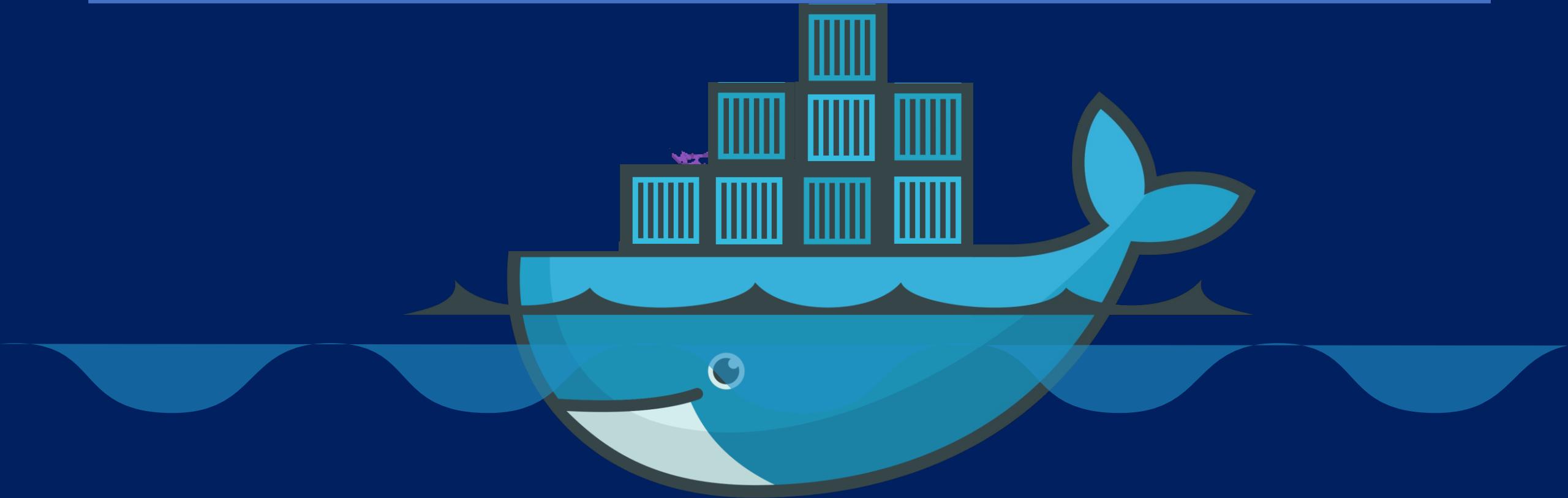




Week 11 : SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS AND ENVIRONMENTS

Dockerfile and Docker Image



Dockerfile

- Dockerfile is instructions to build Docker Image
 - How to run commands
 - Add files or directories
 - Create environment variables
 - What process to run when launching container
- Result from building Dockerfile is Docker Image



Dockerfile

Sample Dockerfile

```
FROM node:14.15.0-alpine3.12 ← OS + System Packages
COPY . /nodejs/.           ← Source Code
WORKDIR /nodejs
RUN npm install             ← Library Dependencies
ENV VERSION 1.0            ← Configuration
EXPOSE 8081
CMD ["node", "/nodejs/main.js"]
```

Dockerfile reference

FROM <image:tag>	Sets the base image for subsequent instructions.
RUN <command>	Execute any commands in image.
CMD <command> <param1> <param2>	Sets the command to be executed when running the image.
LABEL <key>=<value> ...	Adds metadata to an image.
EXPOSE <port>	Informs Docker that the container listens on the specified network ports at runtime.
ENV <key> <value>	Sets the environment variable.
COPY <src> <dest>	Copies new files from source to the filesystem of the container at the path destinations.
ENTRYPOINT <command> <param1> <param2>	Command line arguments will be appended after all elements in an exec form ENTRYPOINT.
VOLUME ["/data"]	Sets mounted volumes from native host or other containers.
WORKDIR <path>	Sets the working directory for any commands.

How to create my own image?

Dockerfile

```
FROM Ubuntu

RUN apt-get update
RUN apt-get install python

RUN pip install flask
RUN pip install flask-mysql

COPY . /opt/source-code

ENTRYPOINT FLASK_APP=/opt/source-code/app.py flask run
```

1. OS - Ubuntu

2. Update apt repo

3. Install dependencies using apt

4. Install Python dependencies using pip

5. Copy source code to /opt folder

6. Run the web server using “flask” command

```
docker build Dockerfile -t mmumshad/my-custom-app
```

```
docker push mmumshad/my-custom-app
```



Dockerfile

Dockerfile

INSTRUCTION

ARGUMENT

Dockerfile

FROM Ubuntu

Start from a base OS or another image

RUN apt-get update

RUN apt-get install python

Install all dependencies

RUN pip install flask

RUN pip install flask-mysql

COPY . /opt/source-code

Copy source code

ENTRYPOINT FLASK_APP=/opt/source-code/app.py flask run

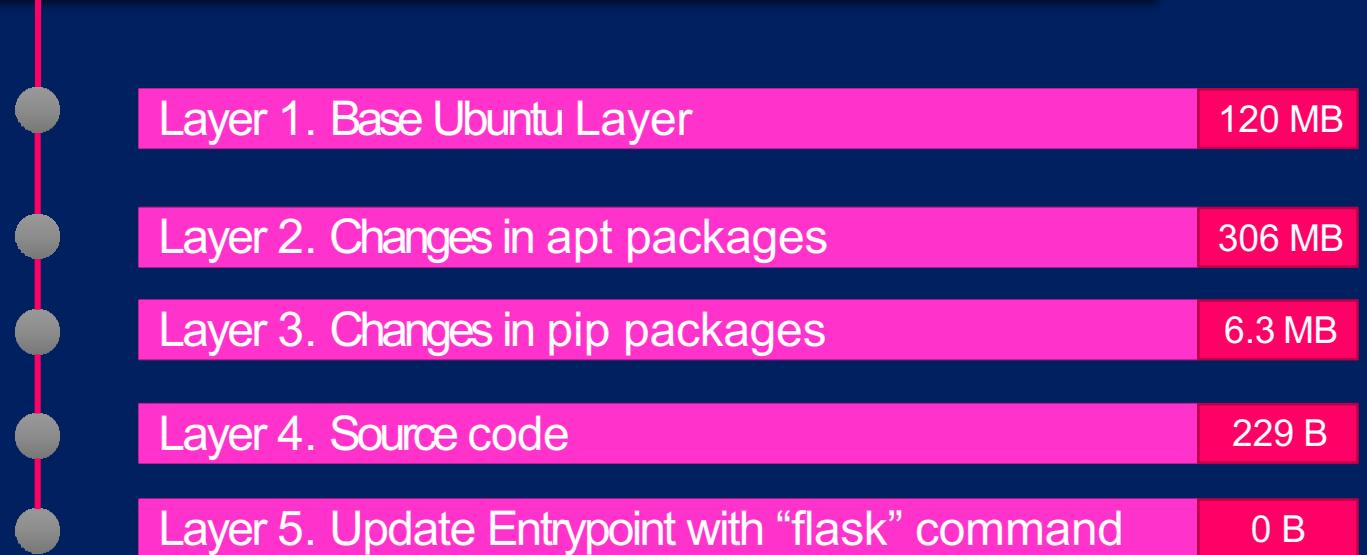
Specify Entrypoint

Layered architecture

Dockerfile

```
FROM Ubuntu  
  
RUN apt-get update && apt-get -y install  
python  
  
RUN pip install flask flask-  
mysql  
  
COPY . /opt/source-  
code  
  
ENTRYPOINT FLASK_APP=/opt/source-code/app.py flask run
```

docker build Dockerfile -t mmumshad/my-custom-app



```
root@osboxes:/root/simple-webapp-docker # docker history mmumshad/simple-webapp  
IMAGE          CREATED      CREATED BY                                         SIZE        COMMENT  
1a45ba829f10  About an hour ago /bin/sh -c #(nop)  ENTRYPOINT ["/bin/sh" "..."]  0B  
37d37ed8fe99  About an hour ago /bin/sh -c #(nop) COPY file:29b92853d73898...  229B  
d6aaebf8ded0  About an hour ago /bin/sh -c pip install flask flask-mysql  6.39MB  
e4c055538e60  About an hour ago /bin/sh -c apt-get update && apt-get insta...  306MB  
ccc7a11d65b1  2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c #(nop) CMD ["/bin/bash"]           0B  
<missing>     2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c mkdir -p /run/systemd && echo '...  7B  
<missing>     2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c sed -i 's/^#\s*/(deb.*universe\...  2.76kB  
<missing>     2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/*       0B  
<missing>     2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c set -xe  && echo '#!/bin/sh' >...  745B  
<missing>     2 weeks ago   /bin/sh -c #(nop) ADD file:39d3593ea220e68...  120MB
```

Docker build output

```
root@osboxes:/root/simple-webapp-docker # docker build .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 3.072kB
Step 1/5 : FROM ubuntu
--> ccc7a11d65b1
Step 2/5 : RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y python python-setuptools python-dev
--> Running in a7840dbfad17
Get:1 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial InRelease [247 kB]
Get:2 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security InRelease [102 kB]
Get:3 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-updates InRelease [102 kB]
Get:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security/universe Sources [46.3 kB]
Get:5 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-backports InRelease [102 kB]
Get:6 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu xenial-security/main amd64 Packages [440 kB]
Step 3/5 : RUN pip install flask flask-mysql
--> Running in a4a6c9190ba3
Collecting flask
  Downloading Flask-0.12.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (83kB)
Collecting flask-mysql
  Downloading Flask_SQLAlchemy-1.4.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Removing intermediate container a4a6c9190ba3
Step 4/5 : COPY app.py /opt/
--> e7cdab17e782
Removing intermediate container faaaaaf63c512
Step 5/5 : ENTRYPOINT FLASK_APP=/opt/app.py flask run --host=0.0.0.0
--> Running in d452c574a8bb
--> 9f27c36920bc
Removing intermediate container d452c574a8bb
Successfully built 9f27c36920bc
```

failure



Layer 1. Base Ubuntu Layer

Layer 2. Changes in apt packages

Layer 3. Changes in pip packages

Layer 4. Source code

Layer 5. Update Entrypoint with “flask” command

```
docker build Dockerfile -t mmumshad/my-custom-app
```

```
root@osboxes:/root/simple-webapp-docker # docker build .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 5.12kB
Step 1/5 : FROM ubuntu
--> ccc7a11d65b1
Step 2/5 : RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y python python-pip
--> Using cache
--> e4c055538e60
Step 3/5 : RUN pip install flask
--> Running in aacdaccd7403
Collecting flask
  Downloading Flask-0.12.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (83kB)
Removing intermediate container aacdaccd7403
Step 4/5 : COPY app.py /opt/
--> af41ef57f6f3
Removing intermediate container a49cc8befc8f
Step 5/5 : ENTRYPOINT FLASK_APP=/opt/app.py flask run --host=0.0.0.0
--> Running in 3d745ff07d5a
--> 910416d360b6
Removing intermediate container 3d745ff07d5a
Successfully built 910416d360b6
```

LAB 0 and LAB 1 :

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository named `DevTools / 02_Docker / Week11 / 00_LAB_CMD_EntryPoint`. The commit history is as follows:

Name	Last commit message	Last commit date
Dockerfile-CMD	main edit	1 minute ago
Dockerfile-ENTRYPOINT	main edit	1 minute ago
readme.md	dd	4 minutes ago
readme.md		

Objective

The goal of this lab is to understand:

- How `CMD` and `ENTRYPOINT` instructions define a container's default behavior.
- The difference in behavior when using them separately and together.
- How to override the default behavior defined by these instructions.

Prerequisites

- Docker installed on your machine.

