

Model V3.2

Tags	112-2 Oblivious Routing
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Präsentation	https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1SNR6h9RAr6sjFPT4PI4MXJaHZKR5mn1nka4y3PGCEOM/edit#
Status	Im Gange

Aussage des Lehrers

The first model

min α (Minimize maximum link utilization)

$\sum_{e \in E^{OUT}_n} \phi_t(e) = 1, \forall n \neq t$ (Flow conservation)
 Handwritten: $n \in N, t \in N$

$\sum_{e \in E^{OUT}_t} \phi_t(e) = 0, \forall t$ (Flow conservation)
 Handwritten: $t \in N$

$f_t^i = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq |D|} f_t^i + \phi_t(e) \sum_{s \in N} f_s^i$ (Flow)
 Handwritten: $f_t^i = \sum_{1 \leq i \leq |D|} f_t^i + \phi_t(e) \sum_{s \in N} f_s^i$

$\sum_{e \in E} \frac{d_t^i f_t^i(\alpha) \phi_t(e)}{c(e)} \leq \alpha, \forall t \in E, 1 \leq i \leq |D|$ (Link capacity constraint)
 Handwritten: $\sum_{e \in E} f_t^i \phi_t(e) \leq \alpha$

$0 \leq \phi_t(e) \leq 1, \forall e \in E$ (Decision variable constraint)
 Handwritten: $e=(i,n)$

$0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$ (Decision variable constraint)
 Handwritten: $\sum_{e \in E} \phi_t(e) \leq 1$

Input : Given a Demand Matrix DM_1

Output : Routing ϕ (Fraction of demand entering vertex)

1. Find the best routing ϕ_1 of DM_1
2. Find the worst demand matrix DM_2 of the routing ϕ_1

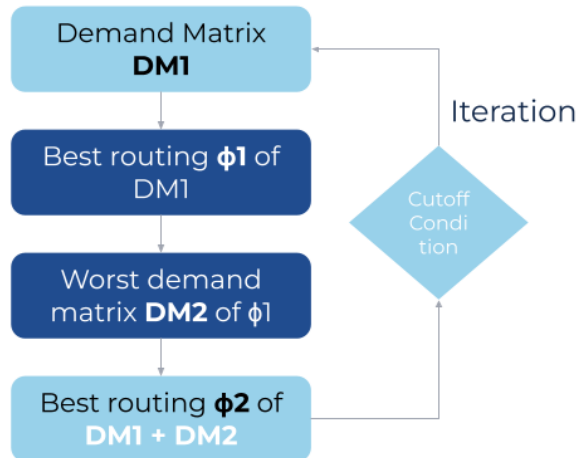
3. Find the best routing ϕ_2 of $DM_1 \cup DM_2$
4. Iteration until it meet the cutoff condition



Approach

Input : A demand Matrix
Output : Routing
 (Fraction of demand entering vertex)

Best routing : Minimize maximum link utilization
Worst demand matrix: Maximum maximum link utilization



Pseudo code

Algorithm 1: main algorithm

Input: Demand matrix DM

Output: Routing ϕ_{best} (Fraction of demand)

```

1 Initialization :  $D = \{DM\}$ ,  $DM_{worst} = 0$ ;
  // D is the set of demand matrix
2 while not meet the cutoff condition do
3    $D = D \cup DM_{worst}$ ;
4   Find the best routing  $\phi$  of D; // The First model
5    $\phi_{best} = \phi$ ;
6   Find the worst demand matrix  $DM_{worst}$  of  $\phi_{best}$  // The
    second model
7 end
8 return  $\phi_{best}$ 
  
```

Finden Sie größte Routing ϕ

Finding the link weight and traffic splitting ratio to minimize the maximum link utilization



The first model

Given set of demand matrix D , find the fraction of demands that minimizing the maximum link utilization.

Variable

α	The maximum link utilization of all the demand matrix in D
$\phi_t(e)$	Routing fraction for edge $e=(u, v)$ to vertex t

For PD(Per-destination) routing in IP network



The first model

Indicate

D	The set of demand matrix
$e=(u,v) \in E$	Edges form vertex u to vertex v
d_{st}^i	Demand form s to t of DM(i)
f_{st}^i	Traffic from vertex s to t of DM(i)
c_e	Link capacity of the edge e
h_e	Header node of the edge e
E_n^{OUT}	Set includes all the edge from vertex n
\tilde{N}_n	Set includes all the neighbor vertexs of vertex n

Indicate

D	The set of demand matrix
$e = (u, v) \in E$	Edges form vertex u to vertex v
d_{st}^i	Demand from s to t of i – th DM in D
f_{st}^i	Traffic from vertex s to t of i – th DM in D
c_e	Link capacity of the edge e
h_e	Header node of the edge e
E_n^{OUT}	Set includes all the edge from vertex n
\tilde{N}_n	Set includes all the neighbor vertexs of vertex n

