting from 0 (if the AVNET TO136 version supports several certificates).

For details on Secure Element certificate formats see Secure Element Datasheet.

TO_ret_t TOSE_sign(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *challenge, const uint16_t challenge_length, uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE])

Returns the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given data.

Note that calling this function is equivalent to calling TOSE_sha256() followed by TOSE_sign_hash().

Signature Size is twice the size of the ECC key in bytes. With a 256 bits key, signature is 64 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE contex
- key index [in] Key index to use for signature
- challenge [in] Challenge to be signed
- challenge_length [in] Challenge length (maximum 512)
- signature [out] Returned challenge signature (64 bytes)

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_verify(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_length, const uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE])

Verifies the given Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given data.

The public key used for the signature verification must be previously provided using the TOSE_set_remote_public_key() call.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Remote Public Key index to use for verification
- data [in] Data to verify signature on
- data_length [in] Data length (maximum 512)
- signature [in] Expected data signature (64 bytes)

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: invalid signature
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_sign_hash(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t hash[TO HASH SIZE], uint8 t signature[TO SIGNATURE SIZE])
```

Returns the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the given hash.

Signature Size is twice the size of the ECC key in bytes. With a 256 bits key, signature is 64 bytes.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key index [in] Key index to use for signature
- hash [in] Hash to be signed
- signature [out] Returned hash signature

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid key index
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow





• TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_hash_signature(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t key_index, const uint8_t hash[TO_HASH_SIZE], const uint8_t signature[TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE])
```

Verifies the given Elliptic Curve Digital Signature of the data that generates the given hash.

The public key used for the signature verification must be previously provided using the TOSE_set_remote_public_key() call.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- key_index [in] Remote Public Key index to use for verification
- hash [in] Hash to verify signature on (32 bytes)
- signature [in] Expected hash signature (64 bytes)

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE: invalid signature
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

Returns subject common name of one of the Secure Element certificates.

Request a certificate subject common name to Secure Element according to the given index.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- subject_cn [out] Returned certificate subject common name null terminated string

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element





- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t csr_dn[TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE], const uint16 t csr_dn len)
```

Set CSR distinguished name.

Set certificate distinguished name which will be used in next CSR.

openssl can be used to generate a fake CSR and extract the Distinguished Name sequence in DER format, like:

- openssl ecparam -out acme.key -name prime256v1 -genkey
- openssl req -new -key acme.key -out acme.csr -subj /CN=*.ACME.com/O=ACME/OU=Security Services
- openssl asn1parse -in acme.csr Note the number of the first SEQUENCE with depth=2; in example above, this is item number 9
- openssl asn1parse -in acme.csr -strparse 9 -out extract_acme_DN.der and the file extract_acme_DN.der contains the Distinguished Name in DER format, that can be used as parameter to <u>TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn()</u> Double-check that Distinguished Name size (check <u>extract_acme_DN.der</u> file size on the disk) does not exceed TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE; else this will be rejected by libTO.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Certificate index
- csr dn [in] CSR distinguished name (without main sequence tag & length)
- csr_dn_len [in] CSR distinguished name length

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TORSP_INVALID_LEN: invalid Distinguished Name length (> TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE)
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate_signing_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, uint8 t *csr. uint16 t *size)

Get new certificate signing request.

Request a x509 DER formated certificate signing request according to the given index. CSR distinguished name can be set with $TOSE_set_certificate_signing_request_dn()$, otherwise existing certificate DN will be used (if any).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Certificate index to renew
- csr [out] Returned CSR data
- size [out] Returned CSR real size

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16_t size)

Set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

Set a x509 DER formated certificate according to the given index. The new certificate must be signed by a CA trusted by the Secure Element.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- certificate [in] New certificate data (x509 DER formated)
- size [in] New certificate size

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP NOT AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device





- TO MEMORY ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index)
Initialize to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE_set_certificate_x509

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16 t size)

Update to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE_set_certificate_x509

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [in] New certificate partial data (from x509 DER formated)
- size [in] New certificate partial data size

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_set_certificate_x509_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)

Finalize to set new certificate from previously generated CSR.

See TOSE set certificate x509

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

Returns

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO INVALID RESPONSE LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, const TO_certificate_format_t certificate_format, uint8_t *certificate)

Returns one of the Secure Element certificates.

Request a certificate to Secure Element according to the given index and format.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- certificate [out] Pointer to a buffer, which will receive the Certificate under the
 desired format.
- size [out] Size of the transferred data, is returned in output.

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE: certificate Format not supported
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error





TO_ret_t TOSE_get_certificate_x509(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t certificate_index, uint8_t *certificate, uint16 t *size)

Returns one of the certificates, x509 DER formatted.

Request a x509 DER formated certificate according to the given index.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_index [in] Requested certificate index
- certificate [out] Returned certificate data
- size [out] Size of the transferred certificate, is returned in output.

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE: invalid Certificate Number
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR: generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_verify_ca_certificate_and_store(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t ca_key_index, const uint8_t subca_key_index, const uint8_t *certificate, const uint16_t certificate_len)
```

Requests to verify signature of the given subCA certificate; if verification succeeds, this certificate is stored into Secure Element CA slot.

Note: the only supported certificate format for this command is DER X509.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- ca_key_index [in] index of the CA slot used to verify subCA
- subca_key_index [in] subCA index to store certificate
- certificate [in] Certificate to be verified and stored
- certificate_len [in] Certificate length

- TORSP SUCCESS on success
- TORSP ARG OUT OF RANGE: invalid CA Key index
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow





• TO ERROR: generic error

Returns a challenge (random number of fixed length) and store it into Secure Element memory.

This command must be called before TOSE_verify_challenge_signature().

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- challenge [out] Returned challenge

Returns

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO DEVICE WRITE ERROR: error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR: error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet~$ TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH: unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR: internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR: generic error

7.2.2.6 TLS

```
TO ret t TOSE_tls_reset(TOSE ctx t *ctx)
```

Resets the current TLS/DTLS session.

Note:

After resetting the session, a full handshake will have to be re-negociated, as the session keys and master secrets are reset for this session. It does not have any influence on the other sessions that may be opened.

It can be used also to fix a malfunctioning TLS slot.

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_mode (TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const TO_tls_mode_t mode) TO_DEPRECATED

Selects between TLS and DTLS mode and resets the session for the current selected slot.

Deprecated:

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- mode [in] TLS mode. Currently only <u>TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2</u> and <u>TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2</u> are supported.





TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_config(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const TO_tls_config_id_t config_id, const uint8_t *config, const uint16 t config_len)

Set TLS config (either mode or cipher suite selection).

Permits to switch to TLS or DTLS, to select a cipher suite for the handshake and resets the current session (if the configuration has changed).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- config_id [in] TLS configuration ID (either TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MODE or TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CIPHER_SUITES)
- config [in] Pointer to the desired new TLS configuration
- config_len [in] TLS configuration length (1 for the mode, 2 for the cipher suite)

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_session(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t session)
```

Selects the current TLS session slot to be used.

Note: There are several session slots available which can be connected to different servers. Depending on your application you may have to switch between those session slots.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- session [in] TLS session ID

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_set_cid_ext_id(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const TO_tls_extension_t cid_ext_id)
```

Set sets the type of the extension ID corresponding to the connection ID.

