



Prospex: Protocol Specification Extraction

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Motivation

- Stateful protocol specifications can be used for
 - Blackbox vulnerability analysis
 - Automated fuzz testing
 - Deep packet inspection
 - Intrusion detection
 - Show differences between implementations of protocols
 - Fingerprinting
 - Testing







Motivation

- Manual network protocol reverse engineering is a timeconsuming and tedious task
- Goal: Automatic extraction of application level protocol specifications
- Several systems exist that can automatically extract precise message formats for individual messages, however they do not aim at extracting a protocol state machine
- Prospex aims at producing detailed specifications for stateful protocols





Our Contributions

- We present
 - a technique for automatically determining message types
 - a novel way for inferring a minimal automaton that is consistent with a set of application sessions (state machine)
- Our system is the first to automatically infer specifications for stateful protocols
- Specifications for fuzz testing are automatically generated from the recovered specifications

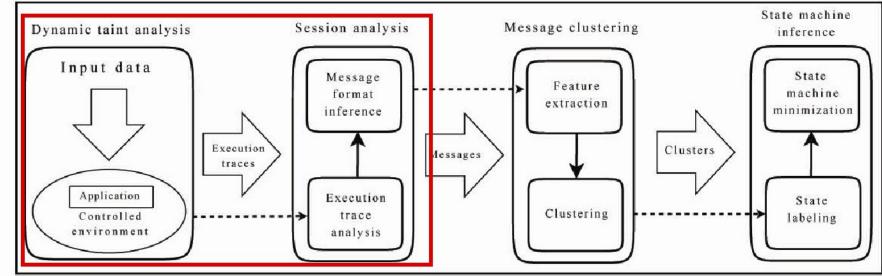






System Overview

- Our system operates in four phases
- Each phase produces input for the following phase









Session Analysis Phase

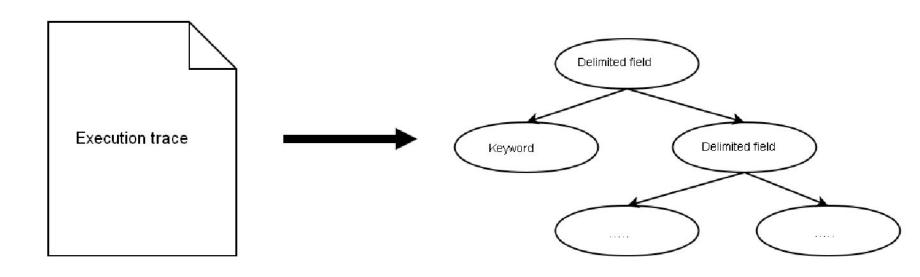
- How is the server processing messages?
 - Behavior based approach
- Record an execution trace
 - Run the application (server) in a dynamic data tainting environment
 - Assign a label to each input byte, track its propagation during the execution
 - Do this while engaging the server in a series of application sessions (using a client)
 - For example, observe sendmail (SMTP daemon) while using a mail client to send mail
 - Yields an execution trace for a session, containing all executed instruction and taint labels of all instruction operands







Message Format Inference

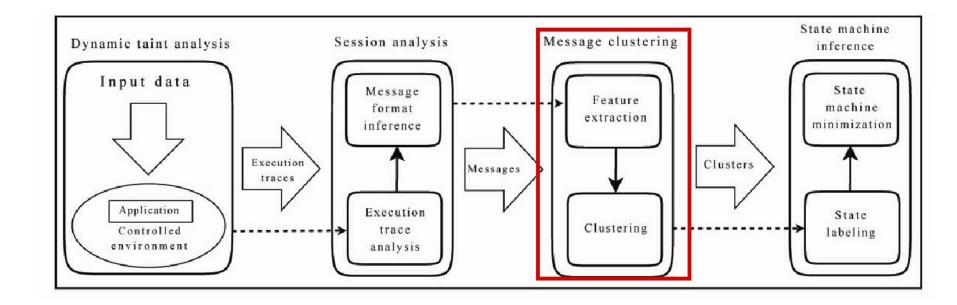


- Apply a set of techniques and heuristics to the execution trace
- Described in previous work (Automatic Network Protocol Analysis, NDSS 2008)
- Allows us to recover message formats for individual messages
- Each message format is represented as a tree of nested fields





Message Clustering Phase









Message Clustering

- After the session analysis phase, we have format specifications for individual messages
- We want to automatically determine the different message types that appear in the observed application sessions
- Assume a similar "reaction " of the server to similar messages (e.g. if they have the same type)
- First step: Find a metric of similarity between messages







