# **MP2 Technical Report:**

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### Introduction

## Methodology

#### Results

#### Load Data:

## Descriptive Statistics:

#### # A tibble: 6 x 6

	treatment	<pre>group_mean</pre>	<pre>group_n</pre>	<pre>group_sd</pre>	<pre>group_min</pre>	<pre>group_max</pre>
	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<int></int>
1	DairyCon	2.5	6	1.05	1	4
2	DairyPro	1.71	7	1.11	1	4
3	Dairy_control	3.29	7	1.38	2	5
4	PlantCon	2.71	7	1.25	1	4
5	PlantPro	2.5	6	1.22	1	4
6	Plant_control	2.5	6	1.38	1	4

### Condition Check 1 Variability & Standard Deviation:

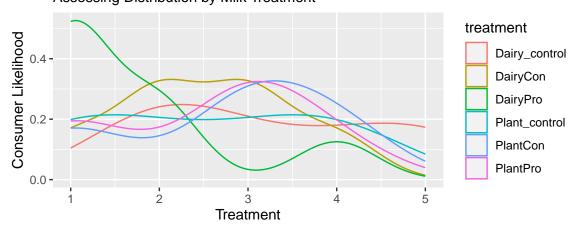
Our largest standard deviation [Plant Control & Dairy Control] 1.38 divided by the smallest standard deviation [DairyCon(-)] 1.05 equals 1.31. Their quotient is smaller than 2, so we do not violate the condition about constant variance for our ANOVA model.

#### [1] 1.314286

#### Condition Check 2 Constant Variance:

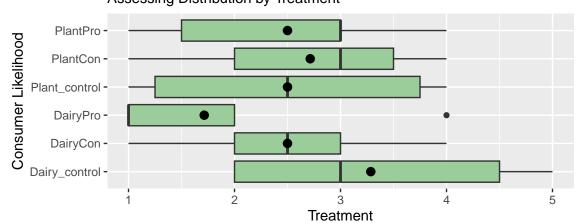
In our density plot, we view the distribution of the Consumer Likelihood at the different levels of the Milk (ad type and sentiment) treatment. The data is not normally distributed nor unimodal among all levels. While the data distributions for the Plant\_control and PlantPro(+) are normal, the other distributions vary. For example, DairyCon and Plant\_control is bimodal, Dairy control and DairyPro is right-skewed. Therefore, we have violated the condition about constant variance for our ANOVA model.

## Consumer Likelihood Density Plot Assessing Distribution by Milk Treatment



source: Qualtrics Milk Data

## Consumer Likelihood Box Plot Assessing Distribution by Treatment



source: Qualtrics Milk Data

Condition Check 3 Symmetrical Distribution around Group Means:

Conditions Interpretation & Transformation:

Two-Way ANOVA Model:

Interaction Model:

Independent residuals:

Normally Distributed Residuals:

Confidence Intervals & Effect Size:

R-Squared:

## Conclusion