## DEEP LEARNING FOR COMPUTER VISION: Special

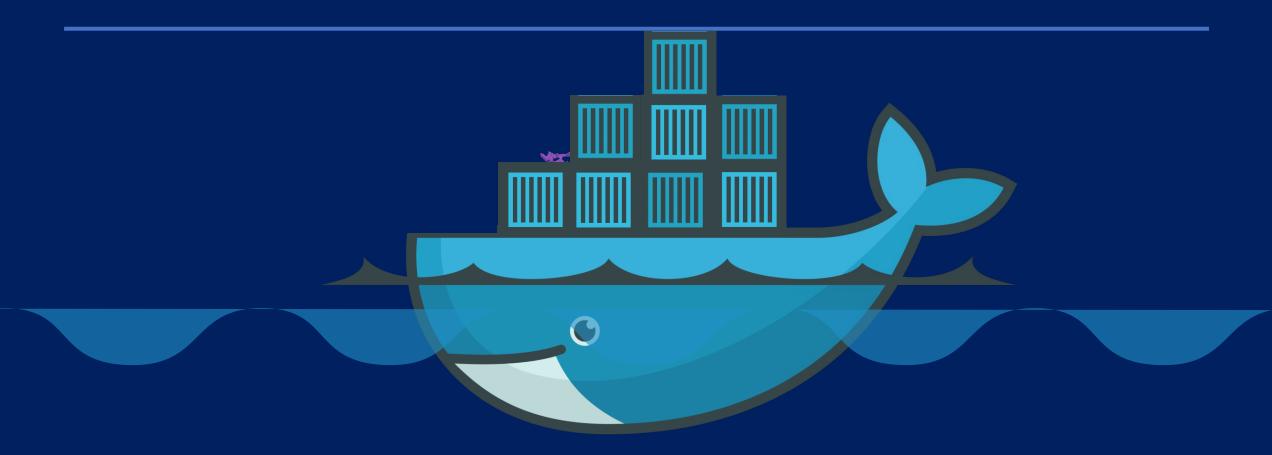
# Devops 2





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# Docker Command



# ps-list containers

### docker ps

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
796856ac413d	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon of"	7 seconds ago	Up 6 seconds	80/tcp	silly_sammet

### docker ps -a

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	NAMES	
796856ac413d	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon of"	7 seconds ago	Up 6 seconds	silly_sammet	
cff8ac918a2f	redis	"docker-entrypoint.s"	6 seconds ago	Exited (0) 3 seconds ago	relaxed_aryabhata	

# STOP – stop a container

### docker ps

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES 796856ac413d nginx "nginx -g 'daemon of..." 7 seconds ago Up 6 seconds 80/tcp silly\_sammet

### docker stop silly\_sammet

silly\_sammet

### docker ps -a

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	NAMES
796856ac413d	nginx	"nginx -g 'daemon of"	7 seconds ago	Exited (0) 3 seconds ago	silly_sammet
cff8ac918a2f	redis	"docker-entrypoint.s"	6 seconds ago	Exited (0) 3 seconds ago	relaxed_aryabhata

### To stop all running containers

docker stop \$(docker ps -aq)

docker ps -aq lists all container IDs on the Docker host, whether they are running or stopped.

## Rm – Remove a container

### docker rm silly\_sammet

silly sammet

### docker ps -a

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS NAMES

cff8ac918a2f redis "docker-entrypoint.s..." 6 seconds ago Exited (0) 3 seconds ago relaxed\_aryabhata

#### To delete all containers

docker rm \$(docker ps -aq)

This command uses the docker ps command with the -aq flags to list all running and stopped containers in your system, and then passes the list of container IDs to the docker rm command to remove them all.

docker container prune -f

This command will remove all stopped containers, including their networks and volumes.

The --force flag is used to skip the confirmation prompt and delete the containers directly.