Message Similarity

- We define several similarity features and distance functions
- These features can be divided into three groups:
 - Input similarity features ("message format")
 - Execution similarity features ("code execution")
 - Impact similarity features ("behavior")
- For each group, we compute a similarity score







Input Similarity Feature

- Assumption: Messages of the same type have a similar field structure
- To compute an input similarity score, we use a modified sequence alignment algorithm (hierarchical Needleman – Wunsch)
- The sequences of fields for all message formats are compared
- Similar parts get aligned, exposing differences or missing parts (matches, mismatches, gaps)







Execution Similarity Features

- Assumption: Similar messages are handled by similar code
- For each pair of messages, the sets of
 - system calls
 - process activity (clone, kill,...)
 - invoked functions
 - invoked library functions
 - executed addresses

are recorded

• Then, the Jaccard indices (measure of set similarity) are computed:

$$J(a,b) = \frac{|a \cap b|}{|a \cup b|}$$





Impact Similarity Features

- Assumption: Similar messages trigger similar behavior in the server application
- Output similarity feature
 - Captures the output behavior of the server, based on destination and taint status
 - Four possible destinations considered:
 - Client's socket, other socket, files, terminal
 - Taint status
 - Previously tainted (e.g. echoed) or not
 - For each message, as a sequence of tuples <sink, taint> is considered (consecutive duplicates removed)
 - Needleman Wunsch is used to compute the output similarity score







Impact Similarity Features

- File system feature
 - Captures the server file system activity
 - We consider system calls that perform FS actions like opening a file, getting info on a directory, etc.
 - Sets of <operation, path> tuples are assigned to each message
 - "path" needs to be generalized
 - For each part of the path, we check if it is
 - Hardcoded in the binary
 - Tainted ("TAINT")
 - Contained in an (optionally provided) config file ("CONFIG")
 - Neither tainted nor in config file ("VARIABLE")
 - Examples: <open, "/CONFIG/TAINT">,<write, "/var/log/samba/VARIABLE">
 - The similarity distance is then computed using the Jaccard index







Clustering

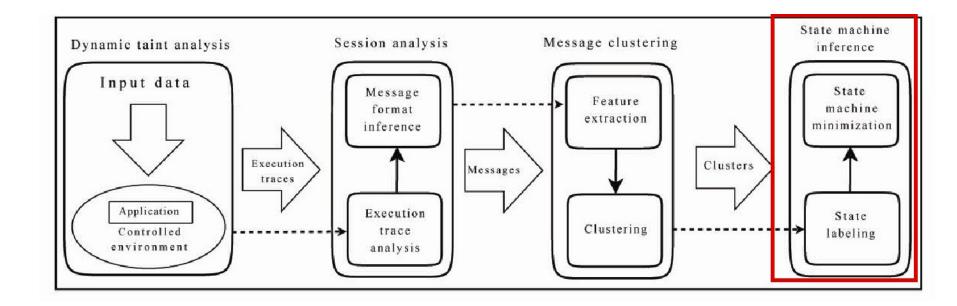
- The similarity features are used to compute a distance matrix $d(a,b) = 1 \sum_{i} \omega_{i} s_{i}(a,b)$
- We apply the partitioning around medoids (PAM) algorithm for clustering
- PAM needs the desired number of clusters k as a parameter
- We determine k by employing a generalization of the Dunn index
 - Dunn index is a standard intrinsic measure of clustering quality (cluster separation / cluster compactness)
- Result: Clusters of messages that are similar (e.g. same type)
- For each cluster, a generalized message format is generated







State Machine Inference









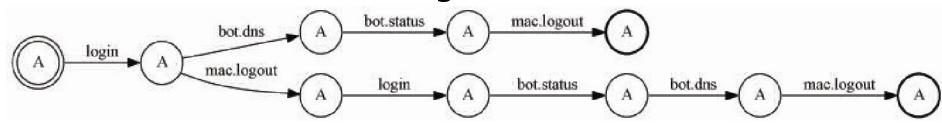
State Machine Inference

- Goal: Use the information on message types and the application sessions that we observed to infer a minimal state machine
- Find the minimal automaton that is consistent with our training set, without being overly general
- We start by constructing an Augmented Prefix Tree Acceptor (APTA)
- APTA = Incompletely specified DFA with a state transition graph that is a tree
- Each branch of the tree represents the sequence of message types within an observed application session