Lab Setup

create directory

```
mkdir LAB0_Week11
cd LAB0_Week11
```

git clone branch dev

```
git clone -b dev https://github.com/Tuchsanai/DevTools.git
```

cd DevTools/02_Docker/Week11/00_LAB_CMD_EntryPoint/

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository named `DevTools / 02_Docker / Week11 / 01_Lab_Dockerfile`. The commit history is as follows:

Name	Last commit message	Last commit date
...		
Dockerfile	ddd	1 hour ago
jupyter.png	dd	2 hours ago
readme.md	d	1 hour ago
requirements.txt	dd	2 hours ago
readme.md		

LAB Basic example of a Dockerfile for creating a lab environment with Python, Jupyter, and some essential data science libraries:

A Dockerfile is a script that contains instructions to build a Docker image. Here's a basic example of a Dockerfile for creating a lab environment with Python, Jupyter, and some essential data science libraries:

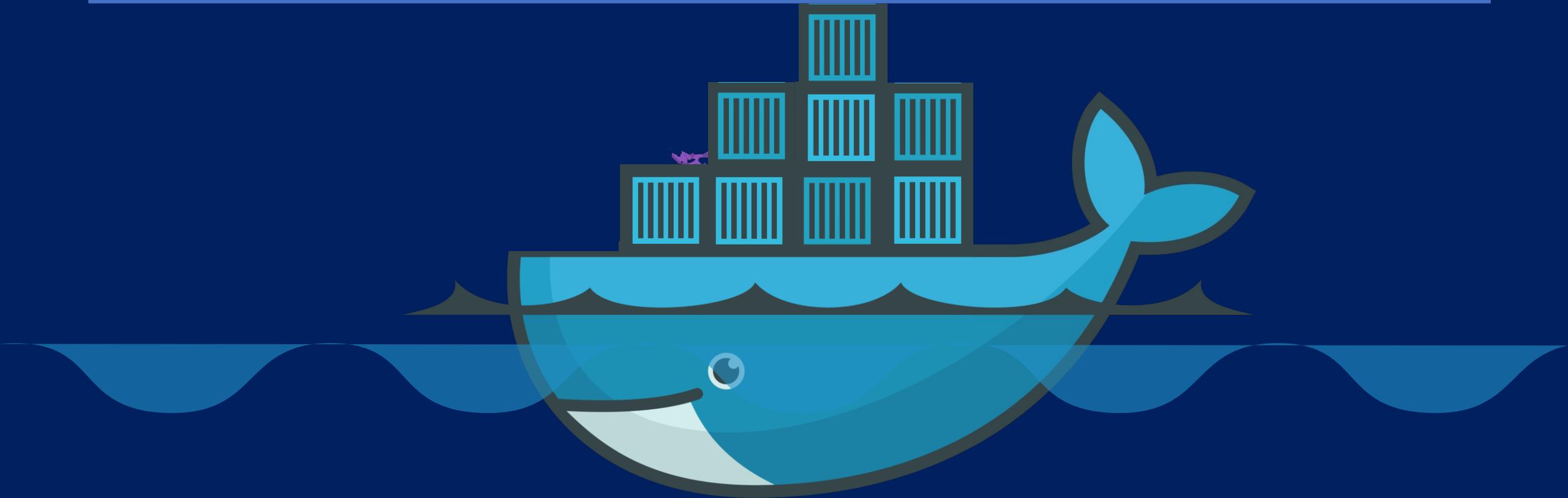
The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the URL `http://13.213.52.101:8885/tree?`. The sidebar shows the following file structure:

- Files
- Running
- Clusters

Select items to perform actions on them.

Name	Last Modified	File size
Dockerfile	3 นาทีที่แล้ว	509 B
readme.md	3 นาทีที่แล้ว	1.45 kB
requirements.txt	3 นาทีที่แล้ว	16 B

Docker registry



hub.docker.com

docker hub

Develop faster. Run anywhere.
Docker Hub is the world's easiest way to create, manage, and deliver your team's container applications.

Search Docker Hub **⌘+K**

Spotlight

- CLOUD DEVELOPMENT**
Build up to 39x faster with Docker Build Cloud
Introducing Docker Build Cloud: A new solution to speed up build times and improve developer productivity
- AI/ML DEVELOPMENT**
LLM Everywhere: Docker and Hugging Face
Set up a local development environment for Hugging Face with Docker
- SOFTWARE SUPPLY CHAIN**
Take action on prioritized insights
Bridge the gap between development workflows and security needs

Featured Solutions

- Kubescape**
Secure your Kubernetes cluster and gain insight into your cluster's security...
±10K+
- Ambassador Telepresence**
Instantly bridge your workstation with Kubernetes clusters in the cloud. Test...
- grafana/grafana** **verified**
The official Grafana docker container
2.9K ±1B+
- opensearchproject/open...** **verified**
The Official Docker Image of OpenSearch (<https://opensearch.org/>)
99 ±50M+

1

login.docker.com/u/login/identifier?state=hKf02SB1aWVWM3RPaGFlandSaWRXcQ1MFf6SGSJ0jBnMIZDDOKFur3VuaxZlcnNhC1sb2dpbqN0aWTzIEdyQkpTU...

Sign in

Sign in to Docker to continue to Docker Hub.

Username or email address **xxxx**

Continue

or

Continue with Google

Continue with GitHub

2

hub.docker.com

dockerhub Explore **Repositories** Organizations

Search Docker Hub **⌘+K**

tuchsanai

Create repository

tuchsanai / pytorch_jupyterlab_ubuntu22.04 Contains: Image Last pushed: 3 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	41	Public
tuchsanai / kubirstapp Contains: Image Last pushed: 5 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	14	Public
tuchsanai / custom-nginx-registry Contains: Image Last pushed: 11 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	3	Public

Create An Organization
Create and manage users and grant access to your repositories.

3

hub.docker.com

dockerhub Explore **Repositories** Organizations

Search Docker Hub **⌘+K**

tuchsanai

Create repository

tuchsanai / pytorch_jupyterlab_ubuntu22.04 Contains: Image Last pushed: 3 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	41	Public
tuchsanai / kubirstapp Contains: Image Last pushed: 5 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	14	Public
tuchsanai / custom-nginx-registry Contains: Image Last pushed: 11 months ago	Inactive ⚡ 0	3	Public

What's New

My Profile

My Account **red circle**

Billing

Sign out

Organization

Create and manage users and grant access to your repositories.

4

hub.docker.com/settings/security

5

tuchsanai

Joined April 4, 2022

General
Security (selected)
Default Privacy
Notifications
Convert Account
Deactivate Account

Access Tokens

It looks like you have not created any access tokens.
Docker Hub lets you create tokens to authenticate access. Treat personal access tokens as alternatives to your password. [Learn more](#)

New Access Token

Two-Factor Authentication

Two-factor authentication is not enabled yet.
Two-factor authentication adds an extra layer of security to your account by requiring more than just a password to sign in. [Learn more](#)

Enable Two-Factor Authentication

Account Settings / Security

6

tuchsanai

me

ACCESS PERMISSIONS
Read, Write, Delete

To use the access token from your Docker CLI client:

1. Run `docker login -u [REDACTED]`
2. At the password prompt, enter the personal access token.

dckr_pat_d0rTt42tz[REDACTED]QnZchI-kI

WARNING: This access token will only be displayed once. It will not be stored and cannot be retrieved. Please be sure to save it now.

Copy and Close

Enable Two-Factor Authentication

Image

image: docker.io/nginx/nginx



docker.io
Docker Hub

Screenshot of the Docker Hub web interface. The URL in the address bar is hub.docker.com. The navigation bar includes "Explore", "Repositories", and "Organizations". A search bar says "Search Docker Hub". The main content shows a list of repositories for the user "tuchsanai":

- tuchsanai / pytorch_jupyterlab_ubuntu22.04 - Contains: Image | Last pushed: 3 months ago
- tuchsanai / kubirstapp - Contains: Image | Last pushed: 5 months ago
- tuchsanai / custom-nginx-registry - Contains: Image | Last pushed: 11 months ago

On the right side, there are sections for "Create An Organization" and "Create and manage users and grant access to your repositories".

Private Registry

```
▶ docker login hub.docker.com
```

Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to <https://hub.docker.com> to create one.

Username: registry-user

Password:

WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /home/vagrant/.docker/config.json.

Login Succeeded

```
▶ docker run private-registry.io/apps/internal-app
```

Deploy Private Registry

```
docker build -t <your-dockerhub-username>/<image_repository_name>:tag .
```

```
docker push <your-dockerhub-username>/<image_repository_name>:tag
```

```
docker pull <your-dockerhub-username>/<image_repository_name>:tag
```

LAB 2:

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository interface for a project named '02_Lab_docker_registry'. The repository was created by 'Tuchsanai' 11 minutes ago. The commit message is '1fcb90e · 39 minutes ago'. The repository contains the following files:

Name	Last commit message	Last commit date
..		
images	11	39 minutes ago
Dockerfile	dd	6 hours ago
index.html	dd	6 hours ago
readme.md	11	39 minutes ago

The 'readme.md' file is currently being edited, showing the following content:

```
Lab docker registry

Step 1: Login to Docker Hub

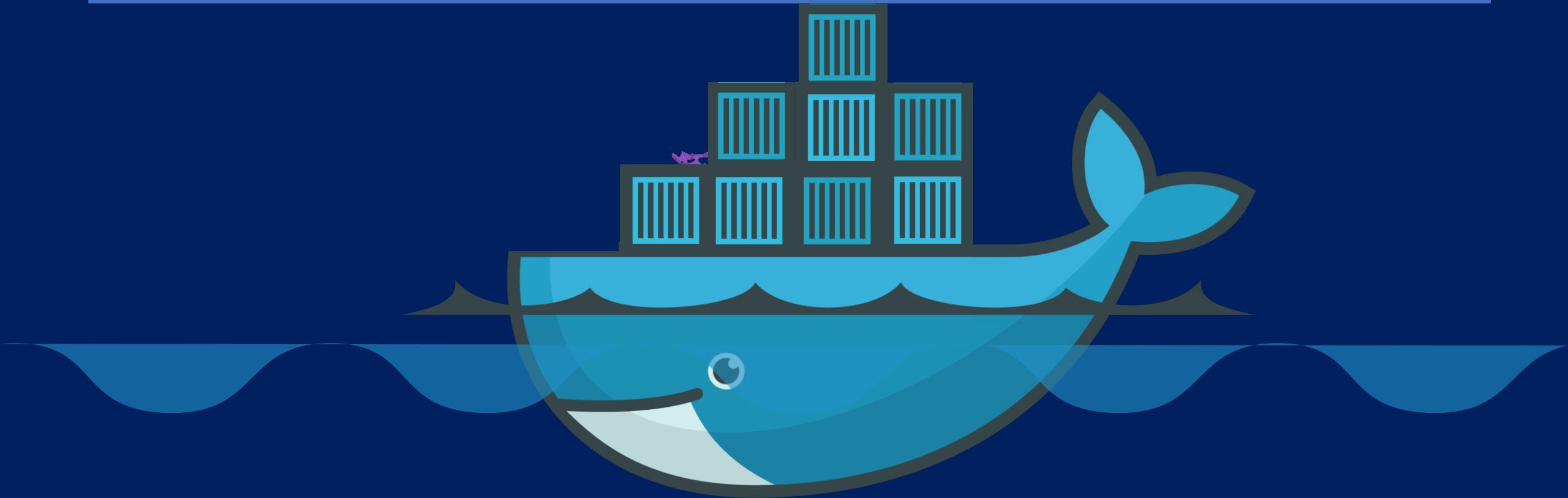
Run the following command to login to Docker Hub:

docker login -u yourusername

#### Enter your password when prompted.
.....
```

Step 2:

Docker Network



Default networks



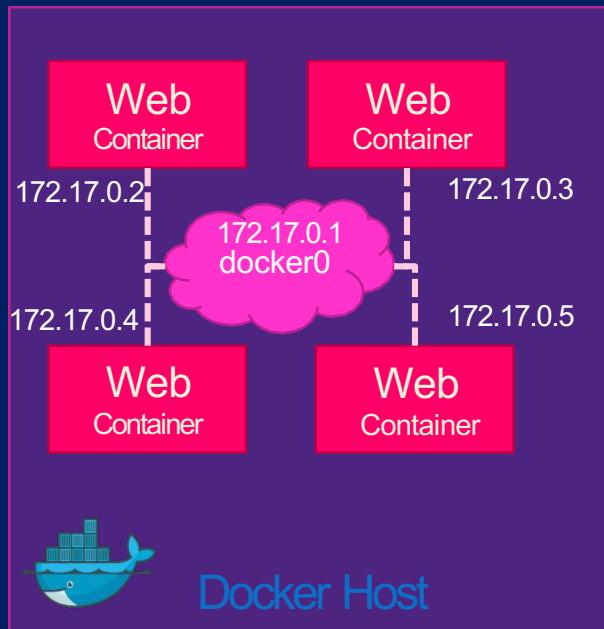
```
docker run ubuntu
```



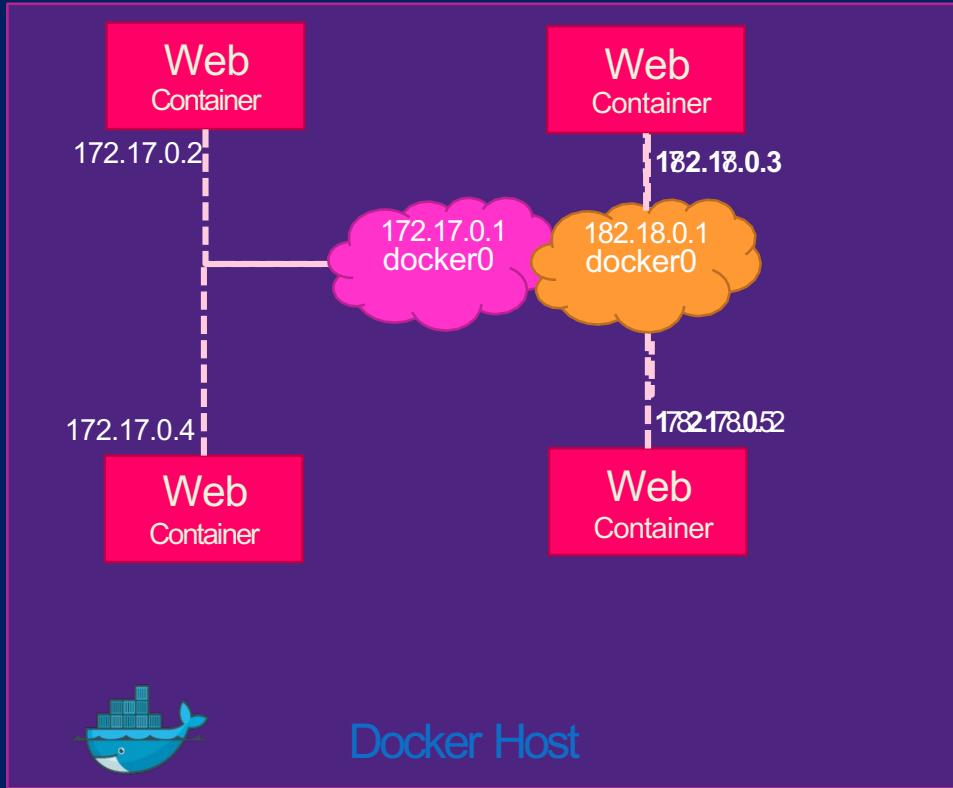
```
docker run Ubuntu --network=none
```



```
docker run Ubuntu --network=host
```



User-defined networks



```
docker network create \
--driver bridge \
--subnet 182.18.0.0/16
custom-isolated-network
```

```
docker network ls
```

NETWORK ID	NAME	DRIVER	SCOPE
dba0fb9370fe	bridge	bridge	local
46d476b87cd9	customer-isolated-network	bridge	local
6de685cec1ce	docker_gwbridge	bridge	local
e29d188b4e47	host	host	local
mmrho7vsb9rm	ingress	overlay	swarm
d9f11695f0d6	none	null	local
d371b4009142	simplewebappdocker_default	bridge	local

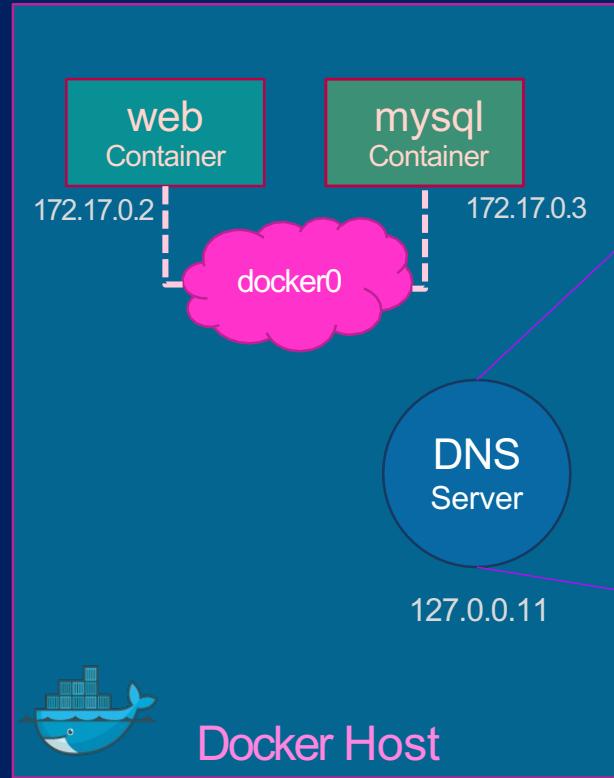
Inspect Network

```
▶ docker inspect blissful_hopper
```

```
[  
 {  
   "Id": "35505f7810d17291261a43391d4b6c0846594d415ce4f4d0a6ffbf9cc5109048",  
   "Name": "/blissful_hopper",  
   "NetworkSettings": {  
     "Bridge": "",  
     "Gateway": "172.17.0.1",  
     "IPAddress": "172.17.0.6",  
     "MacAddress": "02:42:ac:11:00:06",  
     "Networks": {  
       "bridge": {  
         "Gateway": "172.17.0.1",  
         "IPAddress": "172.17.0.6",  
         "MacAddress": "02:42:ac:11:00:06",  
       }  
     }  
   }  
 }]
```

Embedded DNS

```
mysql.connect( mysql )
```



Host	IP
web	172.17.0.2
mysql	172.17.0.3

LAB 3:

Lab Docker Network with Subnet

This guide explains how to create a lab Docker network with a specific subnet using a busybox container.

1. Create a new Docker network named "lab_network" with a specific subnet, e.g., 192.168.100.0/24, using the following command:

```
docker network create --subnet 192.168.100.0/24 lab_network
```

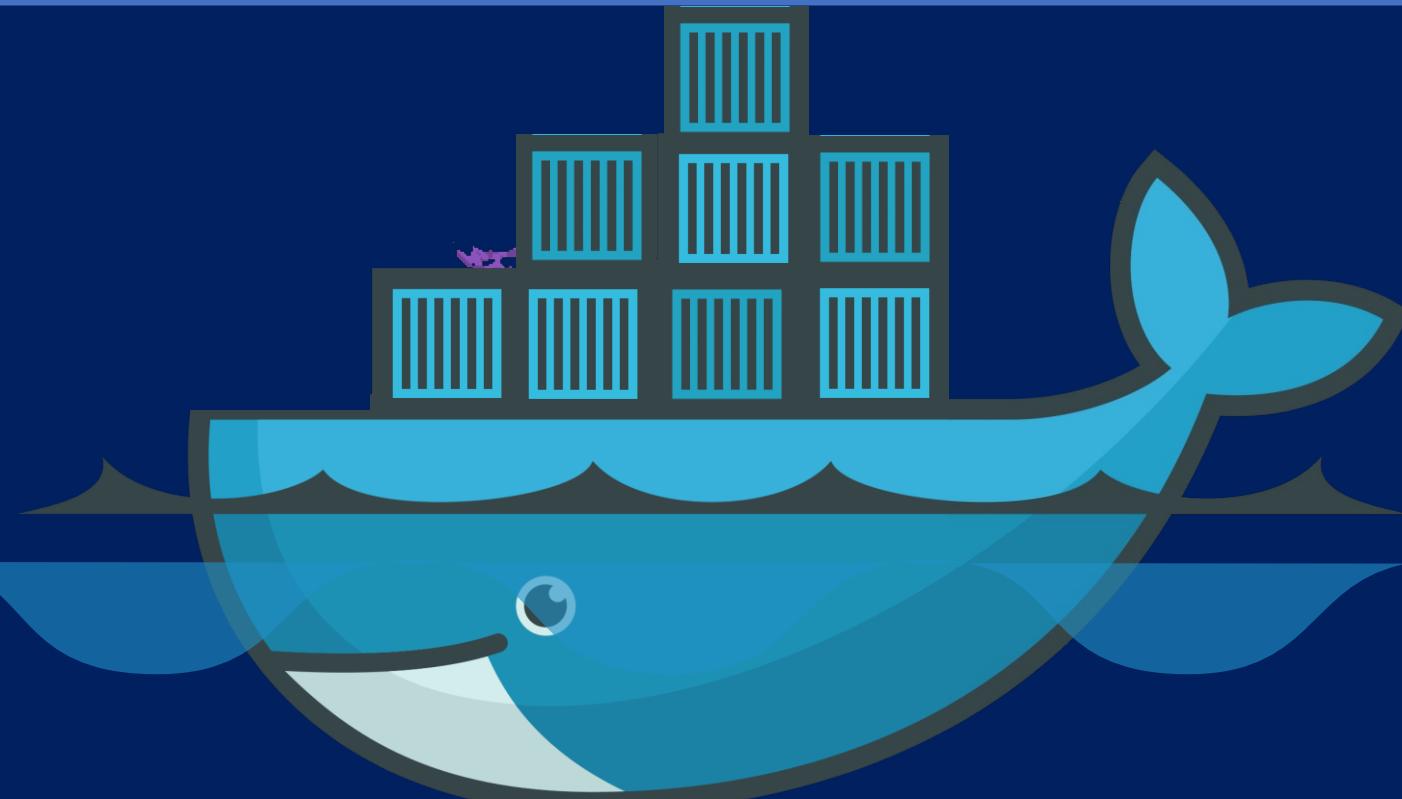
2. To confirm that the "lab_network" has been created and to view its settings, run the following command:

```
docker network inspect lab_network
```

3. Run a new container with the busybox image and connect it to the "lab_network" using the following command:

```
docker run --name busybox_container --network lab_network busybox
```

Docker compose



Docker compose

```
docker run yourname/simple-webapp
```

```
docker run mongodb
```

```
docker run redis:alpine
```

```
docker run ansible
```