Variable

α The maximum link utilization of all the demand matrix in D

$\phi_t(e)$ Routing fraction for edge $e = (u, v)$ to vertex t

Objective function

Minimize the maximum link utilization α

$$\min \alpha$$

Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} 0 \leq \alpha \leq 1 & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \\ 0 \leq \phi_{st}(e) \leq 1, \forall e \in E & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \\ \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{het}^i \phi_t(e)}{c(e)} \leq \alpha, \forall e \in E, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Link capacity constraint)} \\ \sum_{e \in E_n^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) = 1, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \\ \sum_{e \in E_t^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) = 1, \forall t \in N & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \\ f_{nt}^i = \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}^i \phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}^i, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \end{aligned}$$

Model

$\min \alpha$ (Minimize maximum link utilization)

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{e \in E_n^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) &= 1, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t \\ \sum_{e \in E_t^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) &= 1, \forall t \in N \\ f_{nt}^i &= \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}^i \phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}^i, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \\ \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{het}^i \phi_t(e)}{c(e)} &\leq \alpha, \forall e \in E, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Link capacity constraint)} \\ 0 \leq \phi_t(e) &\leq 1, \forall e \in E & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \\ 0 \leq \alpha &\leq 1 & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \end{aligned}$$

$\min \alpha$ (Minimize maximum link utilization)

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{e \in E_n^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) &= 1, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t \\ \sum_{e \in E_t^{\text{OUT}}} \phi_t(e) &= 1, \forall t \in N \\ f_{nt}^i &= \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}^i \phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}^i, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \\ \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{het}^i \phi_t(e)}{c(e)} &\leq \alpha, \forall e \in E, 1 \leq i \leq |D| & \text{ (Link capacity constraint)} \\ 0 \leq \phi_t(e) &\leq 1, \forall e \in E & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \\ 0 \leq \alpha &\leq 1 & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \end{aligned}$$

Find the worst demand matrix of routing ϕ

Find the demand matrix maximizing the maximum link utilization with given routing ϕ



The second model

Given routing (Fracttion of demand) ϕ , find the demand matrix maximizing maximum link utilization with routing ϕ .

Variable

ρ	The minimum link utilization of the demand matrix DM
DM	The worstcase demand matrix of given routing ϕ
d_{st}	Demand form s to t

For PD(Per-destination) routing in IP network



The second model

Indicate

$\phi_t(e)$	Given routing / fraction of traffic to vertex t on the edge e
$e=(u,v) \in E$	Edges form vertex u to vertex v
f_{st}	Traffic from vertex s to t
c_e	Link capacity of the edge e
h_e	Header node of the edge e
E_n^{OUT}	Set includes all the edge from vertex n
\tilde{N}_n	Set includes all the neighbor vertexs of vertex n

Indicate

$\phi_t(e)$	Given routing
$e = (u, v) \in E$	Edges form vertex u to vertex v
f_{st}	Traffic from vertex s to t
c_e	Link capacity of the edge e
h_e	Header node of the edge e
E_n^{OUT}	Set includes all the edge from vertex n
\tilde{N}_n	Set includes all the neighbor vertexs of vertex n

Variable

DM The worstcase demand matrix of given routing ϕ

ρ The minimum link utilization of the demand matrix DM

d_{st} Demand from s to t

Objective function

Maximize the maximum link utilization α

$$\max \rho$$

Constraints

$$\begin{aligned} 0 \leq \rho \leq 1 & \text{ (Decision variable constraint)} \\ \rho \leq \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{ht}\phi_t(e)}{c(e)} \leq \alpha, \forall e \in E & \text{ (Link capacity constraint)} \\ f_{nt} = \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}\phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t & \text{ (Flow conservation)} \end{aligned}$$

Model

$\max \rho$ (Maximize minimum link utilization)

$$f_{nt} = \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}\phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t \quad \text{(Flow conservation)}$$

$$\rho \leq \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{ht}\phi_t(e)}{c(e)} \leq \alpha, \forall e \in E \quad \text{(Link capacity constraint)}$$

$$0 \leq \rho \leq 1 \quad \text{(Decision variable constraint)}$$

$\max \rho$ (Maximize minimum link utilization)

$$f_{nt} = \sum_{j \in \tilde{N}_n} f_{jt}\phi_t((j, n)) + d_{nt}, \forall n, t \in N, n \neq t \quad \text{(Flow conservation)}$$

$$\rho \leq \sum_{t \in N} \frac{f_{ht}\phi_t(e)}{c(e)} \leq \alpha, \forall e \in E \quad \text{(Link capacity constraint)}$$

$$0 \leq \rho \leq 1 \quad \text{(Decision variable constraint)}$$