Currently, the ID corresponding to the connection ID is still part of a draft standard (dec. 2021). Until the moment the RFC standard is published, this entry-point is used to provide this information.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- cid_ext_id [in] Connection ID extension ID

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t timestamp[TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE], uint8_t *client_hello, uint16_t *client_hello_len)
```

Generates the TLS Client Hello (client) message.

When a client first connects to a server, it is required to send the ClientHello as its first message. The client can also send a ClientHello in response to a HelloRequest or on its own initiative in order to renegotiate the security parameters in an existing connection.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)





- client_hello [out] Pointer to a buffer receiving the ClientHello payload (up to 79 bytes in TLS, 120 bytes in DTLS)
- client_hello_len [out] Pointer to receive the ClientHello payload length

Get TLS ClientHello with extension.

Return the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record. The length of the response can be different depending on the use case.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)
- ext_data [in] extension data
- ext_length [in] extension length
- client_hello [out] ClientHello payload
- client_hello_len [out] ClientHello payload length

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- \bullet TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR – error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_init(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx, const uint8_t timestamp[TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE], const uint8_t *ext_data, uint16_t ext_length, uint16_t *client hello len, uint8 t*final flag)
```

Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Init.

Initialize retrieval of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

- ctx [inout] SE context
- timestamp [in] Timestamp (seconds since epoch)
- ext_data [in] extension data
- ext_length [in] extension length
- client hello len [out] ClientHello payload length





• final_flag - [out] signal the final chunk of ClientHello to be received with *TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final()*

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH} unexpected \ response \ length \ from \ device$
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *data, uint16_t *part_len, uint8_t *final_flag)
```

Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Update.

Return a part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [out] ClientHello payload part
- part_len [out] ClientHello payload part length
- final_flag [out] signal the final chunk of ClientHello to be received with TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final()

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO DEVICE READ ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_final(TOSE\_ctx\_t*ctx, uint8_t *data)
```

Get TLS ClientHello - CAPI version - Final.

Return the last part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ClientHello message. This payload must be encapsulated in a TLS record.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [out] last ClientHello payload part

Return values

• TORSP SUCCESS - on success





- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH unexpected response length from device
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_hello_verify_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *hello_verify_request, const uint32_t hello_verify_request_len)
```

Handles the DTLS HelloVerifyRequest (server) message.

When the client sends its ClientHello message to the server, the server MAY respond with a HelloVerifyRequest message. This message contains a stateless cookie.

Note: This message processing is only needed in the case of DTLS

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- hello_verify_request [in] HelloVerifyRequest message
- hello_verify_request_len [in] HelloVerifyRequest message length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_hello, const uint32_t server_hello_len)
```

Handles the ServerHello (server) message.

The server will send this message in response to a ClientHello message when it was able to find an acceptable set of algorithms. If it cannot find such a match, it will respond with a handshake failure alert.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_hello [in] ServertHello payload
- server hello len [in] ServertHello payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint32_t server_hello_len)
Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Init.
```

Initialize handling of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- server_hello_len [in] ServerHello payload length

Return values

• $TORSP_SUCCESS - on success$





- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE bad content
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32_t part_len)
```

Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Update.

Handle a part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [in] part of ServerHello payload
- part_len [in] part length

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE bad content
- TO_MEMORY_ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow
- TO_ERROR generic error

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *data, const uint32_t last_len)
```

Handle TLS ServerHello - CAPI version - Final.

Handle the last part of the TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerHello message received during TLS handshake.

Parameters

- ctx [inout] SE context
- data [in] last part of ServerHello payload
- last_len [in] last part len

Return values

- TORSP_SUCCESS on success
- TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR error writing data to Secure Element
- TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR error reading data from Secure Element
- $\bullet \ \ \, \textbf{TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE} bad \ content \\$
- TO MEMORY ERROR internal I/O buffer overflow





• TO_ERROR - generic error

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate(TOSE\_ctx\_t*ctx, const uint8_t *server_certificate, const uint32 t server certificate len)
```

Handles the TLS Certificate (server) message.

The server MUST send a Certificate message whenever the agreed- upon key exchange method uses certificates for authentication (this includes all key exchange methods defined in this document except DH_anon). This message will always immediately follow the ServerHello message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_certificate [in] Certificate payload
- server_certificate_len [in] Certificate payload length

Handles the TLS Server Certificate header (server)

Handle TLS Server Certificate header from TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerCertificate message. The goal of TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_ init(), udate() and final(), is to validate a certificate chain, and to store the public key of the first certificate. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_certificate_init [in] Certificate payload header (handshake header
 - certificates list length)
- server_certificate_init_len [in] Certificate payload header length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_certificate_update, const uint32_t server_certificate_update len)
```

Handles the TLS Server Certificate partial payload (server)

Handle TLS Server Certificate partial payload from TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerCertificate message, and if possible, verify the signature and memories the key of the current certificate of the certificates chain. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command. This command can be called several times. $TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init()$ must be called prior to this call.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server certificate update [in] Certificate partial payload
- server_certificate_update_len [in] Certificate partial payload length

TO ret t TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_final(TOSE ctx t *ctx)

Finishes the TLS Server Certificate handling (server)





• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context * Finish Server Certificate TLS handshake payload handling by verifying signature of last certificate and store the public key of the first certificate of the chain. You must decapsulate it from TLS record prior to use this command. Functions TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init(), and TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_update() must be called prior to this call.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_key_exchange, const uint32_t server_key_exchange_len)
```

Handle the TLS ServerKeyExchange (server) message.

Handle TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS ServerKeyExchange message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_key_exchange [in] ServerKeyExchange payload
- server_key_exchange_len [in] ServerKeyExchange payload length

Handles the TLS Server ServerKeyExchange (server) header.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server_key_exchange_init [in] ServerKeyExchange payload header (handshake header
 - key exchanges list length)
- server_key_exchange_init_len [in] ServerKeyExchange payload header length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_key_exchange_update, const uint32_t server_key_exchange_update_len)
```

Handles the TLS Server ServerKeyExchange partial payload (server)

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server key exchange update [in] ServerKeyExchange partial payload
- server_key_exchange_update_len [in] ServerKeyExchange partial payload length

TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_final(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx)

Finishes TLS Server ServerKeyExchange handling (server)

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context





```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_certificate_request(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *certificate_request, const uint32_t certificate request len)
```

Handles the TLS CertificateRequest (server) message.

The server MUST send a Certificate message whenever the agreed- upon key exchange method uses certificates for authentication (this includes all key exchange methods defined in this document except DH_anon). This message will always immediately follow the ServerHello message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_request [in] CertificateRequest payload
- certificate_request_len [in] CertificateRequest payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_done(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *server_hello_done, const uint32 t server hello done len)
```

Handles the DTLS ServerHelloDone (server) message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- server hello done [in] ServerHelloDone payload
- server_hello_done_len [in] ServerHelloDone payload length

```
TO\_ret\_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate(TOSE\_ctx\_t*ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)
```

Generates the TLS Certificate (client) message.

