

# Answers and Explanations

1. **The correct answer is (B).** Although competition from inexpensive imports is now a major concern for organized labor, it was not during the rise of the American labor movement. A large portion of government revenues came from high tariffs on imported products and supplies. The changing work environment drove skilled artisans out of work, and individuals injured in workplace accidents were seldom compensated.
2. **The correct answer is (B).** The “commons” is defined as a resource that is shared by many, and anyone else can begin to use it as well (i.e., the air, the fish in the sea, etc.). The tragedy of the commons occurs because without agreed limits on use, the commons will disappear. For example, without restrictions on fishing, everyone would catch as many fish as possible until there were no fish left.
3. **The correct answer is (D).** A totem may be an emblem of an individual, clan, or family. Although totemism refers to the belief in the abstract totem, a totem can also be a carved or painted representation of the natural object to which the relationship is traced.
4. **The correct answer is (C).** The Johnson administration used the incident to deepen U.S. involvement in the Vietnam War. The administration claimed that the USS Maddox was the victim of an unprovoked attack. In reality, U.S. forces were already involved in combat operations against North Vietnam, and the second attack on the Maddox never actually happened.
5. **The correct answer is (A).** Williams Jennings Bryan supported silver as the nation’s monetary standard.
6. **The correct answer is (A).** Merton’s theory proposes that individuals blocked from obtaining a socially approved goal will experience the feeling of Anomie. They may then be motivated to use antisocial methods to obtain what they can’t obtain within the rules of their society or act anti-social to protest over an “unfair” society.
7. **The correct answer is (A).** Myths attempt to explain the origins of the world or natural phenomena such as lightening and earthquakes. Unlike legends or folklore, myths are not told as “true” but have a spiritual importance to the cultures that create them.
8. **The correct answer is (E).** Although the settlement of Roanoke (1585) preceded that of Jamestown (1607), an expedition returning to the settlement in 1591 found no survivors. Jamestown was the first “permanent” colony in America.
9. **The correct answer is (D).** The opportunity cost of production is the price that must be made in terms of forgone production of other goods to produce the good. This greater relative efficiency of production is called a “comparative advantage” and serves as the rational basis for trade.
10. **The correct answer is (B).** Individuals develop belief systems over the course of a lifetime. We all have a tendency to try to acquire new information to support our belief systems and to avoid facts that might contradict our beliefs.
11. **The correct answer is (A).** The Tigris River is in modern day Iraq and was the birthplace of modern civilization. The Ganges is in modern day India and the other rivers are in Europe or Africa.
12. **The correct answer is (A).** Ethnocentrism is the habit of judging the customs of other societies by the standards of one’s own cultural viewpoint. For example, it is ethnocentric to say, “traditional Japanese is written *backwards*” because it is written right to left.

