Test 2

PAPER 1 READING (1 hour 30 minutes)

Part 1

For questions 1–18, read the three texts below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap.

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Sand

Much as I admire sand's miraculous ability to be transformed into useful objects like glass and concrete, I am not a great fan of it in its (1) state. To me it is primarily a hostile barrier that stands between a seaside car park and the water itself. It blows in your face, (2) in your sandwiches, and swallows vital objects like car keys and coins. When you are wet it (3) to you like 'stucco', and cannot be (4), even with a fireman's hose. But, and here's the strange thing, the moment you step onto a beach towel, climb into a car or walk across a recently vacuumed carpet, it pours off you. For days afterwards, you tip mysteriously undiminishing piles of it onto the floor every time you take off your shoes, and spray the vicinity with lots more when you (5) your socks. Sand stays with you for longer than many contagious diseases. No, you can (6) sand, as far as I am concerned.

Alexander	A	normal	B	natural	C	unrefined	D	unmixed
2	A	enters	В	seeps	C	gets	D	comes
3	A	adheres	B	attracts	C	fixes	D	grips
4	A	shorn	B	scraped	C	shoved	D	shifted
5	A	peel off	В	roll away	C	move off	D	strip away
6	A	have	В	keep	C	hold	D	store

Lock and Key

The search for a safe home, for privacy and security, has existed ever since human beings first built a permanent homestead. The rope-lifted beam behind the door may have (7) to an electronic lock triggered by a plastic card with more combinations than there are atoms in the

universe, but the **(8)** to shut out the 'bad guys' remains. The appeal of a lock and key is, to some **(9)**, psychological. Recently, various companies have experimented with computerised locking systems, where smart cards, swiped through a 'reader', control electronic locks by means of a digital **(10)** But people don't like them. You may be **(11)** to put up with it at work, but at home, everyone wants the **(12)** of turning a physical key in a lock. As a result, when one locksmith company developed a new electronic system, they made sure they incorporated a proper metal key into the device.

7	A	taken on	В	given way	C	handed down	D	passed over
8	Α	force	В	craving	C	shove	D	urge
9	Α	extent	В	rate	С	measure	D	scale
10	A	directive	В	command	C	rule	D	manipulation
Amu.	A	agreeable	В	liable	C	prepared	D	geared
12	A	reassurance	В	guarantee	С	endorsement	D	confirmation

Modern Art

I was nervous about visiting the new Tate Modern gallery as, like many people, I can make head nor (13) of modern art. I know I quite like some of it, furry things in particular, neon light sculptures and massive photographs. Perhaps if I were better informed about it, I'd have an opinion on more things. There again, you're not meant to (14) about it in a school-essay way. The point is not to grasp art, but to let it communicate with you. This is a splendid idea but one that never worked for me in (15) But this new gallery has tried to give the visitor a genuine insight into the whys and wherefores of the works. The first thing I noticed were the labels, proper labels that set a work in (16) and actually told you what it was trying to say. Instead of staring (17) at the pictures as I used to, these (18) of information helped me understand.

13	A	foot	В	tail	C	heart	D	heel
14	A	set	В	look	С	start	D	put
15	A	honesty	В	purpose	C	practice	D	action
16	A	context	В	place	C	contrast	D	situation
17	A	barely	В	clearly	С	blankly	D	plainly
18	A	nuggets	В	abstracts	C	extracts	D	cuttings

PAPER 3 USE OF ENGLISH (1 hour 30 minutes)

Part 1

For questions 1–15, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Write your answers in CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Example:	0	0	R	D	E	R							

Logical thinking

The criterion we use in (0) .order to test the genuineness of apparent statements of fact is
(1) of verifiability. We say a sentence is factually significant if, and (2) if, the
person hearing it knows (3) to verify the proposition it purports to express. In (4)
words, the hearer needs to know what observations would lead him or her, (5) certain
conditions be met, to accept the proposition as true, or reject it as false. Following on (6)
this, if the proposition is of (7) a character that the assumption of its truth is consistent
(8) any assumption whatsoever about the nature of the hearer's future rather than past
experience, then it is certainly (9) a factually verifiable proposition.
With (10) to questions, the procedure is the same. We have to inquire, in each case, what
observations would lead to a definitive answer, and if (11) at all can be discovered, we
must conclude that the sentence does not, as (12) as we are concerned, express a
genuine question, (13) strongly its grammatical appearance (14) suggest that it
does. Lengthy (15) this procedure can be, it is an essential element of logical thinking.

Part 2

For questions 16-25, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the space in the same line. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Write your answers in CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Example:	0	G	R	Α	E	U	-						

The spiral and the helix

They are everywhere, (0) .graceful., curving shapes whose incredible	GRACE
(16) contrasts so sharply with the random world around them. We call	REGULAR
them spirals and helices but that hardly does (17) to their diversity or	JUST
their significance. Over the centuries, (18) have identified many	MATHEMATICS
different types, but the most intriguing are those that (19) occur in the	REPEAT
natural world.	
The need to (20) the mysteries of the existence of spirals and helices has exercised some of the best scientific brains in the world and opened the	RAVEL
way to a number of (21) in fields as widely varied as genetics and	BREAK
(22)	METEOR
The most (23) spirals on earth are also the most unwelcome -	SPECTACLE
hurricanes. Their (24) power comes from the sun's heat, but they owe	AWE
their shape to the force caused by the rotation of the earth. After innumerable	
years of study, however, Nature's spirals and helices have yet to (25)	CLOSE
all their secrets. For example, why, astronomers wonder, are so many galaxies	
spiral-shaped?	