This is the first message the client can send after receiving a ServerHelloDone message. This message is only sent if the server requests a certificate. If no suitable certificate is available, the client MUST send a certificate message containing no certificates.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate_len [out] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_init(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)
```

Get the TLS Certificate initialization (client)

This function is used with <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_update()</u> and <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_final()</u> to get TLS Certificate of more than 512 bytes without limitation. This first command initiates the process.

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate len [out] Certificate payload length





TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_update(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate, uint16_t *certificate len)

Gets the TLS Certificate update (client)

This command can be called several times. Function <u>TOSE_tls_get_certificate_init()</u> must be called prior to this command.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate [out] Certificate payload
- certificate_len [out] Certificate payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_final(TOSE_ctx_t*ctx)
```

Gets the TLS Certificate finalize (client)

Parameters

• ctx - [in] Pointer to the SE context

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_client_key_exchange(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *client_key_exchange, uint16 t *client key exchange len)
```

Gets the TLS ClientKeyExchange (client) message.

Get TLS handshake payload of the standard TLS message ClientKeyExchange, containing internal Secure Elements ephemeral public key if using ECDHE cipher suite.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- $\bullet \ \ \textbf{client_key_exchange} [\textbf{out}] \ ClientKeyExchange \ payload \\$
- client_key_exchange_len [out] ClientKeyExchange payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_verify(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *certificate_verify, uint16_t *certificate_verify len)
```

Generates the TLS Certificate Verify (client) message.

This message is used to provide explicit verification of a client certificate. This message is only sent following a client certificate that has signing capability (i.e., all certificates except those containing fixed Diffie-Hellman parameters). When sent, it MUST immediately follow the client key exchange message.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- certificate_verify [out] CertificateVerify payload
- certificate_verify_len [out] CertificateVerify payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_change_cipher_spec(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *change_cipher_spec, uint16_t *change_cipher_spec_len)
```

Generates the TLS Change_Cipher_Spec (client) message.

The ChangeCipherSpec message is sent by both the client and the server to notify the receiving party that subsequent records will be protected under the newly negotiated CipherSpec and keys. This message is technically not part of the handshake.





Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- change_cipher_spec [out] ChangeCipherSpec payload
- change_cipher_spec_len [out] ChangeCipherSpec payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_finished(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *finished, uint16_t *finished_len)
```

Generates the TLS Finished (client) message.

The Finished message is the first one protected with the just negotiated algorithms, keys, and secrets. Recipients of Finished messages MUST verify that the contents are correct. Once a side has sent its Finished message and received and validated the Finished message from its peer, it may begin to send and receive application data over the connection.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- finished [out] Finish payload
- finished_len [out] Finish payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_change_cipher_spec(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *change_cipher_spec, const uint32_t change_cipher_spec len)
```

Handles the TLS ChangeCipherSpec (server) message.

The change cipher spec protocol exists to signal transitions in ciphering strategies. The protocol consists of a single message, which is encrypted and compressed under the current (not the pending) connection state.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- change_cipher_spec [in] ChangeCipherSpec payload
- change_cipher_spec_len [in] ChangeCipherSpec payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_finished(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *finished, const uint32_t finished len)
```

Handles the TLS Finished (server) message.

The Finished message is the first one protected with the just negotiated algorithms, keys, and secrets. Recipients of Finished messages MUST verify that the contents are correct. Once a side has sent its Finished message and received and validated the Finished message from its peer, it may begin to send and receive application data over the connection.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- finished [in] Finished payload
- finished_len [in] Finish payload length

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_get_certificate_slot(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, uint8_t *slot)
```

Generates the TLS certificate slot used during handshake (client) message.





- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- slot [out] Certificate slot

Post

Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_secure_payload(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *header, const uint16_t header_len, const uint8_t *data, const uint16_t data_len, uint8_t *payload_len)
```

Secures a (client) message with TLS.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- header [in] TLS header
- header_len [in] TLS header length
- data [in] TLS data
- data_len [in] TLS data length
- payload [out] Secured message (without header)
- payload_len [out] Secured message (without header) length

Post

Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_unsecure_payload(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *header, const uint16_t header_len, const uint8_t *payload, const uint16_t payload_len, uint8_t *data, uint16_t *data_len)
```

Unsecure message with TLS.

Decrypt data received from server through TLS. Take a TLS record as input with encrypted content and return a TLS record with clear content.

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- header [in] TLS header
- header_len [in] TLS header length
- payload [in] Secured message (without header)
- payload_len [in] Secured message (without header) length
- data [out] TLS data
- data_len [out] TLS data length

Post

Handshake must have been proceeded before calling this function.

```
TO_ret_t TOSE_tls_handle_mediator_certificate(TOSE_ctx_t *ctx, const uint8_t *mediator_certificate, const uint32_t mediator_certificate_len)
```





Handles the TLS proprietary MediatorCertificate (server) message.

This is a TO-specific message, used to handle the mediator certificate. This message is not part of any standard (TLS or DTLS).

Parameters

- ctx [in] Pointer to the SE context
- mediator_certificate [in] MediatorCertificate payload
- mediator_certificate_len [in] MediatorCertificate payload length

7.3 Library core APIs

7.3.1 Logs

The following function is used to set library log level.

```
void T0_set_log_level(TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, TO_log_func_t *log_function)
```

Sets the Log function and log level.

This function permits to change the log level and the log function.

Parameters

- log ctx Current log context
- level Desired log level
- log_function Log function (eg. TO_log)

7.4 Types and definitions

LibTO types and definitions.

```
#include "TO_defs.h"
```

7.4.1 Library error codes

group lib_codes

Error codes





Typedefs

```
typedef enum TO_lib_ret_e TO_lib_ret_t
```

Enums

```
enum TO_lib_ret_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_OK
    enumerator TO_MEMORY_ERROR
    enumerator TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR
    enumerator TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CA_ID
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_FORMAT
    enumerator TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_NUMBER
    enumerator TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH
    enumerator TO_SECLINK_ERROR
    enumerator TO_TIMEOUT
    enumerator TO_AGAIN
    enumerator TO_INVALID_PARAM
    enumerator TO_NOT_IMPLEMENTED
    enumerator TO_ERROR
```

Note: Less significant byte is left empty because it is reserved for Secure Element error codes, then it is possible to return Secure Element and library error codes in one single variable. See *Secure Element error codes*.





7.4.2 Secure Element error codes

 $group \ \mathtt{se_codes}$

Typedefs

typedef enum TO_se_ret_e TO_se_ret_t

Secure Element response codes.

These return codes are common to all TO Secure elements, including the TO-136 and TO-Protect. Therefore, some of these return values may have a different meaning depending on the SE you are using, and the context you are receiving it. Refer yourself to the called function to have a more precise information.

Enums

```
enum TO_se_ret_e
```

Secure Element response codes.

These return codes are common to all TO Secure elements, including the TO-136 and TO-Protect. Therefore, some of these return values may have a different meaning depending on the SE you are using, and the context you are receiving it. Refer yourself to the called function to have a more precise information.

Values:

enumerator TORSP_UNKNOWN_CMD

Indicates that the SE does not know how to handle this command

enumerator TORSP_BAD_SIGNATURE

The digital signature is wrong

enumerator TORSP_INVALID_LEN

The provided length is wrong

 ${\bf enumerator}~{\bf TORSP_NOT_AVAILABLE}$

The requested data cannot be retrieved

enumerator TORSP_INVALID_PADDING

The expected padding is not respected

enumerator TORSP_COM_ERROR

A communication error has occurred





enumerator T0136RSP_COM_ERROR

Deprecated, use TORSP_COM_ERROR instead

enumerator TORSP_NEED_AUTHENTICATION

An authentication process has to be conduced to pursue

enumerator TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED

This command cannot be used in this context

enumerator TORSP_ARG_OUT_OF_RANGE

An argument is not in the expected range

enumerator TORSP_SUCCESS

The Commands execution has been conduced correctly

enumerator TORSP_NO_VALID_SECURE_STORAGE_FOUND

No valid secure storage found

enumerator TORSP_INCONSISTENT_SECURE_STORAGES

Inconsistent secure storages

enumerator TORSP_WRONG_SECURE_STORAGE_VERSION

Secure Storages version is wrong

enumerator TORSP_WRONG_INSTALLATION

Wrong code integrity

enumerator TORSP_SECLINK_RENEW_KEY

The SecLink key has to be renewed

enumerator TORSP_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred. It may be the proof that something unexpected has happened (for instance, a fault has been detected).

7.4.3 Combined error codes

group error_codes





Defines