13. **The correct answer is (D).** High testosterone is a physiological characteristic and is not caused by environmental factors. Both II and III are possible environmental causes of aggression.
14. **The correct answer is (E).** Keynesian policy recognizes that wages and prices are “sticky” (i.e., they take time to change). Therefore, a government must increase demand to spur economic recovery. Keynesians believe that government deficit spending increases aggregate demand and returns the economy to full employment and production sooner than if no action were taken.
15. **The correct answer is (A).** Theravada Buddhism or “southern Buddhism” is the religion of approximately 100 million worldwide, mostly in Sri Lanka and Southeast Asia. After 500 years, Theravada Buddhism gave birth to Mahayana Buddhism, or “northern Buddhism,” which prospered in China and East Asia.
16. **The correct answer is (C).** Roosevelt conceded a great deal to Stalin for a promise that Russia would enter the war against Japan. The Russians were allowed to keep Polish lands taken by force. The pro-Soviet government in Poland remained in power, and elections in the rest of Soviet-occupied Eastern Europe would result in the “friendly states” demanded by Stalin. Roosevelt felt there was little the U.S. could do to prevent these events, and his highest priority was to obtain Soviet support for the war in the Pacific.
17. **The correct answer is (B).** China has evolved from a state controlled economy to one that incorporates market mechanisms. This type of economic reform is called “economic liberalization.” Political liberalization is an opening of the political process. Taiwan liberalized politically by increasing democratic participation; this has not taken place in China.
18. **The correct answer is (C).** As George Washington said, the government created by the Articles of Confederation was “little more than the shadow without the substance.” The Constitutional Convention of 1787 convened to draft the Constitution of the United States, which created a much stronger federal government.
19. **The correct answer is (D).** The English economist and preacher Thomas Robert Malthus observed that population growth appeared to be exponential while food production increased arithmetically. He predicted that over-population would lead to social chaos and starvation.
20. **The correct answer is (C).** Import Substitution Industrialization (ISI) was a popular economic policy followed by countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America, reaching a peak of popularity in the 1950s and 1960s.
21. **The correct answer is (E).** Individuals conform, often unconsciously, for a number of reasons. However, when there is a lack of group consensus, an individual is less likely to conform to the majority view of the group.
22. **The correct answer is (A).** A number of gases produced by civilization contribute to global warming, including the carbon dioxide released when fossil fuels are burned. These gases allow rays of light to enter the earth’s atmosphere and prevent the heat of solar energy from escaping the atmosphere into space. As a result, the earth’s atmosphere has warmed slightly since humans first started using oil and coal.
23. **The correct answer is (A).** An isthmus is a narrow strip of land connecting two larger land areas.
24. **The correct answer is (C).** Matrilineal descent is the second-most common form of unilineal descent. The most common is patrilineal descent (where inheritance passes from father to son).
25. **The correct answer is (D).** In 1773, the British granted the East India Company a monopoly on the tea imports to the colonies. However, in the late 1700s, most of the tea consumed in the colonies was smuggled illegally by colonial traders such as Samuel Adams. The East India Company threatened to put colonial traders out of busi-

ness by selling tea at prices they couldn't match. Realizing the economic harm they faced from the monopoly, the colonial traders joined the revolt for independence. Choice (E) is incorrect because tea wasn't grown in the southern colonies. The remaining choices reflect results of the "Boston Tea Party" rather than causes.

26. **The correct answer is (C).** Several factors led to faster industrial development in England, including an abundance of coal and iron, available labor, colonies to provide materials and markets, and a large commercial fleet.
27. **The correct answer is (A).** Britain colonized all of Myanmar (then called India or Burma) and part of China (Hong Kong). Vietnam was colonized by France and Indonesia by the Dutch. Only Thailand was able to avoid colonization by a shrewd series of political maneuvers.
28. **The correct answer is (B).** The presidency in France is the nation's highest office. In Germany and other parliamentary systems, the presidency is mainly ceremonial.
29. **The correct answer is (A).** Through the process of judicial review, the judiciary can void or modify the enforcement of laws passed by Congress if the Supreme Court finds them to be unconstitutional. One result of this power is that the Supreme Court has been influential in a number of important social issues including civil rights, abortion, and gun control.
30. **The correct answer is (C).** The technology of production might change the supply curve, but not the demand curve. All of the other answer choices are factors that cause a shift in the demand curve and produce a different equilibrium in the marketplace.
31. **The correct answer is (D).** The id is one of three primary structures that Freud believed governs human behavior. The id is not constrained by realities that alter manifestations of the two other elements, the ego and the superego. The id resides entirely beneath the level of conscious

thought and provides the desires that the ego and superego then attempt to fulfill within the limits of everyday life and conventional morality.