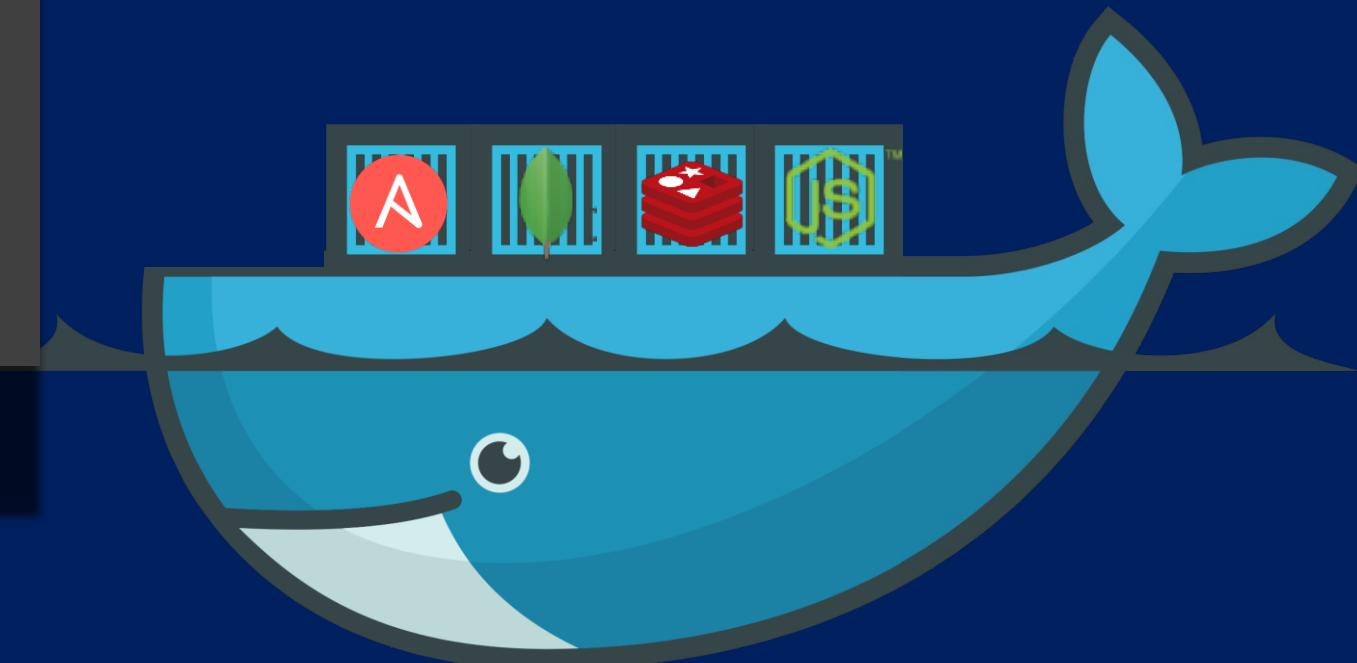
```
docker-compose.yml
```

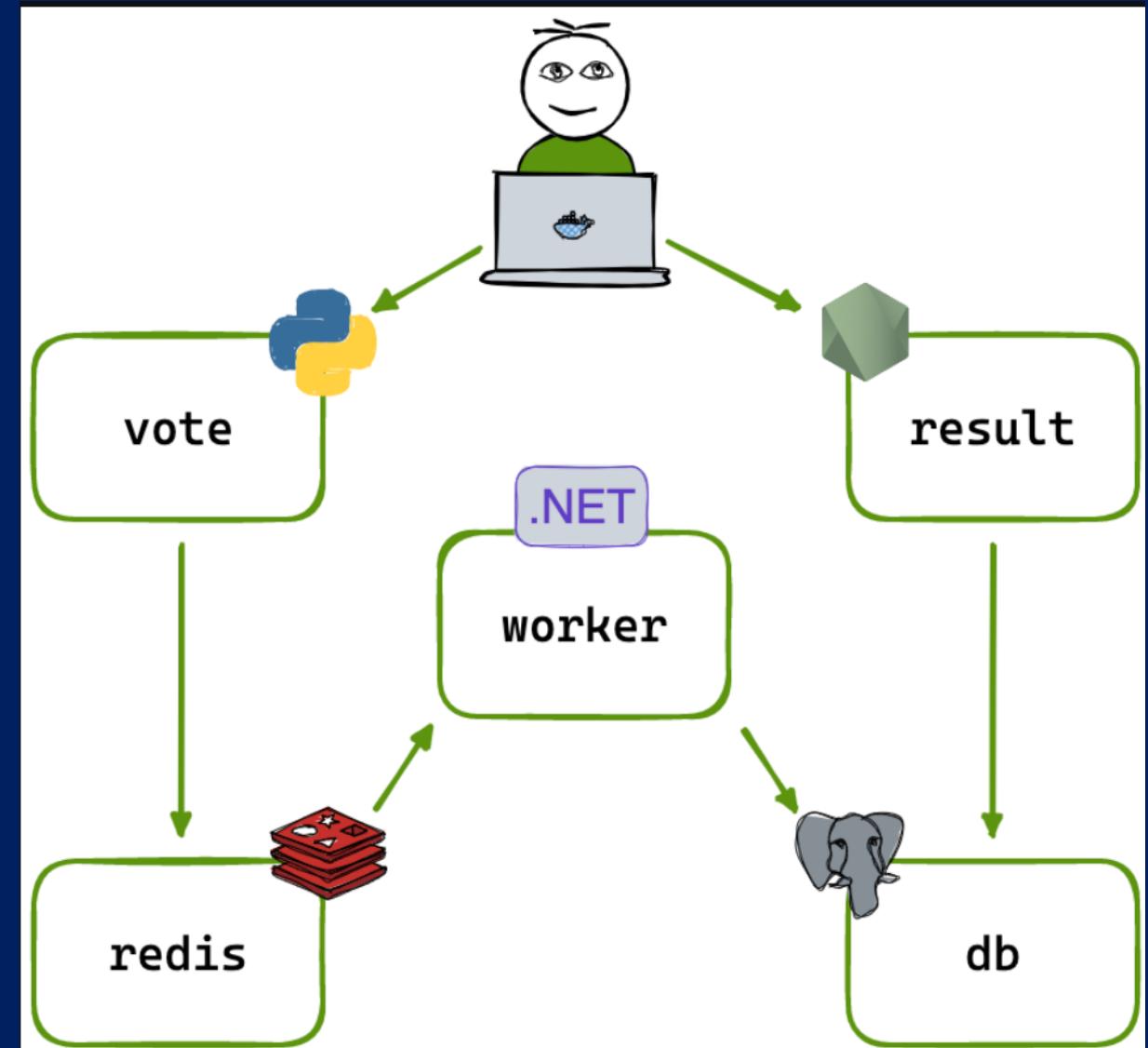
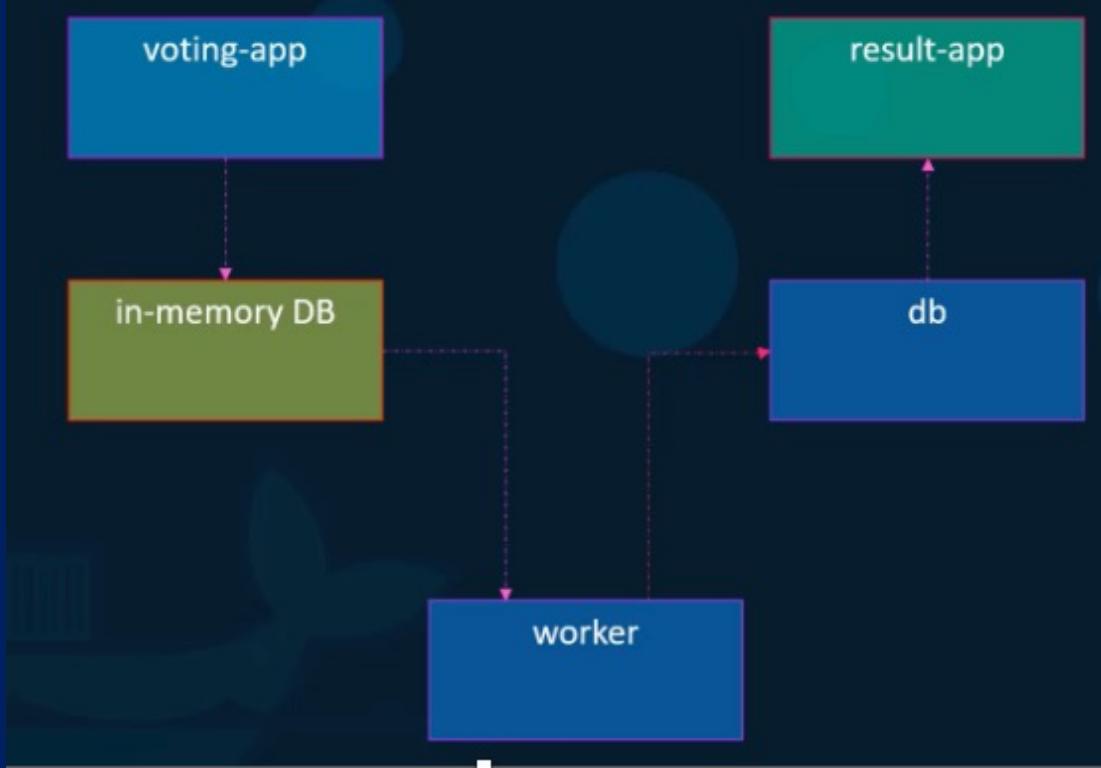
```
services:  
  web:  
    image: "yourname/simple-webapp"  
  database:  
    image: "mongodb"  
  messaging:  
    image: "redis:alpine"  
  orchestration:  
    image: "ansible"
```

```
docker-compose up
```



