

17/09/18 :- 4. push down Automata :- (PDA)

$\gamma(T \cup \Sigma)$ Stack Alphabet $z_0 \rightarrow$ initial symbol of stack

→ 7 Tuples

$$M = (\emptyset, \Sigma, T, q_0, z_0, \delta, F)$$

The formal definition of PDA

→ A PDA involves 7 tuples

$$M = (\emptyset, \Sigma, T, q_0, z_0, \delta, F)$$

$Q \rightarrow$ Finite set of states

$\Sigma \rightarrow$ Finite set of alphabets

$T \rightarrow$ Finite stack alphabets

$q_0 \rightarrow$ Start state

$z_0 \rightarrow$ Start symbol in stack

$\delta \rightarrow$ Transition fn

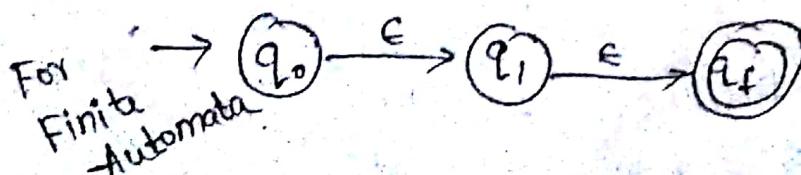
$$\boxed{\text{PDA} \rightarrow \delta : Q \times \Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\} \times T}$$

$F \rightarrow$ final states

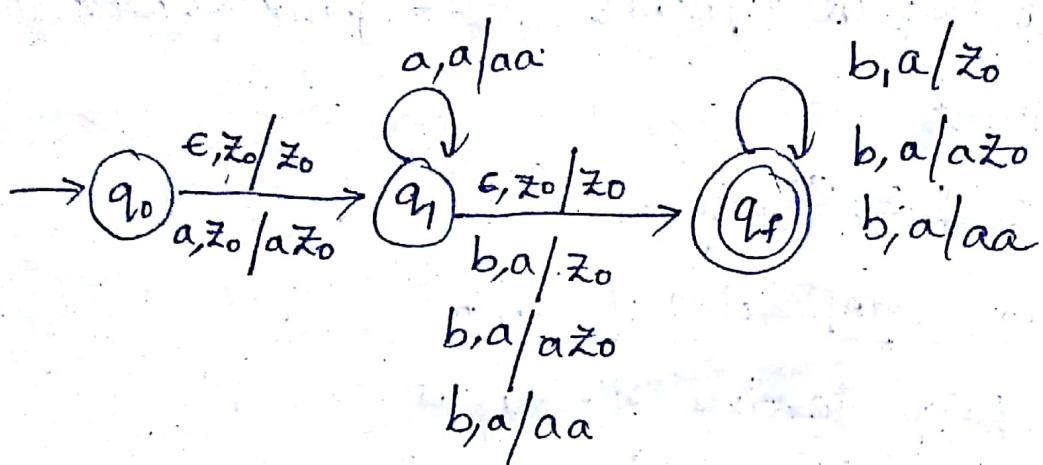
→ graphical notation of PDA :-

$$L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

$\{ \epsilon, ab, aabb, aaabb... \}$



But in PDA here we are having z_0 (extra tuple) of stack

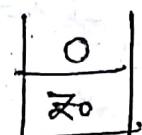


initially stack 0 empty



e.g. 01, 0011, 000111, ...

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z_0) = (q_1, 0z_0)$$

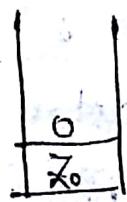


$$\delta(q_1, 1, 0) = (q_2, z_0) \quad \checkmark \text{pop out '0'}$$

when 1 input comes pop

0011:-

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z_0) = (q_1, 0z_0)$$



if same input
comes - then
don't pop out

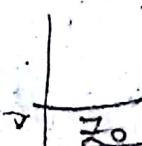
$$\delta(q_1, 0, 0) = (q_1, 00)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, 0) = (q_2, 0z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_2, 1, 0) = (q_2, z_0)$$

