

CLEP INFORMATION SYSTEMS PRACTICE TEST

1.	A(n)	uses devices that emit and se	ense lig	ght to	detect the mouse's movement.		
	O a.	optical mouse	0	b.	audio mouse		
	O c.	mechanical mouse	0	d.	ergonomic mouse		
	О е.	laser mouse					
2.	The processor(s) is/are ideal for workstations and low-end servers.						
	O a.	Pentium	0	b.	Xeon and Itanium		
	O c.	Celeron	0	d.	Acceleron and Celerium		
	O e.	Pentium M					
3.		looks similar to a floppy disk but valent of 170 standard floppy disl		iuch	greater storage capabilities—up to		
	O a.	Zip disk	0	b.	CD		
	O c.	hard disk	0	d.	DVD		
	O e.	PC Card					
4.	 A person on a budget who wants a device with PDA-capabilities and the ability to send and receive e-mail would be best advised to purchase a(n) 						
	O a.	Smart Phone	0	b.	desktop computer		
	O c.	server	0	d.	mainframe		
	O e.	embedded computer					

5.	hard	dware	are is a component of a broad conce e and software that enables group schedule meetings, and make dec	men	nbers		
	0	a.	public Internet access	0	b.	workgroup computing	
	0	C.	Web services	0	d.	short message service	
	0	e.	peer-to-peer				
6.	Each computer or device on a local area network, called a, often shares resources such as printers, large hard disks, and programs.						
	0	a.	hub	0	b.	token	
	0	C.	server	0	d.	node	
	0	e.	peer				
7.			nnique of breaking a message into e best route available, and then rea			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	0	a.	packet-catching	0	b.	packet-building	
	0	C.	packet-switching	0	d.	packet-swapping	
	0	e.	packet-messaging				
8.	Acr	obat	Reader enables users to				
	0	a.	view graphics and animation	0	b.	see documents formatted as they would look in print	
	0	C.	listen to live and on-demand near-CD-quality audio	0	d.	see dynamic multimedia, 3-D graphics, and streaming video	
	0	e.	burn CDs and watch DVD movies	5			

9.	Of the graphics formats that exist on the Web, the two more common are formats because of their smaller file sizes.						
	0	a.	TIFF and BMP	0	b.	BMP and PCX	
	0	C.	TIFF and PCX	0	d.	JPEG and GIF	
	0	e.	GIF and BMP				
10.	 A is equal to exactly 1,024 bytes, but computer users often round it down to 1,000 bytes to simplify memory and storage definitions. 						
	0	a.	kilobyte (KB or K)	0	b.	gigabyte (GB)	
	0	C.	megabyte (MB)	0	d.	terabyte (TB)	
	0	e.	nanobyte (NB)				
11.		is	the most widely used coding sche	me ι	used	to represent data.	
	0	a.	American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII)	0	b.	Unicode	
	0	C.	Extended Binary Coded Decimal Interchange Code (EBCDIC)	0	d.	Multicode	
	0	e.	Bytecode				
12.	Α_		is the smallest element in an elect	ronic	: ima	ge.	
	0	a.	byte	0	b.	pixel	
	0	c.	character	0	d.	point	
	0	e.	bit				

13.			is a network that connects computed as a home, school computer lab			
	0	a.	local area network (LAN)	0	b.	wide area network (WAN)
	0	C.	regional area network (RAN)	0	d.	variable area network (VAN)
	0	e.	metropolitan area network (MAN)			
14.	A rir	ng ne	twork to install.			
	0	a.	must span a smaller distance than a bus network, and it is more difficult	0	b.	must span a smaller distance than a bus network, and it is more expensive
	0	C.	can span a larger distance than a bus network, but it is more difficult		d.	must span a smaller distance than a bus network, but it is less expensive
	0	e.	can span a larger distance than a bus network, and it is easier			
15.	tran	sactio	dy reported that mainframe comput ons around the world. Mainframes			•
	0	a.	store huge amounts of data, instructions, and information	0	b.	allow businesses to prepare payroll for thousands of employees
	0	C.	help businesses manage thousands of items in inventory	0	d.	allow users to listen to music, watch movies, and play games
	0	e.	let users access programs using terminals or personal computers			