32. **The correct answer is (C).** The largest continent is Asia; the second largest is Africa.
33. **The correct answer is (E).** Religion fulfills important psychological and social needs including the three psychological needs listed.
34. **The correct answer is (A).** Jefferson was a farmer as well as an intellectual, and he believed that "a government is best which governs least." He feared the tyranny of an overly powerful central government. However, he did believe that the federal government should control foreign relations—the opposite of choice (D).
35. **The correct answer is (A).** Copernicus was the first scientist to suggest that the sun was the center of the solar system in his *On the Revolutions of the Celestial Spheres*. With the exception of Aristotle, the astronomers listed worked after Copernicus.
36. **The correct answer is (A).** One of the central values of mercantilism that separates it from capitalism was the belief in state intervention in markets. The mercantilist economy was highly regulated, especially commerce with colonies.
37. **The correct answer is (E).** All of the countries listed are democracies except for China, which is a Communist dictatorship. India is the world's largest democracy in terms of population.
38. **The correct answer is (D).** A blended family contains children from previous marriages who are "blended" into a new family.
39. **The correct answer is (C).** As demand falls in the second quarter, the demand curve will shift to the left. This will result in a lower price and quantity at the new equilibrium point.
40. **The correct answer is (A).** It is believed that social facilitation is caused by a fear of evaluation by other group members.

41. **The correct answer is (D).** The Suez Canal in Egypt connected the Mediterranean Sea with the Red Sea. Ships traveling from London could pass through the Suez Canal to travel more directly to cities in India instead of passing south of Africa.
42. **The correct answer is (B).** Claude Levi-Strauss was the founder of structural anthropology. He believed that many of the structures of culture reflected inborn mechanisms of the brain. He lived and taught in Brazil where he wrote the classic *Tristes Tropiques*.
43. **The correct answer is (C).** President Monroe is perhaps best known for his objection to further European involvement in the Americas. When Russia, Prussia, and Austria planned to help Spain regain its lost colonies in South America, Monroe objected. His response, later was known as the “Monroe Doctrine,” stated that the European powers were never to intervene again in the Americas. Britain joined with America to protect its commercial interests in the region.
44. **The correct answer is (D).** In “The Leviathan,” Thomas Hobbes (1588-1679) argues that without a social contract, mankind would result in a state of constant and violent competition. He preferred a highly authoritarian social contract to such chaos.
45. **The correct answer is (D).** Judicial review is a major pillar of American democracy and limited in France. Judicial review allows the Supreme Court to rule on the constitutionality of congressional laws or executive actions, checking the power of the other branches.
46. **The correct answer is (C).** Distortion is caused when respondents fail to answer questions honestly. Volunteer bias and viewer bias are the two other disadvantages of survey research.
47. **The correct answer is (D).** Elasticity of demand of a good depends on several factors: the availability of substitutes, the proportion of income spent on the good, and the time period considered. Demand tends to be more elastic if the number of substitutes is greater (because you can easily buy a cheaper substitute); the proportion of income spent on the good is high (because a rise in the price hurts more); and the need is long-term (because consumers have more time to adjust their spending patterns and to find alternative goods).
48. **The correct answer is (A).** The Prisoner’s Dilemma is a classic study in game theory with two participants. Each actor can either cooperate or not cooperate. When both participants choose to cooperate, they both benefit. If one actor cooperates and the other doesn’t, the defector’s outcome is better than under mutual cooperation. If both try to gain the extra benefit of being the sole defector, both suffer poor outcomes.
49. **The correct answer is (C).** Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Lucretia Mott convened the first convention to discuss women’s rights at Seneca Falls, New York.
50. **The correct answer is (A).** The Rosetta Stone contained identical text in three languages: Hieroglyphics, Demotic Egyptian, and Greek. The meanings of the Hieroglyphics were deciphered through a comparison of the three texts.
51. **The correct answer is (C).** The first known code of laws was promulgated around 1780 BCE by the Babylonian ruler Hammurabi.
52. **The correct answer is (C).** The system of racial preferences and discrimination called “apartheid” was responsible for the deaths of countless black South Africans and the impoverishment of all of the country’s people of color. Apartheid ended with all-race elections in 1994, which brought former anti-apartheid activist Nelson Mandela to power.
53. **The correct answer is (C).** Despite a frightening coup against Soviet President Michael Gorbachev, the dissolution of the Soviet Union was mostly peaceful. In contrast, the breakup of Yugoslavia resulted in several wars and widespread unrest.

