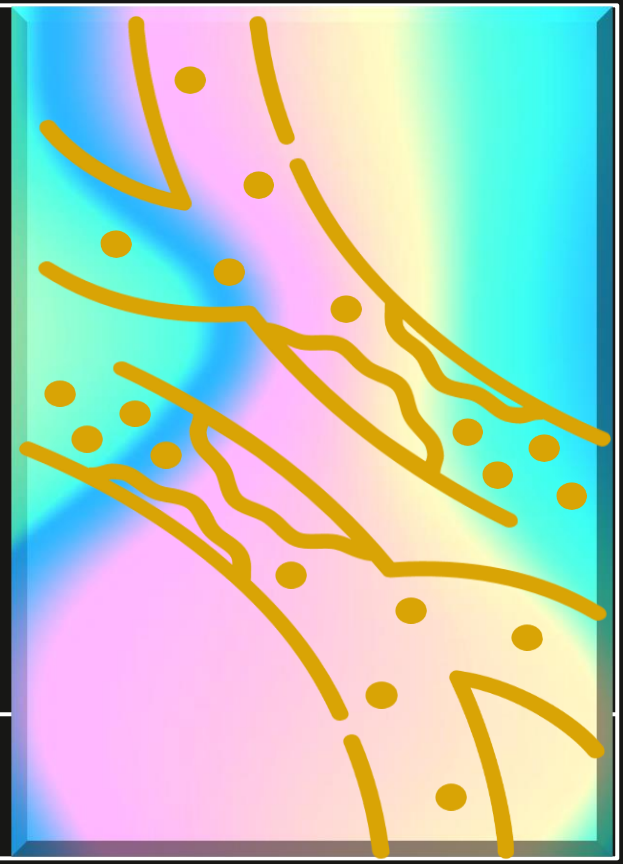
Thorreznou Library



For Python Programming Language

Data Science Bootcamp (promo NOV21)

Objetivo libreria

Proporcionar a cualquier usuario de Python, una librería con funciones que faciliten su trabajo de programación, reduciendo la cantidad de código que requieren para obtener unos resultados excelentes.

Miguel Batalla
Manager Proyecto

La biblioteca contiene funciones agrupadas en:

- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Vizualization
- Feature Engineering & Machine Learning models

Index

Thorreznou Library

01

Exploratory Data Analysis

Into the wild!

Data Science Bootcamp (promo NOV21)

Objetivo de Exploratory Data Analysis

Nuestro objetivo es automatizar y reducir las acciones repetitivas y tediosas que siempre ocurren durante un EDA

Equipo EDA

David Guix
Manager EDA

Jorge
Arranz

Isabella

*Funciones Img

Funcion 1:
Resize Image

Funcion 2:
Reduce Image

Funcioin 3:
Process Color

Funcion 4:
Reduce Color Palettte

.....

Funciones Imágenes

Funciones:

- **Resize Image**

Input: directory path

Output: Resized images list

- **Process Color**

Input: cannel value, bins

Output: Processed value

- **Reduce Image**

Input: Image, height

Output: The reduced image

- **Reduce Color Palette**

Input: Image, bins

Output: Image

✳ Funciones Datos

- Funcion 1: Math Expectation
- Funcion 2: DF Overview
- Funcion 3: Outlier Removal
- Funcion 4: Datetime
- Funcion 5: Missing Data
- Funcion 6: Standarize Numbers

Funciones Datos

Funciones:

- **Math Expectation**

Input: df, columns

Output: df with new ME column

- **DF Overview**

Input: df

Output: df with overview

- **Outlier Removal**

Input: df, columns

Output: df

- **Datetime**

Input: df, column

Output: df

- **Coordinates**

Input: lat, long

Output: lat, long

- **Missing data**

Input: df, columns

Output: df

- **Standarize numbers**

Input: list of numbers to standarize

Output: The reduced image

Thorreznou Library

02

VisualizeME

Your favorite graphics!

Data Science Bootcamp (promo NOV21)

Objetivo de Visualización

Obtener gráficos complejos de forma sencilla, incluyendo tablas con métricas descriptivas que complementen lo que visualmente se ve

Equipo Visualización

Marta Buesa
Manager
Visualization

Natalia
Fernández

Oscar
Olaechea

Funciones

1. VisualizeME palettes and colors

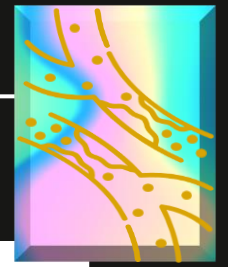
When working on:

Exploratory Data Analysis

2. VisualizeME and describe Violinbox
3. VisualizeME and describe barplot
4. VisualizeME Figure Words
5. VisualizeME Bagel look top
6. VisualizeME Select graph

Feature Engineering & development of Machine Learning Models

7. VisualizeME and describe Spidey
8. VisualizeME c Matrix
9. VisualizeME scores models



1. VisualizeME palettes and colors

Parámetros entrada (2):

- `selection = 'palettes'`
- `quantity_colors= 8`

Return (1):

- Image palettes Seaborn /

  Image colors Seaborn

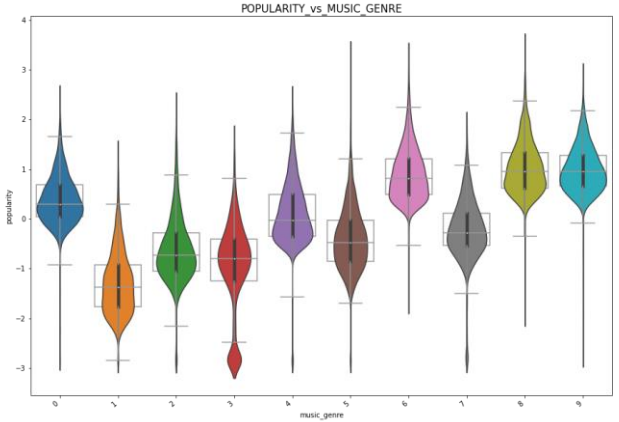
2. VisualizeME and describe Violinbox

Parámetros entrada (5):