000111:-

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z_0) = (q_1, 0z_0)$$



$$\delta(q_1, 0, 0) = (q_1, 00)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 0, 0) = (q_1, 00)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, 0) = (q_2, 00)$$

$$\delta(q_2, 1, 0) = (q_2, 0z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_2, 1, 0) = (q_2, z_0)$$



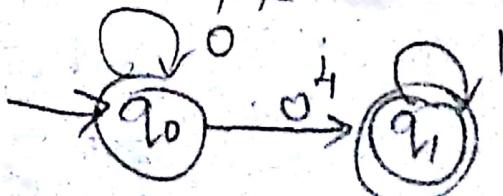
* Suppose the PDA $P = (\{q_0, q_1\}, \{0, 1\}, \{x, y, z\}, \delta, q_0, z, q_1)$

has the following transition functions

1. $\delta(q_0, 0, z) = \{(q_1, z)\}$ ID's
2. $\delta(q_0, 1, z) = \{(q_0, xz)\}$ $w = 000011$
3. $\delta(q_0, 0, x) = \{(q_0, \epsilon)\}$ $w = 011001$
4. $\delta(q_0, 1, x) = \{(q_0, xx)\}$ $w = 0110110$
5. $\delta(q_1, 0, z) = \{(q_1, yz)\}$
6. $\delta(q_1, 1, z) = \{(q_0, z)\}$
7. $\delta(q_1, 0, y) = \{(q_1, yy)\}$.
8. $\delta(q_1, 1, y) = \{(q_1, \epsilon)\}$

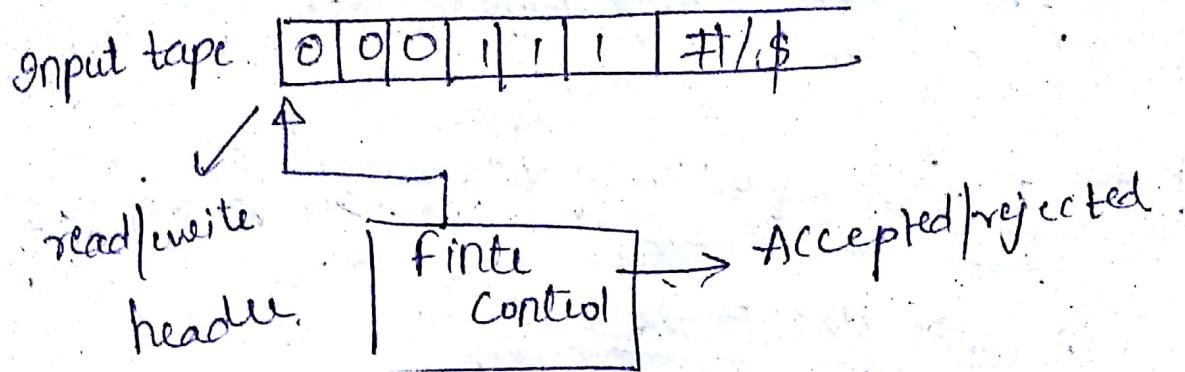
$$w = 000011$$

1, 2, 3



Alia

19/9/18 :-



Instantaneous Description of PDA :-

The configuration of PDA by a triple (q, w, δ)

where q is the state w is the remaining input and δ is the stack contents.

Conventionally we are representing the top of stack at the left end of δ and the bottom at the right end such triple is called as instantaneous description.

$$\text{Description: } (q_1, \overset{\text{left}}{1}, \overset{\text{right}}{1}) = (q_1, 1z)$$

There are 3 imp principle about ID are:-

- 1) If a sequence of computation is legal for a PDA then computation formed by adding the same to the end of ip in each id is also legal.
- 2) If computation is legal for PDA adding same stack symbol into the stack in each id is also legal.
- 3) If computation is legal for PDA some tail

if i/p is not consumed then we can remove from
i/p and the result computation will still be legal

PDA $p = (\{q_0, q_1\}, \{0, 1\}, \{X, Y, Z\}, S, T, Z, \{q_1\})$

(i) $s \boxed{1}$ it is in back

starting from the TD show all the reachable
DPs when the i/p $w = 000011 ; = 011001$
 $= 0110110$.

