

# Insurance Portfolio Analysis



# Project Objective

The objective of this project is to analyze an insurance company's customer portfolio, insurance revenues, paid claim amounts, and agent performance using SQL and Excel.

Within the scope of the project:

- Total insurance premiums and paid claims are analyzed.
- Profitability and risk levels are evaluated.
- Sales performance is compared across agents, branches, and regions.
- The most risky insurance products are identified.
- The results are visualized using Excel charts and dashboards.

These analyses aim to support better management decisions, risk reduction, and improved profitability.

# Database Tables Used

## CUSTOMERS

customer\_id

full\_name

gender

age

city

vehicle\_type

## AGENTS

agent\_id

agent\_name

branch

hire\_date

region

## POLICIES

policy\_id

customer\_id

agent\_id

policy\_type

start\_date

end\_date

premium\_amount

coverage\_amount

## CLAIMS

claim\_id

policy\_id

claim\_date

claim\_amount

claim\_reason

status

## PAYMENTS

payment\_id

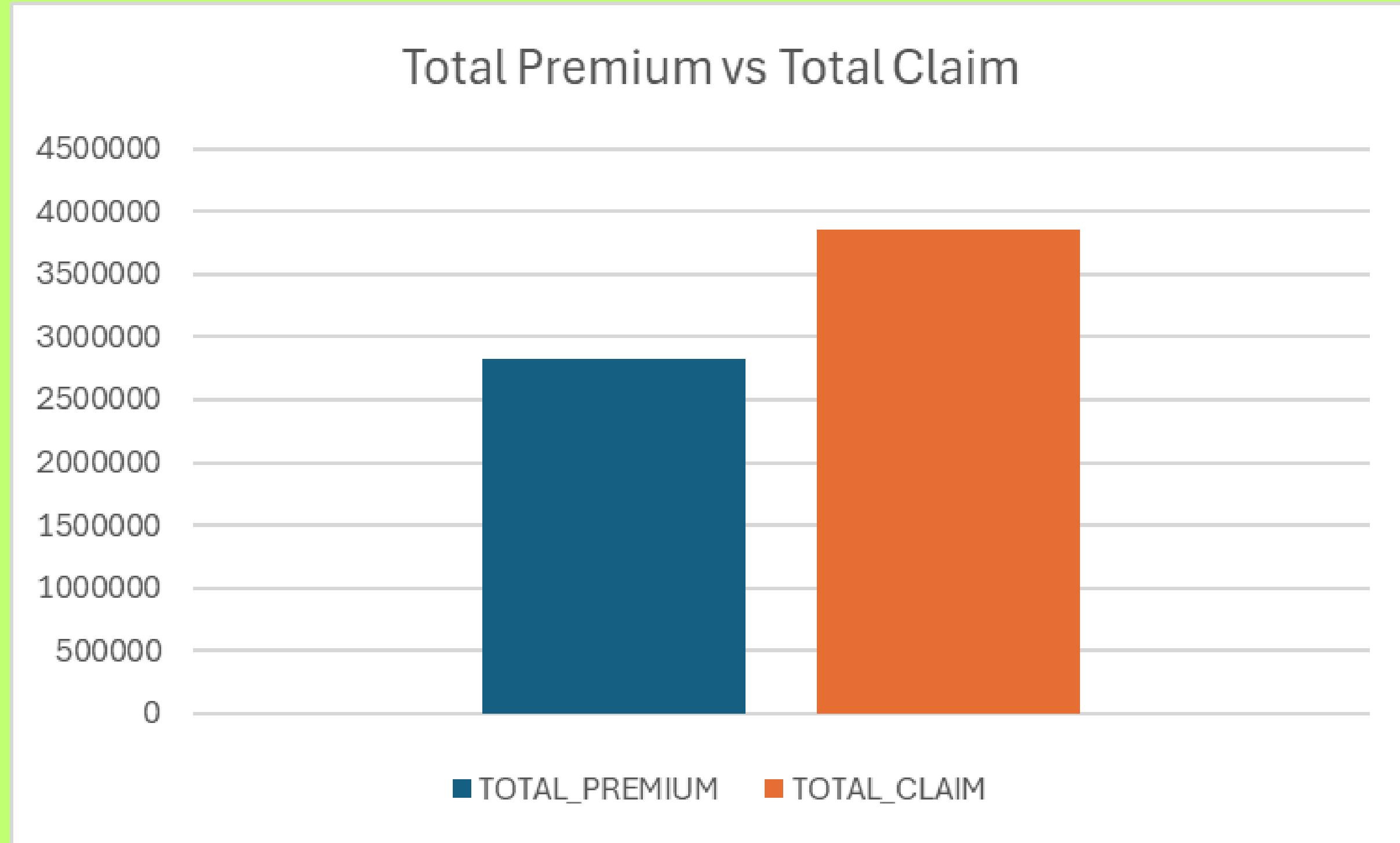
policy\_id

payment\_date

amount

payment\_method

# Total Premium vs Total Claim



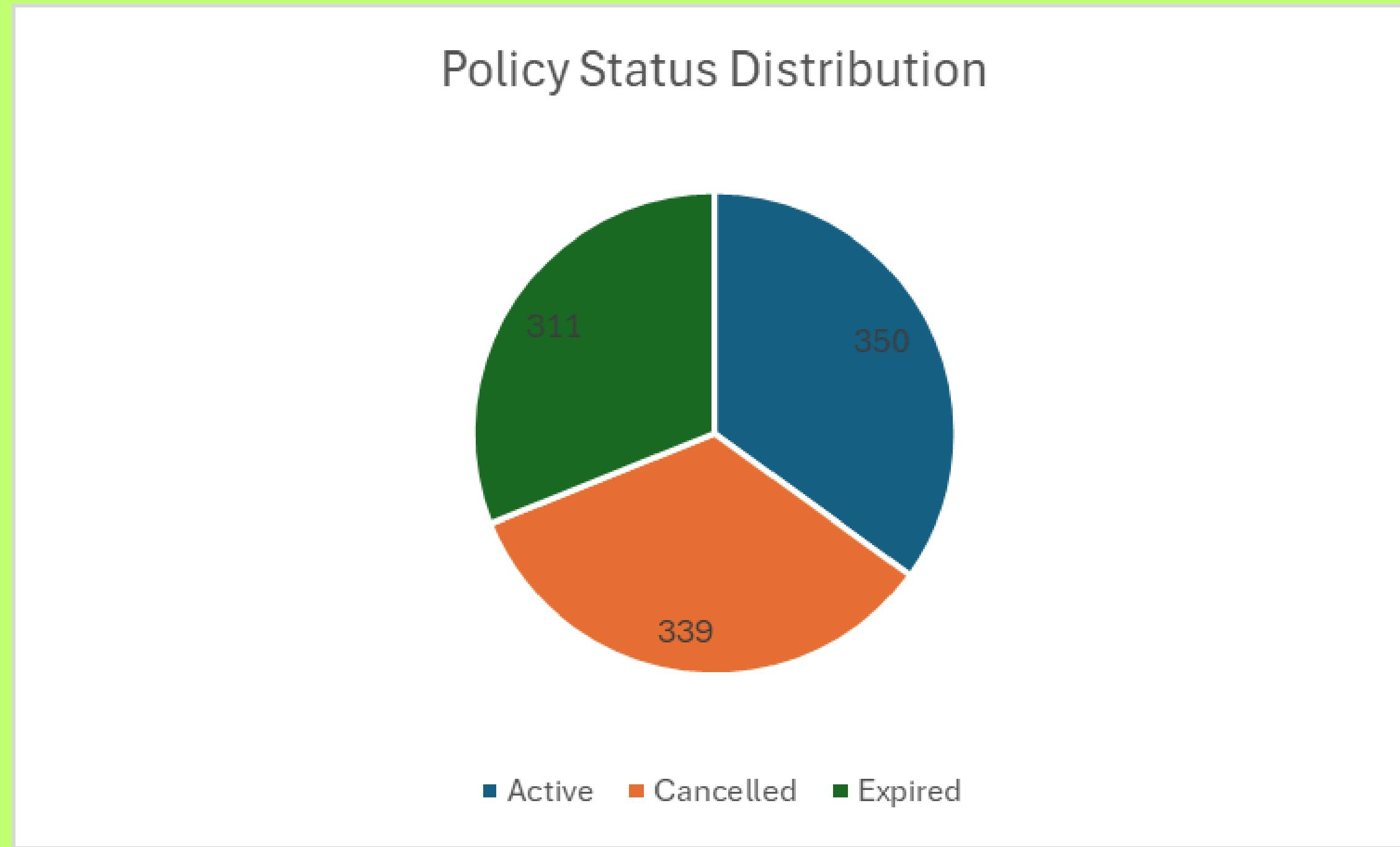
**Total claims significantly exceed total collected premiums, indicating that the portfolio is loss-making overall. In other words, the company incurs approximately 136 AZN in costs for every 100 AZN of premium collected.**

