1. What test command should be used to test that /usr/bin is a directory or a file?

```
#!/bin/bash
if [ -d /usr/bin ]; then
    echo "/usr/bin is a directory"
else
    echo "/usr/bin is not a directory"
fi
```

2. Write a script that takes two strings as input compares them and depending upon the results of the comparison prints the results.

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter the first string: "
read string1
echo "Enter the second string: "
read string2
if [ "$string1" == "$string2 "]; then
        echo "The strings are equal"
else
        echo "The strings are not equal" fi
```

3. Write a script that takes a number (parameter) from 1-3 as input and uses case to display the name of corresponding month.

```
#!/bin/bash
echo "Enter a number from 1 to 3: "
read number case
$number in

1)
    echo "January"
    ;;

2)
    echo "February"
    ;;

3)
    echo "March"
    ;;

*) *)
    echo "Invalid input"
    ;;
esac
```

4. Write a script that calculates the average of all even numbers less than or equal to your roll number and prints the result.

```
#!/bin/bash
roll_number=21
sum=0
count=0
for((i=2;i<=$rollnumber;i+=2));do
    sum=$((sum + i))
    count=$((count + 1))
done
average=$((sum / count))
echo "The average of even numbers up to your roll number is:$average"</pre>
```

5. Write a function that displays the name of the week days starting from Sunday if the user passes a day number. If a number provided is not between 1 and 7 an error message is displayed.

```
#!/bin/bash
function displayWeekday() {
  dayNum=$1
  if ((dayNum >= 1 &\& dayNum <= 7)); then
    case $dayNum in
       1)
         echo "Sunday"
      2)
         echo "Monday"
       3)
         echo "Tuesday"
       4)
         echo "Wednesday"
       5)
         echo "Thursday"
         ;;
      6)
         echo "Friday"
       7)
         echo "Saturday"
   esac
else
    echo "Error: Invalid day number. Please enter a number between 1 and 7." fi
echo "Enter a number from 1 to 7: "
read userInput
displayWeekday $userInput
```

6. Write scripts that displays the parameters passed along with the parameter number using while and until statements.

## Using while

```
#!/bin/bash count=1
while [ $# -gt 0 ]; do
    echo "Parameter $count: $1"
count=$((count + 1))
    shift
done
Using until
#!/bin/bash
count=1
until [ $# -eq 0 ]; do
    echo "Parameter $count: $1"
count=$((count + 1))
    shift done
```

7. Write a script that displays the following menu: 

Quotient 

Remainder Depending on user's choice, the result of division must be displayed and the loop breaks. The two numbers (dividend and divisor) must be supplied at runtime as command line arguments. If user chooses an item that is not in the list, he must be prompted to make proper choice and the loop must restart (or continue)

#!/bin/bash

```
calculate quotient() {
dividend=$1 divisor=$2
  quotient=$((dividend / divisor))
  echo "The quotient of $dividend divided by $divisor is: $quotient"
calculate remainder() {
dividend=$1 divisor=$2
  remainder=$((dividend % divisor))
  echo "The remainder of $dividend divided by $divisor is: $remainder"
while true; do
   echo "Menu:"
   echo "1. Quotient"
   echo "2. Remainder"
   echo "3. Quit"
   read -p "Enter your choice (1-3): " choice
   case $choice in
     1)
       if [ $# -lt 2 ]; then
         echo "Insufficient arguments. Please provide dividend and divisor."
         continue
         fi
         dividend=$1
         divisor=$2
         calculate quotient $dividend $divisor
         break
         ;;
2)
       if [ $# -lt 2 ]; then
         echo "Insufficient arguments. Please provide dividend and divisor."
         continue
         fi
         dividend=$1
         divisor=$2
         calculate remainder $dividend $divisor
         break
         ;;
3)
      break
      *)
         echo "Invalid choice. Please enter a number from 1 to 3."
         ;;
  esac
done
```