$\Omega(\text{no of states}) = \{q_0, q_1\}$

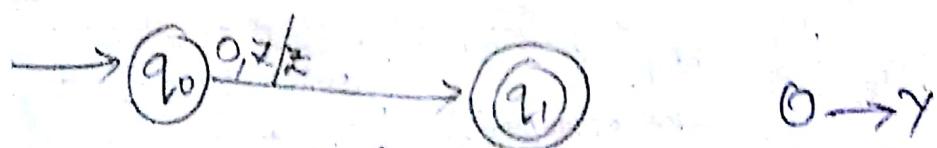
$\Sigma = \{0, 1\} \quad T = \{X, Y, Z\}, S, T, Z$

$q_0 \rightarrow \text{initial state}$

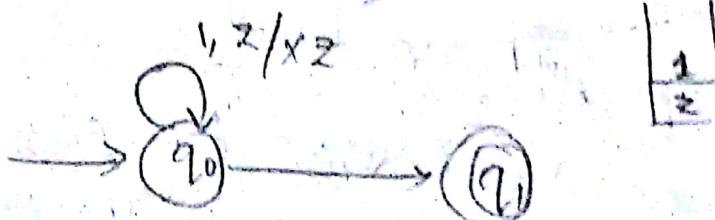
$Z \rightarrow \text{start symbol of stack}$

$q_1 \rightarrow \text{final state}$

for 1st transition $S(q_0, 0, Z) = \{(q_1, Z)\}$

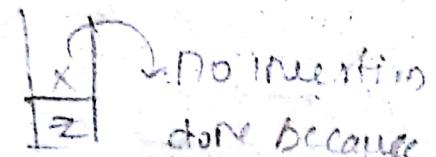
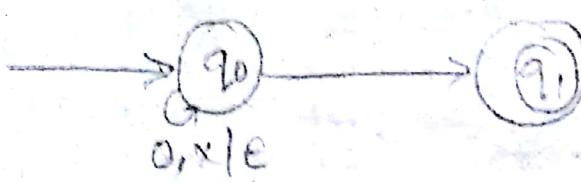


(ii) $S(q_0, 1, Z) = (q_0, XZ)$



(iii) $S(q_0, 0, X) = (q_0, \epsilon)$ we are not inserting
or because there

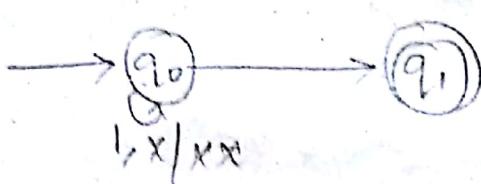
$\epsilon \rightarrow$ No transitions taken place in stack
all the stack elements popped / removed



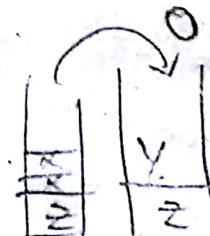
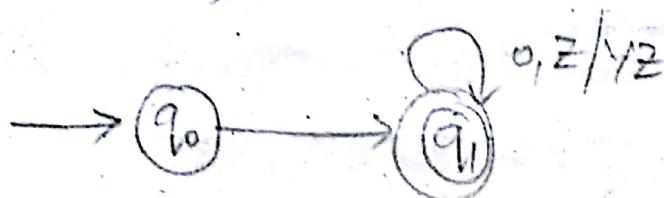
↳ No transition is inserted