- dataframe
- categ_var
- numeric_var
- palette= 'tab10'
- save= True

Return (2):

- Graph Violin & Boxplot
- Table with metrics



Metrics	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Upper limit	2.82	1.21	1.85	1.72	2.63	2.11	3.34	2.24	3.47	3.40
Q3	0.69	-0.92	-0.28	-0.41	0.50	-0.02	1.21	0.11	1.34	1.27
Median	0.30	-1.38	-0.73	-0.79	-0.02	-0.47	0.82	-0.28	0.95	0.95
Q1	0.04	-1.76	-1.05	-1.25	-0.34	-0.86	0.50	-0.54	0.63	0.66
Lower limit	-2.09	-3.89	-3.18	-3.38	-2.47	-2.99	-1.63	-2.67	-1.50	-1.47

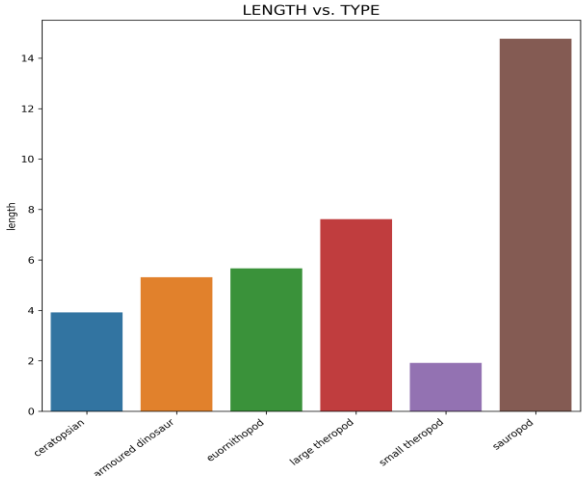
3. VisualizeME and describe barplot

Parámetros entrada (5):

- dataframe
- categ_var
- numeric_var
- palette= 'tab10'
- save= True

Return (2):

- Graph Barplot
- Table with metrics



Metrics	ceratopsian	armoured dinosaur	euornithopod	large theropod	small theropod	sauropod
Number of records	28	32	59	60	61	69
Mean length	3.92	5.31	5.67	7.61	1.92	14.77
Standard Deviation length	2.61	1.92	3.38	3.16	1.04	7.76

4. VisualizeME Figure Words

Parámetros entrada (9):

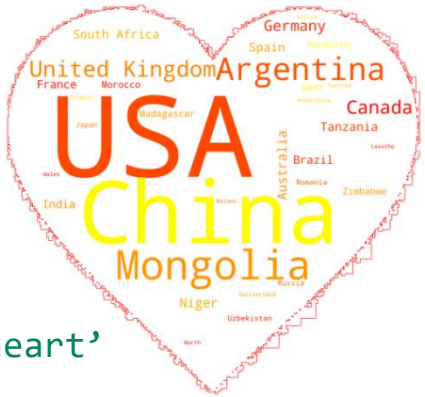
- Dataframe
- categ_var
- shape= 'seahorse
- cmap= 'tab10'
- contour= 'steelblue'
- back_color = 'white'
- height= 18
- width = 20
- save= True

Return (1):

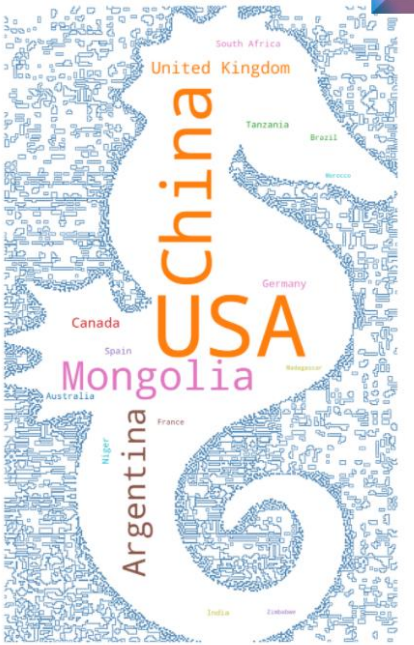
- Graph Figure Words

Figure words disponibles:

'seahorse'



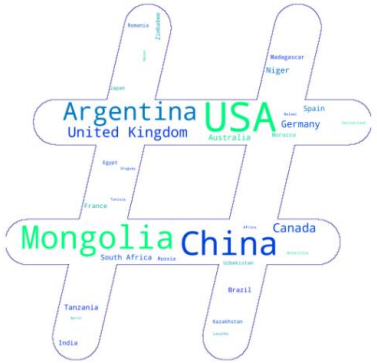
'heart'



4. VisualizeME Figure Words

Figure words disponibles:

‘hashtag’



‘dino’

‘star’

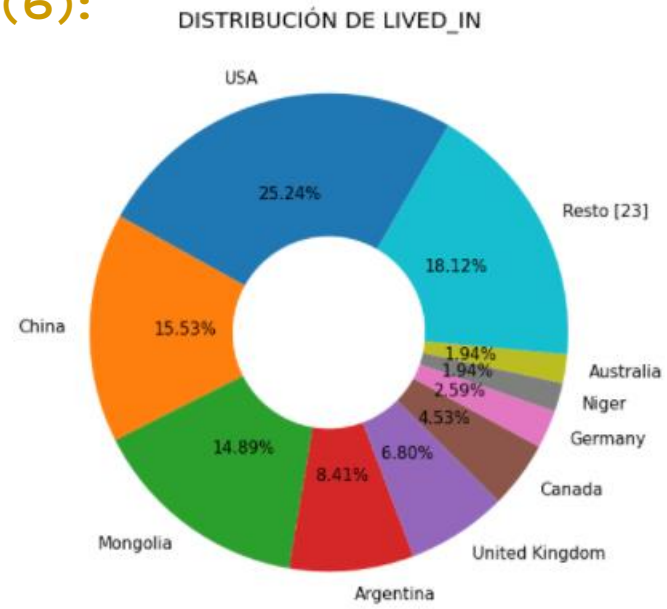
5. VisualizeME Bagel look top

Parámetros entrada (6):

