Bio-Join Phase 2 Presentation

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Overview

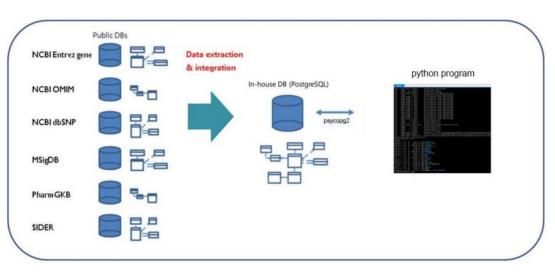










Table creation

```
CREATE TABLE dbSNP (
  snp_id int NOT NULL,
  snp_chr varchar,
  snp_pos varchar,
  gene_symb varchar,
  anc_allele varchar,
  min_allele varchar,
  PRIMARY KEY (snp_id)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Gene (
 tax id varchar,
 gene id int UNIQUE,
 gene symb varchar NOT NULI
 gene syn varchar,
 gene chr varchar,
 gene pos varchar,
 gene sum text,
 gene type varchar,
 gene mod date date NOT NUI
 PRIMARY KEY (gene id)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE OMIM (
 omim id int,
 omim name varchar,
 gene symb varchar,
 PRIMARY KEY (omim_id, gene_symb)
 );
```

Database filling

```
≡ merged.txt ×
data > ≡ merged.txt
         disease OMIM ID disease name
                                         gene symbol
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AA1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AAA
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AAA1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AAT1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AFA1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AIS
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ ANIB1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ AOMS1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ APMR1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ ASD1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ ATFB1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ ATR1
            $Deafness, Y-linke$ BAFME1
             $Deafness, Y-linke$ BFIC1
```

```
2 X e cmdline.py X
                              perate db.py 1, M
                                                     template sql.py
fill.pv > 😭 parse data
      def fill database(db connection, table, headers, csv content):
          cur = db connection.cursor()
          # list of dictionaries with column names as keys and
          # value as row values
          q args = []
          FROM = 0
          TILL = len(csv content)
          for line in csv content[FROM:TILL]:
              q dict arg = {}
              for key, value in zip(headers, line):
                  q dict arg[key] = value
              q args.append(q dict arg)
          # make a object csv and copy into db for best performance
          csv file like object = io.StringIO()
          for arg in q args:
              csv_file_like_object.write('~'.join(map(clean_csv_value, arg.values())) + '\n')
          csv file like object.seek(0)
          cur.copy from(csv file like object, f'{table}', sep='~')
          db connection.commit()
          cur.close()
          db connection.close()
```

Database filling

```
u20226159=> \dt
           List of relations
 Schema | Name
                   | Type | Owner
 public | dbsnp
                    | table | u20226159
 public | gene
                    | table | u20226159
 public | omim
                    | table | u20226159
 public | professor | table | u20226159
 public | student
                    | table | u20226159
(5 rows)
u20226159=> select * from gene limit 5;
                                                         | gene_chr | gene_pos |
 tax_id | gene_id | gene_symb |
                                       gene_syn
                                                                                              aene s
                l gene_type
                              l aene mod date
 9606 I
               1 | A1BG
                              | A1B|ABG|GAB|HYST2477
                                                         1 19
                                                                    | 19a13.43 | alpha-1-B alvcoprot
               | protein-coding | 2017-04-02
 9606 |
               2 | A2M
                              | A2MD|CPAMD5|FWP007|S863-7 | 12
                                                                    | 12p13.31 | alpha-2-macroalobul
               | protein-coding | 2017-04-02
                                                                    | 12p13.31 | alpha-2-macroglobul
 9606
               3 | A2MP1
                             I A2MP
                                                         | 12
in pseudogene 1 | pseudo
                                | 2017-04-02
 9606
               9 | NAT1
                             | AAC1|MNAT|NAT-1|NATI
                                                         18
                                                                    1 8p22
                                                                               | N-acetyltransferase
               | protein-coding | 2017-04-03
 9606
               10 | NAT2
                             | AAC2|NAT-2|PNAT
                                                         1 8
                                                                    1 8p22
                                                                               | N-acetyltransferase
               | protein-coding | 2017-04-02
(5 rows)
```

```
u20226159=> select * from dbsnp limit 5;
 snp_id | snp_chr | snp_pos | gene_symb | anc_allele | min_allele
    538 | 1
                 | 6100898
                             I KCNAB2
                                                         I A
    546 I 1
                 | 93151989 | TMED5
                                                         I T
    665 I 1
                 | 23854551 | FUCA1
                                            I G
    699 I 1
                                                         ΙA
                 | 230710048 | AGT
                                                         I A
    751 | 1
                 | 87392286 | LOC105378833 | G
(5 rows)
u20226159=> select * from omim limit 5;
                omim name
       1 | $Deafness, Y-linke$ | AA1
       1 | $Deafness, Y-linke$ | AAA
      1 | $Deafness, Y-linke$ | AAA1
       1 | $Deafness, Y-linke$ | AAT1
       1 | $Deafness, Y-linke$ | AFA1
(5 rows)
```

Database manipulation software

Operations support:

- 1. Search
 - Custom user search
 - b. Template search (later explained)
- 2. Update of rows
- 3. Addition of rows
- 4. Deletion of row
- 5. Deletion of table



Pre-defined search on the DB tables

- 1. Given a gene symbol, find all gene information stored in the gene table SELECT * FROM gene WHERE gene symb = {gene symbol};
- 2. Given a chromosome id, find all gene symbols located in the chromosome SELECT gene_symb FROM gene WHERE gene_chr = {chromosome};
- 3. Given an SNP ID, find all diseases associated with the SNP SELECT omim_name FROM omim WHERE omim.gene_symb IN (SELECT gene_symb FROM dbsnp WHERE snp_id = {snp_id});
- 4. Given a disease name, find all SNP IDs associated with the disease SELECT snp_id FROM dbsnp WHERE dbsnp.gene_symb IN SELECT gene_symb FROM omim WHERE omim_name = {disease_name});

Thank you for you attention

Any questions?

Check out the source code on: https://github.com/Tsatsch/Biojoin

Database manipulation software

Live demo:)