```
TO_LIB_ERRCODE(errcode) ((errcode) & 0xFF00)

Mask error code to extract library error

TO_SE_ERRCODE(errcode) ((errcode) & 0x00FF)

Mask error code to extract SE error
```

Typedefs

```
typedef uint16_t TO_ret_t
```

7.4.4 Generic context

```
group tose_defs
```

Typedefs

```
typedef struct <a href="TOSE_drv_ctx_s">TOSE_drv_ctx_t</a>
Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)

typedef struct <a href="TOSE_ctx_s">TOSE_ctx_t</a>
Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)

struct <a href="TOSE_drv_ctx_s">TOSE_drv_ctx_s</a>
#include <a href="TO_defs.h">#include <a href="TO_defs.h">TO_defs.h</a> Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)
```

Public Members

```
const struct TODRV_api_s *api
Driver API

uint32_t func_offset
Offset to add to driver API functions

TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx
Running-platform specific log function

void *priv_ctx
Driver private context
```





```
struct TOSE_ctx_s
```

 $\#include < TO_defs.h > Context structure for Secure Elements (Hardware / Software / other)$

Public Members

TOSE_drv_ctx_t *drv

Driver context

 $uint8_t$ initialized

Context initialization state

7.4.5 Log levels

group log_level

Defines

 ${\tt TO_LOG_LEVEL_NONE} \ {\tt -1}$

Log levels

 ${\tt TO_LOG_LEVEL_ERR}\ 0$

TO_LOG_LEVEL_WRN 1

 ${\tt TO_LOG_LEVEL_INF}\ 2$

 ${\tt TO_LOG_LEVEL_DBG}$ 3

 ${\tt TO_LOG_LEVEL_MASK}\ 0x0f$

 ${\tt TO_LOG_STRING}~0x00$

 ${\tt TO_LOG_BUFFER}\ 0x10$

 ${\tt TO_LOG_HEX_DISP}\ 0x20$

 ${\tt TO_LOG_TRACE}\ 0x30$





Typedefs

```
typedef struct TO_log_ctx_s TO_log_ctx_t
```

The Log context, propagated to all layers.

```
void() TO_log_func_t (TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, void *ptr,.
..)
```

Pointer to a log function.

This function will be responsible for displaying/processing logs in a way suitable for your application.

Enums

```
enum TO_log_level_e
```

Different log levels that are available to the application.

Values:

Functions

```
enum T0_log_level_e __attribute__ ((packed)) T0_log_level_t
```

Different log levels that are available to the application.

```
void print_log_function(const TO_log_level_t level, const char *log)
```

Default print log function, potentialy to be customized per-target.

Depending on your target and the way to send string messages out, you may have to rewrite it. In this case, just declare a function having the same names/parameters, printing-out the messages.

Parameters

- level Importance level of the message
- log String to be displayed

```
void TO_log(TO_log_ctx_t *log_ctx, const TO_log_level_t level, void *ptr, ...)
```

Default LOG display function.

Parameters

- log_ctx The LOG context
- level The desired log display level
- ptr Pointer to the string (mandatory parameter)

```
\label{to_log_level_to_log_ctx_t} $$ void $TO\_set_log_level_t level, TO\_log_func_t $$ *log function)$
```

Sets the Log function and log level.

This function permits to change the log level and the log function.





Parameters

- log_ctx Current log context
- level Desired log level
- log_function Log function (eg. TO_log)

Get the LOG context.

This function is weak, and can be replaced by your own implementation.

Returns

$$TO_log_ctx_t*$$

struct TO_log_ctx_s

 $\#include < TO_log.h >$ The Log context, propagated to all layers.

Public Members

7.4.6 Miscellaneous constants

group constants

Misc constants

Defines

 ${\tt TO_INDEX_SIZE}~1UL$

 ${\tt TO_FORMAT_SIZE}~1{\rm UL}$

 ${\tt TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE} \ 16 UL$

TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE

 ${\tt TO_AES_KEYSIZE} \ 16 UL$





 ${\tt TO_AESGCM_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE} \ 12UL$

 ${\tt TO_AESGCM_TAG_SIZE}~16UL$

 ${\tt TO_AESGCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE} \ 2UL$

TO_AESCCM_NONCE_SIZE 13UL

 ${\tt TO_AESCCM_TAG_SIZE} \ 16UL$

 ${\tt TO_AESCCM_8_TAG_SIZE}~8UL$

 ${\tt TO_AESCCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE} \ 2UL$

 ${\tt TO_HMAC_KEYSIZE}~16UL$

 ${\tt TO_HMAC_SIZE} \ {\tt TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE}$

 ${\tt TO_HMAC_MINSIZE}~10UL$

 ${\tt TO_CMAC_KEYSIZE}~16UL$

TO_CMAC_SIZE TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE

 ${\tt TO_CMAC_MIN_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_SEQUENCE_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE}~32UL$

TO_HASH_SIZE TO_SHA256_HASHSIZE

 ${\tt TO_CHALLENGE_SIZE} \ 32UL$

TO_KEY_FINGERPRINT_SIZE 3UL

 ${\tt TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE}~4UL$

TO_CRC_SIZE 2UL





```
{\tt TO\_SN\_SIZE}~({\tt TO\_SN\_CA\_ID\_SIZE+TO\_SN\_NB\_SIZE})
```

 ${\tt TO_HW_SN_SIZE}~23{\rm UL}$

 ${\tt TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE}~3UL$

TO_SN_NB_SIZE 5UL

 ${\tt TO_PN_SIZE}~12UL$

TO_HW_VERSION_SIZE 2UL

TO_SW_VERSION_SIZE 3UL

 ${\tt TO_PRODUCT_ID_SIZE}~15UL$

 ${\tt TO_SEED_SIZE}~32UL$

7.4.7 Certificates constants

 $group \ \mathtt{cert_constants}$

Certificate constants

Defines

TO_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (TO_SN_SIZE+TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE+TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE)

 ${\tt TO_CERT_PRIVKEY_SIZE}~32UL$

TO_ECC_PRIV_KEYSIZE TO_CERT_PRIVKEY_SIZE

TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE (2*TO_ECC_PRIV_KEYSIZE)

TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE

TO_CERT_GENERALIZED_TIME_SIZE 15UL /* YYYYMMDDHHMMSSZ */

TO_CERT_DATE_SIZE ((TO_CERT_GENERALIZED_TIME_SIZE - 1) / 2)





```
TO_CERT_SUBJECT_PREFIX_SIZE 15UL

TO_SHORTV2_CERT_SIZE (TO_CERTIFICATE_SIZE + TO_CERT_DATE_SIZE)

TO_REMOTE_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (TO_SN_SIZE+TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE)

TO_REMOTE_CAID_SIZE TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE

TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE 64UL

TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_PREFIX_MAXSIZE (TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE - TO_SN_SIZE * 2)

TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE 127UL

TO_KEYTYPE_SIZE TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE

TO_CA_PUBKEY_SIZE TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE

TO_CA_PUBKEY_CAID_SIZE TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE

TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SIZE 20UL

TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SIZE 20UL
```

7.4.8 TLS constants

 $group \ {\tt tls_constants}$

TLS constants

Defines

TO_TLS_RECORD_CIPHER_OVERHEAD_MAX (352UL)

maximum data overhead between a protected record and its plain text version

The theorical maximum data overhead between a protected record and its plain text version is 1024 but in practice it should not exceed AES256 with SHA512 in CBC mode with max padding: $(32 \text{ (IV)} + 64 \text{ (hmac)} + 256 \text{ (max padding)}) => 352 \text{ This value is used when the real overhead is not known, to determine if a plain text record to send need to be fragmented before encryption$





 ${\tt TO_TLS_MAJOR}\ 3$

 ${\tt TO_TLS_MINOR}\ 3$

TO_TLS_RECORD_MAX_SIZE (1UL « 14)

TO_TLS_RANDOM_SIZE (TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE + 28UL)

 ${\tt TO_TLS_MASTER_SECRET_SIZE}~48UL$

TO_TLS_SERVER_PARAMS_SIZE 69UL

 ${\tt TO_TLS_HMAC_KEYSIZE}~32UL$

TO_TLS_FINISHED_SIZE 12UL

TO_TLS_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC_SIZE 1UL

TO_TLS_HEADER_SIZE 5UL

 ${ t TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE}~4UL$

TO_TLS_AEAD_IMPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE 4UL

 ${\tt TO_TLS_AEAD_EXPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE}~8UL$

TO_TLS_SNI_LENGTH_MAX 253U

 ${\tt TO_DTLS_MAJOR}\ 254$

 ${\tt TO_DTLS_MINOR}~253$

TO_DTLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE 8UL

 ${\tt TO_DTLS_HEADER_SIZE}~13UL$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{TO_DTLS_HEADER_SIZE} & \textbf{TO_DTLS_HEADER_SIZE} + \textbf{TO_DTLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE} \end{tabular}$

TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE 12UL





TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_MAXSIZE (TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE + TO_DTLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE)

Typedefs

```
typedef enum TO_tls_mode_e TO_tls_mode_t
    Different modes available for TO-Protect TLS.
typedef enum TO_tls_config_id_e TO_tls_config_id_t
typedef enum TO_tls_record_type_e TO_tls_record_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_e TO_tls_cipher_suite_t
typedef enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_encryption_type_e TO_tls_encryption_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_handshake_type_e TO_tls_handshake_type_t
typedef enum TO_tls_state_e TO_tls_state_t
typedef enum TO_tls_extensions_e TO_tls_extension_t
Enums
enum TO_tls_mode_e
```

```
Different modes available for TO-Protect TLS.
Values:
enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_UNKNOWN
   Unknown mode (uninitialized)
enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
   Handshake Only mode
enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2
   TLS 1.2 only
```





```
enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
        TLS 1.2, in Handshake only
    enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2
        DTLS 1.2 only
    enumerator TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
        DTLS 1.2, in Handshake only
enum TO_tls_config_id_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_UNKNOWN
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MODE
        Configure mode on 1 byte. See TO_tls_mode_e.
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CIPHER_SUITES
        Configure cipher suites list (each cipher suite on 2 bytes, big-endian)
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CERTIFICATE_SLOT
        Configure certificate slot
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MAX
    enumerator TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_LAST
enum TO_tls_record_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_ALERT
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_HANDSHAKE
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_APPLICATION_DATA
    enumerator TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_TLS_12_CID
enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_e
    Values:
```





