

# **Classes & Objects**

#### Destructor

For a C++ class, a destructor is a special method that handles object destruction, generally focused on preventing memory leaks. Class destructors don't take arguments as input and their names are always preceded by a tilde  $\sim$ 

#### **Class Members**

A class is comprised of class members:

- Attributes, also known as member data, consist of information about an instance of the class.
- *Methods*, also known as member functions, are functions that can be used with an instance of the class.

```
City::~City() {
 // Any final cleanup
class City {
  // Attribute
  int population;
public:
  // Method
 void add_resident() {
   population++;
```

};

#### Constructor

For a C++ class, a *constructor* is a special kind of method that enables control regarding how the objects of a class should be created. Different class constructors can be specified for the same class, but each constructor signature must be unique.

## **Objects**

In C++, an *object* is an instance of a class that encapsulates data and functionality pertaining to that data.

#### Class

A C++ class is a user-defined data type that encapsulates information and behavior about an object. It serves as a blueprint for future inherited classes.

### **Access Control Operators**

C++ classes have access control operators that designate the scope of class members:

- public
- private

public members are accessible everywhere; private members can only be accessed from within the same instance of the class or from friends classes.

```
#include "city.hpp"
class City {
  std::string name;
  int population;
public:
  City(std::string new name, int new pop);
} ;
City nyc;
class Person {
} ;
class City {
  int population;
public:
  void add resident() {
    population++;
```

```
private:
  bool is_capital;
};
```