# Yearly Profit Trend



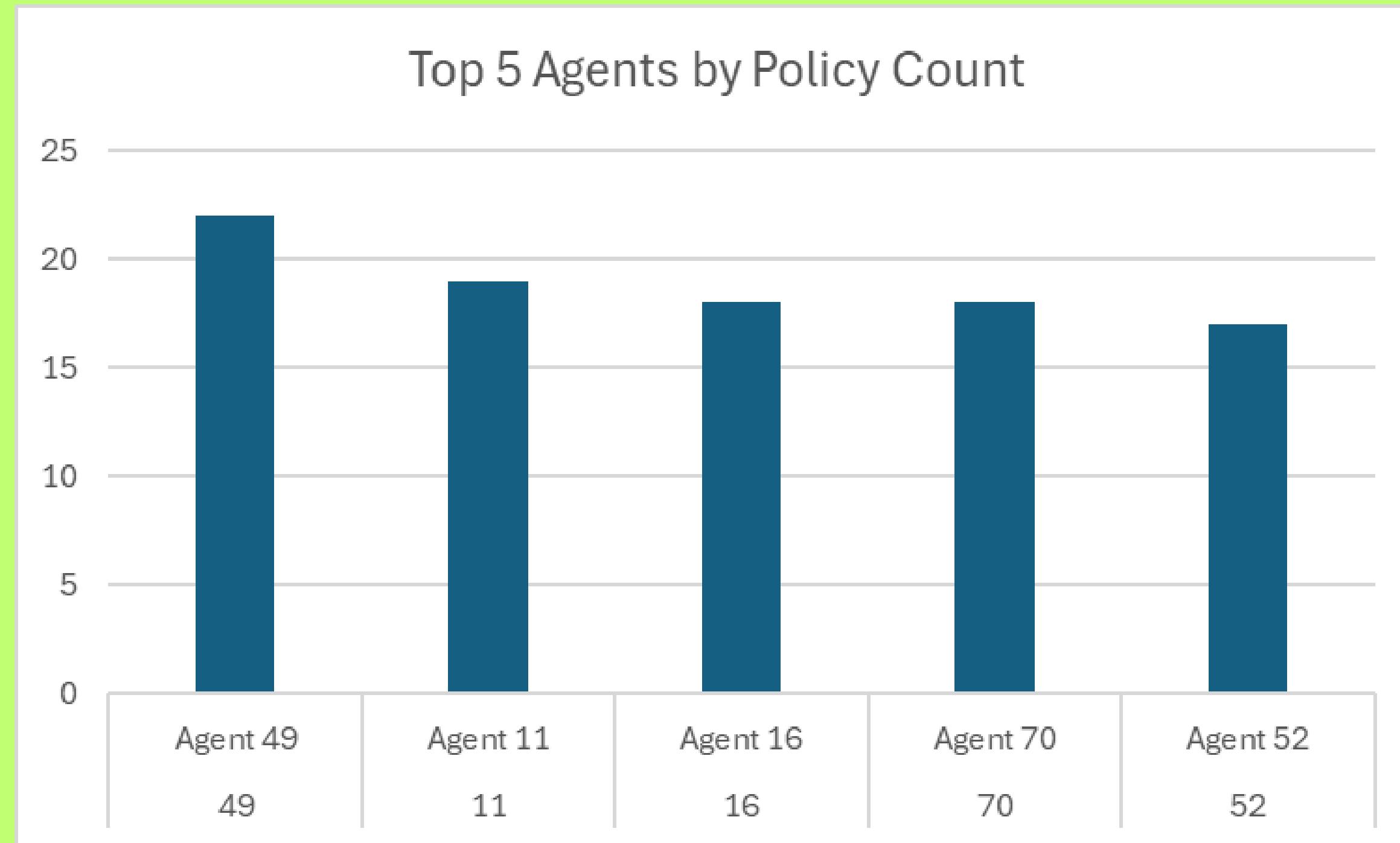
Although losses decreased from 2022 to 2023, they remained almost at the same level in 2024, indicating that the improvement has stalled. This suggests structural issues in the portfolio and that existing measures have not been effective.

# Policy Status Distribution



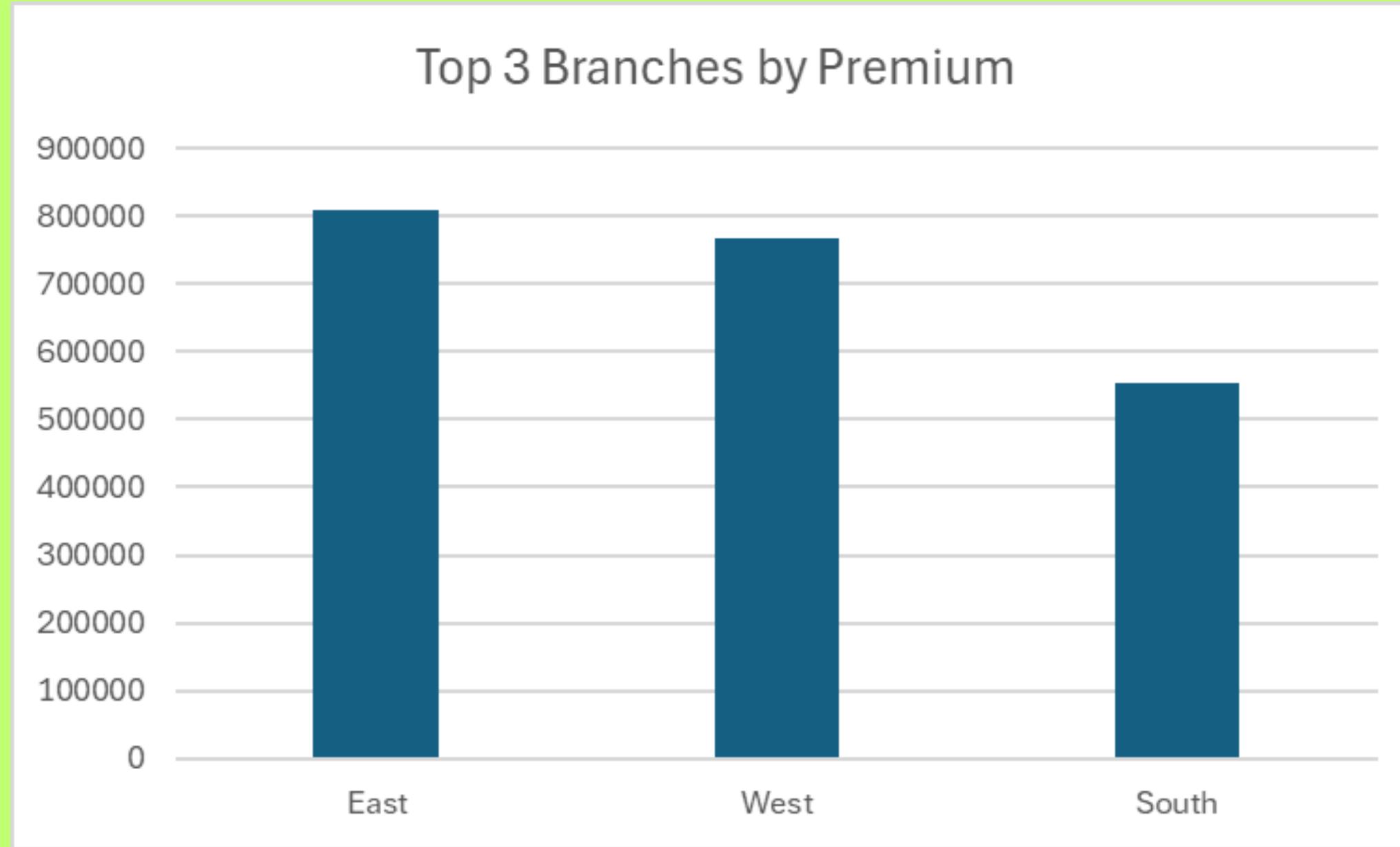
The number of active policies is very close to the number of cancelled and expired policies, which indicates weak customer retention.

# Top 5 Agents by Policy Count



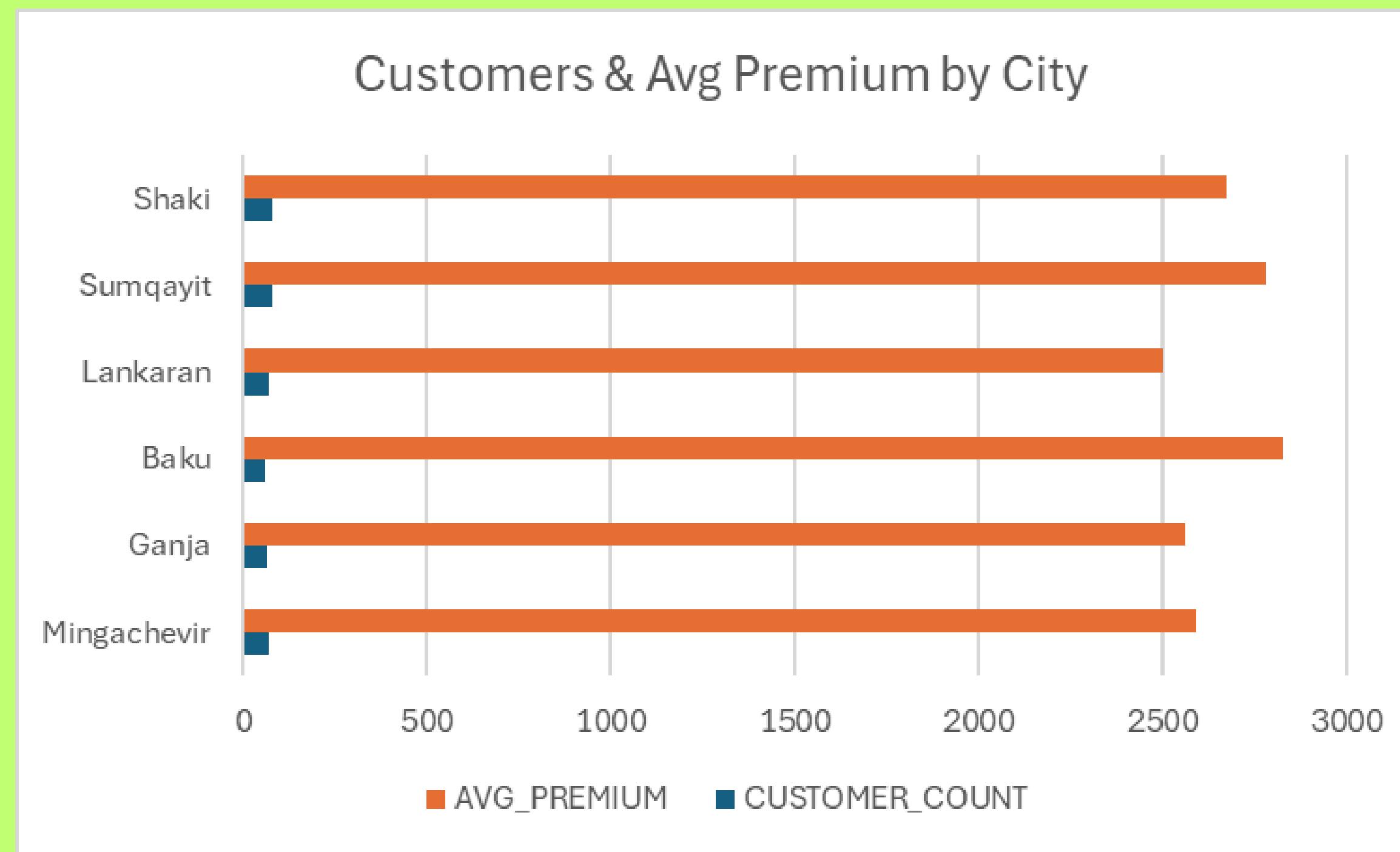
The top-selling agent having only 22 policies shows that sales are widely distributed among agents and that overall productivity is low.