```
enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
    enumerator TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
enum TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_ECDHE
    enumerator TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_PSK
enum TO_tls_encryption_type_e
    Values:
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CBC
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CCM
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_CCM_8
    enumerator TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AES_GCM
enum TO_tls_handshake_type_e
    Values:
```





enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CLIENT_HELLO enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_SERVER_HELLO enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_HELLO_VERIFY_REQUEST enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_CLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_FINISHED enumerator TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_MEDIATOR_CERTIFICATE enum TO_tls_state_e Values: enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_START enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_1 enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_HELLO enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_1_INIT enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_2 enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_VERIFY_REQUEST enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_2_INIT enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_3





enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_HELLO_WITH_COOKIE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_3_INIT

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_4

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_4_INIT

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CERTIFICATE_REQUEST

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_MEDIATOR_CERTIFICATE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT_NO_CLIENT_AUTH

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_FINISHED

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_6

enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC





enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_6_INIT enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_FINISHED enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_DONE enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_FAILED enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_FATAL_RECEIVED enumerator TO_TLS_STATE_CLOSE_RECEIVED enum TO_tls_extensions_e Values: enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SERVER_NAME enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SIG_ALG enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_ECC enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_ECC_POINT_FORMAT enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_TRUNCATED_HMAC enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_CONNECTION_ID enumerator TO_TLS_EXTENSION_DUMMY_MAX

7.4.9 Admin constants

group admin_constants
Admin constants





Defines

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_DIVERS_DATA_SIZE} \ {\tt TO_SN_SIZE}$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_PROTO_INFO_SIZE}~4UL$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_OPTIONS_SIZE}~2UL$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_CHALLENGE_SIZE}~8UL$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_CRYPTOGRAM_SIZE}~8UL$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_MAC_SIZE}~8UL$

 ${\tt TO_ADMIN_DATAIDX_SIZE}~4$





8. Miscellany guides

8.1 Production optimizations

8.1.1 Features

In production environment, all unneeded features must be disabled using corresponding configuration flags.

8.1.2 Internal buffers

Internal buffers sizes must be reduced to fit the biggest used size in order to optimize library footprint.

8.1.3 Logs

Logs must be disabled as it can slow down performances, and increase the footprint. It can be done by setting $TO_LOG_LEVEL_MAX$ at disabled state.

Note: Changing log level at runtime with $TO_set_log_level()$ will fix performance issue but will not reduce the footprint.

See *Library configuration for an MCU project* to properly configure libTO.

8.1.4 Evaluation / Production differences

Evaluation version is delivered for integration purposes only.

Performances are similar in both versions.

Memory footprints are similar in both versions.

Evaluation version has exactly the same functional behavior than production version, but does not come with security protections as in production version:

- Evaluation version has no counter-measures against fault and side-channel attacks,
- Evaluation version has no resistance against reverse-engineering,
- Secure storage is replaced by a single masking with 0xFF,
- All crypto assets will remain unprotected in memory.
- some security breaches are willingly added.





8.2 Migration

8.2.1 TO library migration guide from 5.7.x to 5.8.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.7.x to 5.8.x.

TLS helper TOSE_helper_tls_cleanup() function is splitted in 2 new functions:

- TOSE_helper_tls_close()
- TOSE_helper_tls_fini()

Note: TOSE_helper_tls_cleanup() can still be used.

8.2.2 TO library migration guide from 5.6.x to 5.7.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.6.x to 5.7.x.

CSR function *TOSE_set_certificate_x509()* is now also available with helper TOSE_helper_set_certificate_x509() when it needs to be used with a small I2C buffer.

8.2.3 TO library migration guide from 5.5.x to 5.6.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.5.x to 5.6.x.

New function TOSE_get_product_id() to get product ID.

8.2.4 TO library migration guide from 5.4.x to 5.5.x

The following changes are to be taken into account to update from 5.4.x to 5.5.x.

A user configuration file can now be included by libTO using TO CONFIG FILE define.





Index

D	TO_FORMAT_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 65
default_cipher_ctx (C var), 24	TO_HASH_SIZE (C macro), 66
default_setup_cipher_ctx (C var), 24	TO_HMAC_KEYSIZE ($C\ macro$), 66
	TO_HMAC_MINSIZE ($C\ macro$), 66
P	TO_HMAC_SIZE $(C \ macro), \ 66$
print_log_function (C function), 64	TO_HW_SN_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 67
F(TO_HW_VERSION_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 67
T	TO_INDEX_SIZE (C macro), 65
TO_ADMIN_CHALLENGE_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE (C macro), 65
TO_ADMIN_CRYPTOGRAM_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_KEY_FINGERPRINT_SIZE (C macro), 66
TO_ADMIN_DATAIDX_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SHORT_SIZE (C macro), 68
TO_ADMIN_DIVERS_DATA_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_KEY_IDENTIFIER_SIZE (C macro), 68
TO_ADMIN_MAC_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_KEYTYPE_SIZE (C macro), 68
TO_ADMIN_OPTIONS_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_LIB_ERRCODE (C macro), 62
TO_ADMIN_PROTO_INFO_SIZE (C macro), 76	TO_lib_ret_e (<i>C enum</i>), 59
TO_AES_BLOCK_SIZE (C macro), 65	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_AGAIN (C enumerator), 59
TO_AES_KEYSIZE (C macro), 65	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_DEVICE_READ_ERROR (C enumer
TO_AESCCM_8_TAG_SIZE (C macro), 66	ator), 59
TO_AESCCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE (C macro), 66	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_DEVICE_WRITE_ERROR (C enu
TO_AESCCM_NONCE_SIZE (C macro), 66	merator), 59 TO_lib_ret_e.TO_ERROR (C enumerator), 59
TO_AESCCM_TAG_SIZE (C macro), 66	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_INVALID_CA_ID (C enumerator)
TO_AESGCM_AAD_LEN_SIZE (C macro), 66	59
TO_AESGCM_INITIALVECTOR_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 65	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_FORMAT
TO_AESGCM_TAG_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 66	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{59}{}$
TO_CA_PUBKEY_CAID_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 68	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_INVALID_CERTIFICATE_NUMBER
TO_CA_PUBKEY_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 68	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{59}{}$
TO_CERT_DATE_SIZE (C macro), 67	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_INVALID_PARAM (C enumerator)
TO_CERT_DN_MAXSIZE (C macro), 68	59
TO_CERT_GENERALIZED_TIME_SIZE (C macro), 67	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_INVALID_RESPONSE_LENGTH (
TO_CERT_PRIVKEY_SIZE (C macro), 67	enumerator), 59
TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_MAXSIZE (C macro), 68	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_MEMORY_ERROR (C enumerator)
${\tt TO_CERT_SUBJECT_CN_PREFIX_MAXSIZE} \ (C \ macro),$	59
68	${\tt TO_lib_ret_e.TO_NOT_IMPLEMENTED} \ \ (C \ \ enumera$
TO_CERT_SUBJECT_PREFIX_SIZE (C macro), 67	$tor), \frac{59}{}$
TO_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (C macro), 67	${ t TO_lib_ret_e.TO_OK}$ (C $enumerator$), ${ t 59}$
TO_CHALLENGE_SIZE (C macro), 66	$\verb"TO_lib_ret_e.TO_SECLINK_ERROR" (C\ enumerator)$
TO_CMAC_KEYSIZE (C macro), 66 TO_CMAC_MIN_SIZE (C macro), 66	59
TO_CMAC_MIN_SIZE (C macro), 66	TO_lib_ret_e.TO_TIMEOUT $(C\ enumerator),\ 59$
TO_CRC_SIZE (C macro), 66	TO_lib_ret_t $(C type)$, 59
TO_DTLS_CONNECTION_ID_MAXSIZE (C macro), 69	$TO_log(C function), 64$
TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_MAXSIZE (C macro),	TO_LOG_BUFFER (C macro), 63
69	TO_log_ctx_s (C struct), 65
TO_DTLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE (C macro), 69	TO_log_ctx_s.log_function (C var), 65
TO_DTLS_HEADER_MAXSIZE (C macro), 69	TO_log_ctx_s.log_level (C var), 65
TO_DTLS_HEADER_SIZE (C macro), 69	TO_log_ctx_t (C type), 64
TO_DTLS_MAJOR (C macro), 69	TO_log_get_ctx (C function), 65
TO_DTLS_MINOR (C macro), 69	TO_LOG_HEX_DISP (C macro), 63
TO_ECC_PRIV_KEYSIZE (C macro), 67	TO_LOG_LEVEL_DBG ($C\ macro$), 63 TO_log_level_e ($C\ enum$), 64
TO_ECC_PUB_KEYSIZE (C macro), 67	TO_LOG_LEVEL_ERR (C macro), 63
•	10_100_111 1111 (0 1100010), 00





$\texttt{FO_LOG_LEVEL_INF}\ (C\ macro),\ \textbf{63}$	TO_SIGNATURE_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 67
${ t FO_LOG_LEVEL_MASK}$ $(C\ macro),\ { t 63}$	TO_SN_CA_ID_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 67
${ t FO_LOG_LEVEL_NONE} \ (C \ macro), \ { t 63}$	TO_SN_NB_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 67
${ t FO_LOG_LEVEL_WRN} \ (C \ macro), \ { t 63}$	$TO_SN_SIZE\ (C\ macro),\ 66$
$\texttt{FO_LOG_STRING}\ (C\ macro),\ footnote{63}$	TO_SW_VERSION_SIZE $(C \ macro), 67$
$\texttt{FO_LOG_TRACE}\ (C\ macro),\ \textbf{63}$	TO_TIMESTAMP_SIZE ($C\ macro$), 66
$\texttt{FO_PN_SIZE}\ (C\ macro),\ extbf{67}$	TO_TLS_AEAD_EXPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE (C macro), 69
TO_PRODUCT_ID_SIZE (C macro), 67	TO_TLS_AEAD_IMPLICIT_NONCE_SIZE (C macro), 69
TO_REMOTE_CAID_SIZE (C macro), 68	TO_TLS_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC_SIZE (C macro), 69
TO_REMOTE_CERTIFICATE_SIZE (C macro), 68	$TO_tls_cipher_suite_e(Cenum), 71$
<code>[O_ret_t</code> ($C\ type$), 62	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC
$\texttt{FO_SE_ERRCODE}$ (C $macro$), 62	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
$\texttt{IO_se_ret_e}\ (\textit{Cenum}), \color{red} \color{red} \color{red} \color{blue} $	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM
${ t FO_se_ret_e.TO136RSP_COM_ERROR}$ (C $enumera$ -	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
tor), 60	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CCM
${ t FO}_{ t Se}_{ t ret}$. ${ t TORSP}_{ t ARG}_{ t OUT}_{ t OF}_{ t RANGE}$ (C enu-	(Cenumerator), 72
merator), 61	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM
${ t FO_}$ se_ret_e. ${ t TORSP_}$ BAD_SIGNATURE (C enumera-	$(\bar{C}\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
tor), 60	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SI
<pre>FO_se_ret_e.TORSP_COM_ERROR (C enumerator), 60</pre>	$(\tilde{C}\ enumerator), 72$
TO_se_ret_e.TORSP_COND_OF_USE_NOT_SATISFIED	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SI
$(\bar{C} \ enumerator), \frac{61}{}$	$(C\ enumerator), 72$
	STO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
$(C\ enumerator), 61$	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{71}{}$
O_se_ret_e.TORSP_INTERNAL_ERROR (C enumera-	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM
tor), 61	(Cenumerator), 72
O_se_ret_e.TORSP_INVALID_LEN (C enumerator),	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8
60	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
${ t FO}_{ t Se}_{ t TO}$	TO_tls_cipher_suite_e.TO_TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
ator), 60	(Cenumerator), 72
${ t FO}_{ t Se}_{ t TO}$ REFO_AUTHENTICATION ($C\ enu$	TO_tls_cipher_suite_t (C type), 70
merator), 61	TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e (C enum), 72
, ·	NDO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e.TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_ECDHE
$(C\ enumerator), 61$	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
, ,	TO_tls_cipher_suite_type_e.TO_TLS_CIPHER_SUITE_PSK
tor), 60	$(C\ enumerator), \frac{72}{}$
FO_se_ret_e.TORSP_SECLINK_RENEW_KEY ($C\ enu$ -	
merator), 61	TO_tls_config_id_e (C enum), 71
TO_se_ret_e.TORSP_SUCCESS (C enumerator), 61	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CERTIFICATE_SLOT
TO_se_ret_e.TORSP_UNKNOWN_CMD (C enumerator),	(C enumerator), 71
60	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_CIPHER_SUITES
t t t t t t t t t t t t t	$(C\ enumerator), 71$
merator), 61	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_LAST (C
TO_se_ret_e.TORSP_WRONG_SECURE_STORAGE_VERSION	
$(C\ enumerator), 61$	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MAX (C
(C enumerator), 61 $[0]$ se_ret_t $(C \text{ type}), 60$	enumerator), 71
CO_SEED_SIZE (C $macro$), 67	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_MODE (C
CO_SEED_SIZE (C $macro)$, $CO_SEQUENCE_SIZE$ (C $macro)$, $CO_SEQUENCE_SIZE$ (C $macro)$, $CO_SEQUENCE_SIZE$ (C $macro$), $CO_SEQUENCE_SIZE$	enumerator), 71
FO_set_log_level (C function), 58 , 64	TO_tls_config_id_e.TO_TLS_CONFIG_ID_UNKNOWN
CO_SHA256_HASHSIZE (C macro), 66	(C enumerator), 71
TO SHORTV2 CERT SIZE (C macro), 68	TO the configuration, C time C
	10 6 6 5 5 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1