- Dataframe
- categ_var
- top=0
- cmap = 'tab10'
- circle=True
- save=True

Return (2):

- Graph Bagel
- Table with metrics



	lived_in	Pesos(%)
USA	78	25.24%
China	48	15.53%
Mongolia	46	14.89%
Argentina	26	8.41%
United Kingdom	21	6.8%
Canada	14	4.53%
Germany	8	2.59%
Niger	6	1.94%
Australia	6	1.94%
Tanzania	5	1.62%
South Africa	5	1.62%
Spain	5	1.62%
India	4	1.29%
France	4	1.29%
Brazil	4	1.29%
Madagascar	3	0.97%
Zimbabwe	3	0.97%
Morocco	3	0.97%
Kazakhstan	2	0.65%
Japan	2	0.65%
Russia	2	0.65%
Romania	2	0.65%
Egypt	2	0.65%
Uzbekistan	2	0.65%
Antarctica	1	0.32%
North Africa	1	0.32%

5. VisualizeME select graph

Obtener tu gráfico a la carta según tu necesidad.

PASO 1: ¿Cuántas variables quieres utilizar en tu gráfico? (1, 2 o 3)

PASO 2: ¿De qué tipo son tus variables? (categóricas o numéricas)

PASO 3: ¿Qué gráfico prefieres utilizar? (Ejemplos)

Return (1):

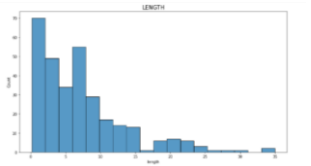
- Función que debe llamar para generar su gráfico

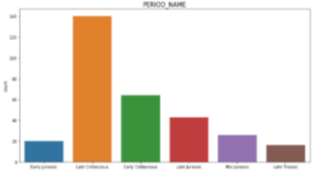
Opciones gráficos:

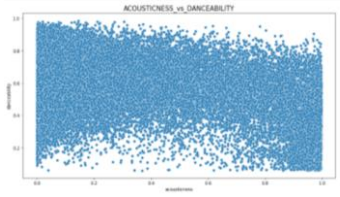
- COUNTPLOT
- PIE
- BOXPLOT
- VIOLINPLOT
- BARPLOT
- SCATTERPLOT
- LINE PLOT
- HISTPLOT
- DENSIDAD

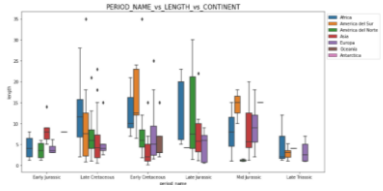
5. VisualizeME select graph

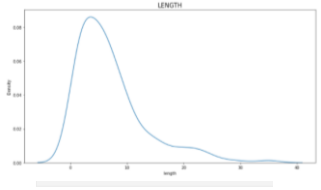
Ejemplos gráficos obtenidos:

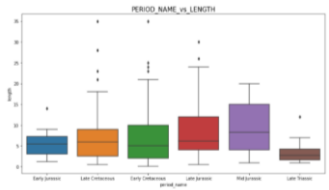


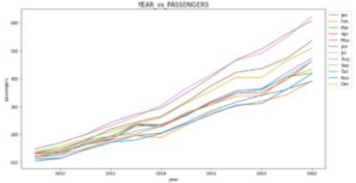


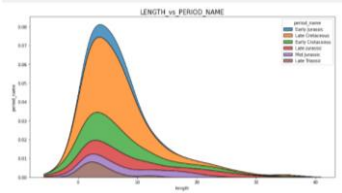


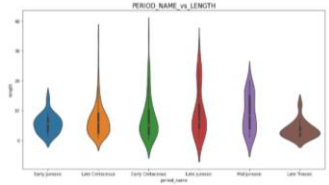


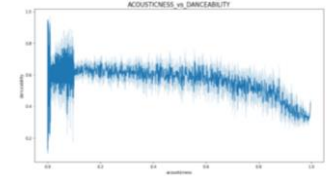


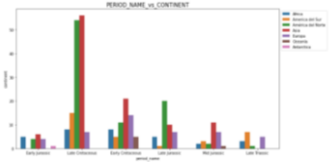












7. VisualizeME and describe Spidey

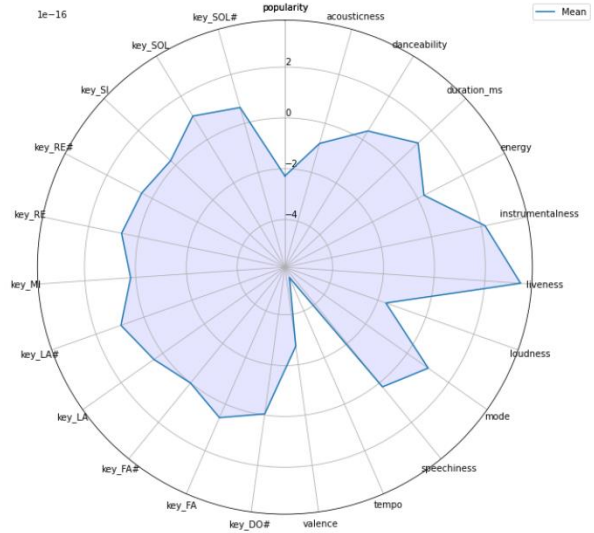
Esta función se utilizará con los datos escalados

Parámetros entrada (6):

- Dataframe
- save= True

Return (2):