# images – List images

### docker images

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
nginx	latest	f68d6e55e065	4 days ago	109MB
redis	latest	4760dc956b2d	15 months ago	107MB
ubuntu	latest	f975c5035748	16 months ago	112MB
alpine	latest	3fd9065eaf02	18 months ago	4.14MB

# rmi – Remove images

### docker rmi nginx

Untagged: nginx:latest

Untagged: nginx@sha256:96fb261b66270b900ea5a2c17a26abbfabe95506e73c3a3c65869a6dbe83223a

Deleted: sha256:f68d6e55e06520f152403e6d96d0de5c9790a89b4cfc99f4626f68146fa1dbdc Deleted: sha256:1b0c768769e2bb66e74a205317ba531473781a78b77feef8ea6fd7be7f4044e1 Deleted: sha256:34138fb60020a180e512485fb96fd42e286fb0d86cf1fa2506b11ff6b945b03f Deleted: sha256:cf5b3c6798f77b1f78bf4e297b27cfa5b6caa982f04caeb5de7d13c255fd7a1e

### ! Delete all dependent containers to remove image

To delete all images

docker rmi -f \$(docker images -aq)

To clean up unused images.

docker image prune -f

## LAB 1:

#### Create two containers with the names "mycontainer1" and "mycontainer2" and "mycontainer3":

```
docker run -d —name mycontainer1 nginx:latest
docker run -d —name mycontainer2 mysql:latest
docker run -d —name mycontainer3 redis:latest
```

#### List all running containers:

```
docker ps -a
```

#### Stop the container with the name "mycontainer1":

```
docker stop mycontainer1
```

#### Remove the container with the name "mycontainer1":

```
docker rm mycontainer1
```

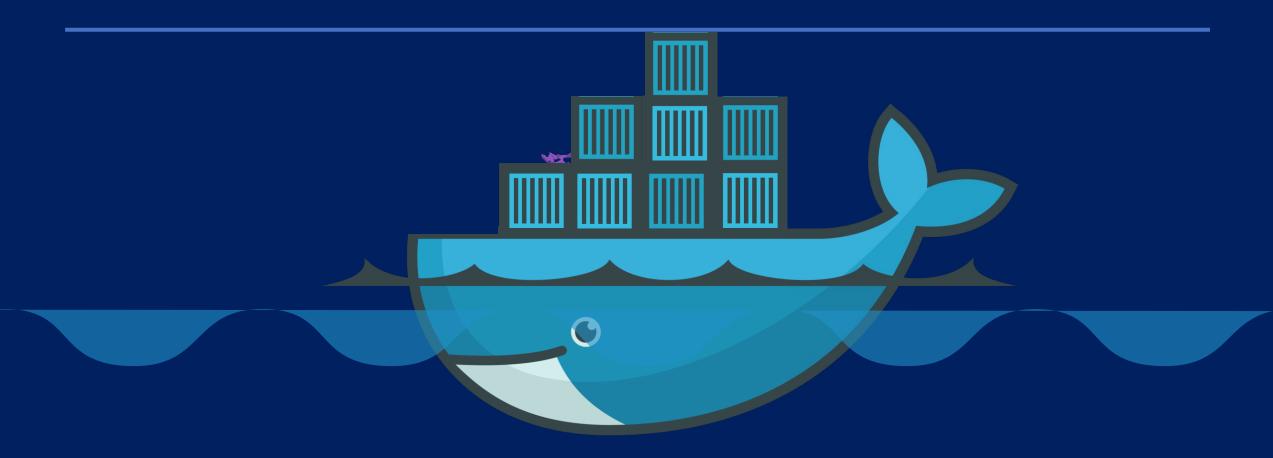
#### Stop all running containers:

```
docker stop $(docker ps -a -q)
```

#### Remove all containers

```
docker rm $(docker ps -a -q)
```

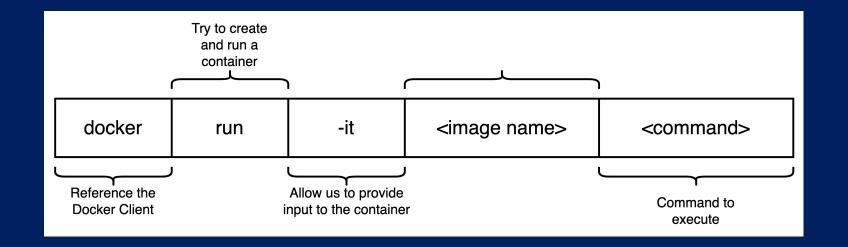
## More Docker run and Docker exec



## Run – stdin

docker pull ubuntu docker run –it ubuntu sh

```
[# ls
bin dev home media opt root sbin sys usr
boot etc lib mnt proc run srv tmp var
[# echo hello world
hello world
# [
```