Augmented Prefix Tree Acceptor (APTA)

 Agobot (malware) example with 2 application sessions in the training set:



- We want to generalize the APTA by merging some states
- We only want to merge states that correspond to similar states in the server application (otherwise overly general)





Minimization

- Goal: Identify and merge similar states
- Commonly, in application level protocols, specific messages have to be sent before the server can perform certain actions
 - For example, often a login is necessary before other commands can be executed
 - Other commands may lead the server away from these states
- Identify states where the application can process similar commands based on the sequence of messages that it previously received





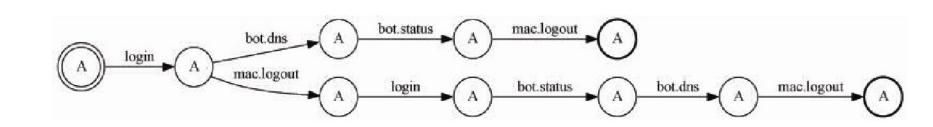
State Labeling

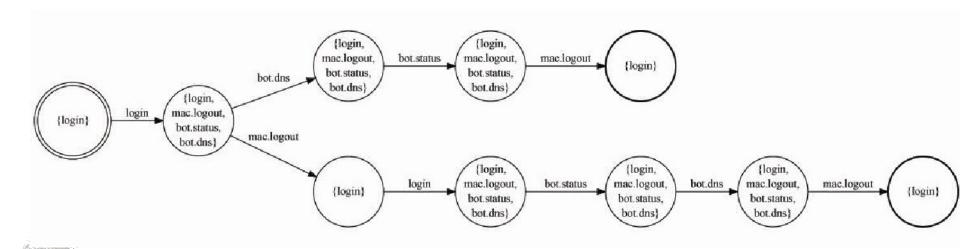
- To capture this intuition, we use prerequisites
- A prerequisite is a sequence of messages that the server has received that leads it to a specific state
- For the server to be in a state where it can meaningfully process a message of type m, it first has to receive a message of type r (always), optionally followed only by messages of certain types
- Algorithm to find all prerequisites presented in paper
- Once all prerequisites are computed, each state is labeled with the set of message types that are *allowed* as input in that state
- *m* is allowed in a state if the sequence of message types leading to this state matches all prerequisites for *m*





Labeled Example









State Machine Minimization

- Compute the minimal consistent DFA from the labeled APTA to get the state machine:
 - Endstate detection
 - Simple heuristic: Mark endstates by finding messages that only appear last in sessions
 - Apply a known algorithm:
 - Exbar is the stateoftheart exact algorithm for minimal consistent DFA inference
 - Prospex runs Exbar on the labeled state tree
 - Result is the protocol state machine

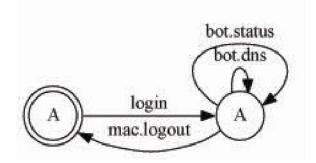






Agobot Example

Example state machine (generated from 2 observed application sessions):



 Captures the notion that "login " is necessary for the command, and "logout " returns to the initial state





Evaluation

We created state machines for 4 widely deployed realworld protocols

Agobot

- Malware example
- Textbased protocol (close to IRC), bots often use custom C&C protocols
- We mimicked a bot herder and performed a few commands on our own IRC server

SMTP

- Applied our system to sendmail daemon
- Used 16 application sessions (sending email) as training set





Evaluation

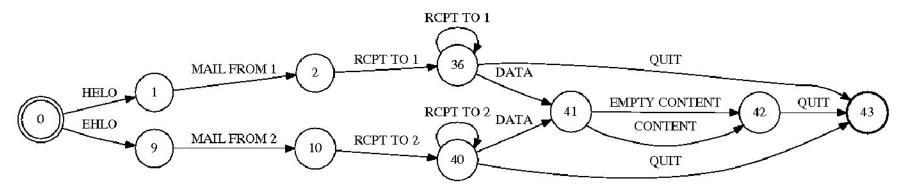
- Server Message Block (SMB)
 - Complex, stateful, binary protocol
 - We observed the smbd daemon
 - Used smbclient for creating the training set
 - Recorded 31 training sessions, performing file operations
- Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
 - Textbased protocol
 - Often used in VOIP infrastructure
 - Asterisk server
 - Connected using 2 client softphones, made phone calls, using voice boxes etc.
 - Training set represents the use cases of calling someone