16.			rtant difference between a client/se ent/server network	erver	netw	ork and mainframe architecture is
	0	a.	does not have a centralized storage area	0	b.	is portable and inexpensive
	0	C.	is used in most major corporations	0	d.	is not as efficient as a mainframe
	0	e.	typically connects a relatively limited number of computers			
17.	Α_		is any computer that directly conne	ects	to a ı	network.
	0	a.	client	0	b.	server
	0	C.	peer	0	d.	host
	0	e.	guest			
18.	A p	rogra	m that stores and distributes news	grou	ıp me	essages is called a
	0	a.	news client	0	b.	newsreader
	0	C.	news server	0	d.	newsmonger
	0	e.	news host			
19.	A(n))	is an interpreted program that r	uns	on th	e server.
	0	a.	script	0	b.	applet
	0	C.	servlet	0	d.	browser
	0	e.	image map			

20.	 A network is an Internet network, on which users connect directly to each other's hard disks and exchange files directly. 						
	0	a.	F2F	0	b.	star	
	0	C.	ring	0	d.	mainframe	
	0	e.	P2P				
21.		_	cold boot on a personal computer, ed with data in a chip.	, the	POS	ST (power-on self-test) results are	
	0	a.	BIOS	0	b.	UNIX	
	0	C.	SCSI	0	d.	CMOS	
	0	e.	DROM				
22.		is	designed for workstations that use	e an	Itaniu	m 2 processor.	
	0	a.	Windows XP Home Edition	0	b.	Windows XP Professional	
	0	c.	Windows XP Tablet PC Edition	0	d.	Windows XP 64-Bit Edition	
	0	e.	Windows XP Media Center Edition				
23.	Exa	ımple	s of network operating systems inc	lude	all o	f the following except	
	0	a.	Windows Server 2003	0	b.	NetWare	
	0	c.	UNIX	0	d.	Linux	
	0	e.	Windows XP				

24.			, also called program logic, is a step procedures to solve the proble		hical	or written description of the
	0	a.	object model	0	b.	style sheet
	0	c.	solution algorithm	0	d.	source code
	0	e.	prototype			
25.	We	b pag	ge authoring software includes all c	of the	follo	wing except
	0	a.	Dreamweaver MX	0	b.	Flash MX
	0	C.	FrontPage 2003	0	d.	Spider Writer
	0	e.	Excel			
26.			pose of using test data is to try to corogram is executing.	ause	e a _	, which is an error that occurs
	0	a.	one-time error	0	b.	syntax error
	0	C.	logic error	0	d.	run-time error
	0	e.	semantic error			
27.			rocedural language, often called a ike words to write instructions.		, a	programmer uses a series of
	0	a.	first-generation language (1GL)	0	b.	second-generation language (2GL)
	0	C.	third-generation language (3GL)	0	d.	fourth-generation language (4GL)
	0	e.	fifth-generation language (5GL)			

20.	standards include all of the following <i>except</i>					
	0	a.	BASIC	0	b.	С
	0	c.	COBOL	0	d.	HTML
	0	e.	Java			
29.			a set of technologies by Sun Micro and deploy Web services for an en			that allows programmers to
	0	a.	JIT (Java Instruction Technology)	0	b.	JavaScript
	0	C.	JAD (Java Application Development)	0	d.	JavaBuilder
	0	e.	J2EE (Java 2 Platform Enterprise Edition)			
30.	Larç	ge-sc	ale applications sometimes refer to	o a g	raphi	cs tablet as a
	0	a.	scanner	0	b.	reader
	0	C.	pointer	0	d.	digitizer
	0	e.	recognizer			
31.			ary input device for a is a die's screen.	igital	pen,	which allows users to write on
	0	a.	digital camera	0	b.	notebook computer
	0	C.	desktop computer	0	d.	Tablet PC
	0	e.	PDA			

