

Differential Equations Computational Practicum

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2019-11-14

1 Introduction

Given the initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} y' = 1 + 2y/x \\ y(1) = 2 \\ x \in (1, 10) \end{cases}$$

Needed to solve it analytically and using 3 numerical methods. Solutions should be analyzed and compared to each other. To provide data visualization I chose JavaFX and used OOP-design in code structure. Repository is available [here](#). But firstly let's find exact solution for this equation.

2 Analytical solution

$$y' = 1 + \frac{2y}{x}$$

$$y' - \frac{2y}{x} = 1$$

A nonhomogeneous equation of form $y' + f(x)y = g(x)$ and can be solved using the integrating factor:

$$\mu(x) = e^{\int \frac{-2}{x} dx} = x^{-2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}}{x^2} - \frac{2y}{x^3} = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\partial y}{\partial x}}{x^2} - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} \right) y = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

Apply the reverse product rule:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{y}{x^2} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

Integrate both sides with respect to x :

$$\int \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{y}{x^2} \right) dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$$

$$\frac{y}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} + c_1$$

$$y = x(c_1 x - 1)$$

Using $y(1) = 2$:

$$2 = c_1 - 1$$

$$c_1 = 3$$

The solution is:

$$y = x(3x - 1), \quad x \neq 0$$

3 Numerical solutions

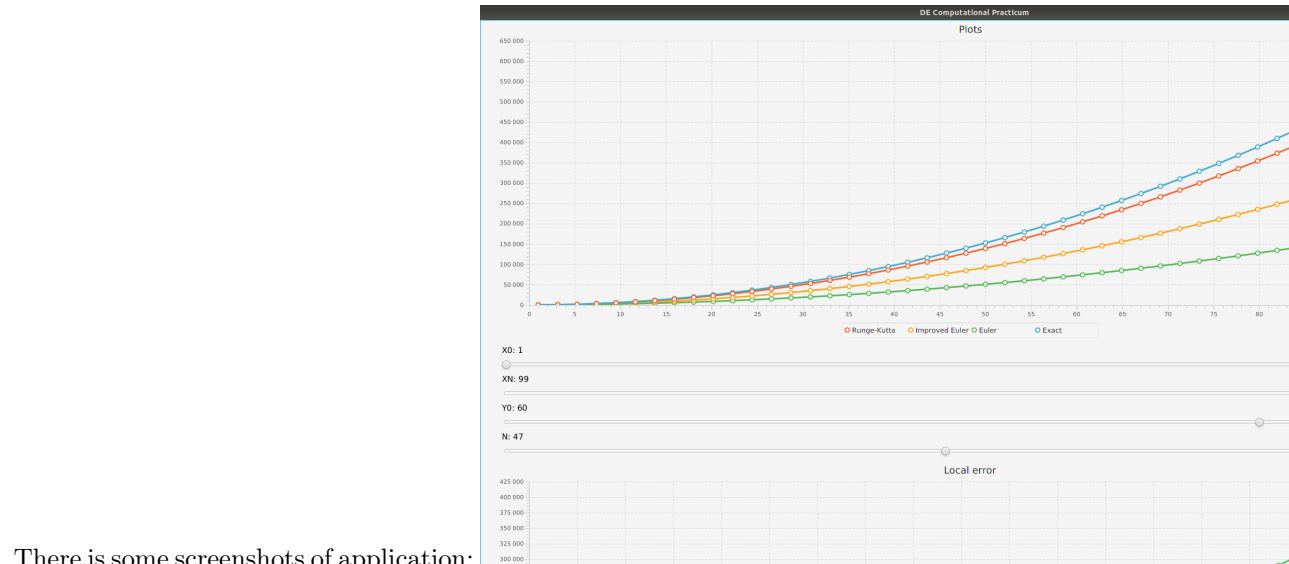
3.1 Code

To avoid same code in different `NumericalMethods` when we need to calculate local and total errors I wrote function that updates this graph in `ExactSolution` class. This is code I got with function that just updates solution for comparison:

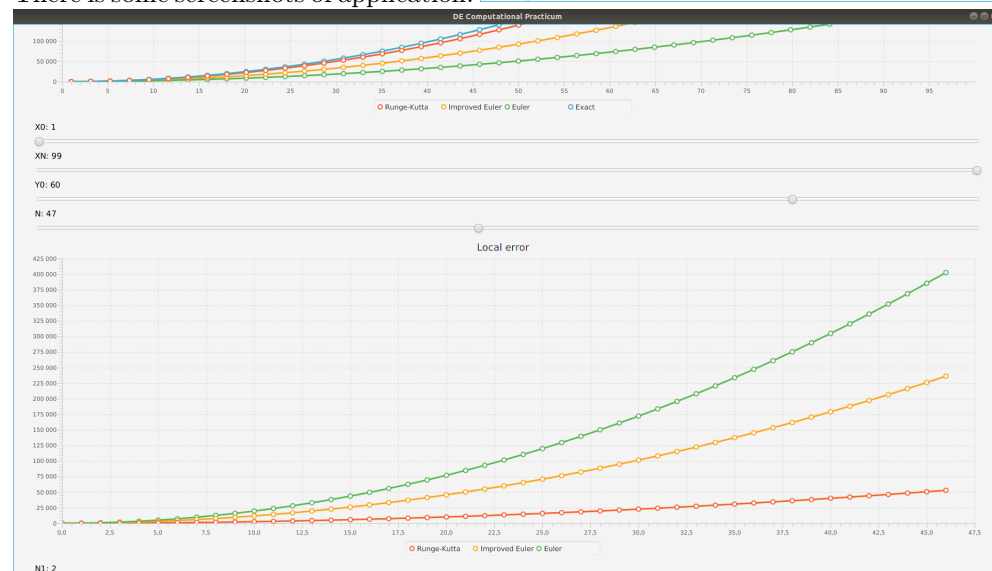
```
public void updateXYChart(XYChart.Series series) {
    series.getData().clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
        series.getData().add(new XYChart.Data(getKey(i), getValue(i)));
    }
}

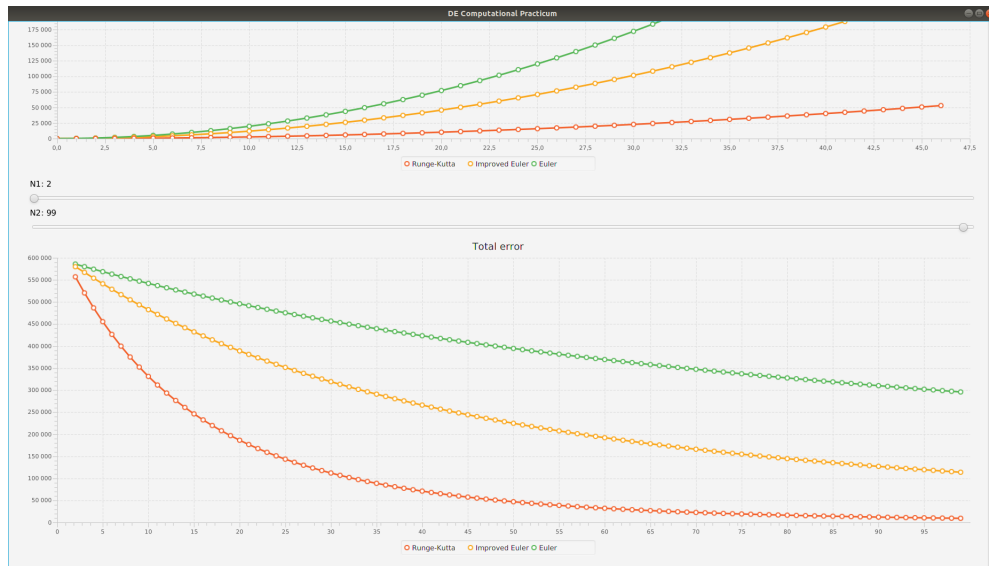
public void updateLocalErrorXYChart(XYChart.Series series,
    NumericalMethod numericalMethod) {
    series.getData().clear();
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
        series.getData().add(new XYChart.Data(i, getValue(i)
            - numericalMethod.getValue(i)));
    }
}
```

3.2 Application



There is some screenshots of application:





3.3 UML-diagram