1 is there '0' should be inserted

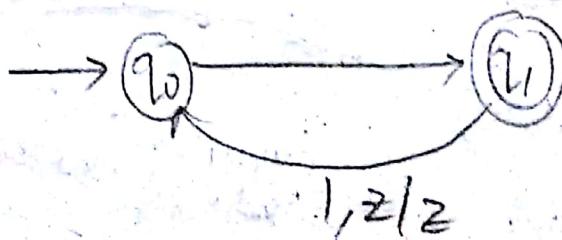
v) $\delta(q_0, 1, x) = (q_0, xx)$



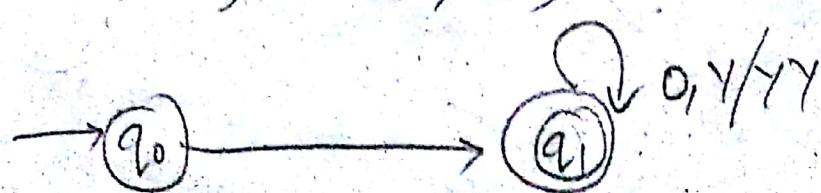
v) $\delta(q_1, 0, z) = (q_1, yz)$



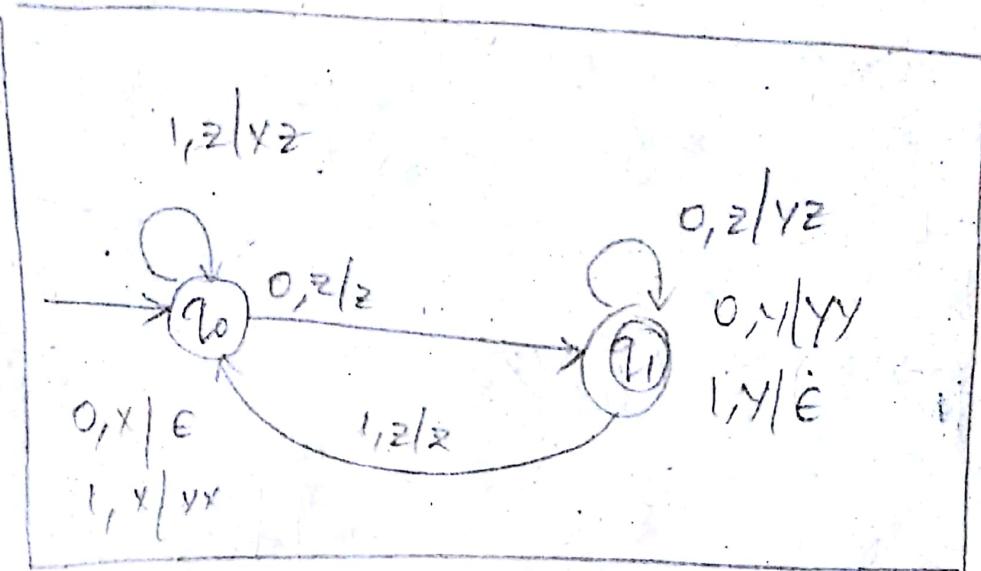
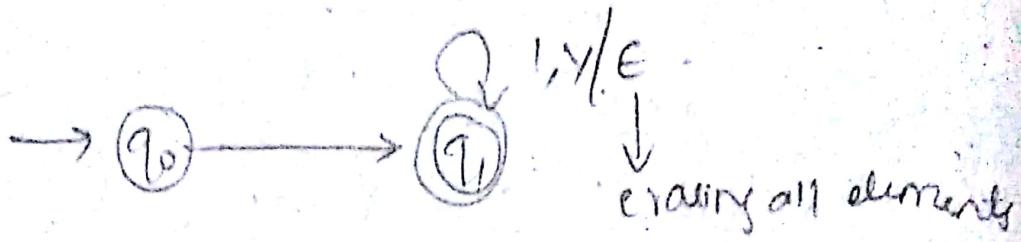
vi) $\delta(q_1, 1, z) = \{q_0, z\}$



vii) $\delta(q_1, 0, y) = (q_1, yy)$



$$\text{viii) } \delta(q_1, l, y) = (q_1, e)$$



$$i) w = 000011$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z) = (q_1, z)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 0, z) = (q_1, yz) \quad \text{accepted}$$

$$\delta(q_1, 0, y) = (q_1, yy)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 0, y) = (q_1, yy) \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{No transition} \\ \text{popping all elements} \end{matrix} \quad \text{(change)}$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, y) = (q_1, e)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, y) = (q_1, e) \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{No transition done at} \\ \text{the stack} \end{matrix}$$

