REFLECTION DOCUMENT

DESIGN DESCRIPTION

The design for this project truly was a culmination of a number of the assignments that we had throughout the course. I implemented the matrices we used from the doodlebug/ant assignment; a search function to locate specific items in my player's backpack, polymorphism for the rooms and objects, and each room was essentially a node that pointed to other rooms like itself.

Below is a list of my initial design. I included rough descriptions of what each class was meant to achieve and the functions that support them

Class Name	Space – an abstract class for rooms that contain objects
Variables (protected)	Int rowSize – number of rows
	Int colSize - number of columns
	Space *ptr[4]- pointers to other rooms, may be set to NULL
	Object *** space – dynamically allocated 2d matrix of pointers to objects
	Player *player – a player object
	Door (left, right, top, bottom) – doors
Functions (public)	get and set functions for the above variables
	printSpace() – prints the room
	movePlayer()- controls moving the player around within the room
	enterDoorWay () – handles the player moving into another space
	setSpace() – pure virtual function setting up space;
	setObjectPos(Object) – sets up an object in a space, depending on the space;

Class Name	Room – a 9x9 space that contains a stone
Variables (private)	All variables from Space
	Stone *s – Room spaces contain stones
Functions (public)	Same as Space, initializes to its own size written above and contains a stone

Class Name	GreatRoom – a 19x19 space that contains switches
Variables (private)	Switch $s[x]$ – a number of switches
Functions (public)	setSwitches – sets up the switches in a greatroom
	getSwitch – gets the switches in a greatroom

Class Name	vHallWay and hHallway – a 5x9 or 9x5 space that contains aarows
Variables (private)	Aarow a[x] – a number of aarows
Functions (public)	Same as Space, initializes to its own size written above and contains aarows

Class Name	Object – an abstract class for objects contained in a room
------------	--

Variables (protected)	rowPos – the row position of the object
	colPos – the column position of the object
	weight – the weight of the object
	symbol – the symbol associated with the object to print to screen
	type – the type of object
	name – the name of the object
Functions (public)	Get/set functions for all listed above

Class Name	Player – an object that you directly control, the game revolves around it
Variables (private)	currentRoom – tracks the player's current room location
	Object *backpack[x] – contains x number of objects from the rooms
	maxCarry – the max weight the player can carry
	int numItems – a tracker for how many items the player currently has
Functions (public)	Get/set functions for those listed
	addObject() – handles picking up objects and putting them into the backpack
	dropObject() – handles dropping items out of the backpack, if possible

Class Name	Door – an immovable object that opens and closes gates to other rooms
Variables (private)	bool open – tells if the door is open or not
Functions (public)	setOpen(bool 0) – sets the door to open or closed
	bool getOpen() – returns the doors status

Class Name	Stone – a moveable object that corresponds to a switch
Variables (private)	String color – the color of the stone
Functions (public)	Get/set functions

Class Name	Switch – an immovable object that corresponds to a stone
Variables (private)	String color – the color of the switch (corresponds to a stone)
	Tripped – true if the switch has been tripped, false if not
Functions (public)	Get/set functions for those listed

Class Name	Aarow – a moveable item that is highly desired by Andrew, the game master
Variables (private)	Same as object
Functions (public)	Same as object, initialized to aarow

Class Name	Dungeon – holds a series of rooms, the player, and objects

CHANGES TO ORIGINAL DESIGN

This assignment took a lot of mapping out on paper. I ended up adding a number of functions to help access the data that I wanted to, or to verify the status of an object from outside of its scope. Additionally, I didn't think a lot about the menu until I started coding, but this ended up being one of the cooler, and more frustrating aspects of the assignment. I wanted a way to clear the terminal every time that player moved, and I also wanted to make it so that you could move the player around without pressing enter after every keystroke. I got this to work really well, and it functions amazing — on a windows machine. But when I ported it over to Linux I found out that the <conio.h> library which

contains _getch() is unsupported. I fooled around trying to find a workaround or a linux equivalent and came upon the curses library. Despite this, I was unable to make curses compile on FLIP. Therefore, I fixed my program so that it would compile and work on FLIP, but you do have to press the "enter" key every time you make the player move. That said, you can overload the buffer with multiple keystrokes so that when you press enter, they are all executed at once, to save time. I recommend (after seeing that it works just fine in flip) testing it on a windows machine. It feels more smooth with the ability to refresh without pressing enter. I will include instructions on how to convert the code below if you wish to try it out.

TEST PLAN

There was less testing in this project than should have been. I mostly tested the functionality of my code as I wrote each piece. That said, I did come upon a number of issues that I ended up solving:

- 1. Handling dropping an item out of the player's backpack onto an empty space, a space containing an object, or a special case where the player can drop a stone onto a switch.
 - a. I wrote code which set the pointers in the player's backpack to what was on the ground, then switched what was on the ground to NULL if the player was able to accept the object
 - b. I then wrote code which did just the opposite, but I encountered errors when there was already an object on the ground, or I attempted to drop a NULL object onto the ground (nothing!)
 - c. I fixed these errors by using a debugger and step-by-step finding out the locations that my code didn't handle a specific situation, then fixed it.
- 2. Player walking through walls.
 - a. I created a border around my spaces so that the user can visually see the border, but also so that the player won't go outside of it.
 - b. Initially, when I would move from room to room, instead of being located inside the room, the player would be on the same line, level with the walls. In these cases, the player was able to move toward a wall and walk through it, and behind it. This caused my program to crash if I walked outside of the 2D matrix
 - c. I solved this problem, once again by stepping through my code and identifying where I needed to modify my player's start position within a room.

CONVERSION TO WINDOWS

My program works well on FLIP, but if you want to move through it at a faster rate than pressing enter each time, here's a way that you can convert the code for a windows machine to accept:

- 1. Uncomment <conio.h> in Dungeon.h and Space.h
- 2. Comment out the following lines in main:
 - a. Line 36 // cin >> direction;
 - b. Line 37 // std::system("clear")
- 3. Uncomment the following line so it is back in main:
 - a. Line 35 // direction = _getch();

And that's it!