# Top 3 Branches by Premium



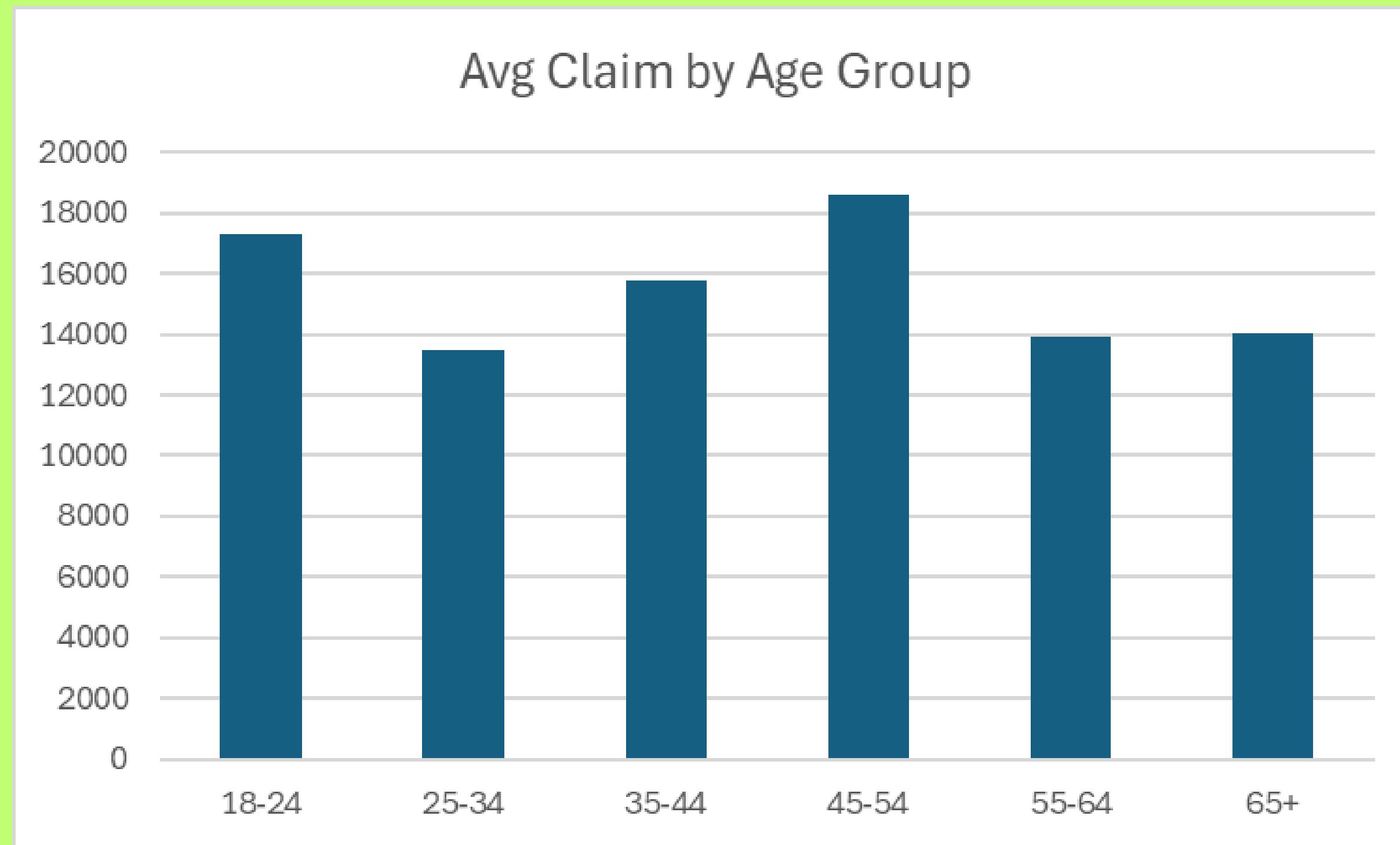
**East, West, and South branches generate the highest premium volumes.**

# Customers & Avg Premium by City



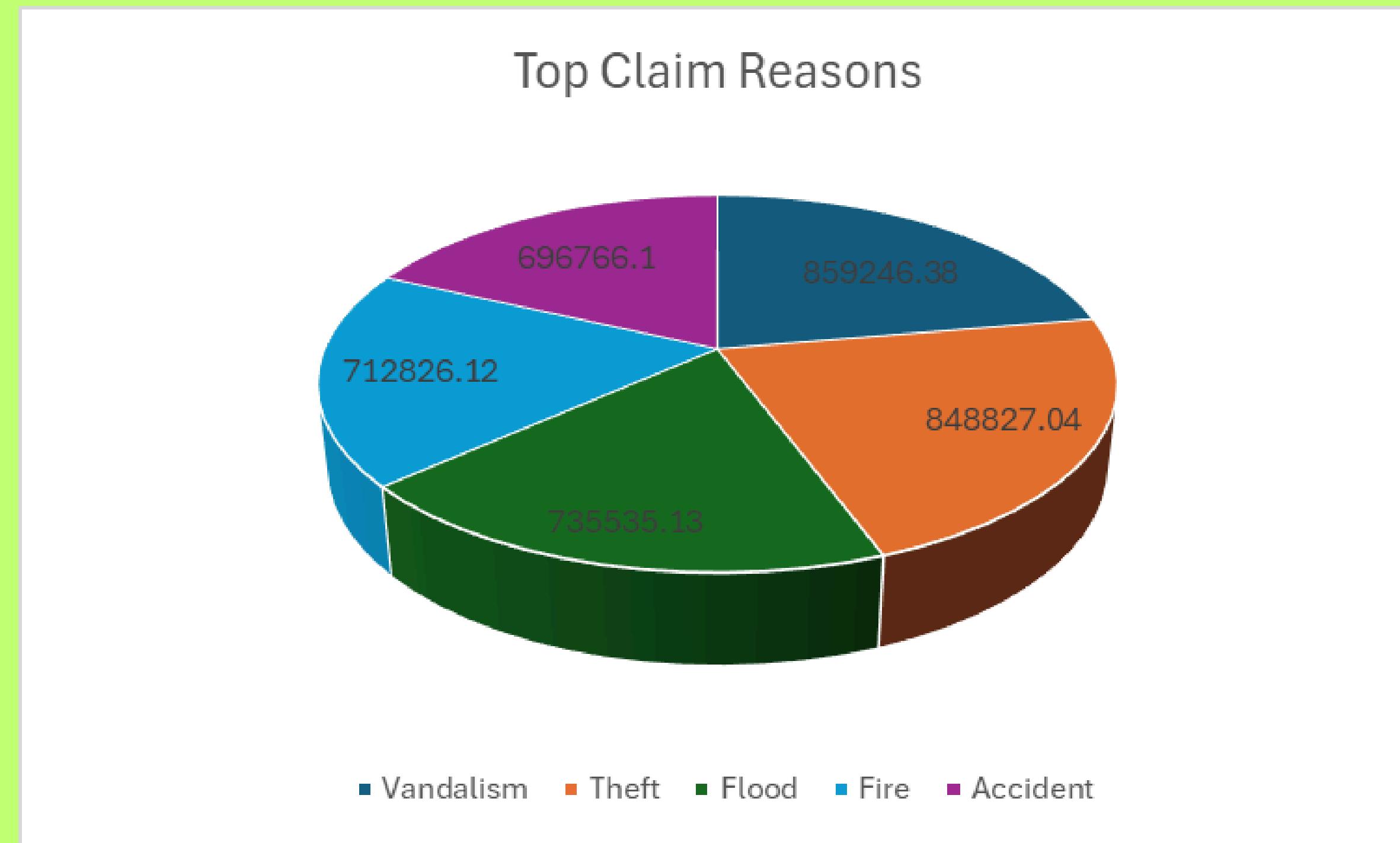
Baku and Sumgayit have the highest average premiums but do not lead in customer count, indicating a limited customer base despite high pricing. Sumgayit and Shaki are more balanced in terms of both customer count and average premium.