- 54. The correct answer is (D).** The Bill Of Rights constitutes the first ten amendments to the United States Constitution. The first amendment of the Constitution reads as follows: “Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.”
- 55. The correct answer is (C).** The hydrologic cycle is powered by the sun. Energy from the sun heats the oceans, lakes, and streams, causing evaporation and temperature and pressure differences produced by the sun’s heat, thereby causing precipitation.
- 56. The correct answer is (E).** The quote is from Lincoln’s famous speech of 1858, when he was running for Senate against Stephen Douglas. He continued: “I believe this government cannot endure permanently half slave and half free.”
- 57. The correct answer is (A).** The shaded area is known as the Fertile Crescent. Sumerian civilization first began in this region around 3100 BC and lasted until around 2000 BC.
- 58. The correct answer is (D).** Sir Francis Bacon is credited with first laying out the modern “scientific method.”
- 59. The correct answer is (C).** Macao became the first colonial outpost on the Chinese mainland in 1557. It was ceded back to China by the Portuguese in 1999.
- 60. The correct answer is (D).** The technique of random sampling assures that every individual in the population being surveyed has an equal chance of being selected. This would not increase bias. Convenience sampling may be easier to do, but it doesn’t give the same assurances that the population is reflected in the survey sample. All of the other answer choices are potential sources of bias.
- 61. The correct answer is (A).** For example, many religions continue to discourage family planning, although technological advances have made contraception more commonly available.
- 62. The correct answer is (B).** Emile Durkheim emphasized the importance of studying “social facts,” the behavioral patterns of a group under study. He based his research into the phenomenon of suicide on the analysis of countless cases from different European countries.
- 63. The correct answer is (B).** Profit is maximized when the last unit produced brings in as much revenue as the marginal cost of its production. If the marginal revenue exceeds the marginal cost, then producing at least one more unit would be profitable. On the other hand, if the marginal revenue is less than the marginal cost, further production would unprofitable. Profit is maximized when  $MR = MC$ .
- 64. The correct answer is (C).** Performance psychology can be used to improve behavior in working environments or sports; however, it cannot improve worker intelligence or athletic talent.
- 65. The correct answer is (A).** Even in the North, abolitionists were in the minority. Average citizens either were unconcerned by the practice of slavery or felt abolition was not in their best interest.
- 66. The correct answer is (D).** Theodore Roosevelt’s successful efforts to reign in corporate trusts gave him the reputation as a “trust-buster.” His administration broke up an alliance of Northwestern rail companies called Northern Securities and brought antitrust suits against the American Tobacco Company and Rockefeller’s Standard Oil Company.
- 67. The correct answer is (D).** This quote is from Rousseau’s work “The Social Contract.” Rousseau argues that all men are born free and equal and that the just State is formed through a contract between individuals who agree to join together to protect their individual rights.