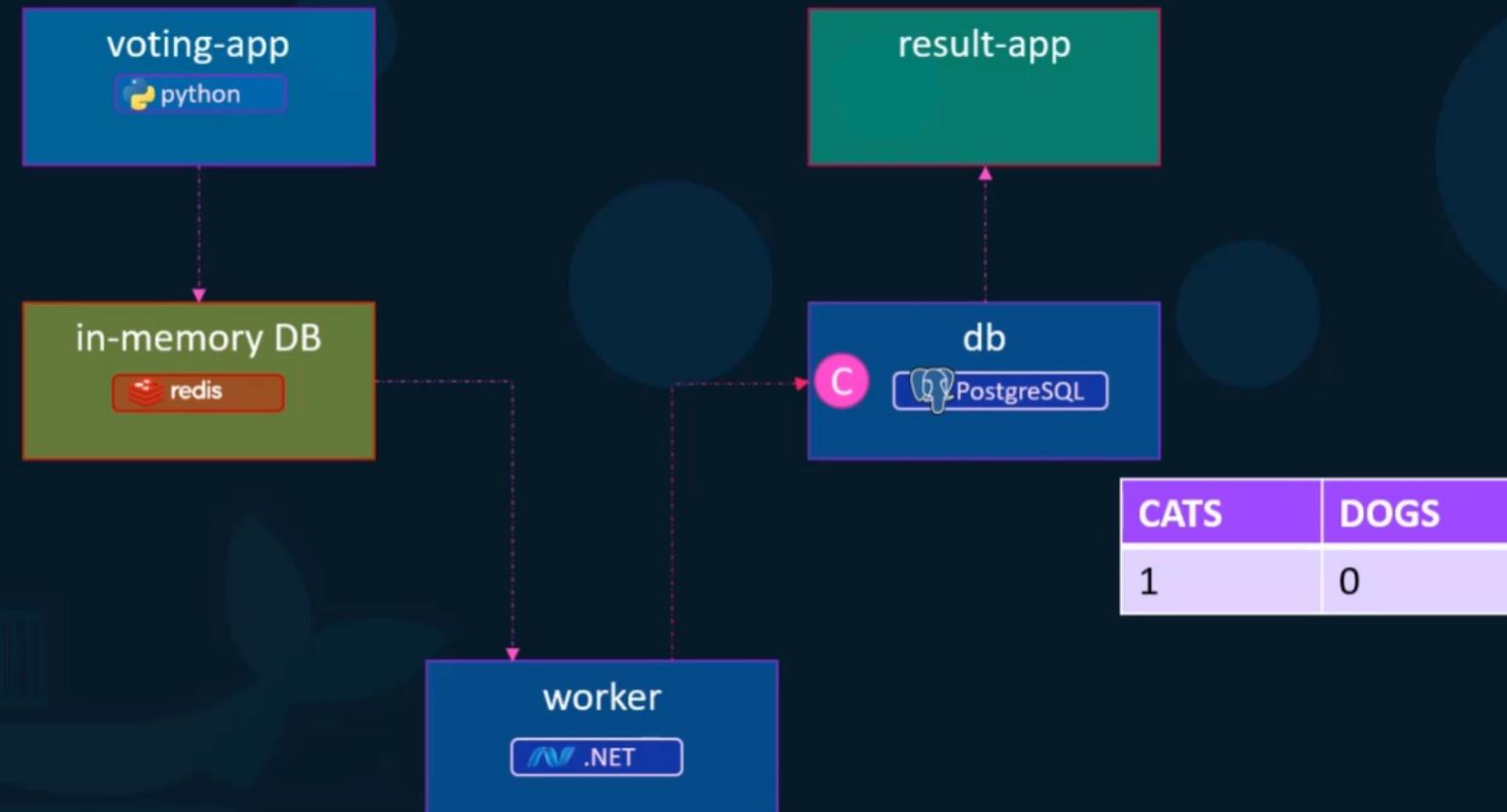
Public Docker registry - dockerhub



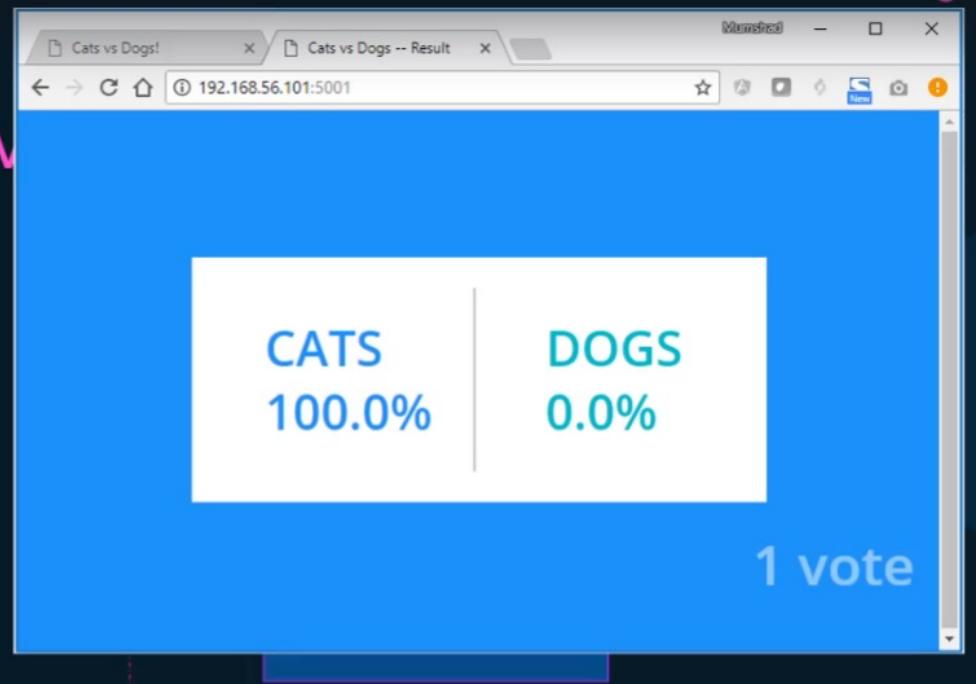
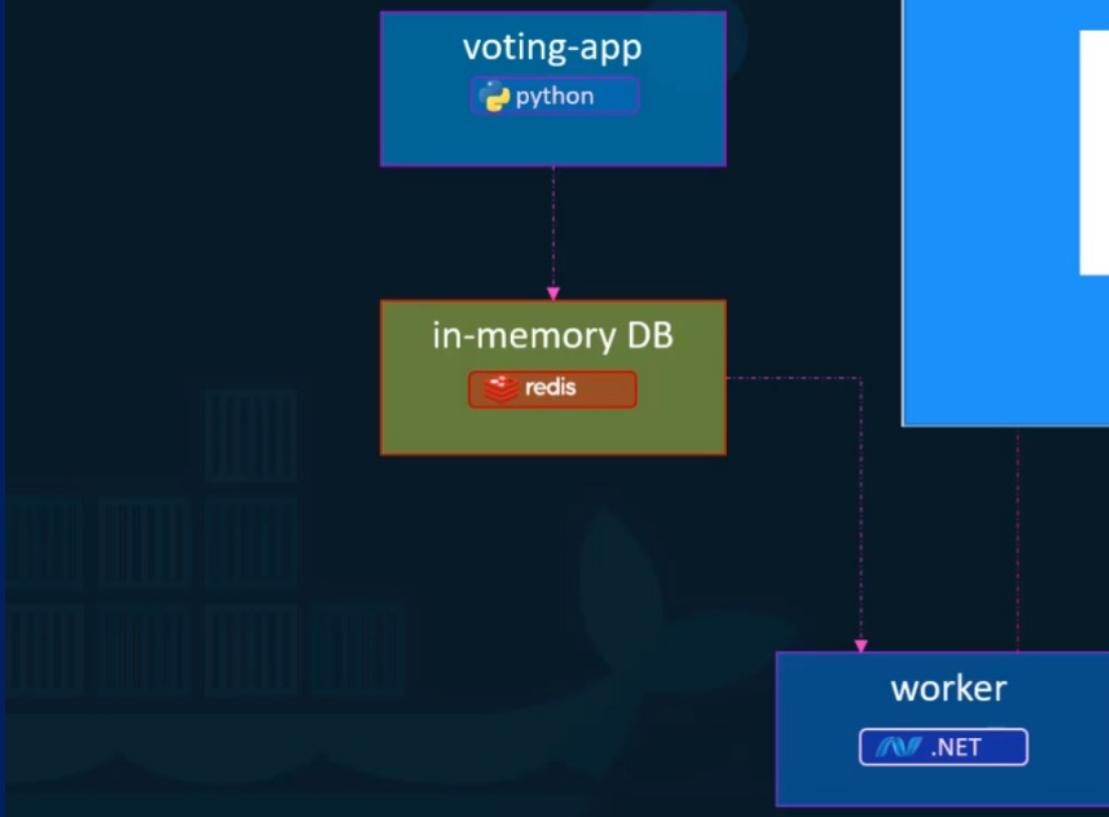


- A front-end web app in [Python](#) which lets you vote between two options
- A [Redis](#) which collects new votes
- A [.NET](#) worker which consumes votes and stores them in...
- A [Postgres](#) database backed by a Docker volume
- A [Node.js](#) web app which shows the results of the voting in real time

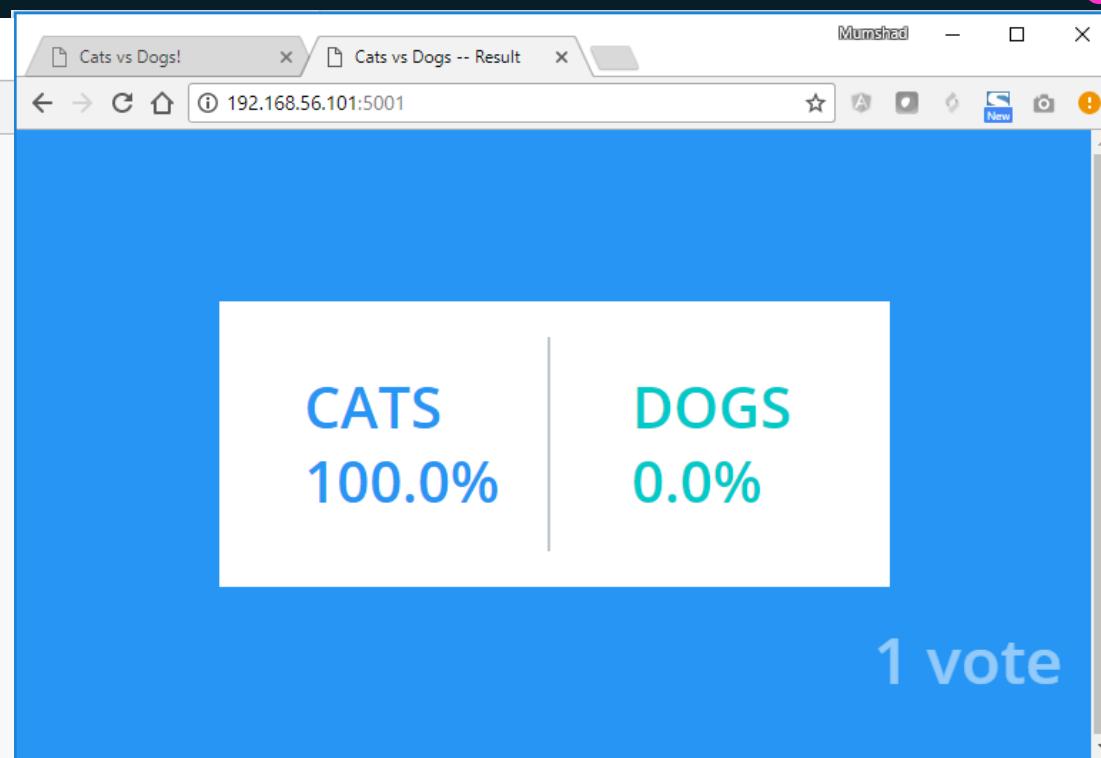
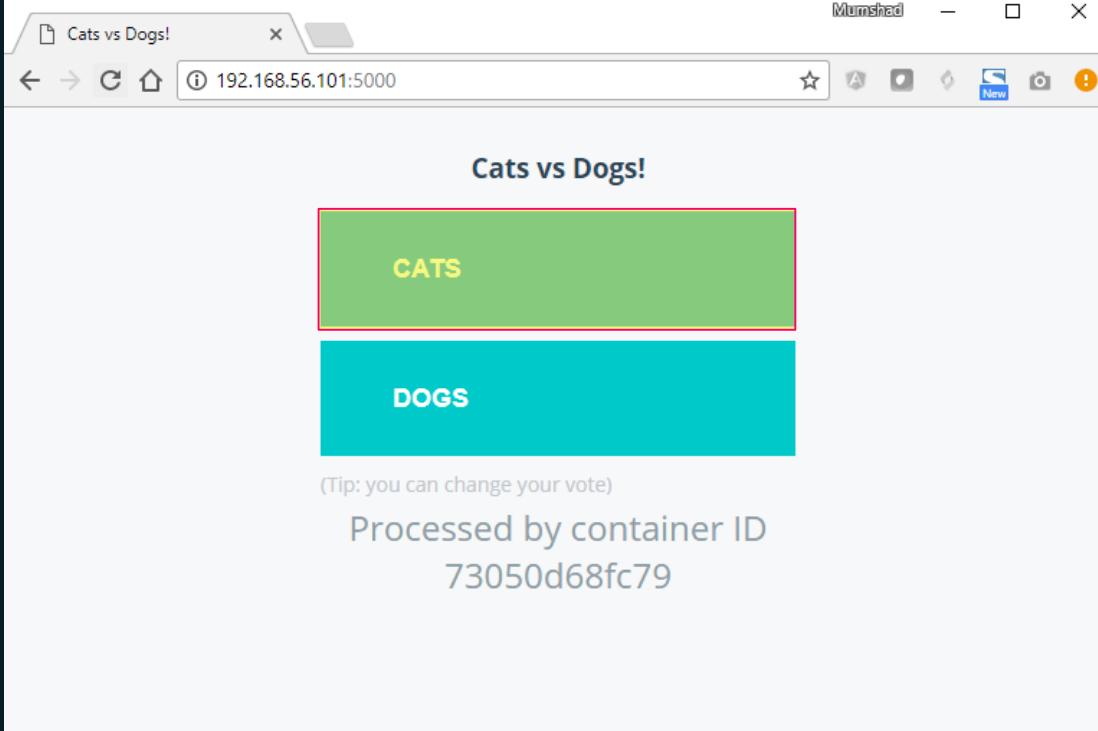
Sample application – voting application



