

Quiz 7 S19

Due Date Thursday Nov 3, 2022 8pm MT
Name **Your Name**
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Quiz Code (enter in Canvas to get access to the LaTeX template) **KASNM**

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Instructions

- You may either type your work using this template, or you may handwrite your work and embed it as an image in this template. **If you choose to handwrite your work, the image must be legible, and oriented so that we do not have to rotate our screens to grade your work.** We have included some helpful LaTeX commands for including and rotating images commented out near the end of the LaTeX template.
- You should submit your work through the **class Gradescope page** only. Please submit one PDF file, compiled using this LaTeX template.
- You may not need a full page for your solutions; pagebreaks are there to help Gradescope automatically find where each problem is. Even if you do not attempt every problem, please submit this document with no fewer pages than the blank template (or Gradescope has issues with it).
- You **may not collaborate with other students. Copying from any source is an Honor Code violation. Furthermore, all submissions must be in your own words and reflect your understanding of the material.** If there is any confusion about this policy, it is your responsibility to clarify before the due date.
- Posting to **any** service including, but not limited to Chegg, Discord, Reddit, StackExchange, etc., for help on an assignment is a violation of the Honor Code.
- You **must** virtually sign the Honor Code (see Section). Failure to do so will result in your assignment not being graded.

Honor Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)

Problem HC. • My submission is in my own words and reflects my understanding of the material.

- Any collaborations and external sources have been clearly cited in this document.
- I have not posted to external services including, but not limited to Chegg, Reddit, StackExchange, etc.
- I have neither copied nor provided others solutions they can copy.

Agreed (signature here).

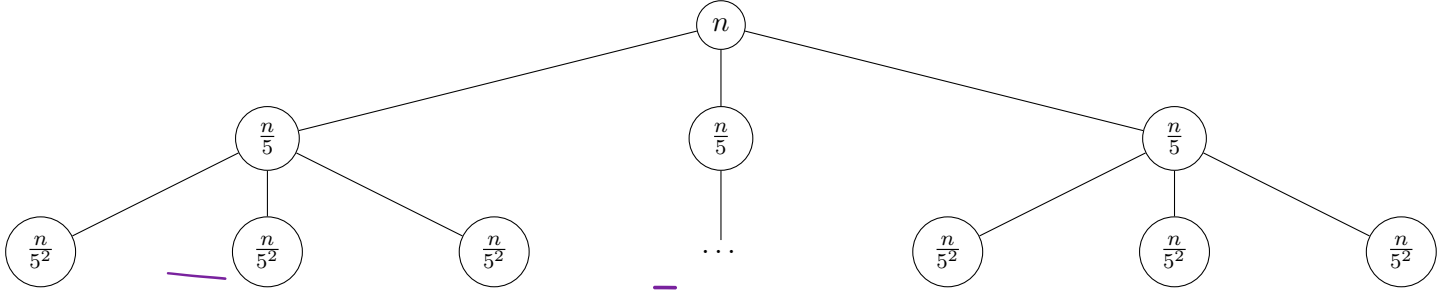


19 Standard 19: Solving Recurrences with the Tree Method

Problem 19. Using the tree method, find a suitable function $f(n)$ such that $T(n) = \Theta(f(n))$. Show all work. You may without loss of generality assume that n is a power of 4; that is, $n = 4^k$ for some integer $k \geq 0$.

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 3 & : n < 4, \\ 3T(n/5) + n^2 & : n \geq 4. \end{cases}$$

Answer. Each node has 3 children, each of which has input size $n/5$.



Since the non-recursive value at a node with input m is m^2 , we get:

- The extra value at the root is n^2
- The extra value at each node in the second level is $(n/5)^2$. Since there are three nodes in the second level, summing these up we get $\frac{3}{5^2}n^2$ =
- The extra value at each node in the third level is $(n/25)^2$. Since there are 9 nodes in the third level, summing these up we get $\frac{9}{5^4}n^2$.
- In general, we see there are 3^k nodes in the k -th level (starting with the root at $k = 0$), each one has input $n/(5^k)$, and thus contributes $(n/5^k)^2$. Summing these up, the sum of the k -th level is $(3^k/5^{2k})n^2$.
- Solve for the base case: $n/5^k < 4$. Which happens as soon as $k > \log_5(n/4)$. Thus the tree has $\sim \log_5(n/4)$ layers.
- Summing for k from 0 to $\log_5(n/4)$, we get

$$T(n) = n^2 \sum_{k=0}^{\log_5(n/4)} \left(\frac{3}{25}\right)^k.$$

Since the latter sum is a geometric series summing the powers of a value strictly less than 1, the whole series is $\Theta(1)$ (even if we take the infinite sum $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (3/25)^k$, we'd still just get a constant, and since all the terms are positive, the sum up to $k = \log_5(n/4)$ can't be any bigger). Thus the overall solution is $T(n) = n^2\Theta(1) = \Theta(n^2)$.

□