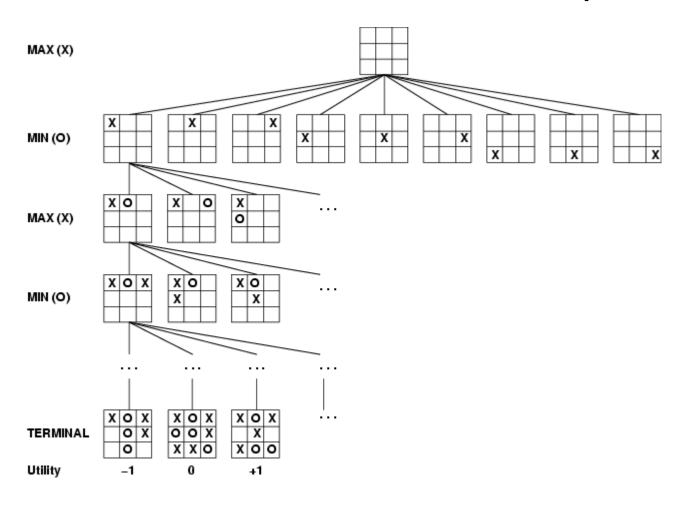
Adversarial Search

Chapter 6
Section 1 – 4

Games vs. search problems

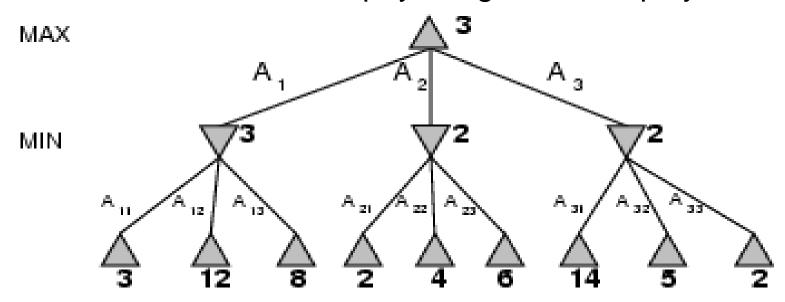
- Time limits → unlikely to find goal, must approximate

Game tree (2-player, deterministic, turns)



Minimax

- E.g., 2-ply game:
- Perfect play for deterministic games
- Idea: choose move to position with highest minimax value
 - = best achievable payoff against best play

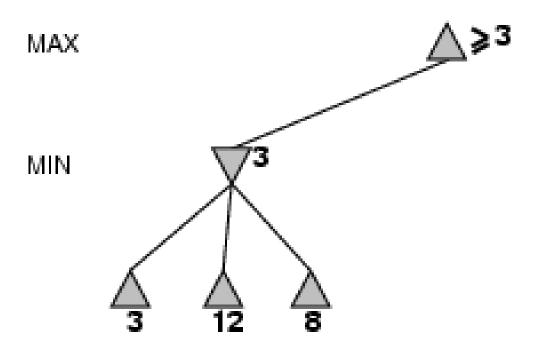


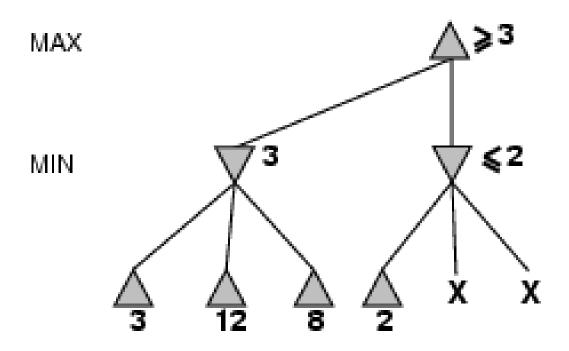
Minimax algorithm

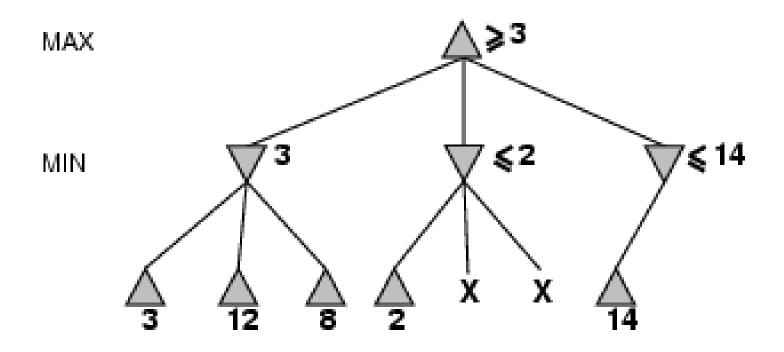
```
function Minimax-Decision(state) returns an action
   v \leftarrow \text{MAX-VALUE}(state)
   return the action in Successors(state) with value v
function Max-Value(state) returns a utility value
   if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state)
   v \leftarrow -\infty
   for a, s in Successors(state) do
      v \leftarrow \text{Max}(v, \text{Min-Value}(s))
   return v
function Min-Value(state) returns a utility value
   if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state)
   v \leftarrow \infty
   for a, s in Successors(state) do
      v \leftarrow \text{Min}(v, \text{Max-Value}(s))
   return v
```