Sample application – voting



CATS	DOGS
1	0



CATS	DOGS
1	0



docker run

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```



docker run

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

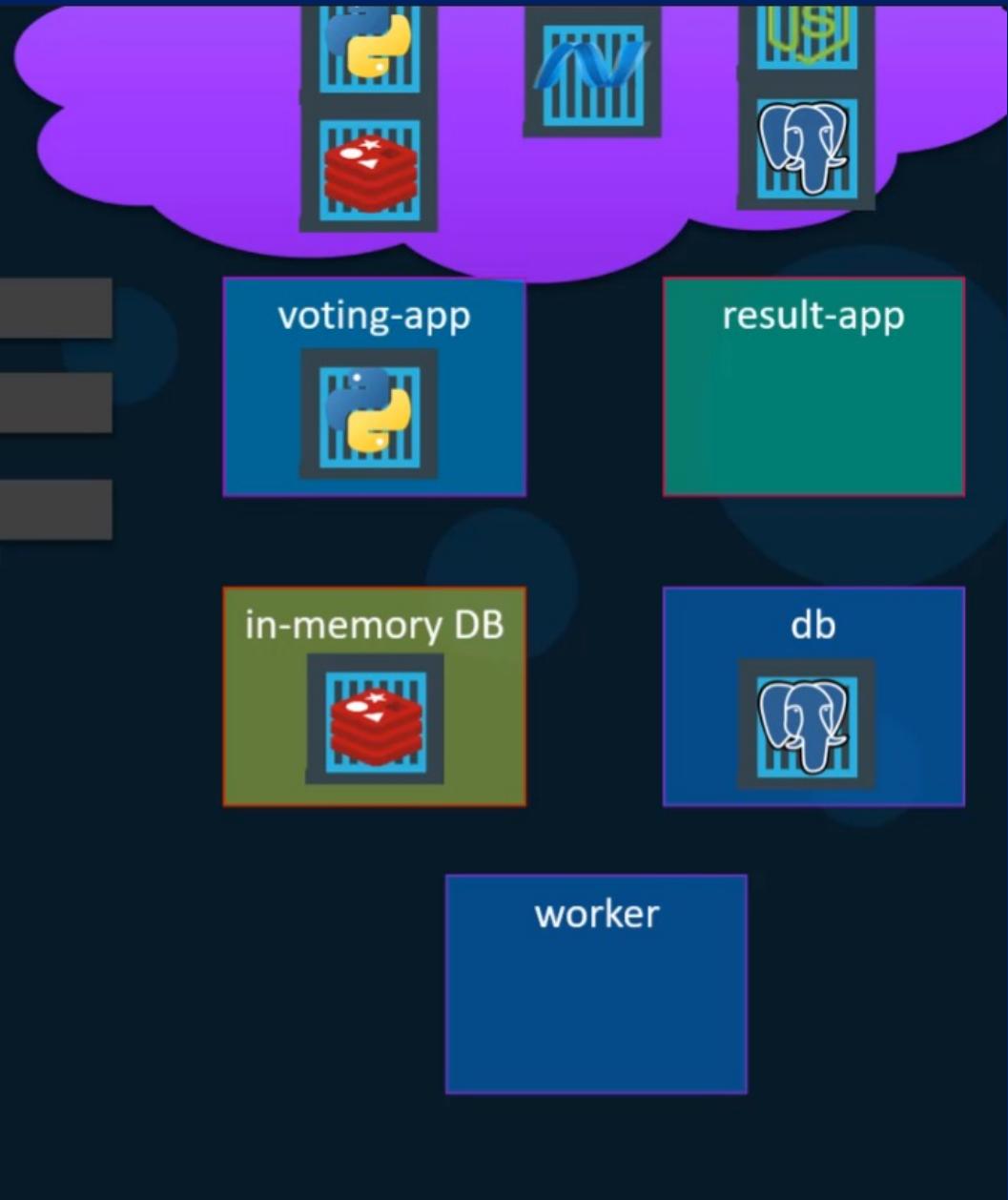


docker run

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 voting-app
```



docker run

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 result-app
```



docker run

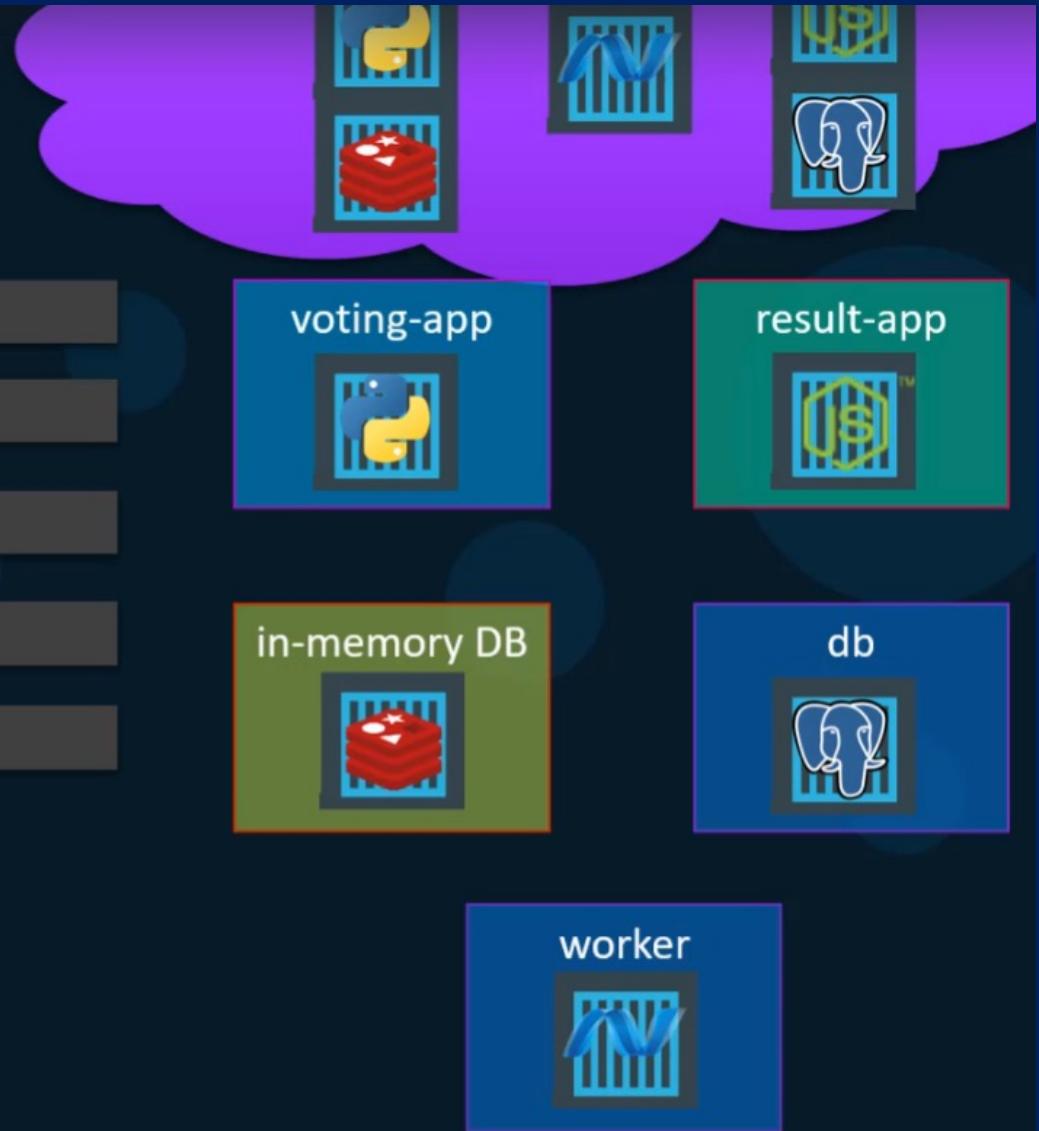
```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 result-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=worker worker
```



docker run

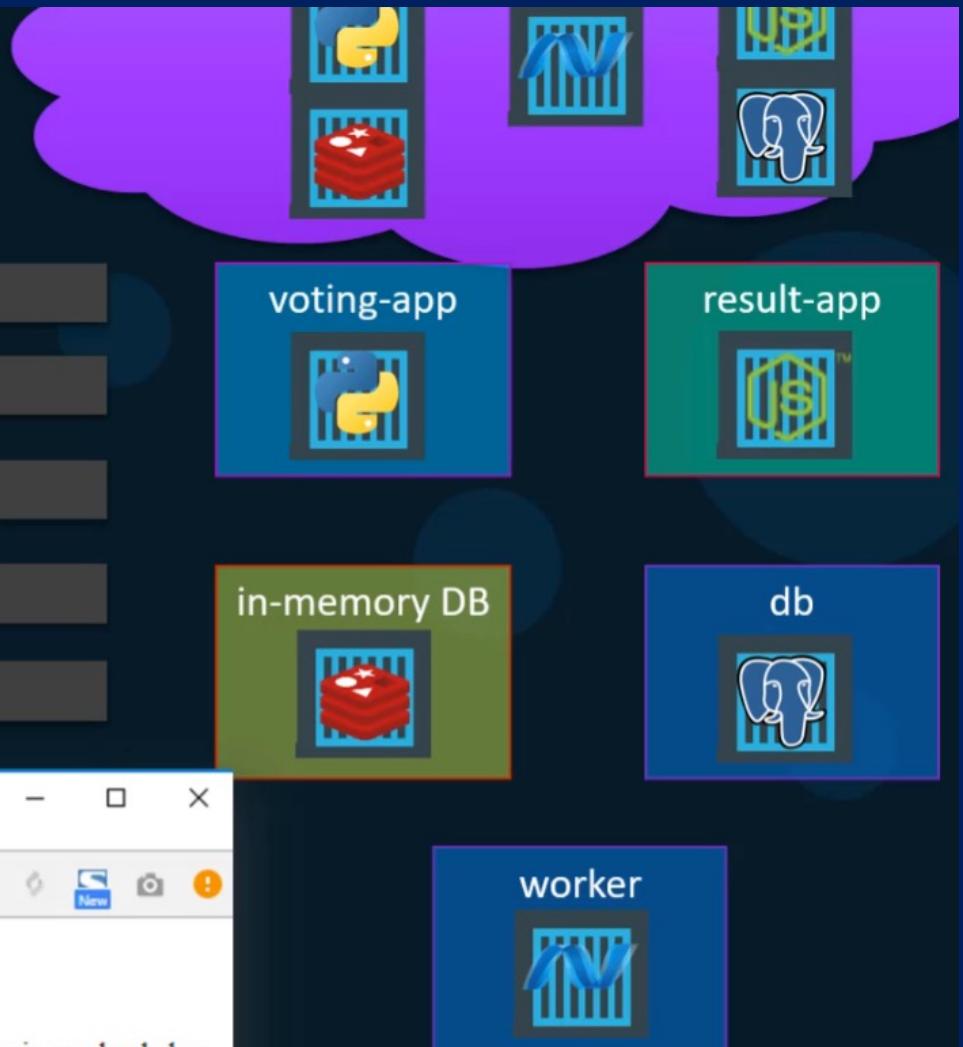
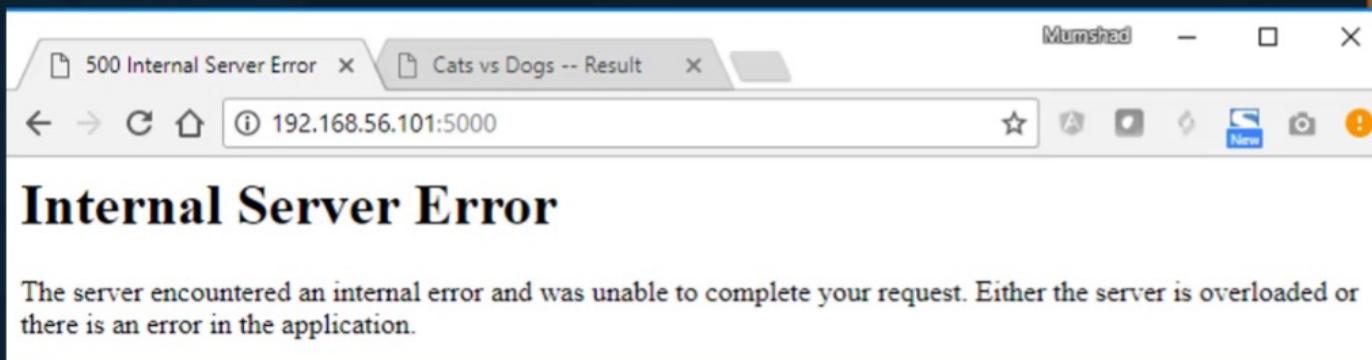
```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 result-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=worker worker
```