## Run – attach and detach

#### docker run -d --name lab nginx

```
latest: Pulling from library/nginx 66dbba0fb1b5: Pull complete 6a4b1f0b5a90: Pull complete 16ea4daad357: Pull complete 16ea4daad357: Pull complete 646b2422838c: Pull complete 646b2422838c: Pull complete c6036fb71e57: Pull complete dc0e78f15ad0: Pull complete Digest: sha256:aa0afebbb3cfa473099a62c4b32e9b3fb73ed23f2a75a65ce1d4b4f55a5c2ef2 Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest 252b74d97da0dd09d01cc50358ea86766894ba016dc8c03d22a01399d4298eb6
```

#### docker run --name lab nginx

```
Unable to find image 'nginx:latest' locally latest: Pulling from library/nginx
66dbba0fb1b5: Pull complete
6a4b1f0b5a90: Pull complete
16ea4daad357: Pull complete
646b2422838c: Pull complete
646b2422838c: Pull complete
c6036fb71e57: Pull complete
dc0e78f15ad0: Pull complete
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 29
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 30
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 31
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 32
2023/03/10 03:40:11 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 33
```

## Run-tag

#### docker run redis

```
Using default tag: latest latest: Pulling from library/redis f5d23c7fed46: Pull complete Status: Downloaded newer image for redis:latest

1:C 31 Jul 2019 09:02:32.624 # o000o00000000 Redis is starting o000o0000000  
1:C 31 Jul 2019 09:02:32.624 # Redis version=5.0.5, bits=64, commit=00000000, modified=0, pid=1, just started  
1:M 31 Jul 2019 09:02:32.626 # Server initialized
```

### docker run redis:4.0 TAG

```
Unable to find image 'redis:4.0' locally
4.0: Pulling from library/redis
e44f086c03a2: Pull complete
Status: Downloaded newer image for redis:4.0

1:C 31 Jul 09:02:56.527 # o000o0000000 Redis is starting o000o0000000
1:C 31 Jul 09:02:56.527 # Redis version=4.0.14, bits=64, commit=00000000, modified=0, pid=1, just started
1:M 31 Jul 09:02:56.530 # Server initialized
```

## Exec- execute a command

#### docker ps -a

CONTAINER ID 538d037f94a7

IMAGE ubuntu COMMAND
"sleep 100"

CREATED 6 seconds ago STATUS
Up 4 seconds

NAMES distracted\_mcclintock

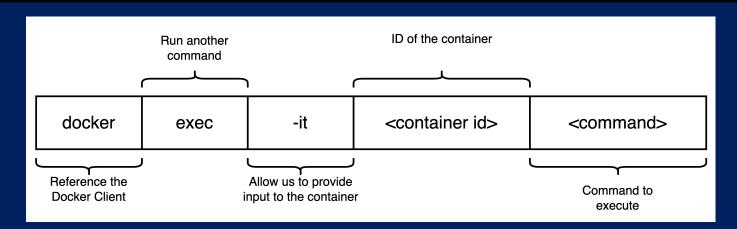
#### docker exec distracted\_mcclintock cat /etc/hosts

127.0.0.1 localhost

::1 localhost ip6-localhost ip6-loopback

fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters

172.18.0.2 538d037f94a7



# **Inspect Container**

docker inspect blissful\_hopper

```
"Id": "35505f7810d17291261a43391d4b6c0846594d415ce4f4d0a6ffbf9cc5109048",
"Name": "/blissful_hopper",
"Path": "python",
"Args": [
    "app.py"
],
"State": {
    "Status": "running",
    "Running": true,
},
"Mounts": [],
"Config": {
   "Entrypoint": [
        "python",
        "app.py"
"NetworkSettings": {..}
```

# Container Logs

docker logs blissful\_hopper

This is a sample web application that displays a colored background. A color can be specified in two ways.

- 1. As a command line argument with --color as the argument. Accepts one of red, green, blue, blue2, pink, darkblue
- 2. As an Environment variable APP\_COLOR. Accepts one of red,green,blue,blue2,pink,darkblue
- 3. If none of the above then a random color is picked from the above list. Note: Command line argument precedes over environment variable.

