CMSC 389N

Forms!

Agenda

- Forms in HTML
- React Forms
 - Synthetic Events

Forms in HTML

Means by which information passes from the user to a server

Used to read values to be processed by JavaScript

<form> tag

- Defines the form
- It has two attributes : action and method

Form

action: indicates where the form contents will be sent when the form is submitted

- method: defines how the contents will be sent
 - post : contents sent using the HTTP POST method. Content is does NOT appear in the request URL
 - get : contents sent using the HTTP GET method. Contents becomes part of the request URL

input Tag

```
<input type=" ... " id=" ... " name=" ... " />
```

- Appears inside of the <form> tag
- Defines several input data alternatives
- The general format is à <input type="choices" />

Type Choices

- text
- password
- checkbox
- radio
- file
- submit

- button
- reset
- hidden
- date
- email

CheckBoxes

- Allow us to make a selection
- Defined by using type="checkbox"
- We can tell whether an entry is selected by using the "checked" property
 - True- an entry has been selected
- Default selection by using checked="checked"

Form Data Access

- We can access data in forms by using getElementById(string)
- It returns a reference to an element whose id property matches with the given string and we can:
- Retrieve the value of the element (e.g., text field in a form)
 - var login = document.getElementById("loginId").value;
- Set a function to call when an element is clicked on (e.g., button)
 - document.getElementById("processButton").onclick = callback;
- Another way to associate a function is to use addEventListener (allows several events to be added)
 - document.getElementById("displayValueButton").addEventListener("click", callback);

Form Data Access

- Get/Set Attributes of the element
 - var imageElement = document.getElementByld("mylmage");
 - var imageName = imageElement.getAttribute("src");
 - imageElement.setAttribute("src", "imageFile.jpg");
- Let's complete ex-updateValueInTextField.html
- Animation
- setInterval
 - window.setInterval (callback, millisecond, param1, param2, ...);
 - The return value from setInterval can be used to stop repeating

Other Event Handler Attributes

onclick- mouse button is pressed and released ondblclick- mouse button is double-click over element onmousedown- mouse is pressed down while cursor is over the element

onmouseup- mouse is released while the cursor is over the element

onmouseenter- mouse moves onto element onmouseover- mouse pointer enters into an element and its child elements

onmouseout- mouse moves off element

onmousemove- mouse pointer is moved over an element

Forms in React

Behavior is very similar as in normal HTML until we insert some React goodies and built in behavior!

State and Props together will make the transition easy.

Events

Two important pieces of information:

- preventDefault(), Cancels the event's default behavior (from the browser)
- target, Let's you look into the event data

React Form Events

These are actually called *Synthetic Events*:

- onChange
- onInput
- onInvalid
- onReset
- onSubmit

React Mouse Events

- onClick
- onContextMenu
- onDoubleClick
- onDrag
- onDragEnd
- onDragEnter
- onDragExit
- onDragLeave
- onDragOver

- onMouseDown
- onMouseEnter
- onMouseLeave
- onMouseMove
- onMouseOut
- onMouseOver
- onMouseUp
- onDragStart
- onDrop

WTWAW (What To Walk Away With)

- 1. Create forms in simple HTML
- 2. Be able to create a react component that reacts to test area change and a button.