- Polar graph
- Table with means of variables



	Means
popularity	-2.282667e-16
acousticness	-8.157494e-17
danceability	3.989301e-17
duration_ms	1.284447e-16
energy	2.772832e-17
instrumentalness	2.153865e-16
liveness	3.406111e-16
loudness	-1.663699e-16
mode	1.016109e-16
speechiness	1.985706e-17
tempo	-5.431173e-16
valence	-2.736159e-16
key_DO#	-4.382864e-18
key_FA	5.814003e-17
key_FA#	3.577848e-19
key_LA	4.239750e-17
key_LA#	9.624411e-17
key_MI	2.003595e-17
key_RE	6.797911e-17
key_RE#	4.651202e-17
key_SI	2.683386e-17
key_SOL	1.087666e-16
key_SOL#	6.511683e-17

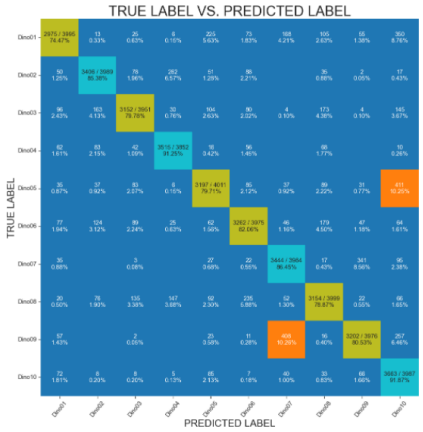
8. VisualizeME c Matrix

Parámetros entrada (9):

- y_true,
- y_pred,
- title='',
- categories=[],
- rotate=False,
- cmap='',
- cbar=True,
- metrics=True,
- save=True

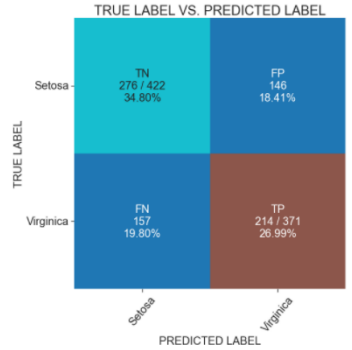
Return (2):

- Confusion Matrix
- Table with scores



	PRECISION	RECALL	F1-SCORE	SUPPORT
0	0.86	0.74	0.80	3995
1	0.87	0.85	0.86	3989
2	0.87	0.80	0.83	3951
3	0.88	0.91	0.90	3852
4	0.82	0.80	0.81	4011
5	0.83	0.82	0.83	3975
6	0.82	0.86	0.84	3984
7	0.82	0.79	0.80	3999
8	0.85	0.81	0.83	3976
ACCURACY	-	-	0.83	39719
MACRO AVG.	0.83	0.83	0.83	39719
WEIGHTED AVG.	0.83	0.83	0.83	39719

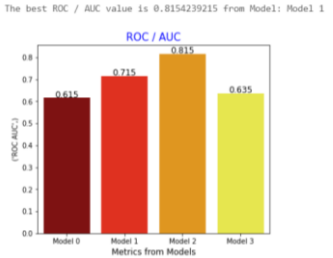
	TRUE LABEL VS. PREDICTED LABEL
Accuracy: (TP + TN) / TOTAL	0.6179066835
Precision: TP / (TP + FP)	0.5944444444
Recall: TP / (TP + FN)	0.5768194070
F1: harmonic mean (accuracy, recall)	0.5854993160
ROC AUC	0.6154239215

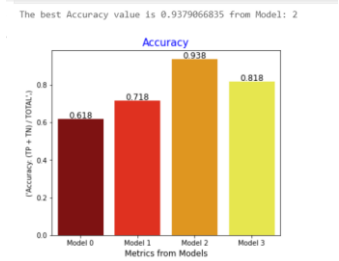


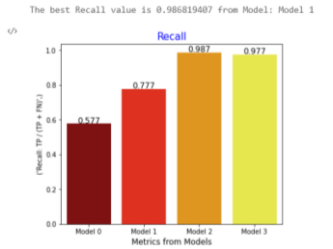
9. VisualizeME scores models

Parámetros entrada (5):

- y_true
- Models (dictionary format)
- bin_multi_classifier=True
- pallete='tab10'
- save=True

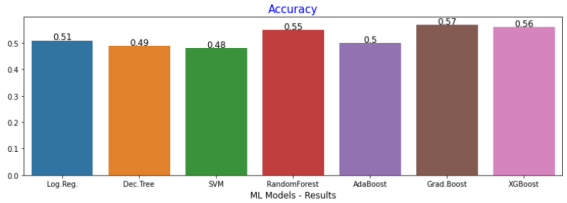


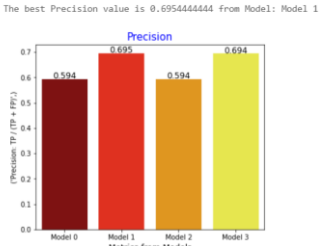


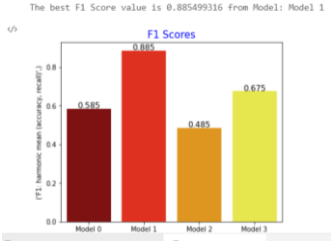


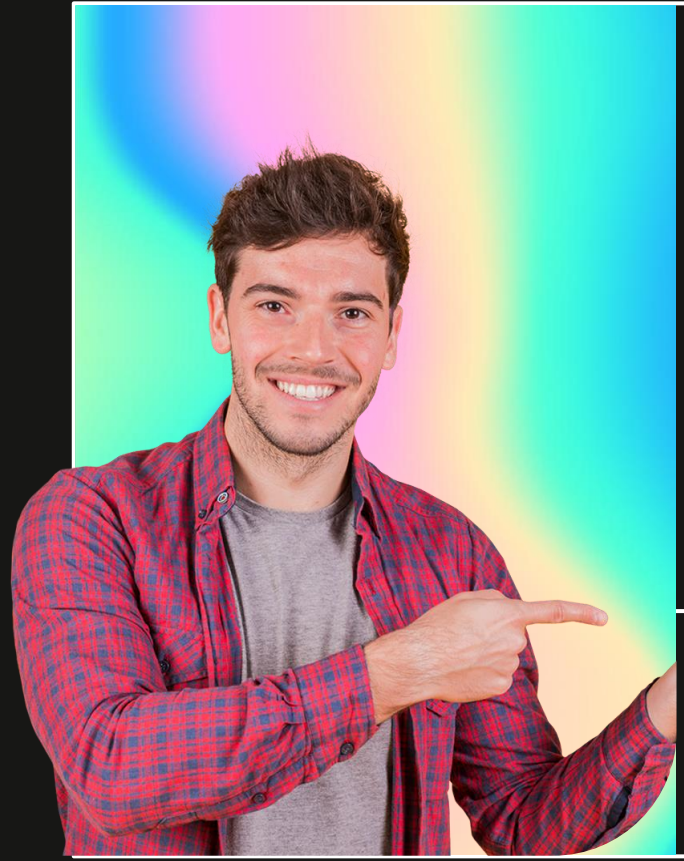
Return (1):