No command line argument or environment variable. Picking a Random Color =blue

- \* Serving Flask app "app" (lazy loading)
- \* Environment: production WARNING: Do not use the development server in a production environment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
- \* Debug mode: off
- \* Running on http://0.0.0.0:8080/ (Press CTRL+C to quit)

## LAB 2:

### 2.1 Run – stdin

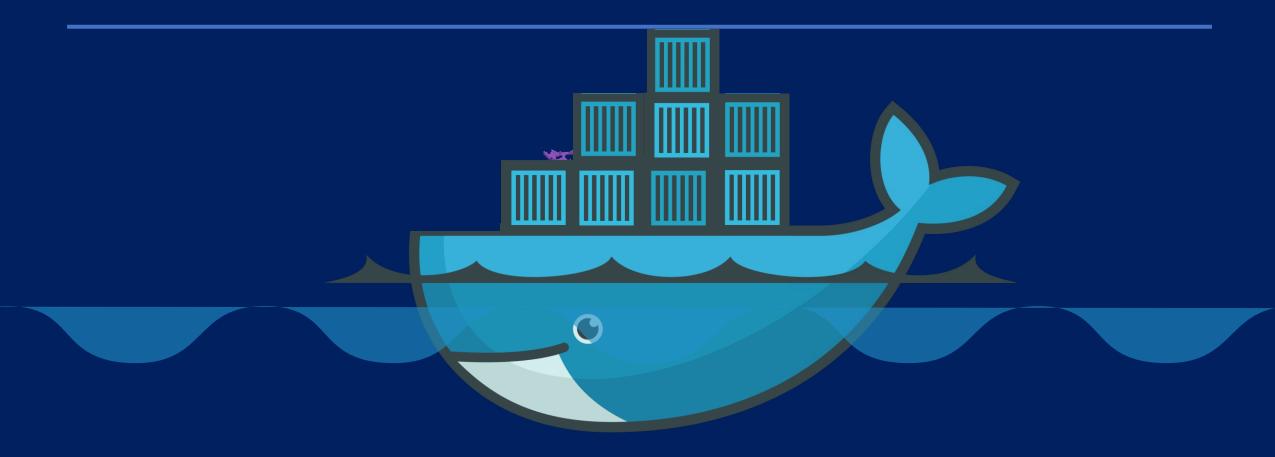


### 2.2 Run – stdin with Dockerfile

## git clone git clone https://github.com/Tuchsanai/devpot\_week9.git cd devpot\_week9/Lab2 go to Directory cd devpot\_week9 build Docker image with docker build docker build -t myubuntu . docker run with -it option docker run -it myubuntu

```
devpot_week9 / Lab2_stdin_with_Dockerfile /
   Tuchsanai zzz
Name
   Dockerfile
   readme.md
FROM ubuntu
RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y \
    git \
    wget
    ["/bin/bash"]
```

# Docker Environment Varibles



## Flask

```
import os
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__,template_folder="")
@app.route('/')
def home():
   env_var_colour = os.environ['APP_COLOR']
   return render_template("index.html", color= env_var_colour)
@app.route('/<string:name>')
def template(name):
    return render_template("index.html", color=name)
if __name__ == '__main__':
   app.run(host="0.0.0.0",port="8081")
```

export APP\_COLOR=blue; python app.py

```
→ C ↑ ① localhost:8081

Hello, World!
```

```
import os
from flask import Flask, render_template
app = Flask(__name__,template_folder="")
@app.route('/')
def home():
   env_var_colour = os.environ['APP_COLOR']
   return render_template("index.html", color= env_var_colour)
@app.route('/<string:name>')
def template(name):
    return render_template("index.html", color=name)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(host="0.0.0.0",port="8081")
```

export APP\_COLOR=blue; python app.py

← → C ☆ ⑤ localhost:8081/red

Hello, World!



Hello, World!

docker build -t flask-docker-app .

#### **ENV Variables in Docker**

- docker run -p 8081:8081 -e APP\_COLOR=red flask-docker-app
- docker run -p 8081:8081 -e APP\_COLOR=green flask-docker-app

```
∨ Lab3
```

- app.py
- Dockerfile
- index.html
- **≡** requirements.txt

```
Lab3 > ≡ requirements.txt

1 flask
2
```

```
Lab3 > Dockerfile > ...

1 FROM python:3.8-alpine
2
3 WORKDIR /app
4 COPY requirements.txt requirements.txt
5 COPY . .
6
7 RUN pip install -r requirements.txt
8 EXPOSE 8081
9 CMD ["python", "app.py"]
```