# Avg Claim by Age Group



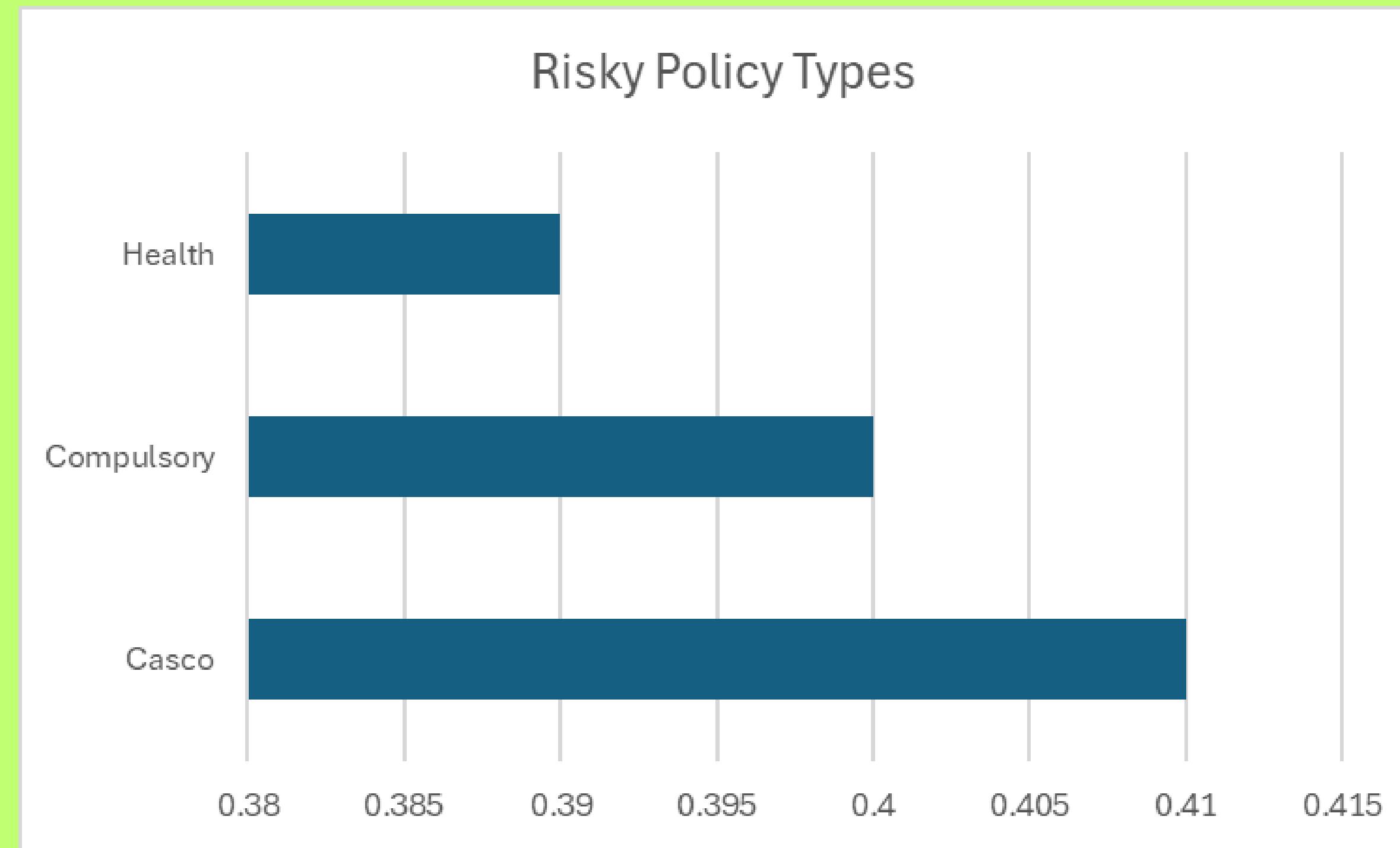
The 45–54 age group has the highest average claim amount, making it the riskiest age segment. The 18–24 age group also shows high claim levels, while middle age groups are relatively more balanced.

# Top Claim Reasons



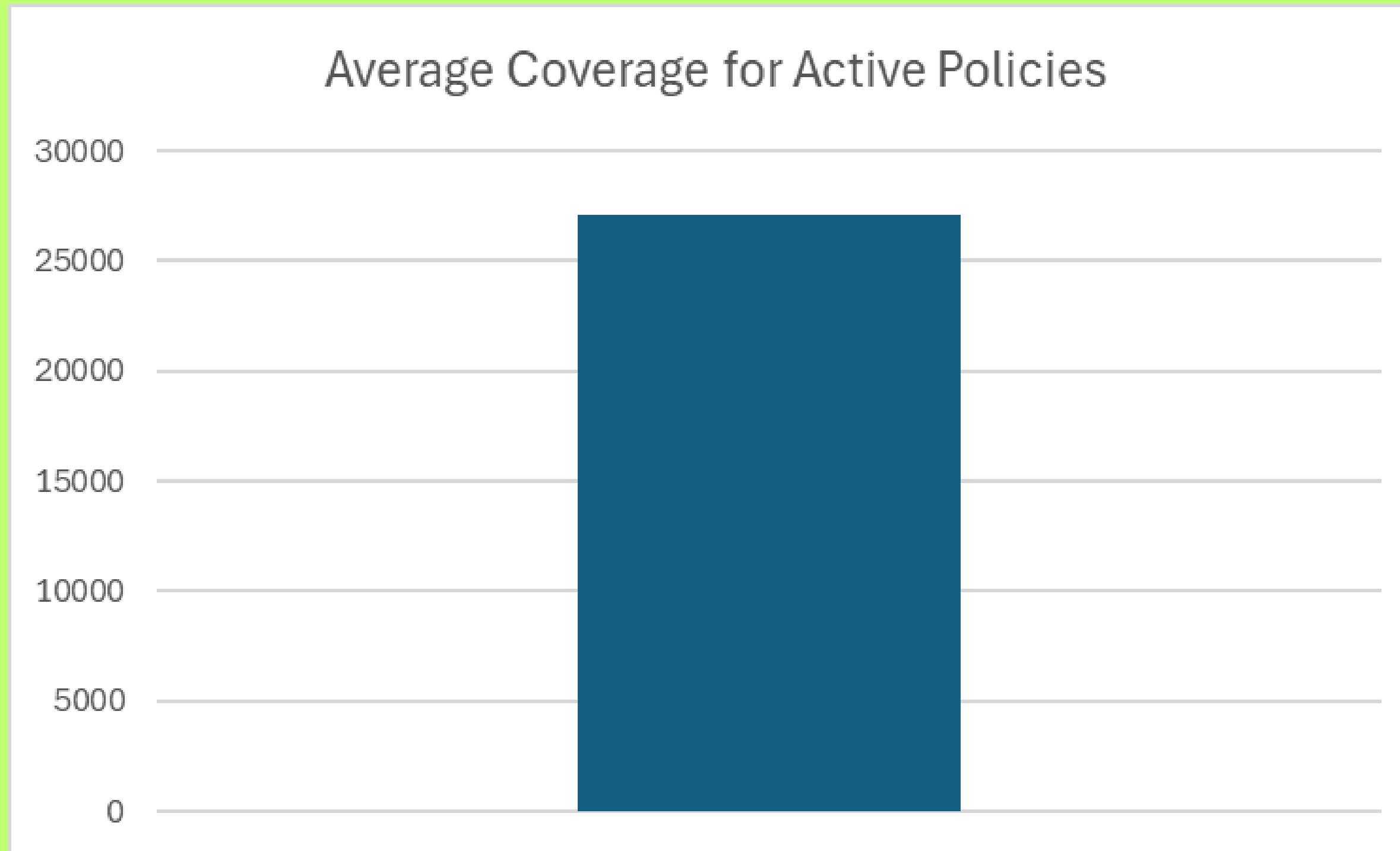
The largest portion of claim costs comes from Vandalism and Theft, indicating that losses are mainly driven by human-related risks. Although natural risks exist, their share in total losses is lower.

# Risky Policy Types



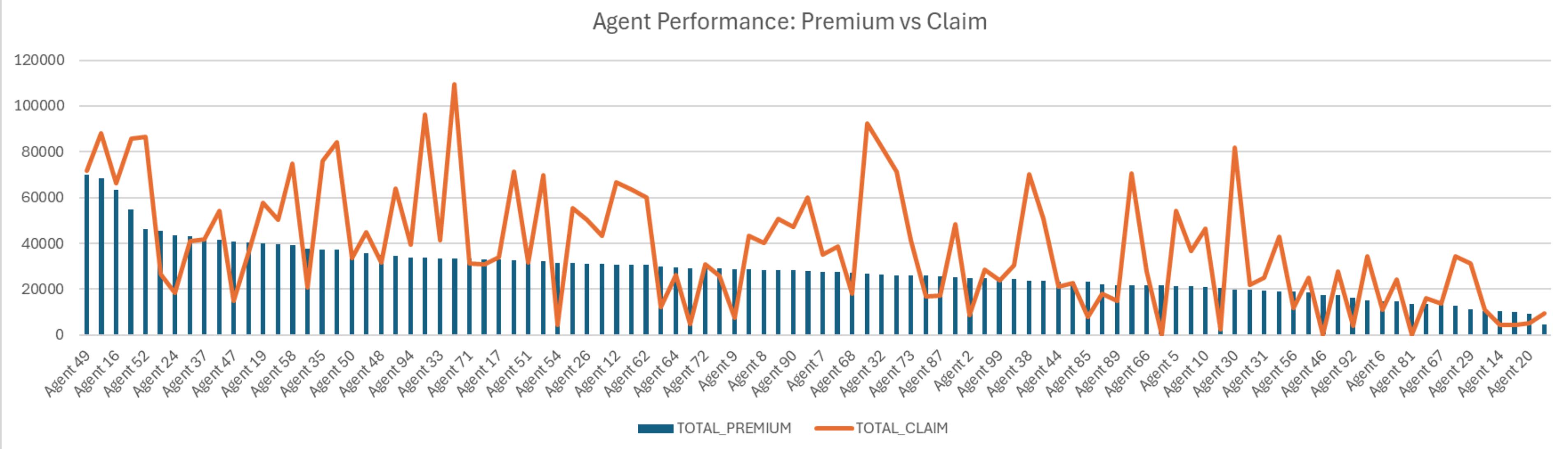
The insurance products with the highest risk levels are Casco, Health, and Compulsory.

# Average Coverage for Active Policies



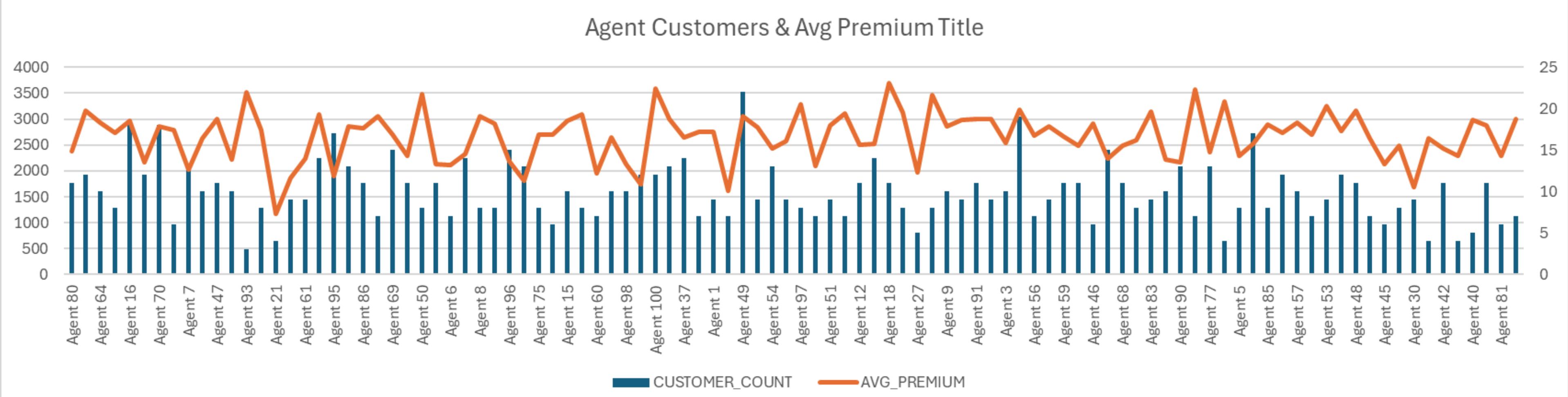
The average coverage amount for active policies is approximately 27,095.2 AZN, indicating high potential claim exposure.