- 68. The correct answer is (B).** The Roman Senate had sided with Pompey and ordered Julius Caesar to give up his army. Caesar refused and took the fateful step of crossing the Rubicon River, which divided his province from Italy proper, thus starting the First Roman Civil War with Pompey.
- 69. The correct answer is (A).** The Meiji Restoration refers to the reforms enacted between 1866 and 1869, which catapulted Japan's feudal society into the modern era. These reforms were taken to strengthen and modernize the nation. The Meiji leaders traveled to Western capitals to study governments, education systems, and public infrastructure. Over a period of decades, the lessons they learned were implemented in Japan.
- 70. The correct answer is (E).** Simon de Bolivar is known as the "Great Liberator" for his role in liberating the former Spanish colonies of South America.
- 71. The correct answer is (E).** In 1936, George Gallup founded the American Institute of Public Opinion. His business originally supported marketing campaigns but quickly expanded to political polling. By the time Franklin D. Roosevelt became President, political polls had become a standard part of the political process.
- 72. The correct answer is (B).** Autocracy is defined as rule by a single individual, although the ruler may come to power within a variety of non-democratic political structures.
- 73. The correct answer is (E).** Sociologist Laurence Peter contended that competent managers continue to be promoted up through a bureaucracy until they reach a position where they are incompetent and cannot perform well enough to be promoted. They remain in the job they can't perform until they retire or die.
- 74. The correct answer is (E).** A simple example is a college student who spends all his available income on pizza and beer. If you graph pizza on the  $x$ -axis and beer on the  $y$ -axis, the budget constraint will be the line that shows all of the possible combinations of pizza and beer the student can enjoy with his income. He can have all pizza and no beer, all beer and no pizza, or some happy medium in between.
- 75. The correct answer is (C).** El Niño is caused by a vast pool of warm water in the Pacific Ocean, which disrupts world weather patterns particularly in South America.
- 76. The correct answer is (A).** Mead was the first anthropologist to look at human development in a cross-cultural perspective. Her book *Coming of Age in Samoa* explores different developmental stages from a cross-cultural perspective showing, for example, that the difficulties children face entering puberty varies from culture to culture.
- 77. The correct answer is (C).** Adams won without a majority of either the popular or electoral vote. Since none of the candidates received a majority of the electoral votes, the House voted for the President. Only the top three candidates could participate. Clay then lent his support to Adams, who won the election without a majority of the popular or electoral vote.
- 78. The correct answer is (A).** The Delian League was formed after the Greeks defeated the Persians at the battle of Salamis in 479 BC. Its original purpose was to defend the Greek homeland against assault by the Spartans. Over time Athens took advantage of the smaller city states that made up the league and established a *de facto* Athenian Empire.
- 79. The correct answer is (E).** The bubonic plague first struck in Italy, not reaching England until the following year.
- 80. The correct answer is (A).** Mahatma Gandhi, the spiritual leader of India's independence struggle, forced the British to grant India self-rule using a strategy of non-cooperation and non-violence. Public opinion in Britain and elsewhere negatively viewed British attempts to keep India when it was clear that Indians wanted independence.