Part 4

For questions 32-39, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between three and eight words, including the word given.

Here is an example (0).

Exa	ample:
0 [Do you mind if I watch you while you paint?
(objection
[Do you you while you paint?
(have any objection to my watching
Wri	te only the missing words on the separate answer sheet.
32	I really enjoy reading, but sometimes I feel like doing something more active.
	times
	Much
33	The president only made his formal announcement after the publication of the leaked information.
	did
	Not until the leaked information
34	Without your support, I'd never have been able to find a new job.
	still
	If it hadn't doing my old job.

35	The villagers said they opposed the plans for the new shopping centre.
	disapproval
	The villagers the plans for the new shopping centre.
36	I wasn't at all surprised when I heard that Sophie had been promoted.
	hear
	It came
37	I think it would be best if you didn't mention John's behaviour to his mother.
	say
	I don't think you
38	I have no idea whatsoever why Zoe resigned from her job.
	loss
	I am why Zoe resigned from her job.
39	The Prime Minister resigned because of his sudden illness.
	resulted
	The Prime his sudden illness.

Test 2 Key

Paper 1 Reading (1 hour 30 minutes)

Part 1	(one mark for each correct answer)											
1 B	2 C	3 A 4	D 5	A 6 B	7 B	8 D	9 A					
10 B	11 C	12 A	13 B	14 A	15 C	16 A						
17 C	18 A											
Part 2	(two ma	irks for each	correct ar	iswer)								
19 A	20 D	21 C	22 D	23 A	24 D	25 B	26 A					
Part 3	(two ma	irks for each	correct ar	nswer)								
27 B	28 H	29 G	30 E	31 A	32 F	33 C						
Part 4	(two ma	irks for each	correct ar	iswer)								
34 D	35 B	36 A	37 C	38 A	39 D	40 C						
			- · · ·				."					

Paper 2 Writing (2 hours)

Task-specific mark schemes

Question 1: Growing old

Content

Major points:

Discussion of: - whether or not old people have something useful to offer society

whether or not other people have to look after old people
the advantages and disadvantages that belong to old age

Further points:

Relevant examples to support either or both of the views expressed.

Range

Language for expressing and supporting opinions, and for expressing agreement and disagreement.

Appropriacy of register and format

Formal/semi-formal letter format. Register appropriate to the writer's role as reader of a magazine writing in to express opinions.

Organisation and cohesion

Clear organisation of points. Adequate use of paragraphing and linking.

Target reader

Would understand the writer's viewpoint.

Question 2: Differences between rich and poor

Content

There may be some brief introduction to the causes of poverty, but the main content should be suggestions on ways of helping to reduce the differences between rich and poor, plus comments on why these ideas might work.

Range

Language for describing, analysing, evaluating and making recommendations.

Appropriacy of register and format

Register and format appropriate for that of a proposal – could make use of relevant section headings. Register can be formal or neutral in tone, but must be consistent.

Organisation and cohesion

Presentation of ideas and information should be well-structured. Adequate use of linking and paragraphing.

Target reader

The reader would have a clear idea of what suggestions are being made.

Question 3: New leisure centre, library or playground?

Content

Description and analysis of what local residents think about the three proposals, including recommendations based on the opinions that local residents have expressed.

Range

Language of description, analysis and recommendation.

Appropriacy of register and format

Register and format appropriate for a report for the local council – could make use of section headings. Register must be consistent.

Organisation and cohesion

Clear organisation of content with adequate use of linking and paragraphing.

Target reader

The local council would have a clear idea of what the local residents think the money should be spent on.

Question 4: 'A Country of Contrasts'

Content

Description of the different types of places that can be found.

Opinions about these different places.

Opinion of how these contrasts make the country an interesting place to visit.

Range

Language of description, comparison and opinion.

Appropriacy of register and format

Appropriate to an article in a travel magazine.

Organisation and cohesion

Magazine-style article possibly with headings to introduce different places.

Target reader

Would want to visit the country because of the contrasts and have a clear idea of what the contrasts were.

Question 5(a): The Accidental Tourist

Content

Clear reference to the book chosen.

Evaluation of the statement and whether or not it is true.

Range

Language of description, narration and evaluation.

Appropriacy of register and format

Neutral essay.

Organisation and cohesion

Clear presentation and development of ideas. Appropriate paragraphing and linking. Clear conclusion.

miking. Cieur com

Target reader Would understand the viewpoint of the writer with regard to Macon.

Question 5(b): The Day of the Triffids

Content

Clear reference to the book chosen.

Description of events that changed the world, and an evaluation of whether or not the book gives an optimistic view of human nature.

Range

Language of description, narration and evaluation.