- Graphs barplot comparing scores from different models









03

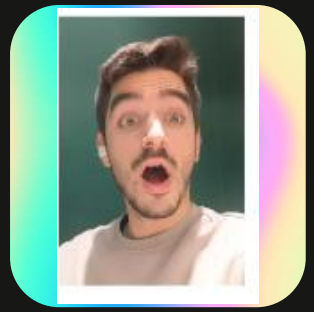
Machine Learning

Where the magic Is made

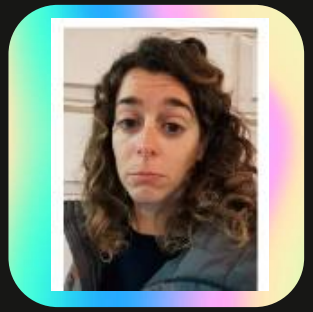
Objetivo de Machine Learning

El objetivo principal de la parte de Machine Learning es acelerar la toma de decisiones sobre el modelo a implementar

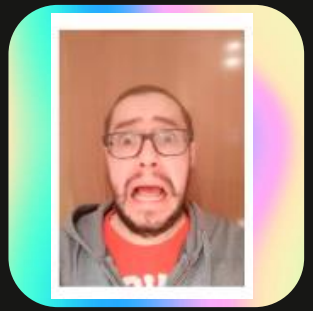
Equipo Machine Learning



Daniel Vivas
Manager ML



Ana
Genua



Fernando
Bielza

Funciones

1. PREPROCESSING:
   - División train/test
   - Preparación dataset

2. REGRESORES:
   - Regresión lineal
   - Regresión polinómica

3. CLASIFICADORES:
   - Regresión Logística
   - RandomForest
   - SVC
   - KNN

4. SCORING:
   - Métricas regresores
   - Métricas clasificadores

1. PREPARACIÓN DATOS

Funciones:

- **Divide**

Input: dataset

Output: X, y

- **prepare_data**

Input: dataset

Output: list of train/test sets

División X y

Balanceado

RandomUnderSampler / SMOTE

División train/test

Estandarización

StandardScaler / MinMaxScaler

2. REGRESORES

Funciones:

- Regresión lineal
- Regresión polinómica

(LinearRegression(),

	LINEARREGRESSION (test data)	LINREG-ELASTICNET (test data)
Score (R2 coef.)	0.8451346685	0.3519941476
MAE	82607.7586206897	178295.4869109947
MAPE	1.1955603448	1.6743753560
MSE	7840057409.3341283798	32805296277.8287010193
RMSE	88544.0986702904	181122.3240736180)

Input: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test, regular_type

Output: model, metrics

Regularización

3. CLASIFICADORES

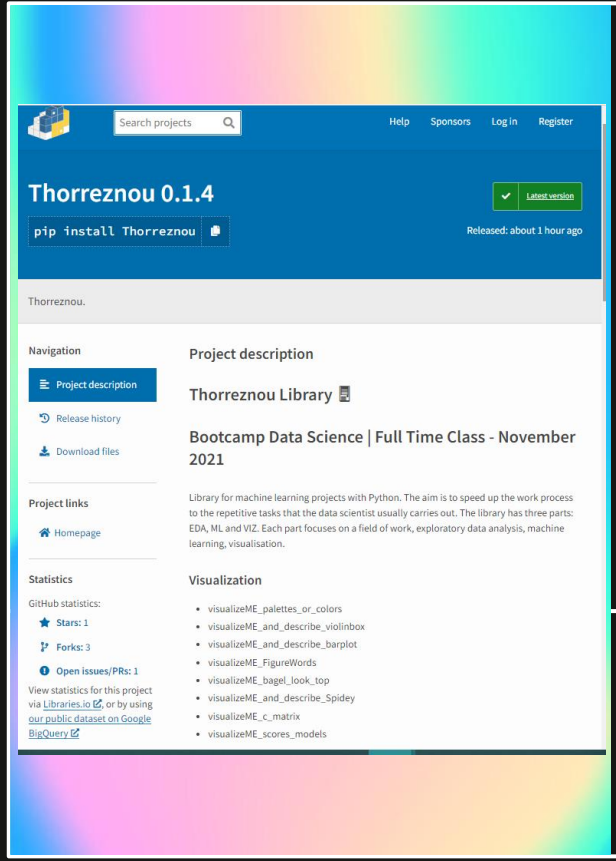
Funciones:

- Regresión logística
- RandomForest
- SVC
- KNN

Input: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

Output: model, metrics, grid

```
Fitting 10 folds for each of 24 candidates, totalling 240 fits
(GridSearchCV(cv=10, estimator=LogisticRegression(), n_jobs=-1,
             param_grid={'C': array([0.1, 0.6, 1.1, 1.6, 2.1, 2.6, 3.1, 3.6]),
                         'penalty': ['l2'],
                         'solver': ['liblinear', 'newton-cg', 'lbfgs']},
             scoring='accuracy', verbose=1),
                      LOGISTICREGRESSION (test data)
 Accuracy (TP + TN/TT)                    0.9600000000
 Precision (TP/TP + FP)                   0.9602742212
 Recall (TP/TP + FN)                      0.9600000000
 F1 (har_mean Ac, Re)                     0.9600404040,
 GridSearchCV(cv=10, estimator=LogisticRegression(), n_jobs=-1,
             param_grid={'C': array([0.1, 0.6, 1.1, 1.6, 2.1, 2.6, 3.1, 3.6]),
                         'penalty': ['l2'],
                         'solver': ['liblinear', 'newton-cg', 'lbfgs']},
             scoring='accuracy', verbose=1))
```



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04

Producción

Make it come true!