32.			is an icon on the desktop that provor file.	ides	a us	er with immediate access to a
	0	a.	kernel	0	b.	buffer
	0	C.	spooler	0	d.	shortcut
	0	e.	menu			
33.		_ is c	copyrighted software provided for a	n un	limite	d time at no cost to a user.
	0	a.	Custom software	0	b.	Public-domain software
	0	C.	Packaged software	0	d.	Freeware
	0	e.	Shareware			
34.		is abase	s a window on a screen that provide e.	es a	reas f	for entering or changing data in a
34.				es a	reas f	for entering or changing data in a
34.		abase).			
34.		abase a.	record		b.	cell
	o o	a. c. e.	record field	es a	b.	cell
	o o	a. c. e.	record field form		b. d.	cell
	o o	a. c. e.	record field form sta, Linux		b. d. b.	cell report

36.		is	a common data type in a database	e tha	t con	sists of lengthy text entries.
	0	a.	Numeric	0	b.	Memo
	0	c.	Object	0	d.	Date
	0	e.	Hyperlink			
37.	Α_		is the smallest unit of data a comp	uter	can _l	process.
	0	a.	byte	0	b.	field
	0	c.	character	0	d.	record
	0	e.	bit			
38.			tests the data in two or more as hip is logical.	soc	ated	fields to ensure that the
	0	a.	range check	0	b.	completeness check
	0	c.	consistency check	0	d.	alphabetic/numeric check
	0	e.	value check			
39.	A p		m determines the by applyir	ng a	form	ula to the numbers in the primary
	0	a.	data type	0	b.	check digit
	0	C.	field size	0	d.	secondary key
	0	e.	default value			

40.	A D	BMS	uses the	to perform validation	on c	heck	S.
	0	a.	data server		0	b.	data warehouse
	0	C.	data mart		0	d.	data dictionary
	0	e.	data model				
41.	Mos	st	database pro	oducts for midrang	e se	rvers	and mainframes include SQL.
	0	a.	relational		0	b.	multidimensional
	0	C.	object-oriented		0	d.	hierarchical
	0	e.	All of the above				
42.		/L (H		Language) uses ₋		to s	pecify how a document should be
	0	a.	keys		0	b.	hyperlinks
	0	C.	macros		0	d.	protocols
	0	e.	tags				
43.				of a combinated electronically.	tion	of tex	t, audio, video, and graphical
	0	a.	linear		0	b.	parallel
	0	C.	sequential		0	d.	synchronous
	0	e.	nonlinear				

44.			is similar to an electronic filing of the original documents.	cabir	net tha	at provides access to exact	
	0	a.	charge-coupled device	0	b.	optical reader	
	0	C.	image processing system	0	d.	video conference	
	0	e.	bar scanner				
45.		_ de\	vices read hand-drawn marks such	as	small	circles or rectangles.	
	0	a.	Biometric	0	b.	Optical character recognition (OCR)	
	0	C.	Magnetic ink character recognition (MICR)	0	d.	Bar code reader	
	0	e.	Optical mark recognition (OMR)				
46.	5. Someone who uses the Internet or a network to destroy or damage computers for political reasons is a						
	0	a.	cyberextortionist	0	b.	cyberdespot	
	0	C.	cyberpolitico	0	d.	cyberterrorist	
	0	e.	cracker				
47.	A T	rojan	horse, one of the most serious thre	eats	to co	omputer security, is a(n)	
	0	a.	type of payload	0	b.	harmful program that copies itself repeatedly, using up resources	
	0	C.	especially large and destructive program that originated in Greece	0	d.	group of compromised computers connected to a network that is being used to attack other networks	
	0	e.	harmful program that hides within or looks like a legitimate program				