```
{\tt TO\_tls\_encryption\_type\_e}~(\textit{C enum}),~\textcolor{red}{72}
                                                 TO_tls_handshake_type_t (C type), 70
TO_tls_encryption_type_e.TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AESTCBCLS_HEADER_SIZE (C macro), 69
        (C enumerator), 72
                                                 TO_TLS_HMAC_KEYSIZE (C macro), 69
TO_tls_encryption_type_e.TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AESTCCCMLS_MAJOR (C macro), 68
                                                 TO_TLS_MASTER_SECRET_SIZE (C macro), 69
        (C\ enumerator), 72
TO_tls_encryption_type_e.TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AESTOCCMLS_MINOR (C macro), 69
                                                 TO tls mode e (C enum), 70
        (C\ enumerator), 72
TO_tls_encryption_type_e.TO_TLS_ENCRYPTION_AEST@CMs_mode_e.TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2 (C enu-
        (C enumerator), 72
                                                         merator), 71
                                                 TO_tls_mode_e.TO_TLS_MODE_DTLS_1_2_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
TO_tls_encryption_type_t (C type), 70
TO tls extension t (C type), 70
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 71
                                                 TO tls mode e.TO TLS MODE HANDSHAKE ONLY ( {\cal C}
TO_tls_extensions_e (C enum), 75
TO tls extensions e.TO TLS EXTENSION CONNECTION ID
                                                         enumerator), 70
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_tls_mode_e.TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2 (C enumer-
TO_tls_extensions_e.TO_TLS_EXTENSION_DUMMY_MAX
                                                         ator), 70
        (C enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_tls_mode_e.TO_TLS_MODE_TLS_1_2_HANDSHAKE_ONLY
{	t TO\_tls\_extensions\_e.TO\_TLS\_EXTENSION\_ECC} ( C
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 70
        enumerator), 75
                                                 {\tt TO\_tls\_mode\_e.TO\_TLS\_MODE\_UNKNOWN} ( C enumer-
{\tt TO\_tls\_extensions\_e.TO\_TLS\_EXTENSION\_ECC\_POINT\_FORMAT~} ator),~{\tt 70}
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_tls_mode_t (C type), 70
TO_tls_extensions_e.TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SERVER_NAME_TLS_RANDOM_SIZE (C macro), 69
                                                 TO_TLS_RECORD_CIPHER_OVERHEAD_MAX (C macro),
        (C enumerator), 75
TO_tls_extensions_e.TO_TLS_EXTENSION_SIG_ALG
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_TLS_RECORD_MAX_SIZE (C macro), 69
TO_tls_extensions_e.TO_TLS_EXTENSION_TRUNCATEDT@MMACs_record_type_e (C enum), 71
        (C enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_tls_record_type_e.TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_ALERT
TO_TLS_FINISHED_SIZE (C macro), 69
                                                         (C enumerator), 71
TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_HEADER_SIZE (C macro), 69
                                                 TO_tls_record_type_e.TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_APPLICATION_DATA
TO_tls_handshake_type_e (C enum), 72
                                                         (C enumerator), 71
TO tls handshake type e.TO TLS HANDSHAKE TYPE TIERITIS ICANOCTU type e.TO TLS RECORD TYPE CHANGE CIPHER SPEC
        (C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 71
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TOERTISFICOATOSFORECONDESTE.TO_TLS_RECORD_TYPE_HANDSHAKE
        (C enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 71
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TOERGILS_ICAGOSCOVERGISS_CO.TLS_RECORD_TYPE_TLS_12_CID
        (C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         (C enumerator), 71
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TOLIENST_NEELADd_type_t (C\ type), 70
                                                 TO_TLS_SERVER_PARAMS_SIZE (C macro), 69
        (C\ enumerator), 72
 \verb|TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_{\verb|TOL_TENST_SOEX_LEXICHAHLQWAX|} (C\ macro), 69 
                                                 TO_tls_state_e (C enum), 73
        (C enumerator), 73
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_FUNTEMEDDate_e.TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE
        (C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 74
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_THELLLDs_VESTBATEY_&REQUESTIS_STATE_CLIENT_CERTIFICATE_VERIFY
        (C enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 74
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TMEDCLASTORt_COER_TCFINC_AMIES_STATE_CLIENT_CHANGE_CIPHER_SPEC
        (C enumerator), 73
                                                         (C enumerator), 74
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TSEERVESR_HHEALLO_e.TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_FINISHED
        (C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 74
(C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         enumerator), 73
TO_tls_handshake_type_e.TO_TLS_HANDSHAKE_TYPE_TOERWESL_XXEXY_EZXCHANGELS_STATE_CLIENT_HELLO_WITH_COOKIE
        (C\ enumerator), 73
                                                         (C\ enumerator), 73
```