Objetivo de Producción

Creación /instalación del package

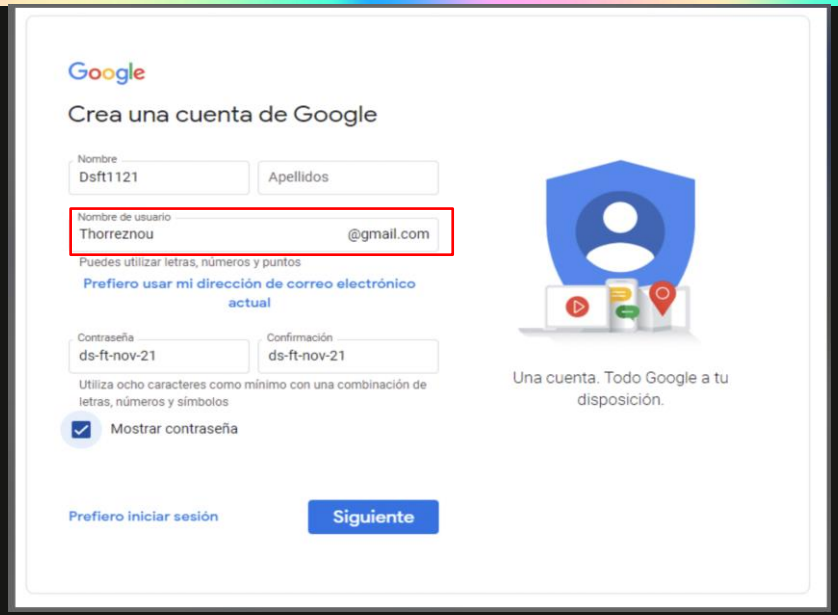
Equipo Producción

Javier Mesonero
Manager
Producción

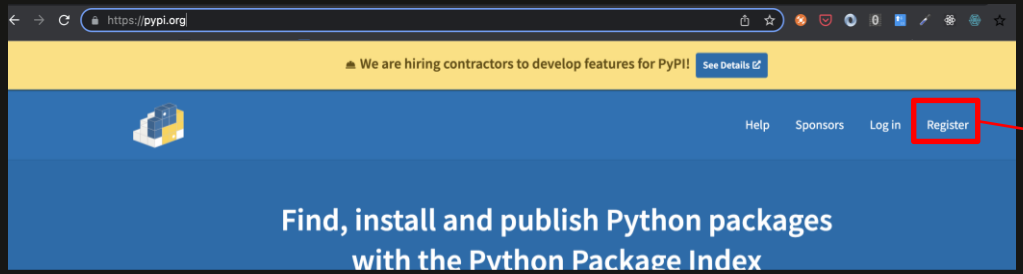
Federico
Ruiz

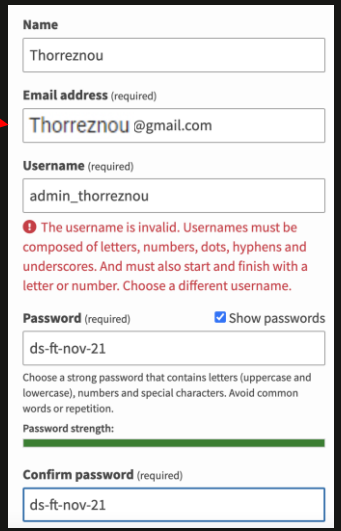
Erik
Urresta

1. Crear una cuenta Gmail

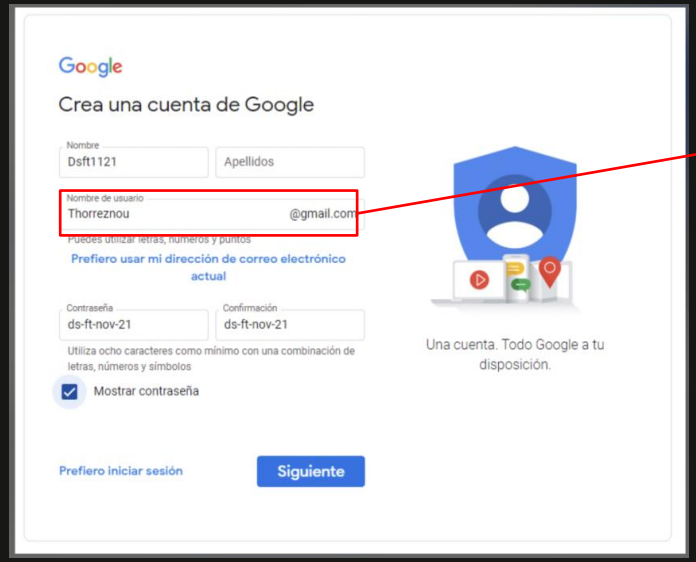


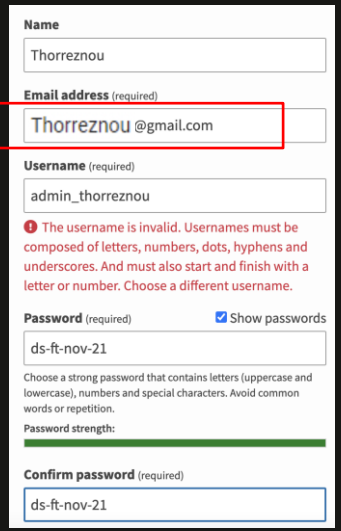
2. Crear una cuenta https://pypi.org/



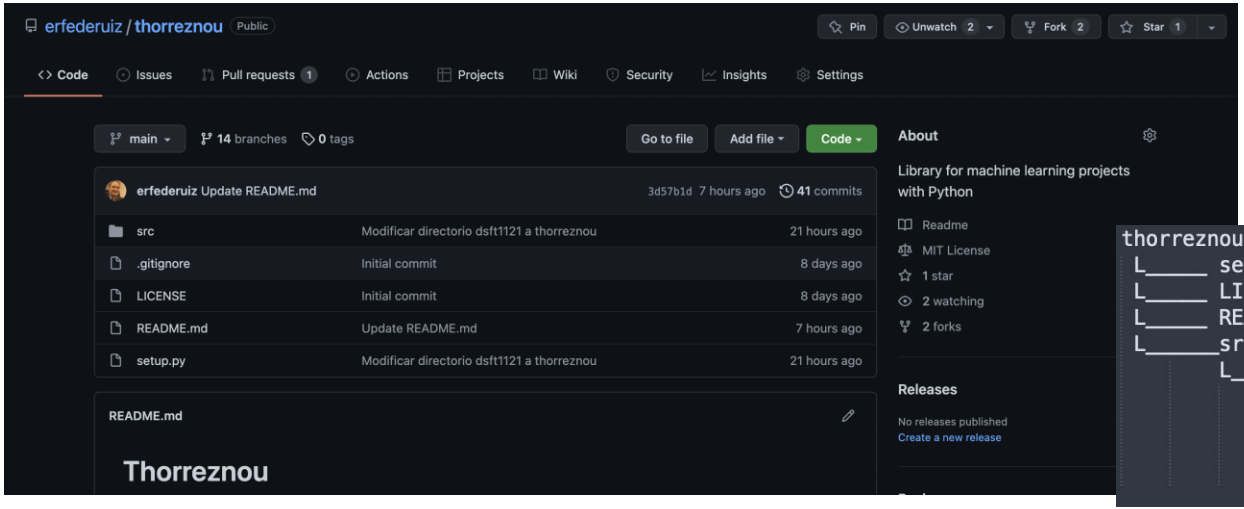


Usar la cuenta de Gmail al registrarnos en https://pypi.org/





3. Git clone del repo



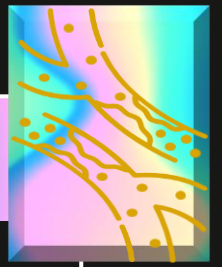

```
thorreznou/
 L_____ setup.py
 L_____ LICENSE
 L_____ README.md
 L_____src/
        L____thorreznou/
              L_____  __init__.py
              L_____  EDA.py
              L_____  ML.py
              L_____  VIZ.py
```

4. Configuración del archivo de contrucción, setup.py

```
❯ sublime setup.py
```

```python
import setuptools

with open("README.md", "r", encoding="utf-8") as fh:
    long_description = fh.read()

setuptools.setup(
  name = 'Thorreznou',
  version = '0.1.3',
  author = 'The Bridge Data Science Team 1121',
  author_email = 'Thorreznou@gmail.com',
  description = '''Thorreznou.''',
  long_description=long_description,
  long_description_content_type="text/markdown",
  url = 'https://github.com/erfederuiz/thorreznou',
  classifiers=[
    "Programming Language :: Python :: 3",
    "License :: OSI Approved :: MIT License",
    "Operating System :: OS Independent",
  ],
  package_dir={"": "src"},
  packages=setuptools.find_packages(where="src"),
  install_requires=[
    'pandas',
    'numpy',
    'sklearn',
    'seaborn',
    'matplotlib',
    'scipy',
    'Ipython',
    'wordcloud',
    'pillow',
    'imblearn',
    'opencv-python',
    'pathlib'
  ],
  python_requires=">=3.6",
)
```

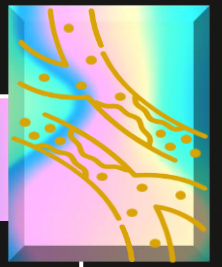
```
thorreznou/
├── setup.py
├── LICENSE
├── README.md
└── src/
    └── thorreznou/
        ├── __init__.py
        ├── EDA.py
        ├── ML.py
        └── VIZ.py
```



5. Configurar el archivo __init__.py

```
thorreznou/
  L_____ setup.py
  L_____ LICENSE
  L_____ README.md
