

BAHIR DAR UNIVERSITY BAHIR DAR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (BiT) FACUITY OF computing

Operating system and system programming

Individual Assignment

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Section: A

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Title:System call

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Pivot_root()

system call is a programmatic way in which a computer program requests a service from the kernel of the operating system it is executed on.

pivot_root() is a system call that changes the root filesystem (i.e., /) of the current process to a new location. It's commonly used in container technologies, initramfs scripts, or custom boot environments.

Prototype:

int pivot root(const char *new root, const char *put old);

•new root: The new root directory.

•put_old: A location under the new root where the old root will be mounted (so it can later be unmounted if desired).

Example Use Case:

When booting a system using an initramfs, pivot_root is used to switch from the temporary initial root filesystem (like a RAM disk) to the real root filesystem (like the SD card or another partition).

Requirements:

- •Both new root and put old must be on the same filesystem.
- pivot root requires root privileges.
- •Not all environments (like some containers) allow its usage due to limited capabilities.

Implementation of pivot_root() on Raspberry Pi:

This script assumes you're in a minimal boot environment, Such as an initramfs or live rescue shell - not from a fully running Raspberry Pi 0S.

#!/bin/sh

- # Mount essential filesystems mount -t proc none /proc mount -t sysfs none /sys mount -t devtmpfs none /dev
- # Mount new root filesystem (replace with actual device) mount

/dev/sda1 /mnt

Prepare old root directory

```
mkdir -p /mnt /old root # Move into new root cd /mnt # Do the pivot pivot root . old root
root
# Unmount unnecessary mounts from old root umount /old__root/proc
                                                                                 umount
/old root/sys umount /old root/dev
There's a minimal C code example that calls the pivot_root() system call directly.
#define _GNU_SOURCE
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/syscall.h>
#include <errno.h>
int main() {
 const char *new_root = "/newroot";
 const char *put_old = "/newroot/old_root";
 int ret = syscall(SYS_pivot_root, new_root, put_old);
 if (ret == 0) {
   printf("pivot_root successful.\n");
 } else {
   perror("pivot_root failed");
 }
```

return 0;

}