Appropriacy of register and format

Review with register and format appropriate for a literary magazine. Register must be consistent throughout.

Organisation and cohesion

Clear development from introduction to development of the main focus, leading to a clear conclusion.

Target reader

Would have a clear understanding of the writer's viewpoint.

Question 5(c): Our Man in Havana

Content

Close reference to the book chosen. Evaluation of whether the statement is true or not. Reference to what is amusing and entertaining in the book, and whether or not it has a serious moral purpose. Both parts of the question need to be addressed.

Range

Language of description, narration and evaluation.

Appropriacy of register and format

Clear presentation and development of ideas. Appropriate paragraphing and linking. The two parts of the question can be dealt with separately or together. Clear conclusion.

Organisation and cohesion

Neutral essay.

Target reader

Would understand the viewpoint of the writer.

Paper 3 Use of English (1 hour 30 minutes)

Part 1 (one mark for each correct answer)

2 only NOT just 1 one / that 3 how 4 other 5 should 6 from 7 such 8 with 10 regard / respect / reference 9 not NOT answers 11 none / nothing 12 far 13 however 14 may / might / would 15 though / as

Part 2 (one mark for each correct answer)

16 regularity 17 justice 18 mathematicians 19 repeatedly 20 unravel 21 breakthroughs 22 meteorology 23 spectacular 24 awesome 25 disclose

Part 3 (two marks for each correct answer)

26 short 27 rough 28 covered 29 touched 30 track

31 question

Part 4 (one mark for each correct section)

32 as I enjoy / like reading, (1) + there are times when / that OR at times (1)

33 had been published / was published (1) + did the president make (1)

34 been for your support (1) + I'd still be (1)

35 expressed / voiced / made clear (1) + (their) disapproval of / about (1)

36 as no surprise to me (1) + to hear about / of (1)

37 ought to / should / had / 'd better say / mention (1) + anything / a word about (1)

38 (completely / totally) at a (total / complete) loss (1) + to explain / understand / know / account for (the reason) as to / over (the reason) (1)

39 Minister's resignation (1) + resulted from (1)

Part 5 (questions 40–43 two marks for each correct answer)

40 his wife gets angry and his children are contemptuous / mocking / insult him

41 they cannot be stopped

42 they are (self-sufficient) loners

43 more facilities would avoid overcrowding and therefore increase enjoyment

44 (one mark for each content point, up to ten marks for summary skills)

The paragraph should include the following points:

i the need to be alone / get away from others

ii personal challenge

iii the pleasure of being in the fresh air

iv the need for stimulation / uplift / curiosity brought by new scenes and activities

Listening (40 minutes approximately)

(one mark for each correct answer)

3 C 4 A 5 C 6 B

(one mark for each correct answer)

11 feathers 9 zoology 10 (human) eye(s)

13 rescuers / rescue(-)teams 14 (a) low speed / low speeds 12 bee

16 take(-)off / taking off 15 energy source / battery 17 (the) noise

(one mark for each correct answer) Part 3

20 B 21 C 22 A

(one mark for each correct answer)

25 B 26 B 27 G 28 M 24 M

Transcript

Certificate of Proficiency in English Listening Test. Test 2.

7 C

8 A

I'm going to give you the instructions for this test.

I'll introduce each part of the test and give you time to look at the questions.

At the start of each piece you'll hear this sound:

tone

You'll hear each piece twice.

Remember, while you're listening, write your answers on the question paper.

You'll have five minutes at the end of the test to copy your answers onto the separate answer sheet.

There will now be a pause. You must ask any questions now, because you must not speak during the test.

[pause]

Now open your question paper and look at Part One.

[pause]

PART 1

You'll hear four different extracts. For questions 1 to 8, choose the answer (A, B or C) which fits best according to what you hear. There are two

questions for each extract.

Extract 1

[pause]

tone

Interviewer:

So, finally Nigel, you achieved your ambition and made the break into films. It seems to me you got a lot of stick about it, I mean, on the one hand from jealous film makers, which is understandable, but also, more interestingly, from the literary community in Ireland, who seemed to be upset that you were doing something quite so vulgar. Although presumably it's good for the way Ireland is perceived

abroad.

That's perfectly true. But you know, at the time, novelists didn't make films. Now Niael:

it's quite a common thing.

But isn't it that rather conservative, orthodox Irish thing that serious writers don't Interviewer:

stray away from the high realm of literature?

I wouldn't call it conservative and orthodox. I would say actually that the

importance of writing in Irish culture is huge. It's always been the subversive force

in the culture itself.

But conservative in the sense that you're not allowed to do anything else if that's Interviewer:

what you're capable of doing.

Nigel: Well, it's kind of seen as a vocation in a way, I suppose.

[pause]

tone

[The recording is repeated.]

[pause]

Extract 2

[pause]

tone

Do you know, an amazing thing happened to me yesterday: two totally

unconnected people looked me straight in the eye and told me they were sorry!

Man:

Honest! You know I have a permit to park outside my flat? Woman:

Man:

Woman: Well I was sent a new one in January, but some idiot had written the wrong year

on it, and I was fined for parking illegally.

Man: Oh no!