  L_____src/
         L____thorreznou/
               L_____  __init__.py
               L_____  EDA.py
               L_____  ML.py
               L_____  VIZ.py
```

```
from thorreznou.VIZ import *
from thorreznou.ML import *
from thorreznou.EDA import *
```



6. Generación local del package

```
❯ python setup.py sdist
running sdist
running egg_info
writing src/Thorreznou.egg-info/PKG-INFO
writing dependency_links to src/Thorreznou.egg-info/dependency_links.txt
writing requirements to src/Thorreznou.egg-info/requires.txt
writing top-level names to src/Thorreznou.egg-info/top_level.txt
reading manifest file 'src/Thorreznou.egg-info/SOURCES.txt'
adding license file 'LICENSE'
writing manifest file 'src/Thorreznou.egg-info/SOURCES.txt'
running check
creating Thorreznou-0.1.1
creating Thorreznou-0.1.1/src
creating Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
creating Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
copying files to Thorreznou-0.1.1...
copying LICENSE -> Thorreznou-0.1.1
copying README.md -> Thorreznou-0.1.1
copying setup.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1
copying src/Thorreznou.egg-info/PKG-INFO -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
copying src/Thorreznou.egg-info/SOURCES.txt -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
copying src/Thorreznou.egg-info/dependency_links.txt -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
copying src/Thorreznou.egg-info/requires.txt -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
copying src/Thorreznou.egg-info/top_level.txt -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/Thorreznou.egg-info
copying src/dsft1121/EDA.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
copying src/dsft1121/ML.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
copying src/dsft1121/VIZ.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
copying src/dsft1121/__init__.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
copying src/dsft1121/tests_eda.py -> Thorreznou-0.1.1/src/dsft1121
Writing Thorreznou-0.1.1/setup.cfg
Creating tar archive
removing 'Thorreznou-0.1.1' (and everything under it)
```