48.	In c	ompi	uter language, a zombie is a(n)			
	0	a.	cybercriminal who has been arrested	0	b.	program that allows users to bypass security
	0	C.	compromised computer	0	d.	particularly skilled hacker
	0	e.	technique used for phishing scams			
49.	time		onsists of running the old system a	longs	side t	he new system for a specified
	0	a.	Phased conversion	0	b.	Duplicate conversion
	0	c.	Direct conversion	0	d.	Pilot conversion
	0	e.	Parallel conversion			
50.			_ processing, the computer collections later, as a group.	ts da	ta ov	er time and processes all
	0	a.	online transaction	0	b.	real-time
	0	c.	parallel	0	d.	concurrent
	0	e.	batch			
51.	Witl	n	_, the computer processes each to	ansa	action	as it is entered.
	0	a.	CIM	0	b.	DBMS
	0	c.	OIS	0	d.	MIS
	0	e.	OLTP			

52.	2. A(n) system is a special kind of order-processing system that records purchases processes credit or debit cards, and updates inventory.						
	0	a.	Credit authorization	0	b.	POS	
	0	C.	CAE	0	d.	MRP	
	0	e.	Inventory control				
53.	A ba	ar co	de scanner uses to read the	bar c	ode (on a product.	
	0	a.	laser beams	0	b.	OCR	
	0	c.	radio waves	0	d.	MICR	
	0	e.	OMR				
54.			nation system must share informat within an enterprise.	ion,	or ha	ve, with other information	
	0	a.	availability	0	b.	scalability	
	0	C.	probability	0	d.	security	
	0	e.	interoperability				
55.			is a malicious-logic program that hand usually is triggered by a certa				
	0	a.	computer virus	0	b.	worm	
	0	c.	Trojan horse	0	d.	honeypot	
	0	e.	All of the above				

56.	56. A is a separate area of a hard disk that holds an infected file until the can be removed.					
	0	a.	quarantine	0	b.	firewall
	0	C.	payload	0	d.	honeypot
	0	e.	worm			
57.			vhich allows users to choose an end d a server, requires that both the c			
	0	a.	Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)	0	b.	Secure HTTP (S-HTTP)
	0	C.	Secure Electronics Transactions (SET) Specifications	0	d.	Pretty Good Privacy (PGP)
	0	e.	Certificate authority (CA)			
58.			in the management area of an IT	depa	artme	nt include all of the following
	0	a.	project leader	0	b.	desktop publisher
	0	C.	project manager	0	d.	e-commerce administrator
	0	e.	database administrator			
59.	The)	directs a company's information	ser	vice a	and communications functions.
	0	a.	computer operator	0	b.	quality assurance specialist
	\circ	c.	to a constitute of a CET/ULT		٨	network security specialist
		0.	vice president of IT/chief information officer (CIO)	O	d.	network security specialist

60.	is a job title in the end-user computing area of an IT department.					
	0	a.	Software engineer	0	b.	Webmaster
	0	C.	Help Desk specialist	0	d.	Systems analyst
	0	e.	Application programmer			
61.			an operating systems certification aging a Linux operating system.	that	tests	basic knowledge of setting up
	0	a.	Red Hat Certified Technician (RHCT)	0	b.	Microsoft Certified Professional (MCP)
	0	C.	Macromedia Certified Professional	0	d.	IBM Certified Professional for Lotus Software
	0	e.	Network Systems Certified Professional (NSCP)			
62.	as e	emplo	any wishes to set up a collaborative byees can create, add, modify, or c would be best advised to set up a	lelete	cor	tent via their Web browser. The
62.	as e	emplo	oyees can create, add, modify, or c	lelete	cor	tent via their Web browser. The
62.	as e	emplo npany	oyees can create, add, modify, or conversely would be best advised to set up a	lelete	e cor	tent via their Web browser. The
62.	as e	emplo npany a.	oyees can create, add, modify, or on would be best advised to set up a e-mail	lelete	b.	itent via their Web browser. The wiki
	as e com	emplony a. c. e.	byees can create, add, modify, or converge value of the would be best advised to set up a e-mail	delete	b.	wiki Web search engine
	as e com	emplony a. c. e.	e-mail blog File Transfer Protocol the vendor selects the protocol	delete	b.	wiki Web search engine
	as e com	emplonpany a. c. e. then	e-mail blog File Transfer Protocol the vendor selects the products the prices.	delete	b. d. (s) th	wiki Web search engine at meets specified requirements request for system services (RFSS)