POP

$$(ii) w = 011001$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z) = (q_1, z) \rightarrow 0$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, z) = (q_0, z) \rightarrow 1$$

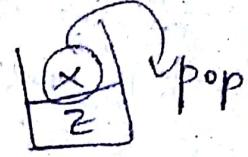
$$\delta(q_0, 1, z) = (q_0, z) \rightarrow 1$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, x) = (q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \text{No change}$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, y) = (q_1, yy) \quad \delta(q_0, 0, x) = (q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, y) = (q_1, \epsilon) \quad \delta(q_1, 1, x) = (q_0, z)$$

Not accepted.



$$(iii) w = 0110110$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, z) = (q_1, z) \quad 0$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, z) = (q_0, z) \quad 1$$

$$\delta(q_0, 1, z) = (q_0, z) \quad 1 \rightarrow \text{Not accepted}$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, x) = (q_0, \epsilon) \quad 0$$

$$\delta(q_0, 1,$$

24/07/18 :-

PDA :- Question

$$M = (Q_0, Q_1, Q_2, \Sigma, \{a, b, c\}, \{a, b, z_0\}, \delta, Q_0, Z_0, \{q_1\})$$

$$\delta: \delta(q_0, a, z_0) = \delta(q_0, az_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, z_0) = \delta(q_0, bz_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, a) = \delta(q_0, ca)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, a) = \delta(q_0, ba) \rightarrow \delta(q_0, a, b)$$

$$\delta(q_0, bb) = \delta(q_0, bb) = \delta(q_0, ab)$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, z_0) = \delta(q_1, z_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, a) = \delta(q_1, a)$$

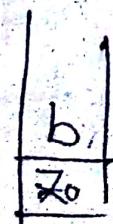
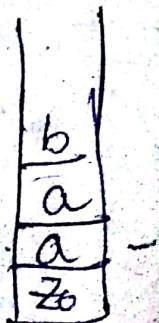
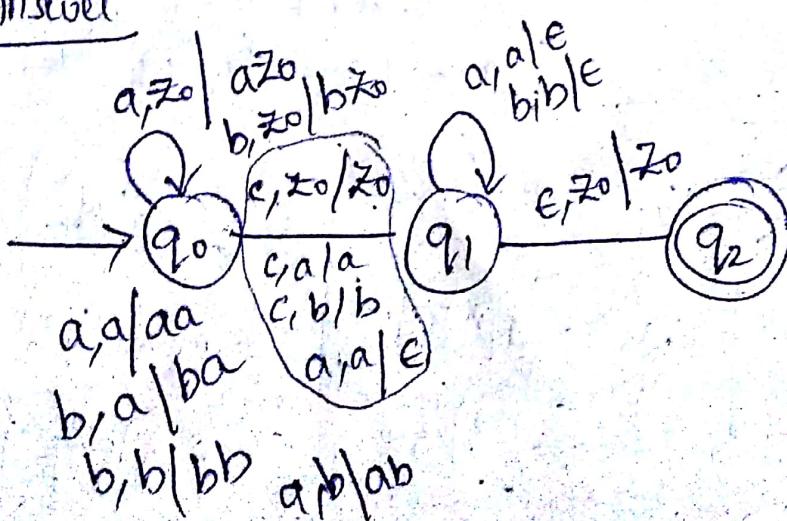
$$\delta(q_0, c, b) = \delta(q_1, b)$$

$$\delta(q_1, a, a) = \delta(q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, b, b) = \delta(q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, z_0) = \delta(q_2, z_0)$$

Answer



Given string $w = \underline{bb}acabb$.

$$\delta(q_0, b, z_0) = \delta(q_0, b z_0) \rightarrow b$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, b) = \delta(q_0, bb) \rightarrow b$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, b) = \delta(q_0, ab) \rightarrow a$$

$$\delta(q_0, c, \emptyset) = \delta(q_1, \emptyset) \rightarrow c$$

$$\delta(q_1, a, a) = \delta(q_1, \emptyset) \rightarrow a \text{ (no change operation)}$$

$$\delta(q_1, b, a) / \text{ } = \text{ no transition}$$

$$\delta(q_1, b, z_0) \rightarrow \text{ or pop the element}$$

(it also contain no transition)

→ Not accepted

2) Design a PPA that accepts a string of well-formed parenthesis. Consider the parenthesis is as:- $(,)$, $[,]$, $\{, \}$

→ Left parenthesis should be inserted into stack.