docker inspect flask-docker-app

```
"Id": "sha256:2b702818c295561f3ab6cd973da54cdafcc9d55df29ccb9a0206fa04571558d8", and the state of the state
          "RepoTags": [
"flask-docker-app:latest"
          ],
"RepoDigests": [],
"Parent": "",
"Comment": "buildkit.dockerfile.v0",
          "Created": "2023-03-10T08:38:08.766249342Z", "Container": "",
            "ContainerConfig": {
                "Hostname": ""
               "Domainname": "",
                "User": "",
           "DockerVersion": "",
            "Author": "",
           "Config": {
   "Hostname": "",
                "User": "",
"ExposedPorts": {
                      "8081/tcp": {}
               "Tty": false,
"OpenStdin": false,
                "StdinOnce": false,
                      "PATH=/usr/local/bin:/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin",
                      "LANG=C.UTF-8",
                       "GPG_KEY=E3FF2839C048B25C084DEBE9B26995E310250568",
                       "PYTHON_VERSION=3.8.16",
                      "PYTHON_PIP_VERSION=22.0.4",
"PYTHON_SETUPTOOLS_VERSION=57.5.0",
                      "PYTHON GET PIP URL=https://github.com/pypa/get-pip/raw/d5cb0afaf23b8520f1bbcfed521017b4a95f5c01/public/get-pip.py", "PYTHON GET PIP SHA256=394be00f13fa1b9aaa47c911bdb59a09c3b2986472130f30aa0bfaf7f3980637"
                  "Cmd": [
                      "python",
                       "app.py"
               "ArgsEscaped": true,
"Image": "",
"Volumes": null,
                "WorkingDir": "/app",
                "Entrypoint": null,
                "OnBuild": null,
                "Labels": null
            "Architecture": "arm64",
        "Variant": "v8",
"Os": "linux",
"Size": 63796317,
            "VirtualSize": 63796317,
            "GraphDriver": {
                "Data": {
                "Name": "overlay2"
            "RootFS": {
               "Type": "layers",
                 "Layers": [
                       "sha256:edf70074bd40c0b1216367c29c18d453b43cc69e5123268ba66dd45d86a9e8a8",
                       "sha256:3f41e4baa3422c67da82b3e986cf3838faec79b4e802924e22ff8c3076892ace",
                       "sha256:8beee477711ab384d9ba02beb52a2eaab3f25997dabdb92b64f0543c8a6edf07"
           "Metadata": {
               "LastTagTime": "2023-03-10T08:38:08.836492133Z"
```

## LAB 3:

git clone https://github.com/Tuchsanai/devpot\_week9.git

### go to Directory

cd devpot\_week9/Lab3

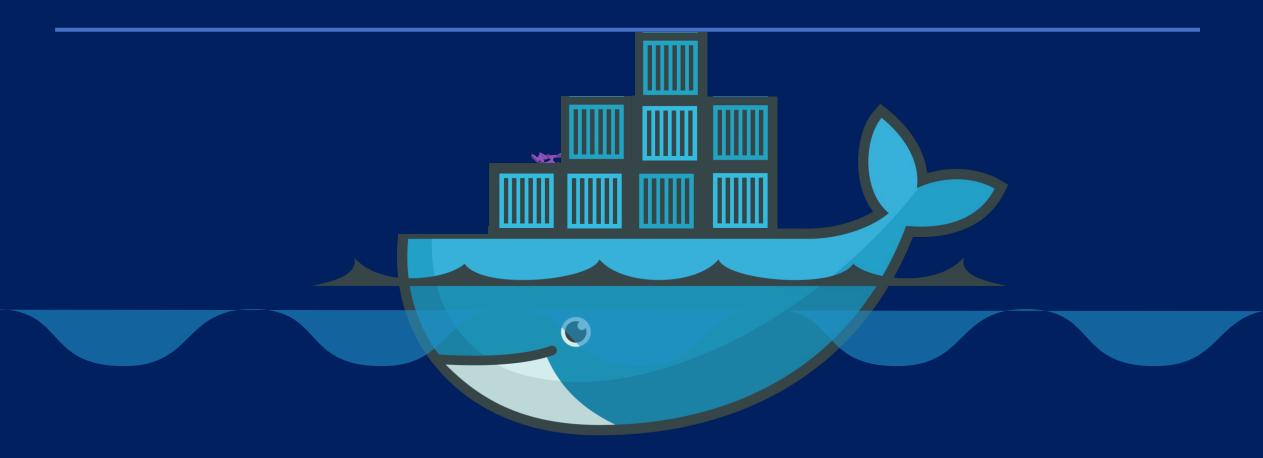
### build Docker image with docker build

docker build -t flask-docker-app .