64.			, a systems analyst identifies to the system.	the p	roces	ssing requirements for each
	0	a.	storage design	0	b.	database design
	0	C.	program design	0	d.	input and output design
	0	e.	data entry design			
65.	An a	accep	otance test			
	0	a.	verifies that each individual program works by itself	0	b.	verifies that all programs in an application work together properly
	0	C.	verifies that an application works with other applications	0	d.	is performed by end-users and verifies that the new system works with actual data
	0	e.	verifies that existing hardware is compatible with the new system			
66.	An I	ERM	system			
	0	a.	facilitates communication between human resources personnel and employees	0	b.	includes information about the files and data, called metadata
	0	C.	focuses on issues related to inventory of parts and forecasting future demand	0	d.	assists support personnel in providing the best solutions for customers
	0	e.	delivers products to customers			
67.	mee	etings	oftware helps salespeople manage , log customer interactions, manag tomers.			
	0	a.	SFA	0	b.	ERM
	0	C.	CAE	0	d.	CAD
	0	e.	ERP			

68.	A(n)	consolidates data, usually with	tools	s, tab	les, or graphs.
	0	a.	external report	0	b.	exception report
	0	C.	detailed report	0	d.	summary report
	0	e.	internal report			
69.	A C	MS _				
	0	a.	facilitates communication between human resources personnel and employees	0	b.	includes information about the files and data, called metadata
	0	C.	focuses on issues related to inventory of parts and forecasting future demand	0	d.	assists support personnel in providing the best solutions for customers
	0	e.	delivers products to customers			
70.			e often integrated with transaction pely reports for analysis.	oroc	essin	g systems to generate accurate
	0	a.	OIS	0	b.	CIM
	0	c.	CAE	0	d.	CAD
	0	e.	MIS			
71.	A(n)		usually lists just transactions.			
	0	a.	external report	0	b.	detailed report
	0	C.	exception report	0	d.	summary report
	0	e.	internal report			

72.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> true of a data warehouse?							
	0	a.	It consists of data required for decision-making.	0	b.	It may contain internal or external data sources.		
	0	C.	It may use click streams as a source of information.	0	d.	It contains current and historical transactions.		
	0	e.	It only contains transaction information and does not include summarizations of data in the warehouse.					
73.	forn	n of e	is known as a company that hat hat commerce.	as es	stablis	shed a business-to-consumer		
	0	a.	SpecialEmployeeOffers.com	0	b.	401K Management.com		
	0	C.	OnlineAuction.com	0	d.	eBay.com		
	0	e.	Dell.com					
74.	A c	ompa	ny that wishes to protect its docum	ents	from	changes by users should use the		
	0	a.	EDI	0	b.	Word		
	0	C.	PDF	0	d.	PowerPoint		
	0	e.	Thunderbird					
75.	Wh	en us	ing spreadsheet software, a function	on is	a	,		
	0	a.	key that enters a number in a cell when the key is pressed	0	b.	predefined formula that performs a common calculation		
	0	C.	number or value used in a calculation	0	d.	symbol used to represent a calculation		
	0	e.	series of rows and columns that organize data					

