PRIM'S ALGORITHM

CODE:

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// A C++ program for Prim's Minimum
// Spanning Tree (MST) algorithm. The program is
// for adjacency matrix representation of the graph
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// Number of vertices in the graph
#define V 5
// A utility function to find the vertex with
// minimum key value, from the set of vertices
// not yet included in MST
int minKey(int key[], bool mstSet[])
     // Initialize min value
     int min = INT MAX, min index;
     for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
           if (mstSet[v] == false \&\& key[v] < min)
                min = key[v], min index = v;
     return min index;
}
// A utility function to print the
// constructed MST stored in parent[]
void printMST(int parent[], int graph[V][V])
     cout << "Edge \tWeight\n";</pre>
     for (int i = 1; i < V; i++)
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<< graph[i][parent[i]] << " \n";
}
// Function to construct and print MST for
// a graph represented using adjacency
// matrix representation
void primMST(int graph[V][V])
     // Array to store constructed MST
     int parent[V];
     // Key values used to pick minimum weight edge in cut
     int key[V];
     // To represent set of vertices included in MST
     bool mstSet[V];
     // Initialize all keys as INFINITE
     for (int i = 0; i < V; i++)
           key[i] = INT MAX, mstSet[i] = false;
     // Always include first 1st vertex in MST.
     // Make key 0 so that this vertex is picked as first
     // vertex.
     key[0] = 0;
     // First node is always root of MST
     parent[0] = -1;
     // The MST will have V vertices
     for (int count = 0; count < V - 1; count++) {
           // Pick the minimum key vertex from the
           // set of vertices not yet included in MST
           int u = minKey(key, mstSet);
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// Add the picked vertex to the MST Set
           mstSet[u] = true;
           // Update key value and parent index of
           // the adjacent vertices of the picked vertex.
           // Consider only those vertices which are not
           // yet included in MST
           for (int v = 0; v < V; v++)
                 // graph[u][v] is non zero only for adjacent
                 // vertices of m mstSet[v] is false for vertices
                 // not yet included in MST Update the key only
                 // if graph[u][v] is smaller than key[v]
                 if (graph[u][v] \&\& mstSet[v] == false
                       && graph[u][v] \leq key[v])
                       parent[v] = u, key[v] = graph[u][v];
      }
     // Print the constructed MST
     printMST(parent, graph);
}
// Driver's code
int main()
     int graph[V][V] = \{ \{ 0,5,6,0 \}, \}
                                   \{5,0,1,4\},\
                                   { 6,1,0,8 },
                                   { 0,4,8,0 } };
     // Print the solution
     primMST(graph);
     return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

Output /tmp/kA64tpPUXV.o Edge Weight 0 - 1 5 1 - 2 1 1 - 3 4