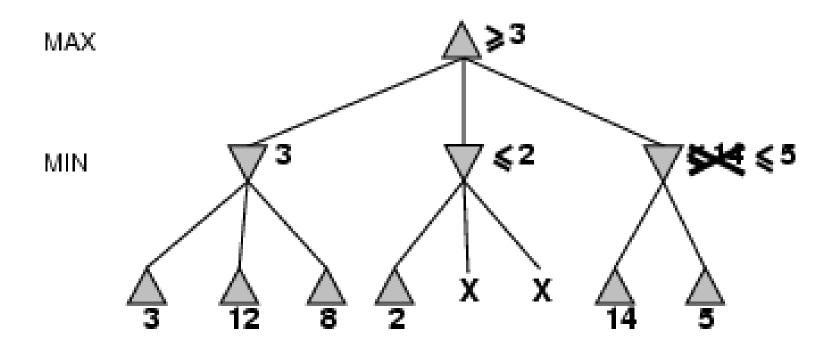
Properties of minimax

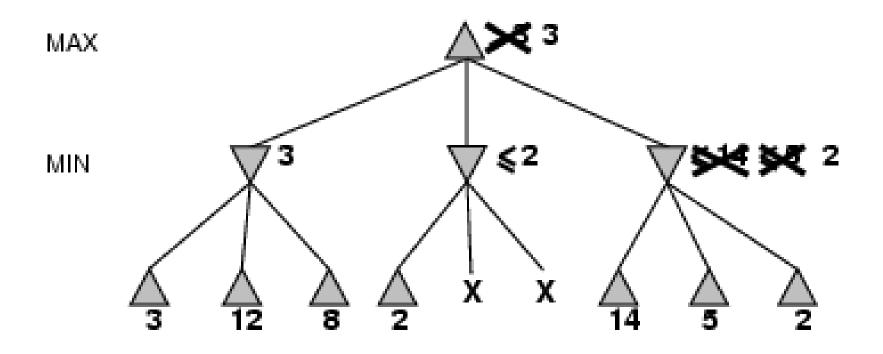
- Complete? Yes (if tree is finite)
- Optimal? Yes (against an optimal opponent)
- Time complexity? O(b^m)
- Space complexity? O(bm) (depth-first exploration)
- For chess, b ≈ 35, m ≈100 for "reasonable" games
 → exact solution completely infeasible











Properties of α - β

- Pruning does not affect final result
- Good move ordering improves effectiveness of pruning
- With "perfect ordering," time complexity = O(b^{m/2})
 - → doubles depth of search

Why is it called α - β ?

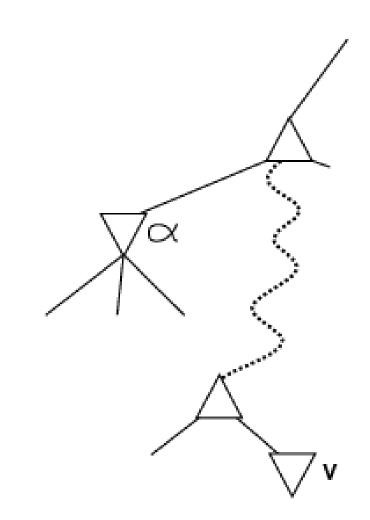
MAX

MIN

MAX

MIN

- α is the value of the best (i.e., highestvalue) choice found so far at any choice point along the path for max
- If v is worse than α,
 max will avoid it
 → prune that branch
- Define β similarly for min



The α-β algorithm

```
function Alpha-Beta-Search(state) returns an action
   inputs: state, current state in game
   v \leftarrow \text{MAX-VALUE}(state, -\infty, +\infty)
   return the action in Successors(state) with value v
function MAX-VALUE(state, \alpha, \beta) returns a utility value
   inputs: state, current state in game
             \alpha, the value of the best alternative for MAX along the path to state
             eta, the value of the best alternative for MIN along the path to state
   if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state)
   v \leftarrow -\infty
   for a, s in Successors(state) do
       v \leftarrow \text{Max}(v, \text{Min-Value}(s, \alpha, \beta))
      if v \geq \beta then return v
      \alpha \leftarrow \text{Max}(\alpha, v)
   return v
```

The α-β algorithm

```
function Min-Value(state, \alpha, \beta) returns a utility value inputs: state, current state in game \alpha, the value of the best alternative for MAX along the path to state \beta, the value of the best alternative for MIN along the path to state if Terminal-Test(state) then return Utility(state) v \leftarrow +\infty for a, s in Successors(state) do v \leftarrow \text{Min}(v, \text{Max-Value}(s, \alpha, \beta)) if v \leq \alpha then return v \beta \leftarrow \text{Min}(\beta, v) return v
```

Resource limits

Suppose we have 100 secs, explore 10⁴ nodes/sec

→ 10⁶ nodes per move

Standard approach:

- cutoff test:
 - e.g., depth limit
- evaluation function
 - = estimated desirability of position

Evaluation functions

• For chess, typically linear weighted sum of features $Eval(s) = w_1 f_1(s) + w_2 f_2(s) + ... + w_n f_n(s)$

• e.g., $w_1 = 9$ with $f_1(s) = (number of white queens) - (number of black queens), etc.$

Cutting off search

MinimaxCutoff is identical to MinimaxValue except

- 1. Terminal? is replaced by Cutoff?
- 2. Utility is replaced by Eval

Does it work in practice?

$$b^{m} = 10^{6}, b=35 \rightarrow m=4$$

4-ply lookahead is a hopeless chess player!

- 4-ply ≈ human novice
- 8-ply ≈ typical PC, human master
- 12-ply ≈ Deep Blue, Kasparov

Summary

- Games are fun to work on!
- They illustrate several important points about AI
- good idea to think about what to think about