# Agent Performance: Premium vs Claim



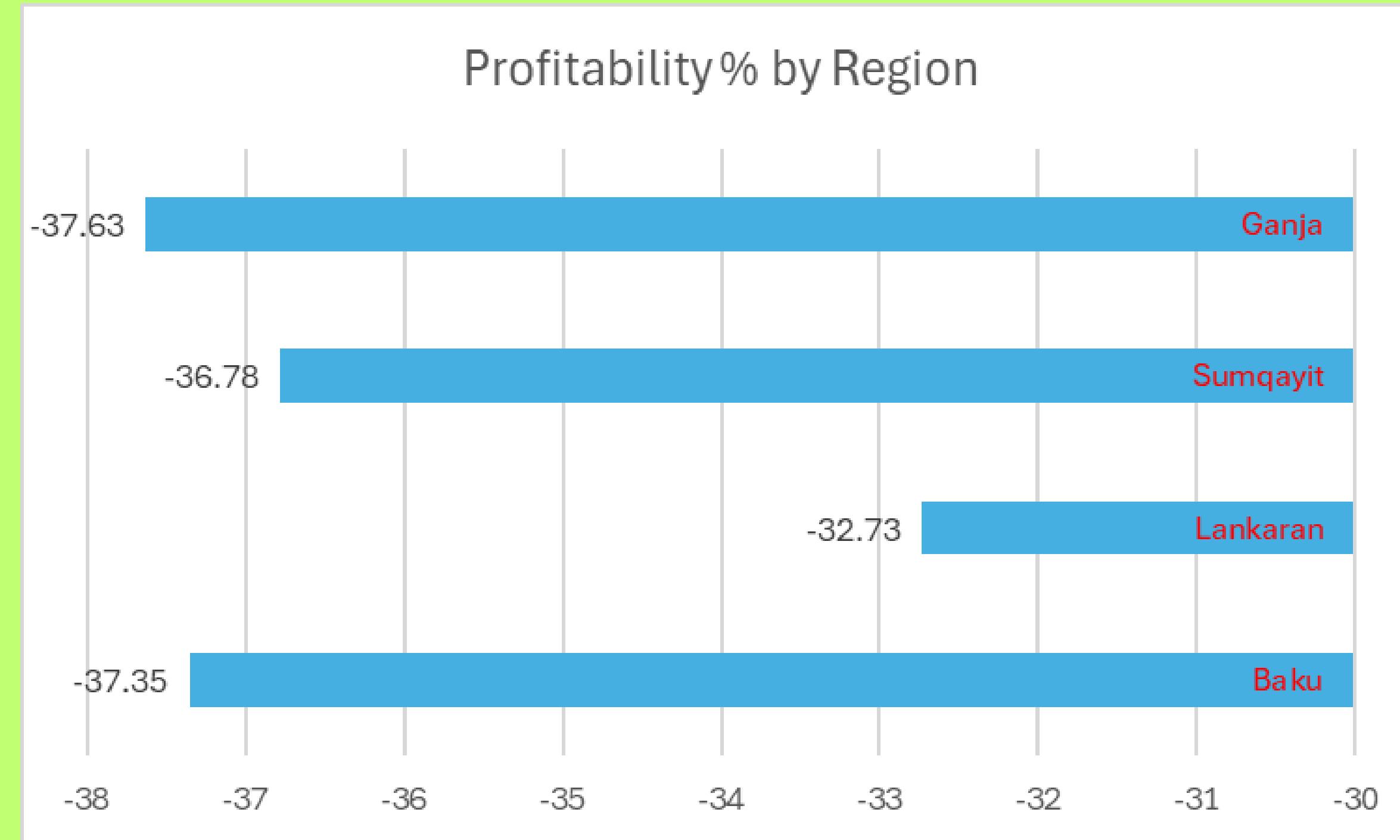
For the majority of agents, total claims exceed total premiums, meaning the portfolio is loss-making at the agent level.

# Agent Customers & Avg Premium Title



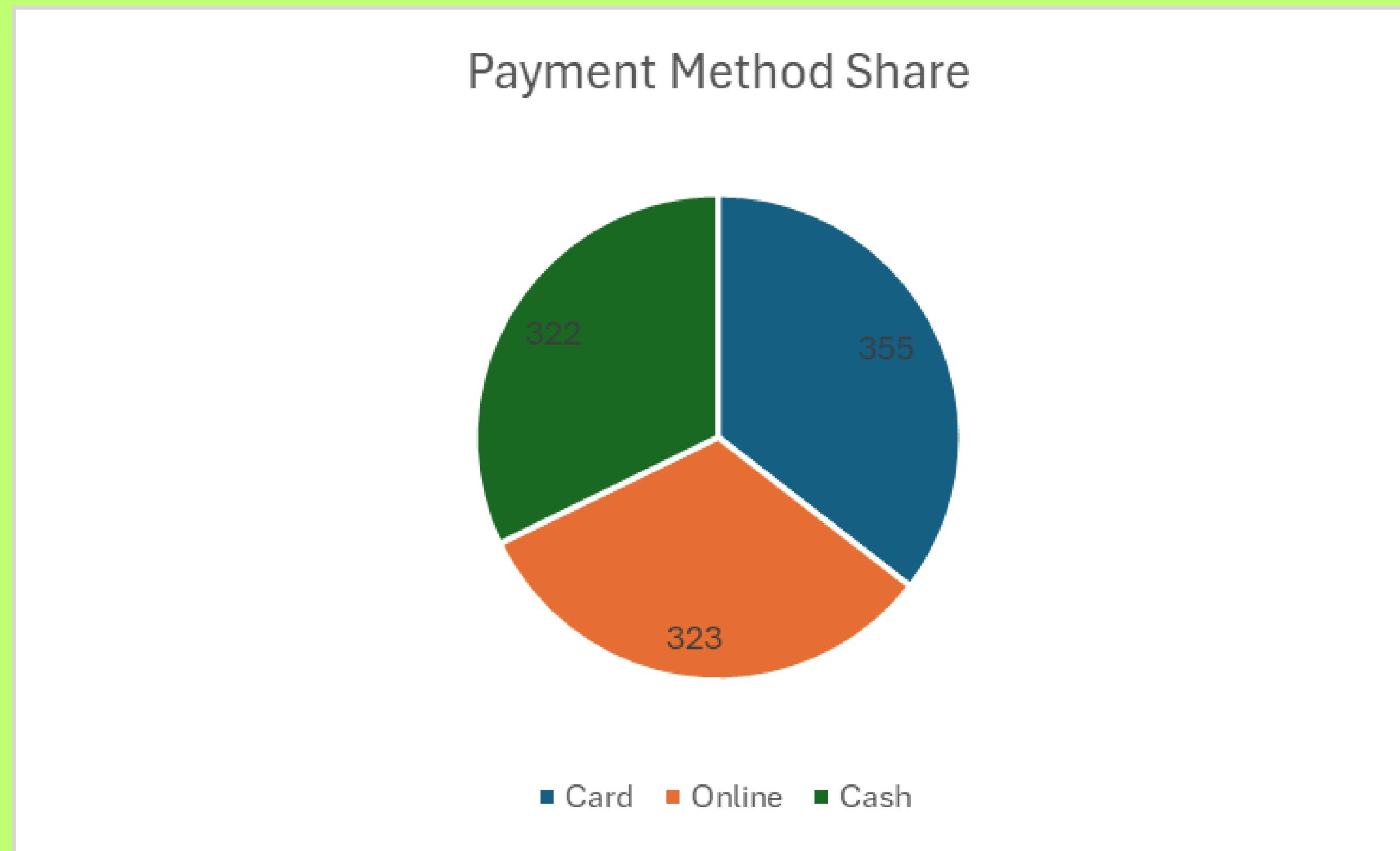
Average premium amounts vary significantly across agents; however, many agents with high average premiums serve a very small number of customers, increasing concentration risk.