### docker run with -it option

docker run -p 8081:8081 -d --name container\_red -e APP\_COLOR=red flask-docker-app docker run -p 8085:8081 -d --name container\_green -e APP\_COLOR=green flask-docker-app

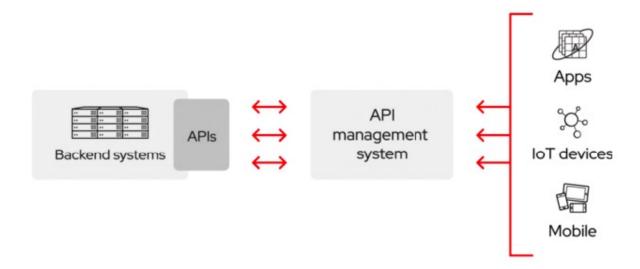
# Docker Play with FAST-API



### What is an API?

API (Application Programming Interface) creates an entry point for an application, through HTTP requests.

API: Application Abstraction + Simplification of Third Party Integration



### Status codes and HTTP methods

#### **HTTP** methods

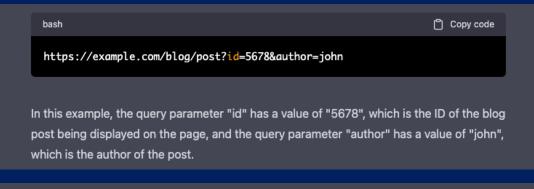
- GET: retrieve an existing resource (read only)
- POST: Create a new resource/send information
- PUT: Update an existing resource
- PATCH partially update an existing resource
- DELETE: Delete a resource

#### HTTP status code

- 2xx: Successful operation
- 3xx: Redirect
- 4xx: client error
- 5xx: Server Error

## **Query Parameters**

## Path Parameters

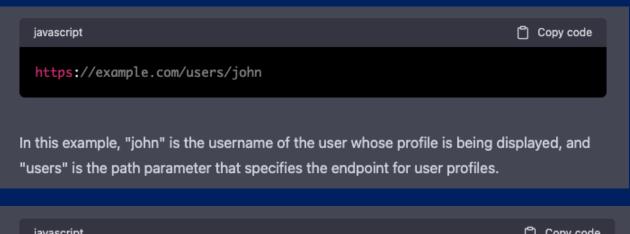




In this example, the query parameter "title" has a value of "inception", which is the title of the movie being reviewed, and the query parameter "rating" has a value of "4.5", which is the rating given to the movie.



In this example, the query parameter "category" has a value of "electronics", which is the category of products being displayed, the query parameter "page" has a value of "2", which is the page of results being displayed, and the query parameter "sort" has a value of "price\_asc", which indicates that the results should be sorted by price in ascending order.



javascript

https://example.com/products/electronics

In this example, "electronics" is the name of the category being displayed, and "products" is the path parameter that specifies the endpoint for product categories.

javascript Copy code

https://example.com/news/1234

In this example, "1234" is the ID of the article being displayed, and "news" is the path parameter that specifies the endpoint for news articles.

## Request Body

2. A PUT request to update an existing user profile:

"bio": "I am a software engineer"

In this example, the request body contains JSON data that includes the username, password, and email address of the new user account being created.

PUT /users/john HTTP/1.1
Host: example.com
Content-Type: application/json

{
 "email": "john.new@example.com",

In this example, the request body contains JSON data that includes the updated email address and bio information for the user profile being updated.

3. A POST request to submit a contact form:

```
POST /contact HTTP/1.1
Host: example.com
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded

name=John&email=john@example.com&message=Hello%20world
```

In this example, the request body contains form data that includes the name, email address, and message entered by the user in the contact form.

4. A PATCH request to partially update an existing resource:

In this example, the request body contains JSON data that includes a JSON Patch document specifying the changes to be made to the book resource with ID 1234.

### **Fast API Basics**

### **Basic function**

```
import uvicorn
from fastapi import FastAPI

app = FastAPI()

@app.get("/")
def home():
    return {"Hello": "World"}

if __name__ == "__main__":
    uvicorn.run("hello_world_fastapi:app")
```

