

## 詳 解

## 單元 2

## 結構式問題

建議題解

1.  $5b = 3(2a + b)$

$5b = 6a + 3b$

$2b = 6a$

$a = \frac{b}{3}$

2.  $h = \frac{3+k}{2k}$

$2hk = 3 + k$

$2hk - k = 3$

$k(2h - 1) = 3$

$k = \frac{3}{2h-1}$

3.  $y - 2 = \frac{1}{2}(5y - 3x)$

$2(y - 2) = 5y - 3x$

$2y - 4 = 5y - 3x$

$3x = 3y + 4$

$x = \frac{3y+4}{3}$

4.  $\frac{6+5n}{2-m} = 4n$

$6+5n = 4n(2-m)$

$6+5n = 8n-4mn$

$6 = 3n-4mn$

$6 = n(3-4m)$

$n = \frac{6}{3-4m}$

$$5. \quad \frac{a+3b}{ab-3} = 2$$

$$a+3b = 2(ab-3)$$

$$a+3b = 2ab-6$$

$$3b+6 = 2ab-a$$

$$3(b+2) = a(2b-1)$$

$$a = \frac{3(b+2)}{2b-1}$$

$$6. \quad \frac{1}{h} - \frac{4}{k} = 3$$

$$\frac{k-4h}{hk} = 3$$

$$k-4h = 3hk$$

$$k-3hk = 4h$$

$$k(1-3h) = 4h$$

$$k = \frac{4h}{1-3h}$$

$$7. \quad y = \frac{3+2x}{3-2x}$$

$$y(3-2x) = 3+2x$$

$$3y-2xy = 3+2x$$

$$3y-3 = 2xy+2x$$

$$3(y-1) = 2x(y+1)$$

$$x = \frac{3(y-1)}{2(y+1)}$$

$$8. \quad \frac{3-mn}{m+2n} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$5(3-mn) = 4(m+2n)$$

$$15-5mn = 4m+8n$$

$$15-4m = 8n+5mn$$

$$15-4m = n(8+5m)$$

$$n = \frac{15-4m}{8+5m}$$

$$9. \quad (a) \quad p = \frac{1}{5}(2q - 3)$$

$$5p = 2q - 3$$

$$5p + 3 = 2q$$

$$q = \frac{5p + 3}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad q \text{ 的新值} &= \frac{5(p+2)+3}{2} \\ &= \frac{5p+10+3}{2} \\ &= \left( \frac{5p+3}{2} \right) + 5 \\ &= (q \text{ 的原值}) + 5 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore q$  的值增加 5。

$$10. \quad (a) \quad x = a + b$$

$$a = x - b \quad \dots\dots(1)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(a - b)$$

$$2y = a - b$$

$$a = 2y + b \quad \dots\dots(2)$$

把 (1) 代入 (2)，可得：

$$x - b = 2y + b$$

$$x - 2y = 2b$$

$$b = \frac{x - 2y}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad b \text{ 的新值} &= \frac{(x+4) - 2(y+4)}{2} \\ &= \frac{x+4-2y-8}{2} \\ &= \left( \frac{x-2y}{2} \right) - 2 \\ &= (b \text{ 的原值}) - 2 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore b$  的值減少 2。

## 多項選擇題

1. C

$$\frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{q} = \frac{2}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{p} - \frac{2}{r} = \frac{1}{q}$$

$$\frac{r-2p}{pr} = \frac{1}{q}$$

$$q = \frac{pr}{r-2p}$$

2. D

$$h = \frac{4-3k}{k+1} + 7$$

$$h-7 = \frac{4-3k}{k+1}$$

$$(h-7)(k+1) = 4-3k$$

$$hk + h - 7k - 7 = 4 - 3k$$

$$hk - 4k = 11 - h$$

$$k(h-4) = 11-h$$

$$k = \frac{11-h}{h-4}$$

3. C

$$A = P(1 + r\% \times t)$$

$$\frac{A}{P} = 1 + \frac{r}{100} \times t$$

$$\frac{A}{P} - 1 = \frac{r}{100} \times t$$

$$\frac{1}{t} \left( \frac{A}{P} - 1 \right) = \frac{r}{100}$$

$$r = \frac{100}{t} \left( \frac{A}{P} - 1 \right)$$

4. A

$$\frac{x-2y}{3x+y} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$3(x-2y) = 2(3x+y)$$

$$3x-6y = 6x+2y$$

$$-8y = 3x$$

$$x = \frac{-8y}{3}$$

當  $y=9$  時，

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{-8(9)}{3} \\ &= \underline{\underline{-24}} \end{aligned}$$

5. D

$$v = \frac{1}{2}u + 5$$

$$v-5 = \frac{1}{2}u$$

$$u = 2v-10$$

$$\begin{aligned} u \text{ 的新值} &= 2(v+3)-10 \\ &= (2v-10)+6 \\ &= (u \text{ 的原值})+6 \end{aligned}$$

∴  $u$  的值增加 6。