UDEL HACKTHON 5DSpeedsters

proton neutron

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gluons

quarks

- Higgs Boson is the origin of mass in the Universe? WRONG! It's mainly QCD.
- QCD, Quantum Chromodynamics, is the theory of the **strong force**; as the name suggests, it's strong, much stronger than electromagnetism, gravity and the weak force.
- The QCD binding energy comprises over 99% of the mass to the proton and neutron (and basically every other composite particle).
- QCD, unlike the other forces, gets stronger at larger length scales. At the length scale of hadrons (protons, neutrons, etc) the coupling constant is too large for traditional Taylor-expansion based methods to work; i.e. pencil and paper methods don't work!
- Instead we *simulate* the theory on a uniform (Euclidean) space-time grid. Here the quarks live on the sites and the gluons (force exchange particles) live on the links between sites.
- Our simulations are used to understand the **Standard Model** and are compared to experimental results in **new physics** searches.

Our Problem: Lattice QCD

- Simulation comprises 2 parts:
- 1) Generate *gauge configurations* snapshots of the quantum vacuum that contains the dynamics of the theory. The function that defines the theory can be interpreted as a probability distribution from which we sample using Monte Carlo techniques.
- 2) Measurement upon those configurations. Typically these are correlation functions of quantum operators computed as sums over regions of the lattice of products of matrices and vectors.
 - Our dominant computational expense is computing the matrix inversion of the **Dirac matrix**. This matrix has (4*3*V)^2 complex entries; for V=64^3 x 128, the number of entries is **1.62x10^17**!
 - Fortunately it is sparse so iterative localized inversion algorithms like Conjugate Gradient work.

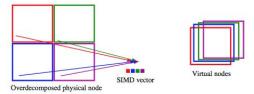
 Fundamental operation is a linearized 4D derivative where in each of the 8 directions we accumulate a 3x3 complex matrix multiplying a 3*4 complex vector.

Typical simulations require months of running on supercomputers. e.g. a 100M BG/Q core hour job corresponds to 6400 rack hours with each rack running at 50 Tflops!

Our Code: Grid github.com/paboyle/Grid

- Grid is a new C++ library developed for Lattice QCD that aggressively uses C++11 features (auto type, lambda, STL)
- Grid employs a SIMD friendly layout:

The local lattice per node is divided into subdomains (logical nodes) that map perfectly into the available SIMD length.



- Two levels of parallelism exploited:
 - Vectorization. Currently relies on intrinsics to get the best performance.
 - OpenMP "parallel for" loops to loop over the domain-decomposed sites.
- Performs well on Intel CPUs.

Grid SP Mobius CG performance (2016/1)

	BlueWaters	Edison	CoriP1	Babbage
Cores/node	16	24	32	60
Peak(SP) GF/s	627	921	2335	1000
Bidi Network (GB/s)	9.5	11	11.5	
Single node (Gflops/s)	117	265	630	290
8 ⁴ multinode	29	82	88	
16 ⁴ multinode	43	130	190	

```
template<class Impl>
void WilsonKernels<Impl>::DiracOptDhopSiteDag(StencilImpl &st,DoubledGaugeField &U,
                                std::vector<SiteHalfSpinor,alignedAllocator<SiteHalfSpinor> > &buf,
                                int sF,int sU,const FermionField &in, FermionField &out)
SiteHalfSpinor tmp; SiteHalfSpinor chi; SiteHalfSpinor *chi p;
SiteHalfSpinor Uchi; SiteSpinor result; StencilEntry *SE; int ptype;
SE=st.GetEntry(ptype,Xp,sF);
if (SE-> is local ) {
  chi_p = χ
  if ( SE-> permute ) {
    spProjXp(tmp,in. odata[SE-> offset]);
    permute(chi,tmp,ptype);
  } else {
    spProjXp(chi,in. odata[SE->_offset]); <<<<<<< 4x3 complex matrix -> 2x3, local operation
} else {
  chi p=&buf[SE-> offset];
spReconXp(result,Uchi);
```

Goal(s)

- Long-term goal: To port Grid to GPUs with OpenACC
- This Hackathon: Feasibility study and initial implementation.
 - Move Wilson Dslash Kernel (WilsonKernels<Impl>::DiracOptDhopSiteDag) into Open ACC loop. Typically
 most performance critical part of the code. Has been working with Mat.
 - Currently failing to compile in one of the routines. (multLink).
 - Compile with -ta=tesla(:managed) -> work with Mat to get PGI 16.5
 - Generate a call graph of Wilson Dslash to track down. (Grid is highly templated and the dependencies are not very transparent)