#### Methods

```
@app.get("/")
def home():
return {"Hello": "GET"}

@app.post("/")
def home_post():
return {"Hello": "POST"}
```

```
from fastapi import FastAPI
from pydantic import BaseModel
app = FastAPI()
# Assuming the book data is stored as a list of 10 dictionaries
books = [
   {"id": 1, "title": "The Great Gatsby", "author": "F. Scott Fitzgerald", "year": 1925},
   {"id": 2, "title": "To Kill a Mockingbird", "author": "Harper Lee", "year": 1960},
   {"id": 3, "title": "1984", "author": "George Orwell", "year": 1949},
   {"id": 4, "title": "Brave New World", "author": "Aldous Huxley", "year": 1932},
   {"id": 5, "title": "The Catcher in the Rye", "author": "J.D. Salinger", "year": 1951},
   {"id": 6, "title": "Pride and Prejudice", "author": "Jane Austen", "year": 1813},
   {"id": 7, "title": "The Hobbit", "author": "J.R.R. Tolkien", "year": 1937},
   {"id": 8, "title": "The Lord of the Rings", "author": "J.R.R. Tolkien", "year": 1954},
   {"id": 9, "title": "The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy", "author": "Douglas Adams", "year": 1979},
   {"id": 10, "title": "The Shining", "author": "Stephen King", "year": 1977},
@app.get("/book/{book_id}")
async def get_book(book_id: int):
   return books[book_id-1]
```

```
FROM python:3.9-slim-buster

WORKDIR /app

COPY requirements.txt .

RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

COPY . .

CMD ["uvicorn", "main:app", "--host", "0.0.0.0", "--port", "80"]
```

```
build Docker image with docker build

docker build -t fastapi-docker .

Run the Docker container by executing the following command:

docker run -p 8087:80 fastapi-docker
```

## Path Parameters

```
book_id = 3
url_base = "http://localhost:8087"
url = f"{url_base}/book/{book_id}"

response = requests.get(url)
if response.status_code == 200:
    data = response.json()
    print(data)
else:
    print("Error:", response.status_code, response.json())

    0.0s

{'id': 3, 'title': '1984', 'author': 'George Orwell', 'year': 1949}
```

```
# Quary parameters
@app.get("/search")
def search_books(title: str = Query(None), author: str = Query(None)):

    Returns a list of books that match the search criteria.
    """

# Filter the list of books by title and/or author
books_filtered = books
if title is not None:
    books_filtered = [b for b in books_filtered if title.lower() in b["title"].lower()]
if author is not None:
    books_filtered = [b for b in books_filtered if author.lower() in b["author"].lower()]

# Return the filtered list of books
return {"books": books_filtered}
```

## Query Parameters

```
("books":[{"id":7,"title":"The Hobbit", author":"J.R.R. Tolkien", year":1937), ("id":8,"title":"The Lord of the Rings", author":"J.R.R. Tolkien", year":1954)]}
```

# LAB 4: Path and Query Parameters

### Clone git clone https://github.com/Tuchsanai/devpot\_week9.git go to Directory cd devpot\_week9/Lab3 Next, create a new file called Dockerfile in the root of your project directory with the following contents: FROM tiangolo/uvicorn-gunicorn-fastapi:python3.8 WORKDIR /app COPY requirements.txt . RUN pip install -r requirements.txt COPY . . CMD ["uvicorn", "main:app", "--host", "0.0.0.0", "--port", "80"] build Docker image with docker build docker build -t fastapi-docker . Run the Docker container by executing the following command: docker run -p 8087:80 fastapi-docker

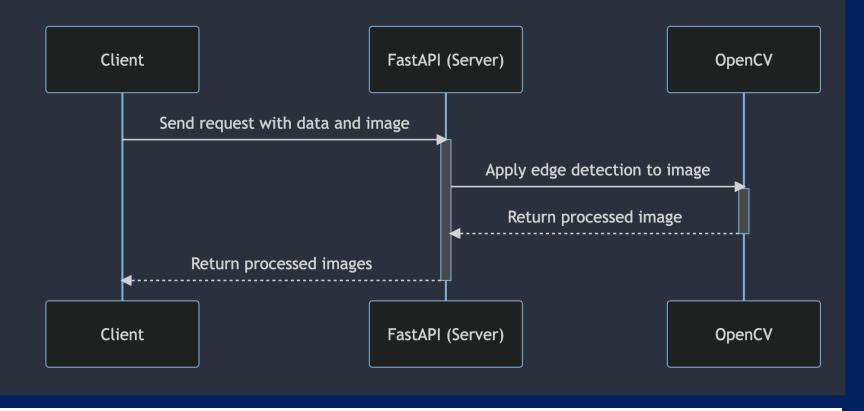
```
Test Path Parameters

1. With Python

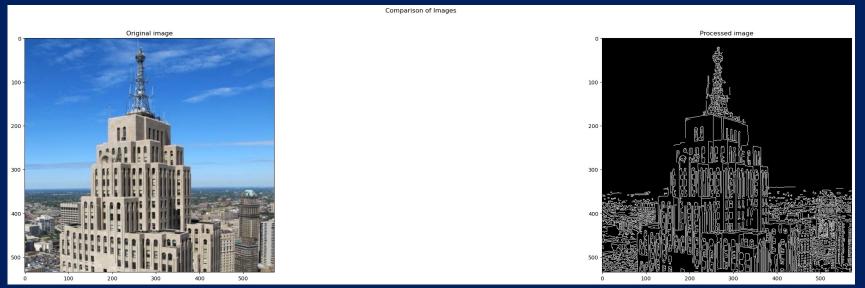
book_id = 3
url_base = "http://localhost:8087"
url = f"{url_base}/book/{book_id}"

response = requests.get(url)
if response.status_code == 200:
    data = response.json()
    print(data)
else:
    print("Error:", response.status_code, response.json())
2. URL

http://localhost:8087/book/3
```