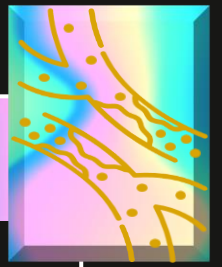
```
thorreznou/
 L_____ setup.py
 L_____ LICENSE
 L_____ README.md
 L_____ dist/
 L_____ src/
        L____ thorreznou/
              L_____  __init__.py
              L_____  EDA.py
              L_____  ML.py
              L_____  VIZ.py
```

El directorio dist no existe hasta ejecutar python setup.py sdist !!

7. Publicación del package en PyPI

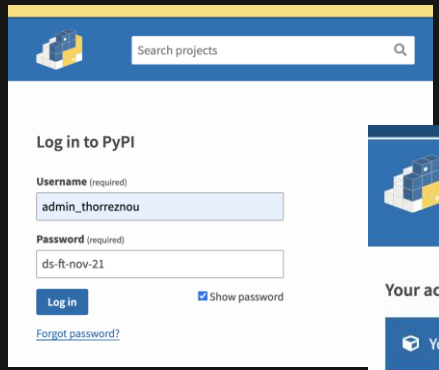
```
❯ python3 -m pip install --upgrade twine
```

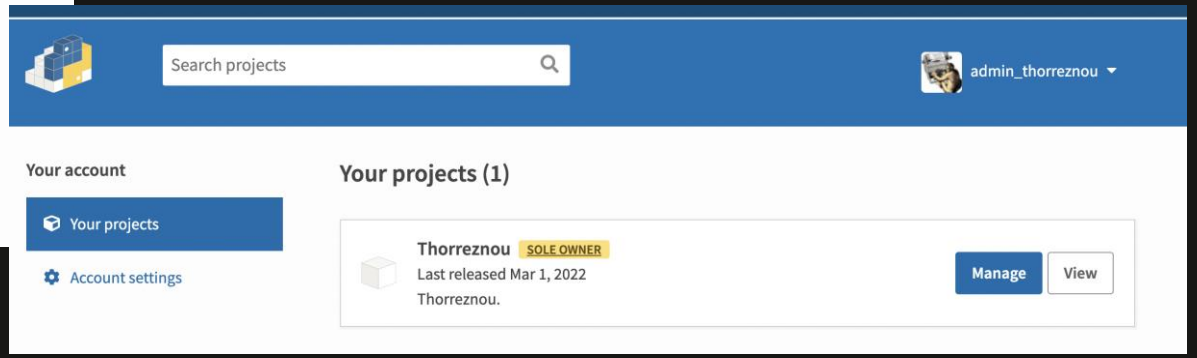
```
❯ twine upload dist/*
Uploading distributions to https://upload.pypi.org/legacy/
Enter your username: admin_thorreznou
Enter your password:
Uploading Thorreznou-0.1.1.tar.gz
100%|████████████████████████████████████████| 25.5k/25.5k [00:00<00:00, 28.4kB/s]

View at:
https://pypi.org/project/Thorreznou/0.1.1/
```

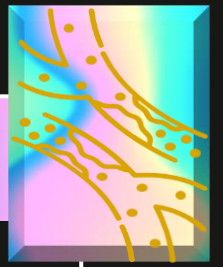


8. Comprobación de la subida a PyPI

https://pypi.org/

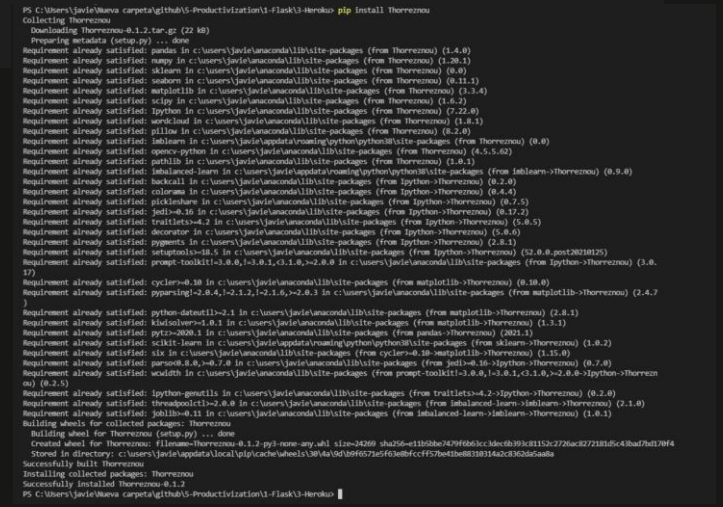


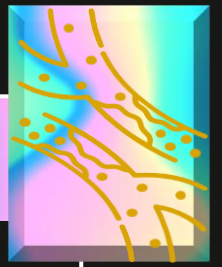




9. Instalación del package en nuestro Python

```
PS C:\Users\javie\Nueva carpeta\github\5-Productivization\1-Flask\3-Heroku> pip install Thorreznou
Collecting Thorreznou
  Downloading Thorreznou-0.1.2.tar.gz (22 kB)
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
  Stored in directory: c:\users\javie\appdata\local\pip\cache\whe
Successfully built Thorreznou
Installing collected packages: Thorreznou
Successfully installed Thorreznou-0.1.2
```





10. Uso del package instalado

```
[5]  import thorreznou
                                                    Python
```

¡Gracias!

Thorreznou Library

Puedes visitar la librería aquí:

https://pypi.org/project/Thorreznou/

https://github.com/erfederuiz/thorreznou

Y tras usarla irte a descansar y no quedarte así:

*