- 81. The correct answer is (E).** William Randolph Hearst's newspapers knowingly mislead readers to believe that the explosion of the USS Maine in Havana Harbor was a result of enemy fire. Hearst's sensational approach moved the public to demand war with Spain. McKinley eventually gave into public pressure and declared war.
- 82. The correct answer is (B).** Wilson's Fourteen Points aimed for a permanent peace for Europe. He called for open diplomacy and an end to the secret treaties that had led to WWI. Eight points were devoted to giving the nations of Central and Eastern Europe the right of national self-determination. He considered the "League of Nations" (later the "United Nations") as the most important aspect of his plan.
- 83. The correct answer is (B).** St. Francis of Assisi took the scripture literally, forsaking material comfort for spiritual fulfillment. At the time, his views differed greatly from the leaders of the Church.
- 84. The correct answer is (A).** Rudyard Kipling was a strong supporter of British colonialism, which he felt could prevent the war, famine, and sickness that troubled much of the developing world. This poem was written in support of American imperial ambitions following the Spanish-American War.
- 85. The correct answer is (E).** Existentialism is a philosophy that emphasizes individual existence, freedom, and choice. Of the nations on the list, only France produced existentialist philosophers in the twentieth century. Although the nineteenth-century Danish philosopher Søren Kierkegaard was first to call himself an existentialist, Denmark did not produce a well-known existentialist intellectual in the twentieth century. French existentialists include Jean Paul Satre and Albert Camus.
- 86. The correct answer is (B).** Freud's stages of development identified an erogenous zone and associated activities. For an infant in the oral stage, the mouth is an erogenous zone and activities include sucking, biting, and chewing.
- 87. The correct answer is (C).** In economics, the term "scarce" doesn't simply mean "rare." It means there is never as much of the good as people would like to have; thus it has some value and people are willing to part with something else valuable (like money) in order to have it.
- 88. The correct answer is (E).** Individuals crave cognitive consistency. In other words, we prefer to know that the beliefs we hold are correct. When we find either that a current belief or current information is incompatible with a former belief, we experience the mental discomfort of cognitive dissonance.
- 89. The correct answer is (D).** The Glass-Steagall Act was enacted by Hoover in response to the stock market crash of 1929, not by Roosevelt. The FDIC and the Civilian Conservation Corps were established during what is known as "The Hundred Days" that started Roosevelt's administration.
- 90. The correct answer is (D).** Lord Mountbatten was appointed by Prime Minister Clement Attlee as Viceroy of India. His difficult job was to manage an end to the British colonial presence and the hand over of power to the new leaders of India and Pakistan.
- 91. The correct answer is (C).** The Netherlands were never a major colonial power in Africa. Africa was divided at the Berlin Conference of 1884-1885. France, Germany, Great Britain, and Portugal dominated the meeting and maintained control over the greatest amount of African territory.
- 92. The correct answer is (C).** In contemporary America, liberal ideology is associated with the Democratic Party and support for the underprivileged and economic safety nets. Conservative views are represented by the Republican Party, which emphasizes the importance of economic liberties and economic growth.

- 93. The correct answer is (A).** In the official parlance of Western democracies, a legitimate government must have the consent and approval of the governed.
- 94. The correct answer is (A).** Different research designs include answers (B) and (C). Answers (D) and (E) refer to methods rather than designs or models of sociological research.
- 95. The correct answer is (C).** The graphic depicts a greatly simplified diagram of economic activity. Households receive goods and services from firms (A) in exchange for money (B). Firms receive factor services (labor) from households (D) in exchange for money (C). Arrows “A” and “B” comprise the National Product while arrows “C” and “D” are the National Income.
- 96. The correct answer is (A).** In Pavlov’s original experiment, a dog was strapped in an apparatus that would measure the salivation in its mouth. The dog was conditioned to salivate after hearing a tone. After the tone (conditional stimulus) was played, the dog was given powdered meat (unconditional stimulus), and it produced saliva (unconditional response) in its mouth. The dog was considered conditioned when the tone alone (conditional stimulus) induced salivation without any meat powder being provided (conditional response).
- 97. The correct answer is (A).** The States Rights (or “Dixiecrat”) Party split from Truman’s mainstream Democratic Party when a civil-rights plank was adopted at the Democratic National Convention.
- 98. The correct answer is (A).** The north of Belize borders with Mexico. Brazil, Peru, and Ecuador are in South America. Honduras is in Central America, but it is south of Belize.
- 99. The correct answer is (C).** Upton Sinclair’s book *The Jungle* exposed the poor working conditions and sanitation in the meat-packing industry during the Progressive Era.
- 100. The correct answer is (E).** The carrying capacity varies with technology and long-term weather. Societies with better technology can get more from their land and use land more efficiently for housing and other uses. Good weather will increase crop yields.
- 101. The correct answer is (A).** From 1954-62, France waged a bloody campaign to retain control of Algeria. The failure of the French army to put down the uprising led to the collapse of the Fourth Republic. In 1959, Charles de Gaulle accepted the Algerians’ right to national self-determination, and in 1962, Algeria became an independent nation.
- 102. The correct answer is (B).** The Greek government, supported by Britain, was fighting against communist rebels funded by Moscow. When Britain informed the United States that they could no longer afford to support Greece, Truman asked and received \$400 million from Congress for Greece and Turkey.
- 103. The correct answer is (D).** Although Indonesia was a Dutch colony, East Timor was colonized by Portugal.
- 104. The correct answer is (A).** The North Vietnamese and Viet Cong (communist guerrillas fighting in South Vietnam) attacked over 100 cities and American positions in January 1968. They suffered massive casualties in the military defeat that followed. However, the sight of Hue and the American Embassy in Saigon falling to communist troops convinced most Americans that the war could not be won by conventional means.
- 105. The correct answer is (A).** The quotation comes from the “Communist Manifesto,” which was published with Frederick Engels in 1848. Marx’s great contribution to historiography was to analyze history in terms of class interactions and conflict.
- 106. The correct answer is (D).** Studies show that political orientations begin at an early age and that the family’s political identification is the most important factor. Of course, national events of