docker run --links

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

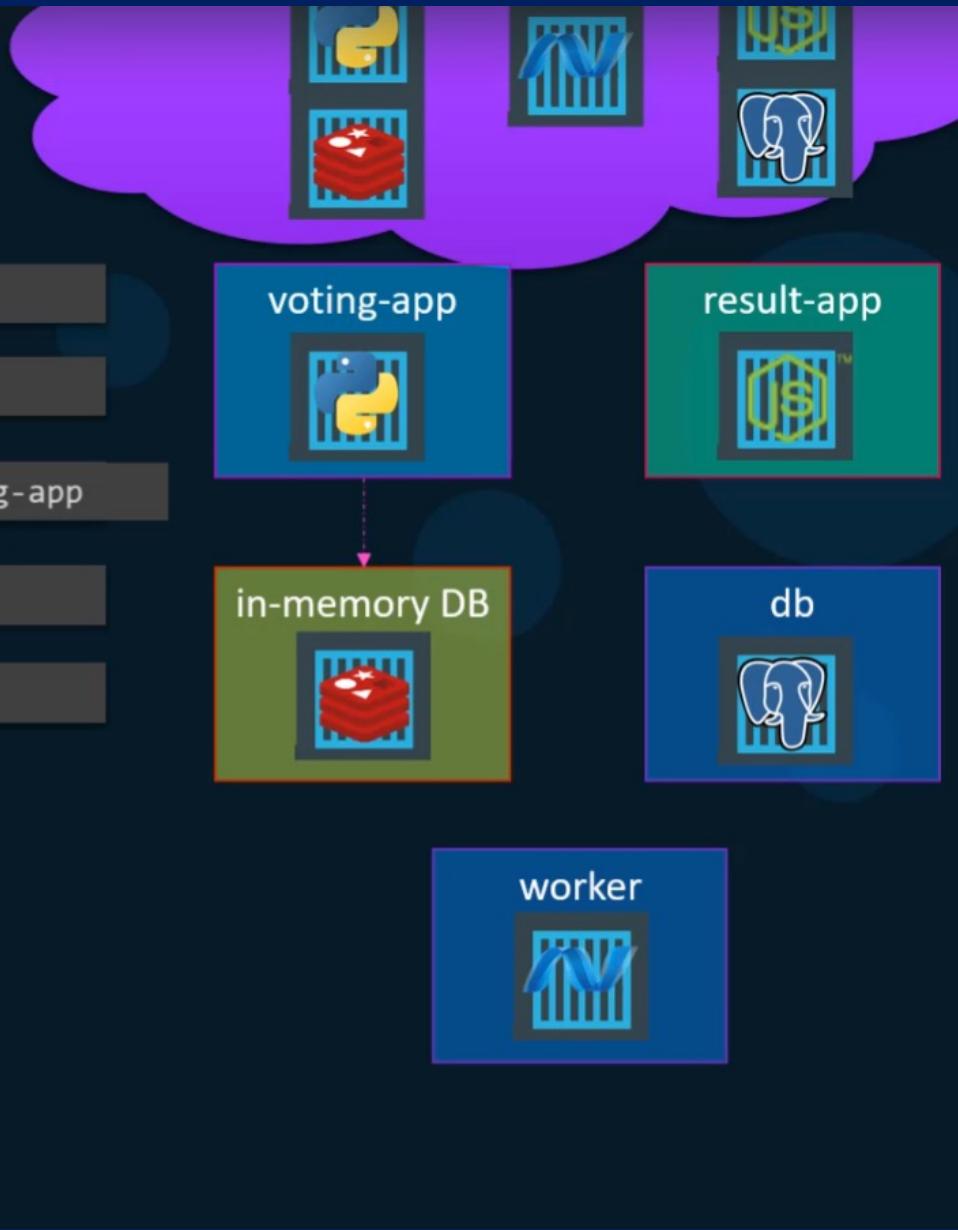
```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 --link redis:redis voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 result-app
```



```
docker run -d --name=worker worker
```

```
def get_redis():
    if not hasattr(g, 'redis'):
        g.redis = Redis(host="redis", db=0, socket_timeout=5)
    return g.redis
```



docker run --links

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

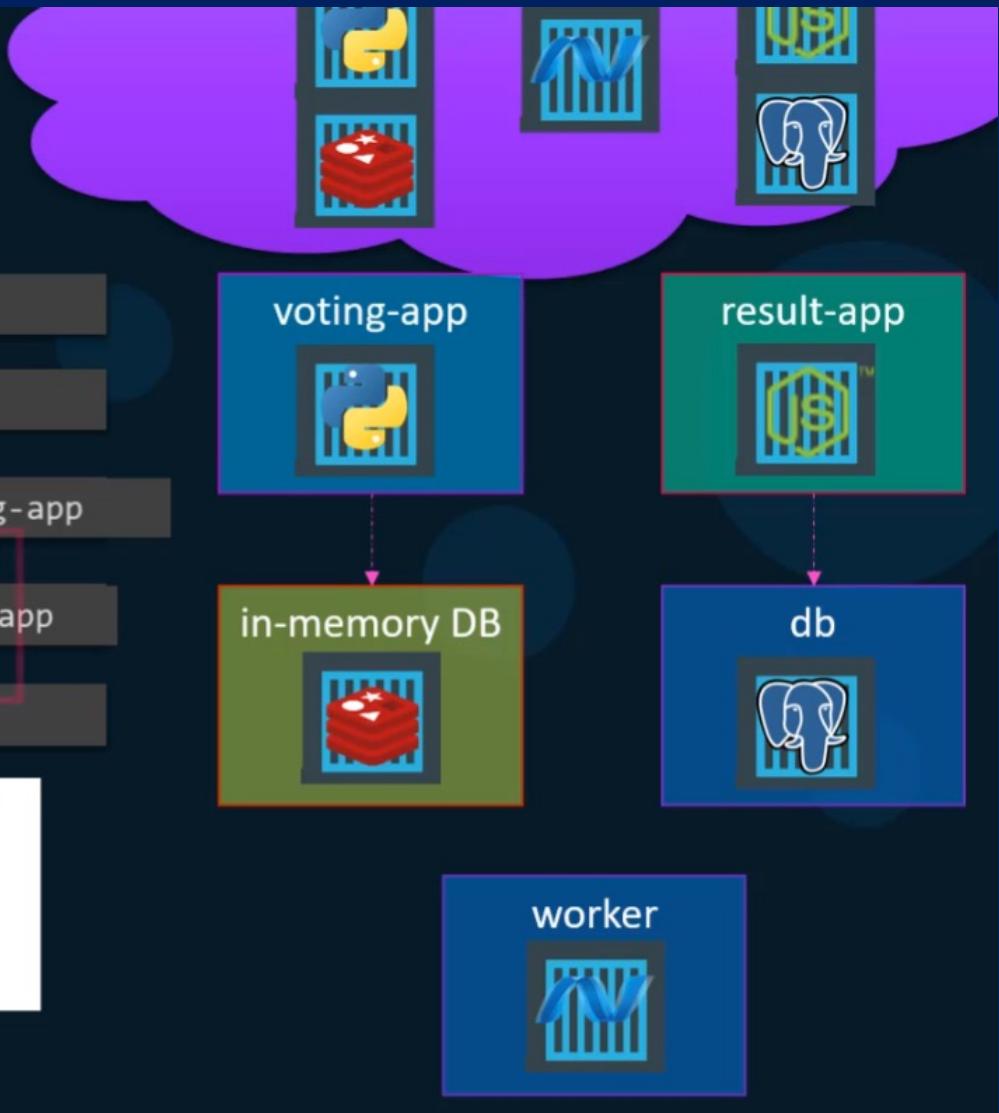
```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 --link redis:redis voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 --link db:db result-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=worker worker
```

```
pg.connect('postgres://postgres@db/postgres', function(err, client, done) {  
  if (err) {  
    console.error("Waiting for db");  
  }  
  callback(err, client);  
});
```



docker run --links

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

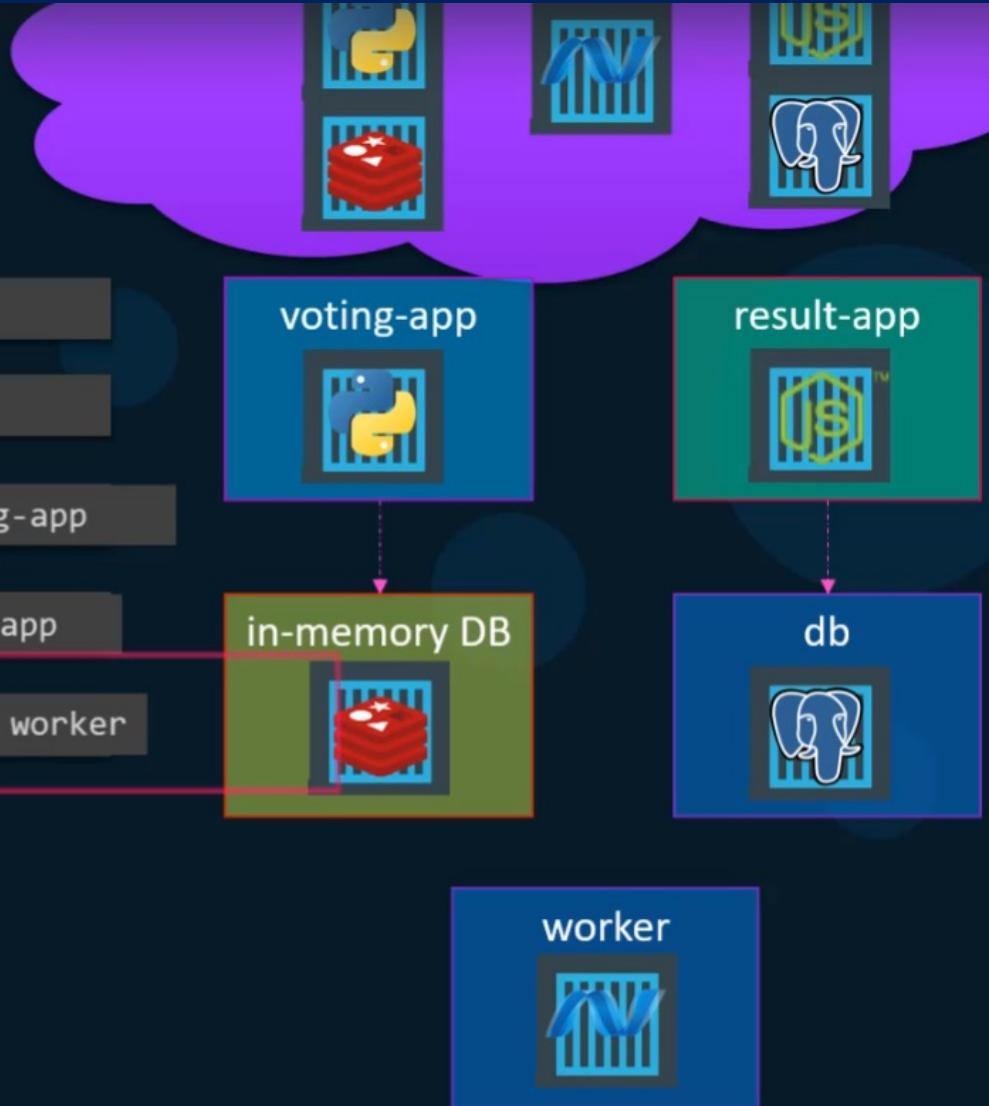
```
docker run -d --name=db postgres
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 --link redis:redis voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 --link db:db result-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=worker --link db:db --link redis:redis worker
```

```
try {  
    Jedis redis = connectToRedis("redis");  
    Connection dbConn = connectToDB("db");  
  
    System.out.println("Watching vote queue");
```