# Profitability % by Region



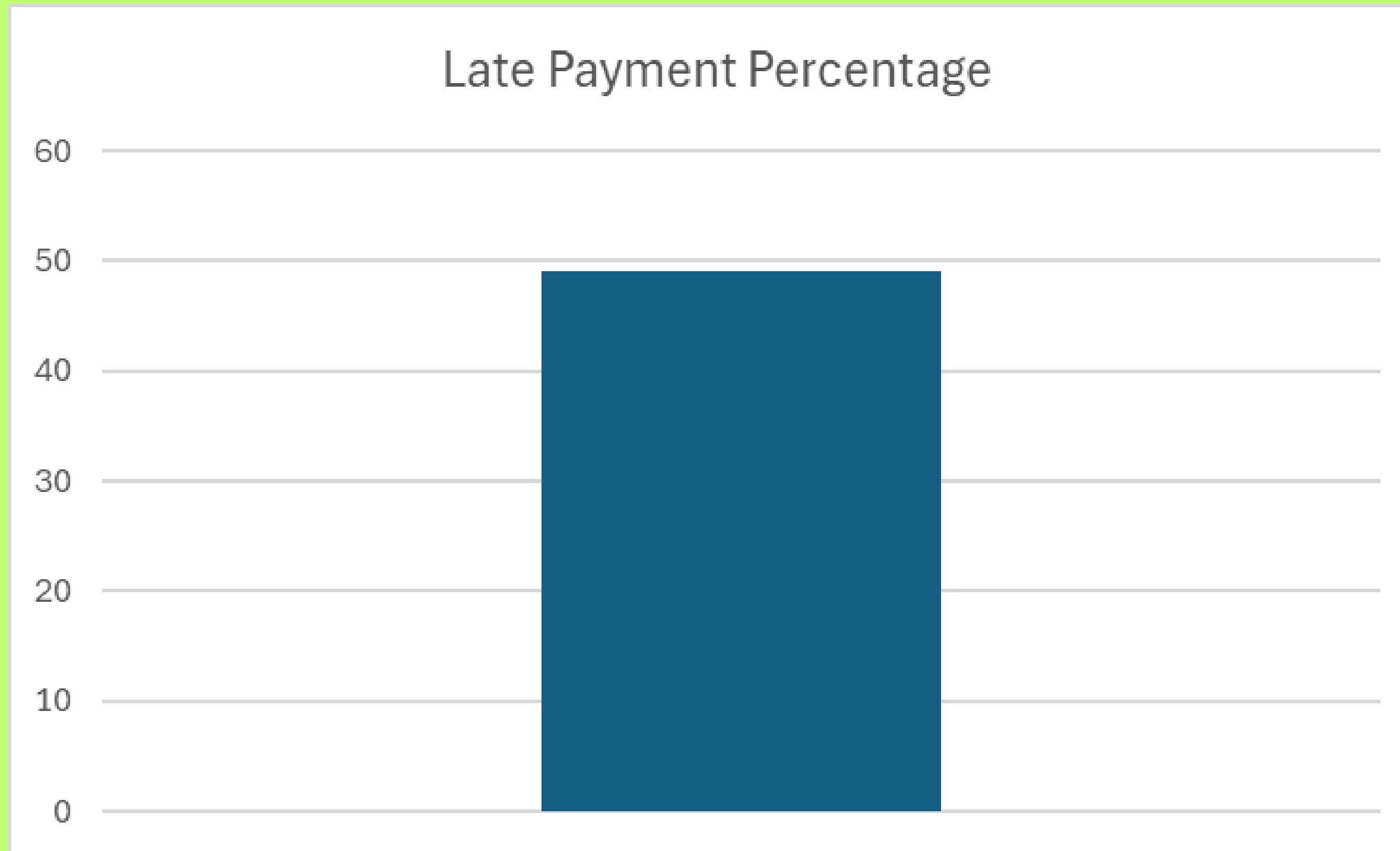
All regions have negative profitability percentages, meaning every region generates losses and no region is currently profitable.

# Payment Method Share



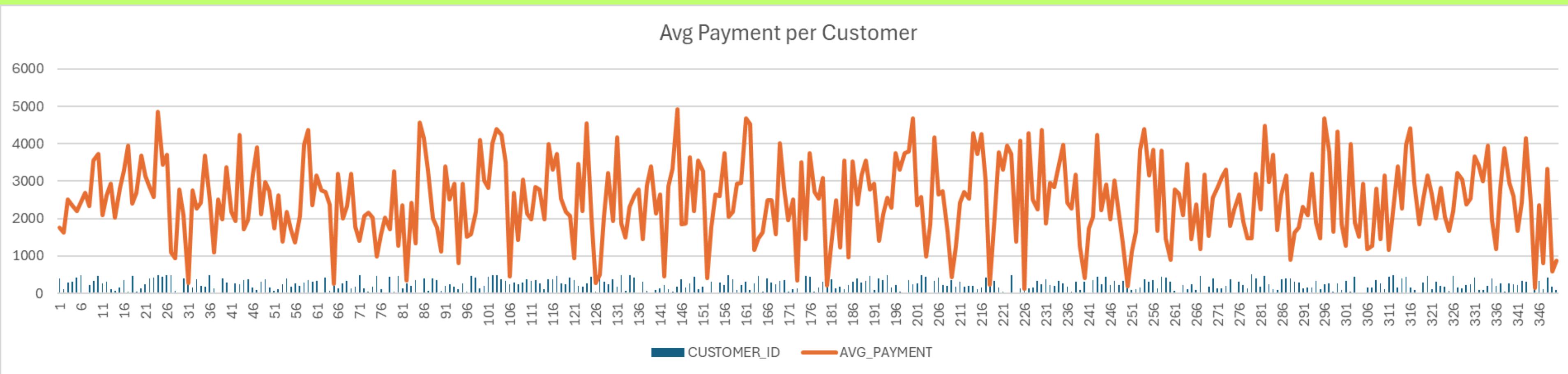
Payment methods are almost evenly distributed. The high share of Card and Online payments indicates strong potential for digital payment adoption.

# Late Payment Percentage



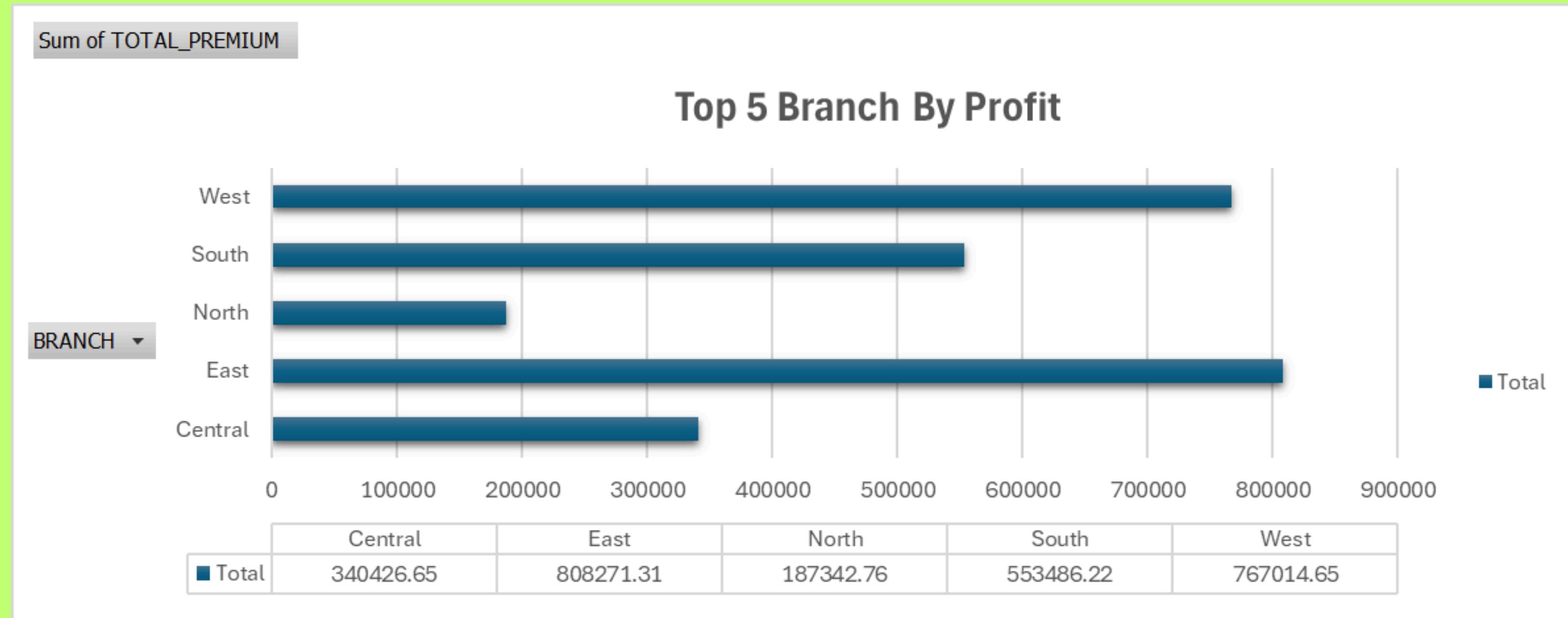
The late payment rate is extremely high at 49%, meaning nearly half of customers do not pay on time.

# Avg Payment per Customer



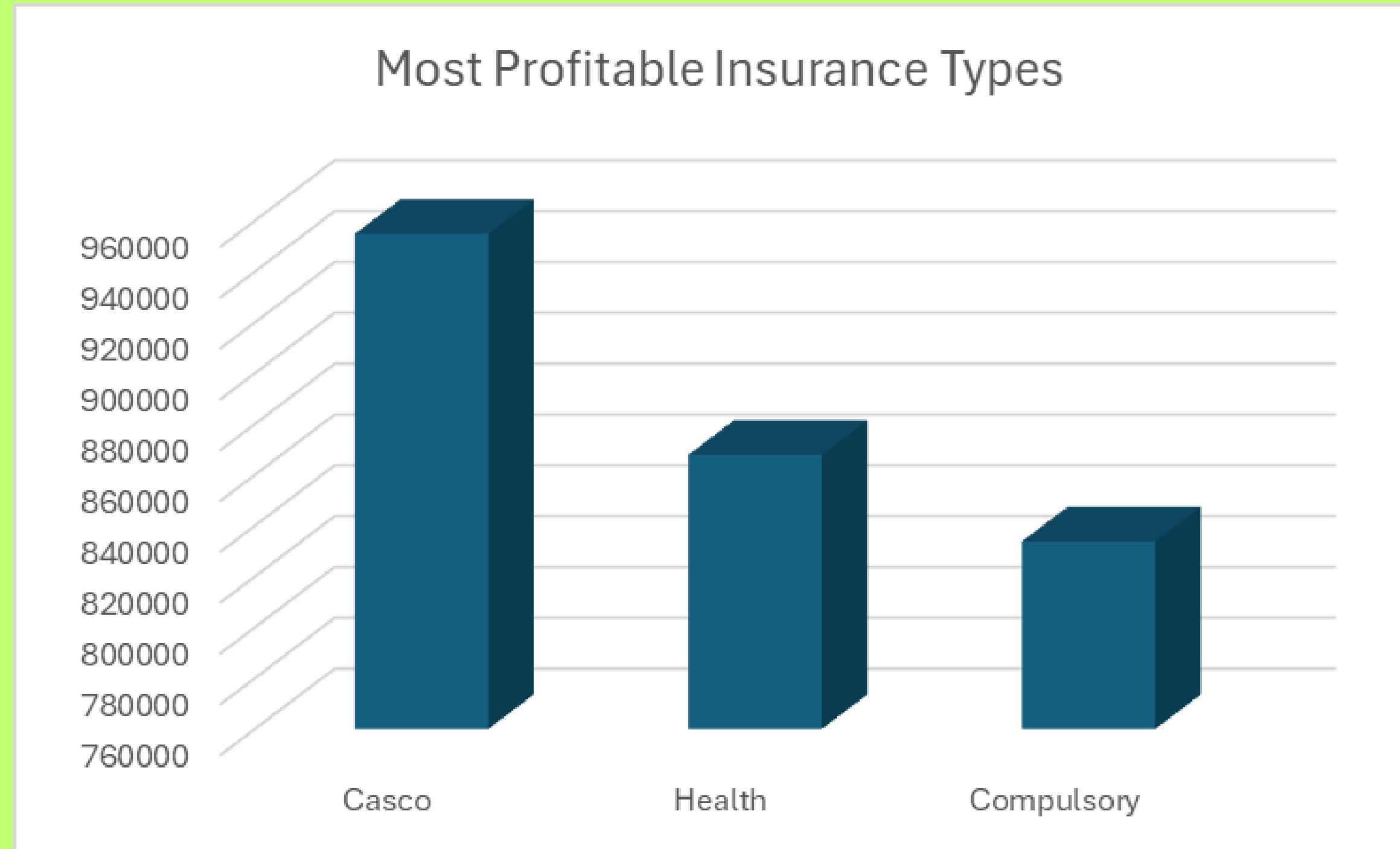
Average payment amounts vary widely across customers.