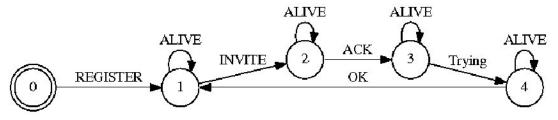


Example State Machines

SMTP



SIP

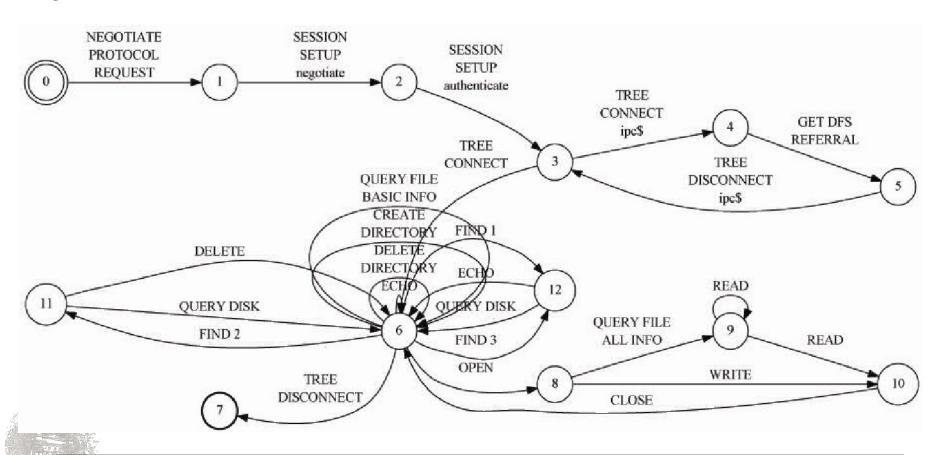






Example State Machines

SMB







Quality of Specifications

- How good are these results?
 - Specifications should parse valid sessions without being too general
- Parsing success
 - "Complete" means not overly restrictive, e.g. the inferred state machine parses valid sessions
 - To this end, we parsed real-world network traces with the extracted specifications

Protocol	#Sessions	Parsing success			
SMTP	31,903	93.5%			
SIP	80	100%			
SMB	80	90%			

- SMTP: remaining 6.5% used TLS encryption (limitation)
- SMB: Fails were previously unknown error conditions (files not found etc.)







Quality of Specifications

- State machine comparison:
 - We built reference state machines for the tested protocols
 - Performed 50,000 random walks over inferred state machines, and checked if the message sequences are valid in the reference state machines
 - Precision: Ratio of sequences generated by random walks over the inferred state machine that are accepted by the reference state machine
 - Recall: Ratio for sequences from random walks over the reference state machine that are accepted by the inferred state machine

Protocol	Precision	Recall		
Agobot	1	1		
SMTP	1	1		
SMB	1	.58		
SIP	1	1		







Comparative Evaluation

- Compare our state machine inference with known algorithms for inductive inference (based on Minimum Message Length)
 - Sk-strings, beams
- Known algorithms did not provide acceptable performance on our training data

	Agobot		SMTP		SMB		SIP	
	P	R	P	R	P	R	P	R
Prospex	1	1	1	1	1	.58	1	1
beams	.56	1	.89	1	1	.50	1	1
skstrings(and)	.79	.20	1	.88	1	.30	1	.01
skstrings(or)	.11	.92	.11	1	.12	.62	1	1





Application: Fuzz testing

- Prospex can create fuzzing specifications from the extracted message formats and the state machine
- We contributed to the open source Peach Fuzzing Platform (statefulness) and applied the system to two applications
- SMB
 - 2,100 lines of Peach XML created
 - Found a file traversal vulnerability in smbd that allows downloading of /etc/passwd (filename semantic)
- SIP
 - Found a bug that segfaults Asterisk when a return value is set to "0"
- Vulnerabilities were unfortunately already known
- Nonstateful fuzzing would not get to these vulnerabilities





Limitations

- We limit ourselves to the analysis of the communication in a single direction, but both communication partners could be monitored simultaneously, combining the state machines and message formats
- We cannot handle encrypted network traffic
- Quality of specifications is limited by quality and variety of training data, e.g. observed sessions







Conclusion

- Prospex can automatically infer protocol specifications for stateful protocols
- Automatically identify message types
- Infer the protocol state machine
- Generate protocol specifications for a stateful fuzzer







Thanks for your attention!