```
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_CLIENT_KEY_EXCHANGE
                                                          (C\ enumerator), 74
        (C\ enumerator), 74
                                                 TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_VERIFY_REQUEST
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_CLOSE_RECEIVED
                                                          (C enumerator), 73
        (C enumerator), 75
                                                 TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_KEY_EXCHANGE
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_FATAL_RECEIVED
                                                          (C\ enumerator), 74
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TO tls state t (C type), 70
                                                 TODRV_HSE_get_ctx (C function), 33
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_1} (C\ enu-
        merator), 73
                                                 TODRV_SSE_get_ctx (C function), 33
{	t TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_1\_INIT} ( C
                                                 TODRV_SSE_nvm_self_test (C function), 33
                                                 TODRV_SSE_set_top_address (C function), 34
        enumerator), 73
                                                 TODRV_SSE_top_self_test (C function), 33
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_2} (C\ enu-
        merator), 73
                                                 TOSE_access_dummy_data (C function), 35
{	t TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_2\_INIT} ( C
                                                 TOSE ctx s (C struct), 62
        enumerator), 73
                                                 TOSE_ctx_s.drv (C \ var), 63
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_3} (C\ enu-
                                                 TOSE_ctx_s.initialized (C var), 63
                                                 TOSE_ctx_t (C type), 62
        merator), 73
{	t TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_3\_INIT} ( C
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_s (C struct), 62
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_s.api (C var), 62
        enumerator), 74
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_4} (C enu-
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_s.func_offset (C var), 62
        merator), 74
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_s.log_ctx(C var), 62
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_4\_INIT}~(C
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_s.priv_ctx(C var), 62
                                                 TOSE_drv_ctx_t (C type), 62
        enumerator), 74
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_5} (C\ enu-
                                                 TOSE fini (C function), 33
        merator), 74
                                                 TOSE_get_certificate (C function), 44
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT (C TOSE_get_certificate_signing_request (C func-
        enumerator), 74
                                                          tion), 41
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_FLIGHT_5_INIT_NO_CIOSHIRettificate_subject_cn (C function),
        (C enumerator), 74
                                                          40
{\tt TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_6} (C\ enu-
                                                 TOSE_get_certificate_x509 (C function), 44
                                                 TOSE_get_challenge_and_store (C function), 46
        merator), 74
{	t TO\_tls\_state\_e.TO\_TLS\_STATE\_FLIGHT\_6\_INIT}
                                                 TOSE\_get\_hardware\_serial\_number (C function),
        enumerator), 74
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_DONE
                                                 TOSE\_get\_hardware\_version (C function), 35
                                                 TOSE_get_product_id (C function), 35
        (C\ enumerator), 75
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_FAILED
                                                 TOSE_get_product_number (C function), 34
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TOSE_get_random (C function), 35
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_HANDSHAKE_START
                                                 TOSE_get_serial_number (C function), 34
                                                 TOSE_get_software_version (C function), 35
        (C\ enumerator), 73
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_MEDIATOR_CERTIFICATORSE_helper_tls_cleanup (C function), 25
        (C\ enumerator), 74
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_close (C function), 25
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CERTIFICATETOSE_helper_tls_ctx_t (C type), 24
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_do_handshake (C function), 29
        (C\ enumerator), 74
(C enumerator), 74
                                                          tion), 29
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_CHANGE_CIPHERS_ESPEC1per_tls_fini (C function), 25
        (C\ enumerator), 74
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_get_certificate_slot (C func-
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_FINISHED
                                                          tion), 29
        (C\ enumerator), 75
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_init_session (C function), 24
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_receive (C function), 30
                                                 TOSE_helper_tls_receive_func (C \ type), 21
        enumerator), 74
TO_tls_state_e.TO_TLS_STATE_SERVER_HELLO_DONE TOSE_helper_tls_recv (C function), 30
```



$\begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE_helper_tls_secure_record~(C~type), 22 \\ TOSE_helper_tls_send~(C~function), 30 \\ \end{tabular}$	$\label{tose_tose_tose_tose} \begin{split} \texttt{TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_update} \ (\textit{C function}), \\ 49 \end{split}$
$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	TOSE_tls_get_client_key_exchange (C function), 55
<pre>tion), 26 TOSE_helper_tls_set_config_certificate_slot (C function), 27</pre>	<pre>TOSE_tls_get_finished (C function), 56 TOSE_tls_handle_certificate_request (C func- tion), 53</pre>
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TOSE_tls_handle_change_cipher_spec (C function), 56
$\begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE_helper_tls_set_fragment_max_size & (C & function), 26 \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_only & (C & C) \\ TOSE_helper_tls_set_mode_handshake_t$	TOSE_tls_handle_finished (C function), 56 TOSE_tls_handle_hello_verify_request (C function), 50
$function), \ 27$ TOSE_helper_tls_set_retransmission_max (C	TOSE_tls_handle_mediator_certificate (C func- tion), 57
function), 25 TOSE_helper_tls_set_retransmission_timeout	TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate (C function), 52
(C function), 25 TOSE_helper_tls_set_server_name (C function),	TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_final $(C function)$, 52
27 TOSE_helper_tls_setup_cipher_ctx (C type), 23	TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_init $(C function)$, 52
TOSE_helper_tls_unsecure_record $(C\ type)$, 22 TOSE_init $(C\ function)$, 33	TOSE_tls_handle_server_certificate_update (C function), 52
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{tabular}{llll} {\tt TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello} & (C\ function), \begin{tabular}{llll} 50\\ {\tt TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_done} & (C\ function). \end{tabular}$
TOSE_set_certificate_x509 (C function), 42	tion), 54
TOSE_set_certificate_x509_final (C function), 43	TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_final (C function), 51
TOSE_set_certificate_x509_init (C function), 43 TOSE_set_certificate_x509_update (C function),	TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_init (C function), 50
43 TOSE_sha256 (<i>C function</i>), 36	TOSE_tls_handle_server_hello_update (C function), 51
TOSE_sha256_final (C function), 37 TOSE_sha256_init (C function), 36	TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange (C function), 53
$ \begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE_sha256_update (C function$), 37\\ TOSE_sign ($C$ function$), $38\\ \end{tabular} $	TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_final (C function), 53
$ \begin{split} & \texttt{TOSE_sign_hash} \ (\textit{C function}), \ \textcolor{red}{\textbf{39}} \\ & \texttt{TOSE_tls_get_certificate} \ (\textit{C function}), \ \textcolor{red}{\textbf{54}} \end{split} $	TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_init (C function), 53
$\begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE_tls_get_certificate_final~(C~function), 55\\ TOSE_tls_get_certificate_init~(C~function), 54\\ \end{tabular}$	TOSE_tls_handle_server_key_exchange_update $(C function), 53$
TOSE_tls_get_certificate_slot (C function), 56	TOSE_tls_reset (C function), 46
$ \begin{array}{c} {\tt TOSE_tls_get_certificate_update} \ \ (C \ function), \\ 54 \end{array} $	TOSE_tls_secure_payload (C function), 57 TOSE_tls_set_cid_ext_id (C function), 47
$\begin{tabular}{ll} {\tt TOSE_tls_get_certificate_verify} & (C & function), \\ & & 55 \end{tabular}$	TOSE_tls_set_config (C function), 46 TOSE_tls_set_session (C function), 47
$\begin{tabular}{ll} {\tt TOSE_tls_get_change_cipher_spec} & (C \ function), \\ & {\tt 55} \end{tabular}$	TOSE_tls_unsecure_payload (C function), 57 TOSE_verify (C function), 38
$\begin{tabular}{ll} TOSE_tls_get_client_hello~(C~function), 47\\ TOSE_tls_get_client_hello_ext~(C~function), 48\\ \end{tabular}$	${\tt TOSE_verify_ca_certificate_and_store}~(C~function),~{\tt 45}$
$ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	${\tt TOSE_verify_hash_signature}~(\textit{C function}),~ \textcolor{red}{40}$
TOSE the get client hello init (C function) 48	