76.			base, each row, called a, cor r event.	ontaii	ns da	ta about a given person, product,
	0	a.	record	0	b.	form
	0	C.	cell	0	d.	field
	0	e.	column			
77.	All	of the	following are true of presentation	grapl	nics s	software except
	0	a.	a clip gallery that contains pictures, video clips, and audio clips is included	0	b.	the presentations can be viewed as slides displayed on a large monitor or projection screen
	0	C.	a variety of predefined presentation formats that contain complementary colors for backgrounds is included	0	d.	a variety of layouts for each individual slide, such as a title slide and a two-column slide, is included
	0	e.	the program does not include a spell check or the ability to convert an existing slide show into a format to post on the Internet			
78.		ty	pically consists of self-directed, se	lf-pad	ced ir	nstruction on a topic.
	0	a.	CBT	0	b.	DTP
	0	c.	CAD	0	d.	FAQ
	0	e.	CIM			
79.	An	enter	prise ASP			
	0	a.	customizes and delivers high-end business applications	0	b.	provides applications for a particular industry
	0	C.	delivers applications to meet a specific business need	0	d.	supplies prepackaged, standard entertainment applications
	0	e.	manages integrated applications within a business			

80.	O. Businesses are the primary users of because this technology provides a mean for departments to communicate with each other, suppliers, vendors, and clients.						
	0	a.	groupware	0	b.	Web services	
	0	C.	global positioning systems	0	d.	short message services	
	0	e.	PDAs				
81.	A vo	oice r	mailbox is a(n) in a voice ma	ail sy	stem		
	0	a.	storage location on a hard disk	0	b.	processor	
	0	C.	input device	0	d.	output device	
	0	e.	program				
82.	Sha	aring	resources on a network				
	0	a.	saves time and money	0	b.	saves time and maintains equivalent costs	
	0	C.	wastes time but saves money	0	d.	saves time but wastes money	
	0	e.	wastes time and money				
83.	aud	ience	software, a mobile user can cree by connecting a mobile computer entation on a full screen.				
	0	a.	word processing	0	b.	presentation graphics	
	0	c.	spreadsheet	0	d.	database	
	0	e.	browser				

84.	 To send an e-mail message via Outlook, to perform the following steps. 					represents the correct order in which		
	 Click the Send button to send the message. Start an e-mail program and point to the New Mail Message button. Enter the recipient's e-mail address, the subject, and the message. Click the New Mail Message button to display the Message window. 							
	0	a.	4, 3, 2, 1	0	b.	2, 3, 4, 1		
	0	c.	2, 1, 4, 3	0	d.	3, 2, 1, 4		
	0	e.	2, 4, 3, 1					
85.			a work arrangement in which emplo workplace and often communicate					
	0	a.	Internet commuting	0	b.	Power computing		
	0	C.	Telecommuting	0	d.	Telecomputing		
	0	e.	Mobile computing					
86.	eas		ownloaded and viewed on a variety			ts in, which allows files to be ms using Adobe Acrobat Reader		
	0	a.	HTML	0	b.	XML		
	0	c.	Microsoft Word	0	d.	Microsoft Powerpoint		
	0	e.	PDF					

87.	A c	omm	on netiquette rule is to avoid,	whic	ch is	the equivalent of shouting.
	0	a.	emoticons	0	b.	italics font
	0	C.	all capital letters	0	d.	bold font
	0	e.	acronyms			
88.			efficiently notify a wide variety of c	usto	mers	about an upcoming sale, a
	0	a.	establish and use a File Transfer Protocol site	0	b.	set up and use a mailing list
	0	c.	join an existing newsgroup	0	d.	register for a message board
	0	e.	sponsor a chat room			
89.	An	orgar	nization can use e-mail to do all of	the f	ollowi	ng except
	0	a.	droft and sand massages	\bigcirc	b.	receive and forward messages
			draft and send messages		υ.	
	0	c.	store and delete messages	0		attach a graphic and an audio clip
	0		-	0		attach a graphic and an audio
90.	O Mos	c. e.	store and delete messages		d.	attach a graphic and an audio clip
90.	O Mos	c. e.	store and delete messages create a slideshow presentation		d.	attach a graphic and an audio clip
90.	Mos	c. e. st e-c	store and delete messages create a slideshow presentation commerce actually takes place between the consumer to-business (C2B)		d. busi	attach a graphic and an audio clip nesses, which is called business-to-consumer (B2C)

