ATMA RAM SANATAN DHARMA COLLEGE UNIVERSITY OF DELHI



DSC 07: DATA STRUCTURES SEM III ASSIGNEMENT 12

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DOUBLY LINKED LIST

CODE:

```
// C program for the all operations in
// the Doubly Linked List
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Linked List Node
struct node {
      int info;
      struct node *prev, *next;
};
struct node* start = NULL;
// Function to traverse the linked list
void traverse()
      // List is empty
      if (start == NULL) {
             printf("\nList is empty\n");
             return;
      // Else print the Data
      struct node* temp;
      temp = start;
      while (temp != NULL) {
             printf("Data = %d \n", temp->info);
             temp = temp->next;
}
// Function to insert at the front
// of the linked list
void insertAtFront()
      int data;
      struct node* temp;
      temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```
printf("\nEnter number to be inserted: ");
      scanf("%d", &data);
      temp->info = data;
      temp->prev = NULL;
      // Pointer of temp will be
      // assigned to start
      temp->next = start;
      start = temp;
}
// Function to insert at the end of
// the linked list
void insertAtEnd()
      int data;
      struct node *temp, *trav;
      temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
      temp->prev = NULL;
      temp->next = NULL;
      printf("\nEnter number to be inserted: ");
      scanf("%d", &data);
      temp->info = data;
      temp->next = NULL;
      trav = start;
      // If start is NULL
      if (start == NULL) {
            start = temp;
      }
      // Changes Links
      else {
            while (trav->next != NULL)
                   trav = trav -> next;
            temp->prev = trav;
            trav->next = temp;
}
```

```
// Function to insert at any specified
// position in the linked list
void insertAtPosition()
      int data, pos, i = 1;
      struct node *temp, *newnode;
      newnode = malloc(sizeof(struct node));
      newnode->next = NULL;
      newnode->prev = NULL;
      // Enter the position and data
      printf("\nEnter position : ");
      scanf("%d", &pos);
      // If start==NULL,
      if (start == NULL) {
            start = newnode;
            newnode->prev = NULL;
            newnode->next = NULL;
      // If position==1,
      else if (pos == 1) {
      // this is author method its correct but we can simply call insertAtfront()
function for this special case
      /* newnode->next = start;
            newnode->next->prev = newnode;
            newnode->prev = NULL;
            start = newnode; */
      // now this is improved by Jay Ghughriwala on geeksforgeeks
      insertAtFront();
      // Change links
      else {
      printf("\nEnter number to be inserted: ");
      scanf("%d", &data);
      newnode->info = data;
```

```
temp = start;
            while (i < pos - 1) {
                   temp = temp->next;
                   i++;
            newnode->next = temp->next;
            newnode->prev = temp;
            temp->next = newnode;
            temp->next->prev = newnode;
      }
}
// Function to delete from the front
// of the linked list
void deleteFirst()
      struct node* temp;
      if (start == NULL)
            printf("\nList is empty\n");
      else {
            temp = start;
            start = start->next;
            if (start != NULL)
                   start->prev = NULL;
            free(temp);
      }
}
// Function to delete from the end
// of the linked list
void deleteEnd()
      struct node* temp;
      if (start == NULL)
            printf("\nList is empty\n");
      temp = start;
      while (temp->next != NULL)
            temp = temp->next;
      if (start->next == NULL)
            start = NULL;
```

```
else {
             temp->prev->next = NULL;
             free(temp);
       }
}
// Function to delete from any specified
// position from the linked list
void deletePosition()
      int pos, i = 1;
      struct node *temp, *position;
      temp = start;
      // If DLL is empty
      if (start == NULL)
             printf("\nList is empty\n");
      // Otherwise
      else {
             // Position to be deleted
             printf("\nEnter position : ");
             scanf("%d", &pos);
             // If the position is the first node
             if (pos == 1) {
                   deleteFirst(); // im,proved by Jay Ghughriwala on
GeeksforGeeks
                   if (start != NULL) {
                          start->prev = NULL;
                   free(position);
                   return;
             }
             // Traverse till position
             while (i < pos - 1) {
                   temp = temp->next;
                   i++;
```

```
// Change Links
             position = temp->next;
             if (position->next != NULL)
                   position->next->prev = temp;
             temp->next = position->next;
             // Free memory
             free(position);
}
// Driver Code
int main()
      int choice;
      while (1) {
             printf("\n\t1- To see list\n");
             printf("2- For insertion at"
                    " starting\n");
             printf("3- For insertion at"
                    " end\n");
             printf("4- For insertion at "
                    "any position\n");
             printf("5- For deletion of "
                    "first element\n");
             printf("6- For deletion of "
                    "last element\n");
             printf("7- For deletion of "
                    "element at any position\n");
             printf("8- To exit\n");
             printf("\nEnter Choice :\n");
             scanf("%d", &choice);
             switch (choice) {
             case 1:
                    traverse();
                    break;
             case 2:
                    insertAtFront();
```

```
break;
      case 3:
             insertAtEnd();
             break;
      case 4:
             insertAtPosition();
             break;
      case 5:
             deleteFirst();
             break;
      case 6:
             deleteEnd();
             break;
      case 7:
             deletePosition();
             break;
      case 8:
             exit(1);
             break;
      default:
             printf("Incorrect Choice. Try Again \n");
             continue;
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
ciitei ciiotee .
Enter number to be inserted: 7
1- To see list
2- For insertion at starting
3- For insertion at end
4- For insertion at any position
5- For deletion of first element
6- For deletion of last element
7- For deletion of element at any position
8- To exit
Enter Choice :
Data = 7
Data = 5
Data = 4
    1- To see list
2- For insertion at starting
3- For insertion at end
4- For insertion at any position
5- For deletion of first element
6- For deletion of last element
7- For deletion of element at any position
```

Output 1- To see list 2- For insertion at starting 3- For insertion at end 4- For insertion at any position 5- For deletion of first element 6- For deletion of last element 7- For deletion of element at any position 8- To exit Enter Choice : 1- To see list 2- For insertion at starting 3- For insertion at end 4- For insertion at any position 5- For deletion of first element 6- For deletion of last element 7- For deletion of element at any position 8- To exit Enter Choice :

Data = 7 Data = 5