



## School of Computer Science Faculty of Science

# COMP-2650: Computer Architecture I: Digital Design Fall 2020

Lab#	Date	Title	Due Date	<b>Grade Release Date</b>
Lab 0	Nov 16-17, 2020	L08: Canonical Products of Sum	Dec. 02, 2020 Wednesday Midnight AoE	Dec. 09, 2020

The 8th lab's objectives will be to master the topics in logic circuit design by implementing the algorithms with a programming language, herein, C/C++.

### **Step 1. Environment Setup**

Our programming environment is the same as the first lab (Lab 01). In this lab, we want to continue the new series of labs about designing a logic circuit. Particularly, in this lab, we want to write the boolean function (expression) for the output binary variables based on the standard form of the product of MAXTERMs. Product of MAXTERMs is also called Canonical Products of Sums (PoS) since each MAXTERM is an OR between the input binary variables (either in normal form X or in complement form X'), e.g., Z'+Y+X', followed by an AND on the MAXTERMs, e.g.,  $F(Z,Y,X) = M_0+M_2+M_3 = (Z+Y+X)(Z+Y'+X')(Z+Y'+X')$ .

In the previous Lab 07, we wrote a program that printed out the Boolean function in the form of a sum of minterms (Canonical Sum of Products):

```
01 #include <stdio.h>
02 #include <math.h>
04 #define INPUT VARIABLE COUNT 3
05 #define OUTPUT VARIABLE COUNT 1
06
07 void build_right_side(int truth_table[][INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT]){...}
08 void build_right_side(int truth_table[][INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT]){...}
09 void to_minterm(int truth_table[][INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT]){...}
10 int main(void) {
11
        setbuf(stdout, NULL);
12
        int TRUTH_TABLE_ROW_COUNT = (int)pow(2, INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT);
13
        int truth_table[TRUTH_TABLE_ROW_COUNT][INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT] = {0};
14
        const char variables[INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT] = {'Z', 'Y', 'X', 'F'};
15
16
17
        build_left_side(truth_table);
18
        build_right_side(truth_table);
19
        //printing the header for input variables
20
21
        for(int i = 0; i < INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; i = i + 1){</pre>
                 printf("%c, ", variables[i]);
22
23
        printf(" : ");
24
25
        //printing the header for output variables
26
        for(int i = INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; i < INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; i = i + 1){</pre>
27
28
                 printf("%c", variables[i]);
29
        printf("\n");
30
31
32
        //printing the content of each row
33
        for(int i = 0; i < TRUTH_TABLE_ROW_COUNT; i = i + 1){</pre>
34
35
                 //printing the content of each row regarding the input variables
                 for(int j = 0; j < INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; j = j + 1){</pre>
```



```
37
                     printf("%d, ", truth_table[i][j]);
38
              printf(" : ");
40
41
              //printing the content of each row regarding the output variables
42
              for(int j = INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; j < INPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT + OUTPUT_VARIABLE_COUNT; j = j + 1){</pre>
43
                     printf("%d", truth_table[i][j]);
44
45
              printf("\n");
46
       to_minterm(truth_table);
47
48
       return 0;
output value for row# 0 of F1 output variable:1
output value for row# 1 of F1 output variable:0
output value for row# 2 of F1 output variable:0
output value for row# 3 of F1 output variable:0
output value for row# 4 of F1 output variable:1
output value for row# 5 of F1 output variable:1
output value for row# 6 of F1 output variable:0
output value for row# 7 of F1 output variable:0
Z, Y, X,
0, 0, 0,
          : 1
0, 0, 1,
0, 1, 0,
0, 1, 1,
           : 0
1, 0, 0,
          : 1
1, 0, 1, : 1
1, 1, 0, : 0
1, 1, 1,
output variable F1 = Z'Y'X'+ZY'X'+ZY'X+
```

Given Lab 07, it's very easy to extent it to MAXTERMs by writing a new function called to\_MAXTERM() and replace it with to\_minterm() at line#47 above. Otherwise, the only essential parts are 1) asking the user about the values of output binary functions ('F'), and 2) print out the AND of MAXTERMs whenever a 0 is received from the user.