91.			e collection of Internet newsgroups ds of newsgroups on a multitude of	, which contains		
	0	a.	ARPANET	0	b.	Dragnet
	0	C.	NSFnet	0	d.	Usenet
	0	e.	W3C			
92.	The	mar	keting department of a corporation	migł	nt set	up a vlog because they
	0	a.	want a blog that also contains video clips	0	b.	need a vigorous outlet for their new campaign
	0	C.	cannot afford a traditional blog	0	d.	offer only vehement comments on political issues
	0	e.	want to keep their comments anonymous			
93.	A bl	log di	iffers from a wiki because			
	0	a.	a wiki is rarely informational	0	b.	blogs often charge a monthly fee
	0	C.	wikis can be modified by subsequent users	0	d.	a wiki is impartial in its views
	0	e.	a blog has to be updated daily once established			
94.		ne W play.	eb sites use on their pages be	caus	e gra	phics can be time-consuming to
	0	a.	hyperlinks	0	b.	macros
	0	c.	animation	0	d.	thumbnails
	0	e.	streaming			

95.	5. A is the text version of an IP address.								
	0	a.	path name	0	b.	host name			
	0	C. domain name		0	d.	hyperlink			
	0	e.	Web page address						
96.	6. In a recent report, the United States government attributed of the coun economic growth to digital technologies, resulting in tremendous increases in productivity.								
	0	a.	one eighth	0	b.	one fourth			
	0	C.	one third	0	d.	one half			
	0	e.	two thirds						
97.	7. People can help safeguard their personal information on the Internet in all of the following ways except by								
	0	a.	checking their credit reports at least once a year	0	b.	limiting the amount of personal information they provide on a Web site			
	0	C.	installing a cookie manager to filter cookies	0	d.	replying to spam to take their names off mailing lists			
	0	e.	installing a personal firewall						
98.	8. Fair use of material on the Internet, an aspect of intellectual property rights people to use information from the Internet								
	0	a.	as long as the author/creator is deceased	0	b.	as long as no one is making a profit from it			
	0	C.	for educational and critical purposes only	0	d.	as long as they are fair and equitable about it			
	0	e.	as long as the content is not popular music						

99.	Software piracy continues for all of the following reasons except that								
	0	a.	software piracy drives down the price of software for all users	0	b.	in some countries, legal protection for software does no exist			
	0	C.	software piracy is a fairly simple crime to commit	0	d.	many buyers believe they have the right to copy software they have paid for			
	 e. users feel software piracy is a victimless crime because companies already make millions and can afford the losses 								
100.	is the inflammation of the nerve that connects the forearm to the palm of the wrist.								
	0	a.	CVS	0	b.	CTS			
	0	c.	Ergonomics	0	d.	MIS			
	0	e.	TPS						

1. a	2. b	3. a	4. a	5. b	6. d	7. c	8. b
9. d	10 . a	11. a	12. b	13. a	14. c	15. d	16. e
17. d	18. b	19. c	20. e	21. d	22. d	23. e	24. c
25. e	26. d	27. c	28. d	29. e	30. d	31. d	32. d
33. d	34. e	35. b	36. b	37. e	38. C	39. b	40. d
41 . a	42. e	43. e	44. c	45. e	46. d	47. e	48. c
49. e	50. e	51. e	52. b	53. a	54. e	55. c	56. a
57. b	58. b	59. c	60. c	61. a	62. b	63. a	64. c
65. d	66. a	67. a	68. d	69. b	70. e	71. b	72. e
73. e	74. c	75. b	76. a	77. e	78. a	79. a	80. b
81. a	82. a	83. b	84. e	85. c	86. e	87. c	88. b
89. e	90. d	91. d	92. a	93. c	94. d	95. c	96. c
97. d	98. c	99. a	100. b				