Docker compose

```
docker run -d --name=redis redis
```

```
docker run -d --name=db postgres:9.4
```

```
docker run -d --name=vote -p 5000:80 --link redis:redis voting-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=result -p 5001:80 --link db:db result-app
```

```
docker run -d --name=worker --link db:db --link redis:redis worker
```

```
docker-compose.yml
```

```
redis:  
  image: redis  
db:  
  image: postgres:9.4  
vote:  
  image: voting-app  
  ports:  
    - 5000:80  
  links:  
    - redis  
result:  
  image: result-app  
  ports:  
    - 5001:80  
  links:  
    - db  
worker:  
  image: worker  
  links:  
    - redis  
    - db
```

Docker compose - build

docker-compose.yml

```
redis:
  image: redis
db:
  image: postgres:9.4
vote:
  image: voting-app
  ports:
    - 5000:80
  links:
    - redis
result:
  image: result
  ports:
    - 5001:80
  links:
    - db
worker:
  image: worker
  links:
    - db
    - redis
```

docker-compose.yml

```
redis:
  image: redis
db:
  image: postgres:9.4
vote:
  build: ./vote
  ports:
    - 5000:80
  links:
    - redis
result:
  build: ./result
  ports:
    - 5001:80
  links:
    - db
worker:
  build: ./worker
  links:
    - db
    - redis
```

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 Tuchsanai	0
Name	Last commit message
 ..	0
 static/stylesheets	0
 templates	0
 Dockerfile	0
 app.py	0
 requirements.txt	0

Docker compose - versions

docker-compose.yml

```
redis:  
    image: redis  
  
db:  
    image: postgres:9.4  
  
vote:  
    image: voting-app  
    ports:  
        - 5000:80  
    links:  
        - redis
```

version: 1

docker-compose.yml

```
version: 2  
services:  
    redis:  
        image: redis  
  
    db:  
        image: postgres:9.4  
  
    vote:  
        image: voting-app  
        ports:  
            - 5000:80  
        depends_on:  
            - redis
```

version: 2

docker-compose.yml

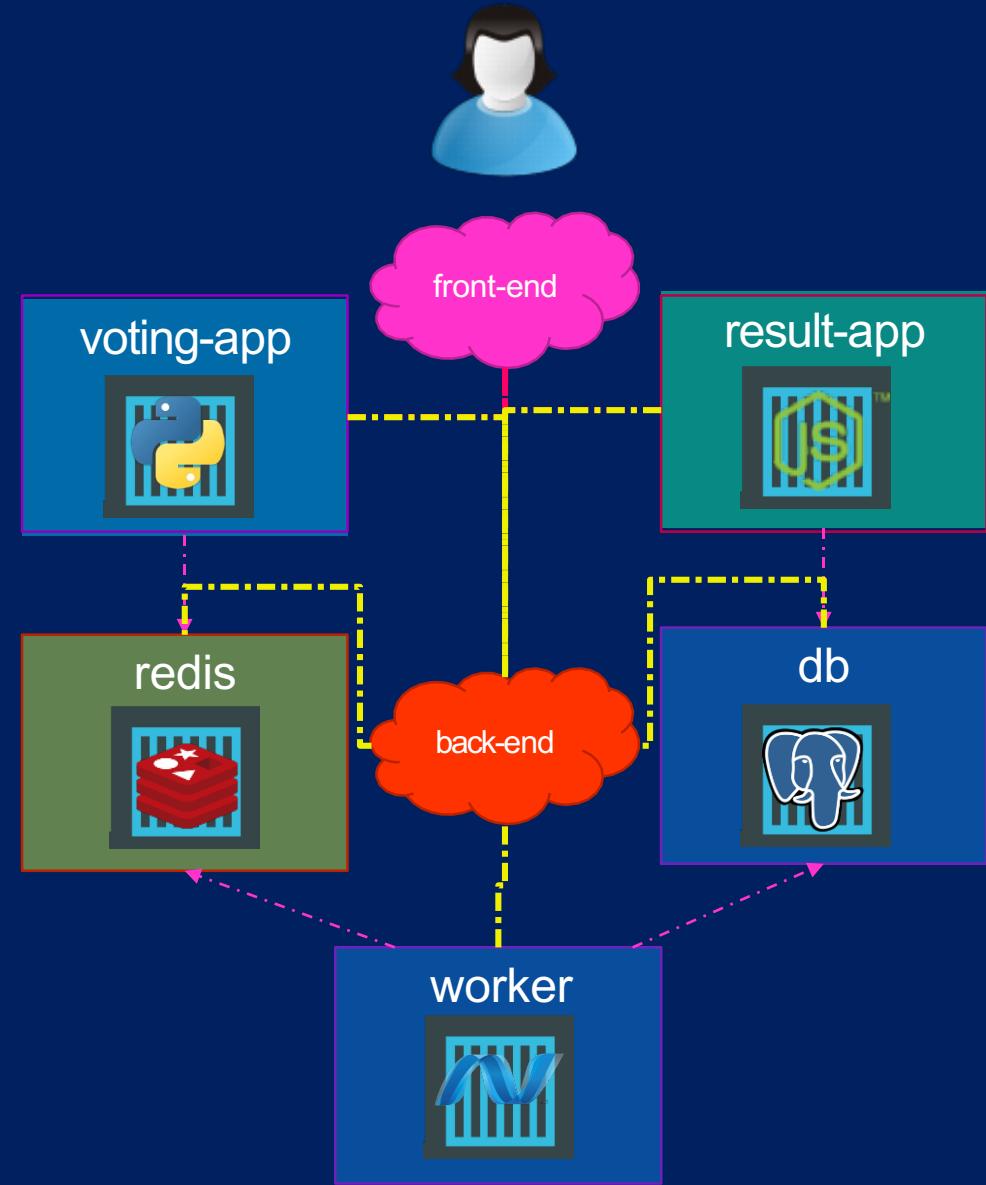
```
version: 3  
services:  
    redis:  
        image: redis  
  
    db:  
        image: postgres:9.4  
  
    vote:  
        image: voting-app  
        ports:  
            - 5000:80
```

version: 3

Docker compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: 2
services:
  redis:
    image: redis
    networks:
      - back-end
  db:
    image: postgres:9.4
    networks:
      - back-end
  vote:
    image: voting-app
    networks:
      - front-end
      - back-end
  result:
    image: result
    networks:
      - front-end
      - back-end
networks:
  front-end:
  back-end:
```



```
redis:
  image: redis:alpine
  volumes:
    - "./healthchecks:/healthchecks"
  healthcheck:
    test: /healthchecks/redis.sh
    interval: "5s"
  networks:
    - back-tier

db:
  image: postgres:15-alpine
  environment:
    POSTGRES_USER: "postgres"
    POSTGRES_PASSWORD: "postgres"
  volumes:
    - "db-data:/var/lib/postgresql/data"
    - "./healthchecks:/healthchecks"
  healthcheck:
    test: /healthchecks/postgres.sh
    interval: "5s"
  networks:
    - back-tier
```

```
vote:
  build: ./vote
  # use python rather than gunicorn for local dev
  command: python app.py
  depends_on:
    redis:
      condition: service_healthy
  healthcheck:
    test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost"]
    interval: 15s
    timeout: 5s
    retries: 3
    start_period: 10s
  volumes:
    - ./vote:/app
  ports:
    - "5000:80"
  networks:
    - front-tier
    - back-tier

result:
  build: ./result
  # use nodemon rather than node for local dev
  entrypoint: nodemon server.js
  depends_on:
    db:
      condition: service_healthy
  volumes:
    - ./result:/app
  ports:
    - "5001:80"
    - "5858:5858"
  networks:
    - front-tier
    - back-tier
```

postgres.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
set -eo pipefail

host="$(hostname -i || echo '127.0.0.1')"
user="${POSTGRES_USER:-postgres}"
db="${POSTGRES_DB:-$POSTGRES_USER}"
export PGPASSWORD="${POSTGRES_PASSWORD:-}"

args=(
    # force postgres to not use the local unix socket (test "external" connectivity)
    --host "$host"
    --username "$user"
    --dbname "$db"
    --quiet --no-align --tuples-only
)

if select="$(echo 'SELECT 1' | psql "${args[@]}")" && [ "$select" = '1' ]; then
    exit 0
fi

exit 1
```

redis.sh

```
1  #!/bin/sh
2  set -eo pipefail
3
4  host="$(hostname -i || echo '127.0.0.1')"
5
6  if ping="$(redis-cli -h "$host" ping)" && [ "$ping" = 'PONG' ]; then
7      exit 0
8  fi
9
10 exit 1
```

docker-compose up

This command is used to start the containers defined in the docker-compose.yml file. If the containers don't exist, they will be created.

```
docker-compose up
```

docker-compose down

This command is used to stop and remove the containers defined in the docker-compose.yml file.

```
docker-compose down
```

To delete all networks, images, and volumes with Docker Compose, you can use the following commands:

```
docker-compose down --rmi all --volumes --remove-orphans
```

- The `--rmi all` flag tells Docker to remove all images associated with the containers.
- The `--volumes` flag tells Docker to remove any volumes associated with the containers.
- The `--remove-orphans` flag tells Docker to remove any containers that were not defined in the docker-compose.yml file.

```
docker network prune  
docker volume prune
```

- The second command (`docker network prune`) will remove any unused networks.
- The third command (`docker volume prune`) will remove any unused volumes.

LAB 5 :

LAB 6 :

Node Exporter ID : 1860

Resource Overview (associated JOb), Host : collect-node1, Instance : collect-node1

Resource	Current	Target	Delta	Min	Max	Avg
Total CPU Usage	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Total Memory Usage	25.84%	25.84%	0.00%	0.00%	25.84%	25.84%
Total Disk Usage	10.00%	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Total Network Usage	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Resource Details : [collect-node1]

Resource	Current	Target	Delta	Min	Max	Avg
CPU Usage	10.5%	10.5%	0.00%	0.00%	10.5%	10.5%
Used RAM Memory	25.84%	25.84%	0.00%	0.00%	25.84%	25.84%
Used Disk Space	10.00%	10.00%	0.00%	0.00%	10.00%	10.00%
Used Network Bandwidth	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Resource Metrics (last 12 hours)

Metric	Value	Unit	Description
node_memory_MemFree	301.794	MB	Total free memory
node_memory_MemAvailable	301.794	MB	Total available memory
node_memory_MemTotal	1000.000	MB	Total memory
node_memory_MemUsed	698.206	MB	Total used memory
node_memory_MemFree_percent	30.18	%	Percentage of free memory
node_memory_MemAvailable_percent	30.18	%	Percentage of available memory
node_memory_MemTotal_percent	100.00	%	Percentage of total memory
node_memory_MemUsed_percent	69.82	%	Percentage of used memory
node_cpu_usage_percent	1.00	%	Average CPU usage
node_filesystem_free_percent	20.00	%	Average free disk space
node_filesystem_total_percent	100.00	%	Average total disk space
node_filesystem_used_percent	80.00	%	Average used disk space
node_load_1	0.00	1.00	Average 1-minute load
node_load_5	0.00	1.00	Average 5-minute load
node_load_15	0.00	1.00	Average 15-minute load
node_network_in_bytes	0.00	1.00	Average incoming network traffic
node_network_out_bytes	0.00	1.00	Average outgoing network traffic

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Tuchanai 22 c6fc4ef · 14 minutes ago History

Name Last commit message Last commit date

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README.md

Example Voting App

A simple distributed application running across multiple Docker containers.

Getting started

```
graph TD; vote[vote] --> redis[redis]; vote --> worker[.NET worker]; result[result] --> db[db]; redis --> worker; worker --> db;
```

- A front-end web app in Python which lets you vote between two options
- A Redis which collects new votes
- A .NET worker which receives votes and stores them in...
- A PostgreSQL database backed by a Docker volume
- A front-end web app which shows the results of the voting in real time