# Application to image processing



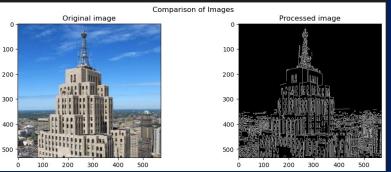
**FAST-API** 

### Client

```
import uvicorn
from fastapi import FastAPI
from pydantic import BaseModel
import numpy as np
import cv2
import base64
app = FastAPI()
class ImageRequest(BaseModel):
    image: str
   name: str
   surname: str
   numbers: List[int]
# encode image as base64 string
def encode_image(image):
   _, encoded_image = cv2.imencode(".jpg", image)
   return "data:image/jpeg;base64," + base64.b64encode(encoded_image).decode()
# decode base64 string to image
def decode_image(image_string):
   encoded_data = image_string.split(',')[1]
   nparr = np.frombuffer(base64.b64decode(encoded_data), np.uint8)
    return cv2.imdecode(nparr, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
def apply_canny(image):
   gray = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
   edges = cv2.Canny(gray, 100, 200)
    return edges
@app.post("/process-image")
async def process_image(image_request: ImageRequest):
    image = decode_image(image_request.image)
   edges = apply_canny(image)
   processed_image = encode_image(edges)
   return {"name": image_request.name,
            "surname": image_request.surname,
            "numbers": image_request.numbers,
            "processed_image": processed_image}
```

```
import requests
import base64
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import cv2
# encode image as base64 string
def encode_image(image):
   _, encoded_image = cv2.imencode(".jpg", image)
    return "data:image/jpeg;base64," + base64.b64encode(encoded_image).decode()
# decode base64 string to image
def decode_image(image_string):
   encoded_data = image_string.split(',')[1]
   nparr = np.frombuffer(base64.b64decode(encoded_data), np.uint8)
    return cv2.imdecode(nparr, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
image_file = 'building.jpg'
            = cv2.imread(image_file)
            = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
image_string = encode_image(image)
payload = {
    "image": image_string,
    "name": "John",
    "surname": "Doe",
    "numbers": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
response = requests.post(f"{url}/process-image", json=payload)
data = json.loads(response.content)
processed_image_string = data["processed_image"]
                       = decode_image(processed_image_string)
processed_image
```





## LAB 5:

```
docker run -p 8088:80 fastapi-docker_lab5
```

#### run client test

```
import requests
import base64
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import cv2
import json
# encode image as base64 string
def encode_image(image):
   _, encoded_image = cv2.imencode(".jpg", image)
    return "data:image/jpeg;base64," + base64.b64encode(encoded_image).decode()
# decode base64 string to image
def decode_image(image_string):
   encoded_data = image_string.split(',')[1]
    nparr = np.frombuffer(base64.b64decode(encoded_data), np.uint8)
    return cv2.imdecode(nparr, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
image_file = 'building.jpg'
       = "http://localhost:8088"
# Load the image
             = cv2.imread(image_file)
image
            = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
image_string = encode_image(image)
payload = {
    "image": image_string,
    "name": "John",
    "surname": "Doe",
    "numbers": [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
response = requests.post(f"{url}/process-image", json=payload)
data = json.loads(response.content)
processed_image_string = data["processed_image"]
processed_image
                      = decode_image(processed_image_string)
```