great importance, such as the Great Depression, are also an important factor.

- 107. The correct answer is (D).** Freud believed that an individual who was fixated in the phallic stage of development would develop an Oedipus complex if a boy and an Electra complex if a girl.
- 108. The correct answer is (B).** Some 90% of Cambodia's people are Khmer, and Khmer is the official language of the nation.
- 109. The correct answer is (B).** Agriculture is the result of human activity and, therefore, is not part of the study of physical geography.
- 110. The correct answer is (D).** Alfred Dreyfus was a Jewish captain in the French Army, who was unfairly convicted of spying for the Germans. The Catholic Church backed the highly anti-Semitic army while moderates and leftists demanded justice. After twelve years, Dreyfus was pardoned, and legislation was passed to finally separate church and state in France.
- 111. The correct answer is (D).** Carl Jung departed from traditional Freudian psychoanalysis, developing his unique theory called "analytical psychology." Two of his most important contributions included the notions of the collective unconscious and archetypes.
- 112. The correct answer is (E).** Alluvia may be spread in a river delta by waves or in floods.
- 113. The correct answer is (C).** A caste system consists of clearly defined "castes," each with unique rights and responsibilities. Interaction between the castes is discouraged, and individuals normally can't move out of the caste they were born into.
- 114. The correct answer is (C).** Many American voters blamed the Republican Party for the Great Depression. Republican Herbert Hoover's efforts to revive the American economy were ineffectual and stood in stark contrast to the sweeping emergency measures that Franklin Roosevelt instituted when elected. FDR's program took time to work.

However, his long tenure, the respect he garnered as the nation's leader during the Second World War, and, most importantly, his ability to pull the nation out of poverty marked the end of Republican dominance in American politics.

- 115. The correct answer is (D).** Weber didn't stipulate that bureaucratic officials should be monitored by elected officials.
- 116. The correct answer is (A).** An instrumental leader is typically goal-oriented and motivated by achievement. An instrumental leader is contrasted with an expressive leader, who is affiliated motivated and more concerned about group members' feelings and building consensus.
- 117. The correct answer is (E).** The Iran-Contra Scandal centered on shipments of arms to Iran designed to help free American hostages being held in Lebanon. This violated an administration promise not to negotiate with terrorists. Proceeds from the arms sales were then diverted to the Nicaraguan Contra Rebels in violation of federal law. Although the investigation implicated two members of his cabinet, the director of the CIA, and two national security advisors, President Reagan was able to avoid blame.
- 118. The correct answer is (D).** Conflict theory is an expansion of the Marxist perspective. It considers social as well as economic conflict between groups that are unequal.
- 119. The correct answer is (B).** Natural vegetation provides the best clue to a region's weather because plants must adapt to weather conditions over a very long period of time. Apple trees will not grow in the tropics, and you will never see a cactus in a swamp.
- 120. The correct answer is (D).** Points on the Production Possibility Curve show possible combinations of the production of two goods at peak efficiency. In this case point A is not on the line. At point A, more  $x$ , more  $y$ , or more of both  $x$  and  $y$  can be produced. Therefore, production at point A is inefficient.