# Top 5 Branch By Profit



Premiums are mainly concentrated in the East and West branches, while Central, North, and South branches lag behind.

# Most Profitable Insurance Types



The largest share of premiums comes from Casco insurance, while Health and Compulsory have similar shares.

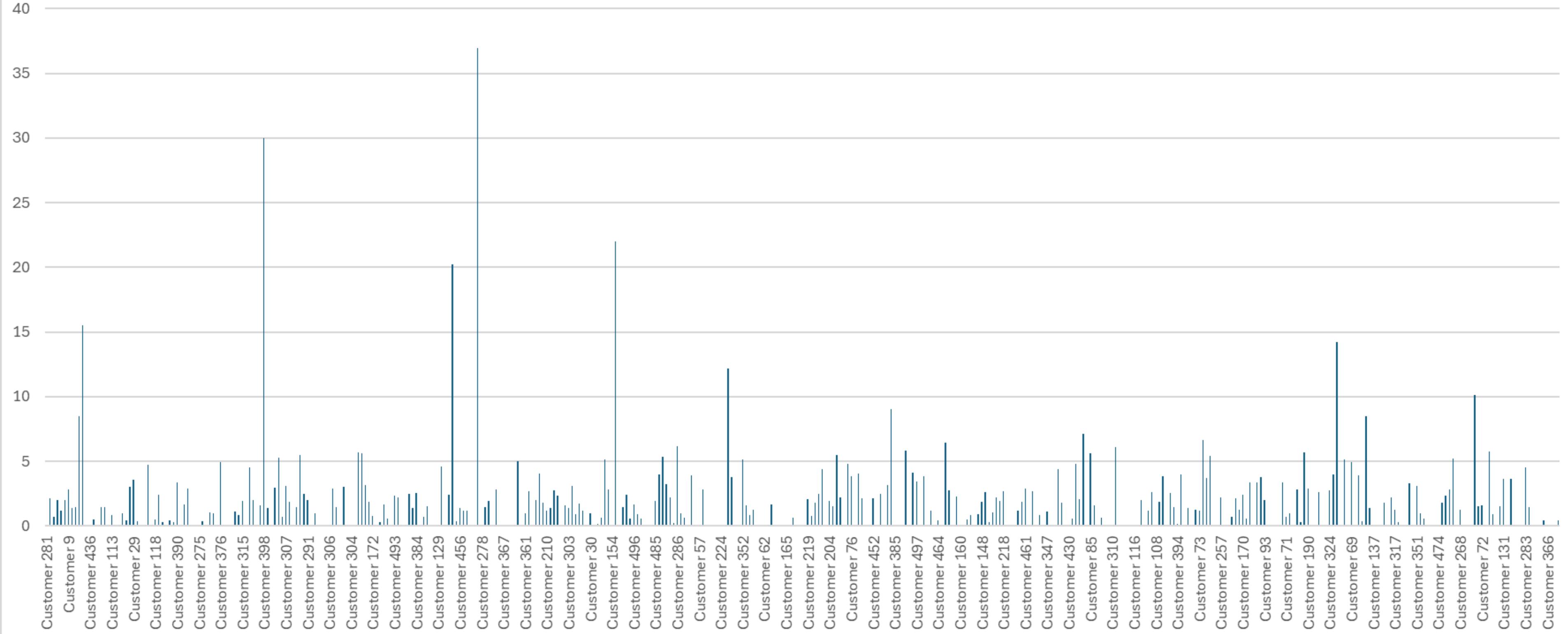
# Agent Profitability %



The majority of agents have negative profitability percentages, and some agents generate very high levels of losses.