→ When Right parenthesis comes which is equal to left, then pop it.

$$\delta(q_0, (, z_0) = (q_0, (z_0))$$

$$\delta(q_0, [, z_0) = (q_0, [z_0))$$

$$\delta(q_0, \{ , z_0) = (q_0, \{z_0))$$

a
b
b
z ₀

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = (q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = (q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow \delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = (q_0, \epsilon) \Rightarrow$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = (q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = (q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon) \quad \text{deleting appropriate symbol}$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon)$$

String:-

$$w_1 = \{ [() \{ \}] \}$$

$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, z_0) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon^{z_0})$$



$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon)$$



$$\delta(q_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon)$$



$$\delta(q_0, c) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{No change}$$

$$\delta(q_0, \$, \$) = \delta(q_0, \$)$$

$$\delta(q_0, \{, \}) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{No change}$$

$$\delta(q_0, [,]) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{pop } [$$

$$\delta(q_0, \{, \}) = \delta(q_0, \epsilon) \rightarrow \text{pop } \{$$

$\Rightarrow Q \cup C$

Languages of PDA :-

equivalence of PDA & CFG's :-

→ all CFG are PDA's

→ PDA accepted by final state

→ PDA accepted by empty stack

Algorithm :-

Grammer to PDA :-

$$G = (V, T, P, S)$$

$$M = (Q, \Sigma, T, \delta, q_0, Z_0, F)$$

→ In this no final state will be present.

$Q \rightarrow V$ (variable)

$\Sigma \rightarrow T$ (terminal)

$T \rightarrow V \cup T$ (variable/terminal)

Converting the production into transition

$$\text{eq: } A \rightarrow \alpha \Rightarrow \delta(q, \epsilon, A) = (q, \alpha)$$

$$A \rightarrow a$$

simple state

↓ left one
in production

↓ right one
in produc^{tion}

we don't know the ilp so

we take into ϵ

① problem :-

$$E \rightarrow I \mid E+E \mid E * E \mid (\epsilon)$$

$$I \rightarrow a \mid b \mid Ia \mid Ib \mid I_0 \mid I_1$$

$$Q = \{E, I\}$$

$$T = \{E, I, a, b, +, *, (), ()\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b, +, *\}$$

$q_0 = E$ (left side of production)
(will be stack symbol)

Z_0

$$\delta: \overbrace{E \rightarrow I}^{\epsilon} \rightarrow (q, I)$$

$E \rightarrow E + E$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, E) \Rightarrow (q_1, \epsilon + E)$$

 $E \rightarrow E * E$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, E) \Rightarrow (q_1, E * E)$$

 $E \rightarrow (E)$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, E) = (q_1, (E))$$

 $I \rightarrow a$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, a)$$

 $I \rightarrow b$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, b)$$

 $I \rightarrow Ia$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, Ia)$$

 $I \rightarrow Ib$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, Ib)$$

 $I \rightarrow I^0$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, I^0)$$

 $I \rightarrow I^1$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, I) = (q_1, I^1)$$

 $T = a, b, 0, 1, +, *, (), .$

$$\delta(q_1, a, a) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, b, b) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 0, 0) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, 1) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, +, +) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, *, A) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, (,)) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1,),) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