Given the truth table we built in Lab 06, in a loop on rows, wherever we see 0 in the last column of the truth table, we print out the OR of the input variables based on whether they are 0 or 1:

# A sample run would be:

```
output value for row# 0 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 1 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 2 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 3 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 4 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 5 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 6 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 7 of F1 output variable:0
```



```
Z, Y, X, : F
0, 0, 0, : 1
0, 0, 1, : 0
0, 1, 0, : 0
0, 1, 1, : 0
1, 0, 0, : 1
1, 0, 1, : 1
1, 1, 0, : 0
1, 1, 1, : 0
output variable F1 = (Z+Y+X')(Z+Y'+X)(Z+Y'+X')(Z'+Y'+X')
```

As seen, the Boolean function for the only output variable F1 is printed out in the form of the Canonical Product of Sums (Product of MAXTERMs). We can *optionally* print out the MAXTERM numbers, e.g., we could print out:

```
output variable F1 = \Pi(1,2,3,6,7) = (Z+Y+X')(Z+Y'+X)(Z+Y'+X')(Z'+Y'+X)(Z'+Y'+X')
```

#### Lab Assignment

You should complete the above program under the name of a project COMP2650\_Lab<mark>08</mark>\_{UWinID} that asks for the value of output variable F1 as follows:

```
output value for row# 0 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 1 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 2 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 3 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 4 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 5 of F1 output variable:1 output value for row# 6 of F1 output variable:0 output value for row# 7 of F1 output variable:0
```

When the user enters the values, the program can optionally print out the truth as shown below:

```
Z, Y, X, : F
0, 0, 0, : 1
0, 0, 1, : 0
0, 1, 0, : 0
0, 1, 1, : 0
1, 0, 0, : 1
1, 0, 1, : 1
1, 1, 0, : 0
1, 1, 1, : 0
```

Then it should output a menu of commands as follows:

```
Enter the command number:
0) Exit
1) Canonical SoP => Optional! From Lab 07.
2) Canonical PoS
```

If a user selects (2), the program should print out the Boolean function for F1 in the form of a Product of MAXTERMs (Canonical PoS) as shown below:

```
output variable F1 = (Z+Y+X')(Z+Y'+X)(Z+Y'+X')(Z'+Y'+X)(Z'+Y'+X')
```

If the user selects (1), the program outputs the Canonical Sum of Products as we did in Lab 07. *This is optional.* If the user selects (0), the program ends. Please restrict the user to enter inputs within the range



{0,1} for the value of the output variable. For instance, if the user enters 2, -1, ..., print out an error message and come back to ask for correct inputs.

It is required to write a *modular* program. Please put the part of the code that outputs a MAXTERM based on the value of input variables in a new function called to\_MAXTERM() inside the main.c file.

#### Deliverables

You will prepare and submit the program in one single zip file COMP2650\_Lab08\_{UWinID}.zip containing the following two items:

- 1. The entire project folder COMP2650\_Lab08\_{UWinID}, including the code (source) files and executable file.
- 2. The result of the commands in the file COMP2650\_Lab08\_Results\_{UWinID}.jpg/pdf. Simply make a screenshot of the results and save it. If multiple images, please print them all into a single pdf file.
- 3. [Optional and if necessary] A lab report document in the PDF file COMP2650\_Lab08\_Report\_{UWinID}.pdf. It should include:
  - a. Your name, UWinID, and student number
  - b. One paragraph describes the program that you attached, along with any prerequisites needed to build and run the program. *Please note that if your program cannot be built and run on our computer systems, you will lose marks.*

In sum, your final zip file for the submission includes 1 folder (entire project folder), 1 image/pdf (results snapshot), and 1 pdf (report). *Please follow the naming convention as you lose marks otherwise.* Instead of {UWinID}, use your own UWindsor account name, e.g., mine is hfani@uwindsor.ca, so,