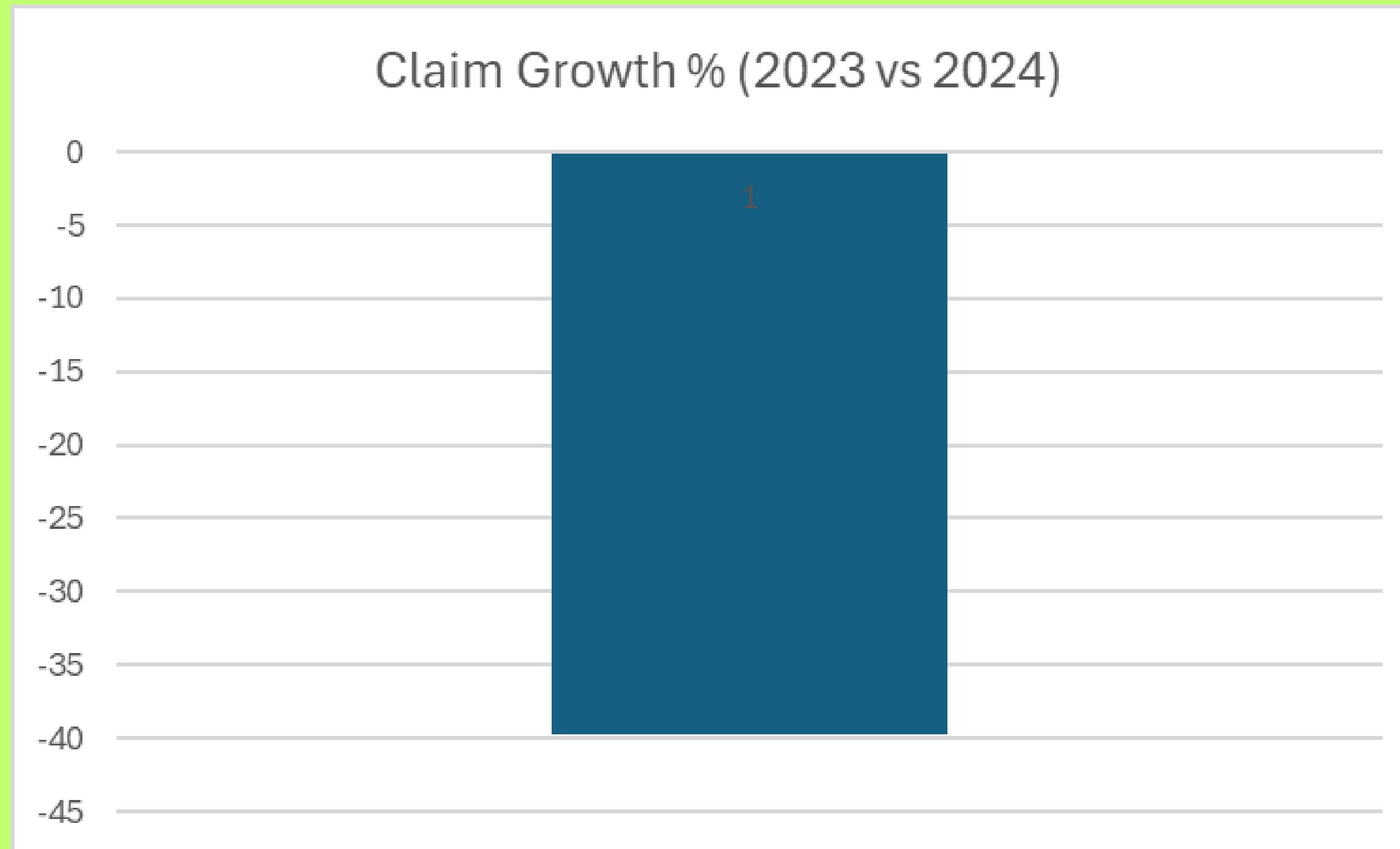
# Customer Claim Ratio

Customer Claim Ratio



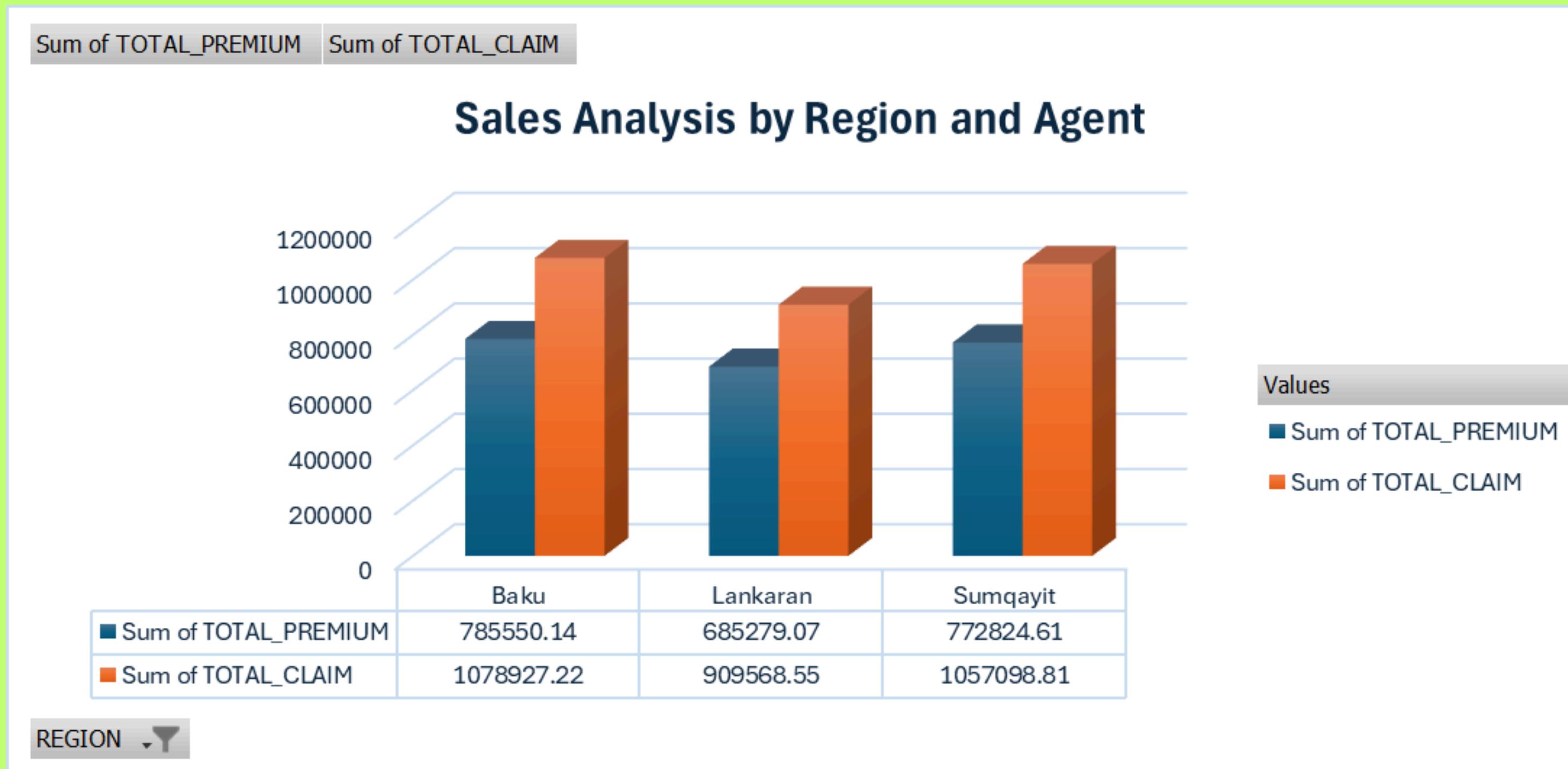
Most customers have claim ratios close to zero.

# Claim Growth % (2023 vs 2024)



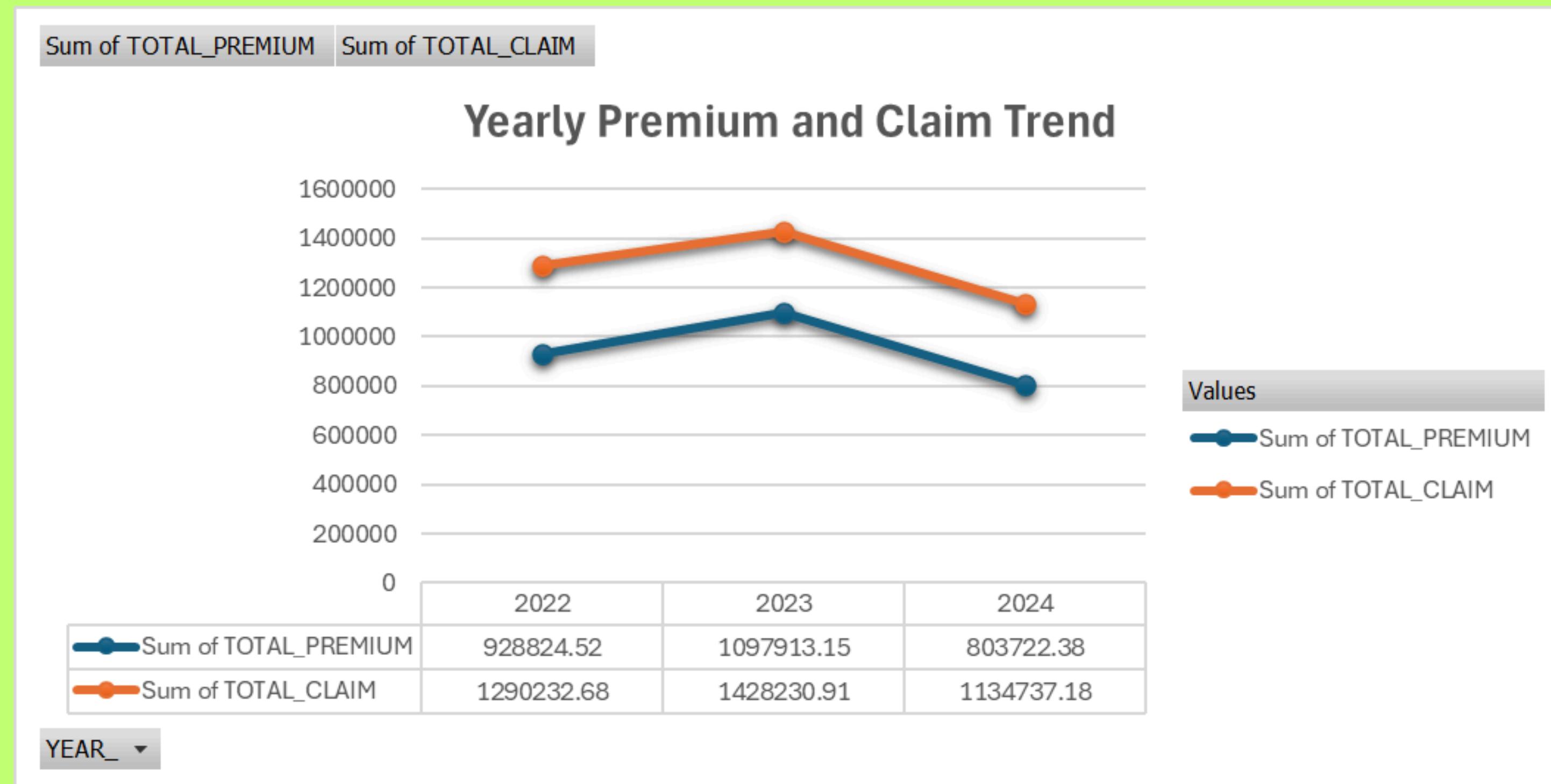
From 2023 to 2024, claim volume decreased by 39.72%, indicating an improvement in risk levels; however, the overall portfolio remains loss-making.

# Sales Analysis by Region and Agent



In all regions, many agents generate total claims exceeding total premiums.

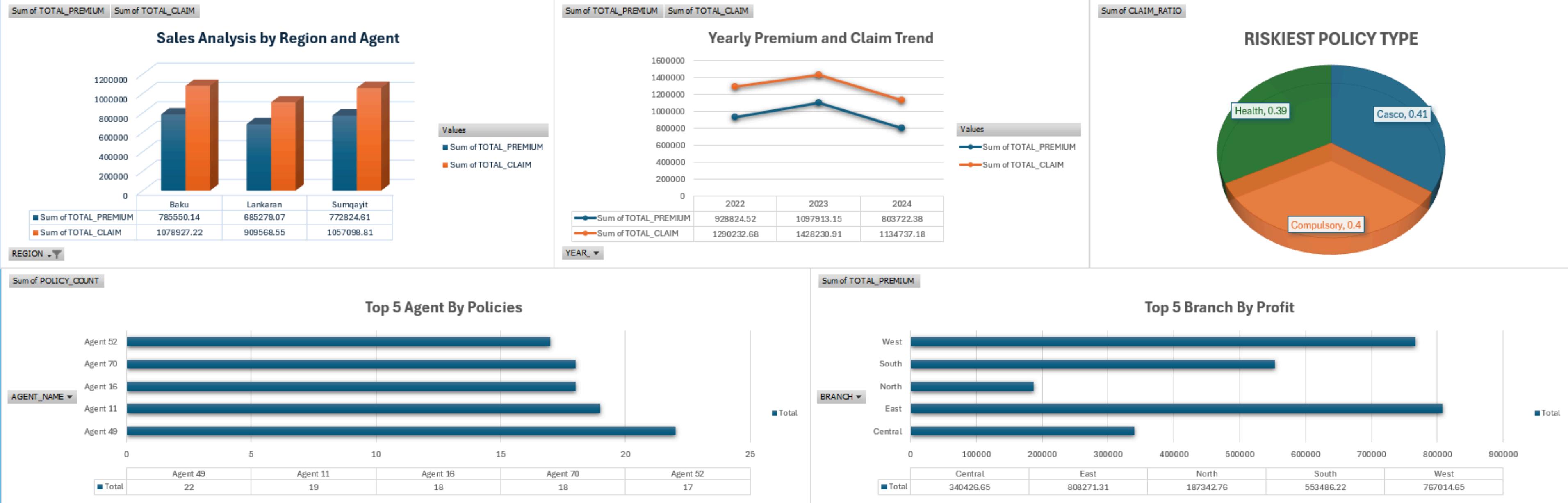
# Yearly Premium and Claim Trend



In all years, total claims exceed total premiums. Although both premiums and claims increased in 2023, losses persisted, and despite lower volumes in 2024, the profitability issue remains unresolved.

# Dashboard

## Insurance Portfolio Analysis



## Final Recommendations

- Casco insurance pricing and policy terms should be redefined, as it generates both the highest premiums and the highest risk and losses.
- Agent performance should be evaluated based on profitability percentage rather than sales volume, since most agents generate losses for the company.
- Sales limits and control mechanisms should be applied to agents with negative profitability, as regional losses are largely driven by agent-level performance.
- Lankaran should be selected as a priority optimization region, as it is the least loss-making region compared to others.
- Underwriting rules should be tightened in Baku and Ganja, where high sales volumes are accompanied by high claim levels.
- Customers with high claim ratios should be managed as a separate risk segment, as they account for a large share of total losses.
  - Risk-based pricing should be applied to the 45–54 age group, which has the highest average claim amounts.
  - Preventive measures should be implemented for Vandalism and Theft claims, as they represent the main drivers of claim costs.
- Card and online payments should be actively encouraged to reduce the critically high late payment rate.
- A pricing model based on region, agent, and product components should be implemented, as the current approach leads to losses across the entire portfolio.

Thank you  
for your  
attention!