② $S \rightarrow AS/\epsilon$

$$A \rightarrow OA1/A1/O1$$

$$Q = \{S, A\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\Gamma = \{S, A, 0, 1\}$$

$$q_0 = S$$

$$z_0$$

$$\delta: S \rightarrow AS$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, S) = (q_1, AS)$$

$$A \rightarrow OA1$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, A) = (q_1, OA1)$$

$$A \rightarrow A1$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, A) = (q_1, A1)$$

$$A \rightarrow O1$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, A) = (q_1, O1)$$

$$T = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\delta(q_0, 0, \epsilon) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, 1, \epsilon) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

converting PDA to Grammer: stack element

$$M = \{ (q_0, q_1), \{a, b\}, \{q_0, z_0\}, \delta, q_0, z_0, \phi \}$$

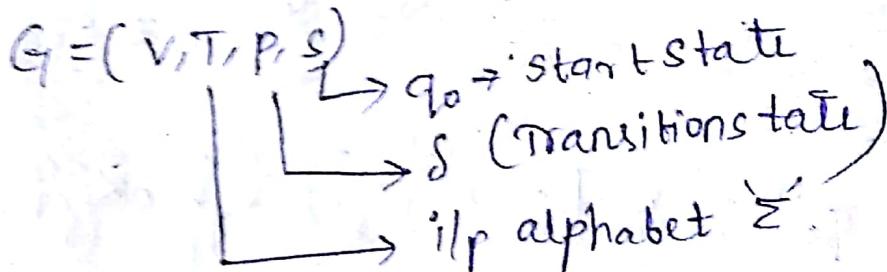
$$\delta: \delta(q_0, a, z_0) = (q_1, az_0)$$

$$\delta(q_0, a, a) = (q_1, aa)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, a) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_0, b, a) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

$$\delta(q_1, \epsilon, z_0) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$



Variable is a 3 element component

(state, T , state)
 Q \downarrow Q
Stack symbol / alphabet

$$\text{Variable: } [q_0, a, q_1] \quad [q_1, a, q_1]$$

$$[q_0, z_0, q_0] \quad [q_1, z_0, q_1]$$

$$[q_0, a, q_1] \quad [q_1, a, q_0]$$

$$[q_0, z_0, q_1] \quad [q_1, z_0, q_0]$$

$S \rightarrow [q_0, a, q_0]$ ← startsymbol production
 $[q_0, a, q_1]$
 $[q_0, z_0, q_0]$ we should not take all the stack symbol only the top. if stack should be taken
 $[q_0, z_0, q_1]$

$S: [q_0, z_0, q_0]$ it should be in this form
 $V \rightarrow -$
 $[q_0, z_0, q_1]$ but variable has

(i) $\delta(q_0, a, z_0) = (q_0, az_0)$ as there are 2 boxes for $a \notin z_0$
 $[q_0, z_0, q_0] \xrightarrow{a} [q_0, a, q_0] [q_0, z_0, q_0]$
 State ↓ a $\xrightarrow{z_0}$
 Stack symbol 0 → 0
 $[q_0, z_0, q_0] \xrightarrow{a} [q_0, a, q_1] [q_1, z_0, q_0]$ → 0
 $[q_0, z_0, q_1] \xrightarrow{a} [q_0, a, q_0] [q_0, z_0, q_1]$ → 10
 $[q_0, z_0, q_1] \xrightarrow{a} [q_0, a, q_1] [q_1, z_0, q_1]$ → 11
 Same

(ii) $\delta(q_0, b, a) = (q_1, e)$
 $[q_0, b, q_1] \xrightarrow{} b$

$$v) \quad \delta(q_1, \epsilon, z_0) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

\downarrow

$[q_1, z_0, q_1] \Rightarrow \epsilon$

$$iv) \quad \delta(q_1, b, q) = (q_1, \epsilon)$$

\downarrow

$[q_1, a, q_1] = b$

$$ii) \quad \delta(q_0, a, a) = (q_0, a \cancel{a})$$

two inputs
op should be
④

$[q_0, a, q_0] \rightarrow \cancel{a} [q_0, \cancel{a}, q_0] [q_0, \cancel{a}, q_0]$

$[q_0, a, q_1] \rightarrow a [q_0, a, q_1] [q_1, a, q_0]$ or

$[q_0, a, q_1] \rightarrow a [q_0, a, q_0] [q_0, a, q_1]$ or

$[q_0, a, q_1] \rightarrow a [q_0, a, q_1] [q_1, a, q_1]$ or

Acceptance empty stack method
 final state