- select loc,count(\*) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc
- select loc,count(\*) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having count(\*)=6
- 3. select max(count(\*)) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc
- 4. select loc,count(\*) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having count(\*)=(select max(count(\*)) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc)
- 5. select emp.\*,dname,loc from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc=(select loc from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having count(\*)=(select max(count(\*))) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc))
- 6. select emp.\*,dname,loc,grade from emp,dept,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal and emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc=(select loc from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having count(\*)=(select max(count(\*)) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc))
- 7. select grade,count(\*) from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal group by grade
- 8. select grade,count(\*) from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal group by grade having count(\*)=(select max(count(\*)) from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal group by grade)
- 1. Find the highest paid manager employee of grade 2

### Ans:

select emp.\*,grade from emp,salgrade where (emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal) and grade=2 and job='MANAGER' and sal=

(select max(sal)from emp,salgrade where (emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal) and grade=2 and job='MANAGER')

2. Find the highest paid employee of DALLAS

# Ans:

select emp.\*,dname,loc from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc='DALLAS' and sal=(select max(sal) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc='DALLAS')

3. Find the grades where atleast two employees are woring.

#### <u>Ans :</u>

select grade, count(grade) from emp, salgrade where emp.sal between losal and hisal group by grade having count(\*)>=2

4. Find the loc which employee's got the maximum average salary.

## Ans:

select loc,avg(sal) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having avg(sal)= (select max(avg(sal)) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc)

Or: select loc,avg(sal) from emp ,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno group by loc having avg(sal)= (select max(avg(sal)) from emp group by deptno)

5. Find the detail of the employees who belong from the grade were maximum no of employees are working.

### Ans:

select emp.\*,grade from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal and grade=

(select grade from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal group by grade having count(\*)=

(select max(count(\*))from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between salgrade.losal and salgrade.hisal group by grade))

6. List the highest paid emp of Chicago joined before the most recently hired emp of grade2

# Ans:

select emp.\*,dname,loc from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc='CHICAGO' and sal=

(select max(sal) from emp,dept where emp.deptno=dept.deptno and loc='CHICAGO' and hiredate<(select max(hiredate)from emp,salgrade where emp.sal between losal and hisal and grade=2))