

# **COMP23111**

Academic year 2016 ~ 2017

**Exercise Number: EX04**

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```
-- [header]

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-- COMP23111 Fundamentals of Databases

-- Exercise 04

-- by Boyin Yang, ID 10071239, login name mfbyaby3

-- [opening]

SET ECHO ON

SPOOL eclectic.txt

start /opt/info/courses/COMP23111/create-Eclectic-Ecommerce-tables.sql

start /opt/info/courses/COMP23111/populate-Eclectic-Ecommerce-tables.sql

-- causes the SQL statements themselves to be spooled

-- sends everything to <spoolfilename>


-- here you can set the SQL*Plus parameters, such as column width,

-- that will allow the script to produce readable answers in the spool

-- file

-- [body]
```

```
/* Task1 (a) */
```

```
create or replace view customer_name_with_carts as
```

```
    select distinct firstName, lastName
```

```
    from customerInfo, orderCartInfo
```

```
    where loginName = customerID;
```

```
select * from customer_name_with_carts;
```

```
/* Task1 (b) */
```

```
create or replace view item_in_inventory_need_reorder as
```

```
    select distinct inventoryItem.itemNum, code, belongsTo, qtyInstock
```

```
    from inventoryItem, itemType
```

```
    where qtyInstock<25 and inventoryItem.itemNum = itemType.itemNum
```

```
    order by itemNum;
```

```
select *from item_in_inventory_need_reorder;
```

```
/* Task1 (c) */
```

```
create or replace view customer_paid_in_each_order as
```

```
    select distinct loginName, firstName, lastName,
```

```
    lineItems.orderCartId, sum(orderPrice) as totalPrice
```

```
    from customerInfo, lineItems, orderCartInfo
```

```

        where loginName=customerID and lineItems.orderCartId =
orderCartInfo.orderCartId

        group by loginName,firstName, lastName, lineItems.orderCartId

        order by orderCartId;

select * from customer_paid_in_each_order;


/* Task1 (d) */

create or replace view customer_paid_in_total as

        select distinct loginName, firstName, lastName, sum(totalPrice) as
totalPrices

        from customer_paid_in_each_order

        group by loginName, firstName, lastName

        order by loginName;

select * from customer_paid_in_total;


/* Task1 (e) */

create or replace view number_of_carts_per_customer as

        select distinct customerID, count(orderCartId) as num

        from orderCartInfo

        group by customerID

        order by customerID;

```

```

select customerID,

        case

        when num <= 2 then 'BR-1 satisfied'

        else 'BR-1 violated'

        end

        "OUTCOME"

        from number_of_carts_per_customer;

```

```

/* Task1 (f) */

```

```

select itemNum, itemColor, itemSize

from (

        select itemNum, itemColor,itemSize,

        case

        when typeNum <= 1 then 'BR-2 satisfied'

        else 'BR-2 violated'

        end

        "OUTCOME"

        from(

                select itemNum, itemColor, itemSize, count(*) as typeNum

                from inventoryItem

```

```

        group by itemNum,itemColor,itemSize

        order by itemNum

    )

)

where OUTCOME = 'BR-2 violated';

/* Task1 (g) */

select * from itemType;

create or replace trigger raise_insert_error

    after insert or update

    on itemType

    declare

        fourTimeMinPrice float;

        maxPrice float;

    begin

        select 4*min(price) into fourTimeMinPrice from itemType;

        select max(price) into maxPrice from itemType;

        if (maxPrice>fourTimeMinPrice) then

            raise_application_error

```



When trigger that using AFTER is triggered, data has not committed directly. So we can ROLLBACK before the end of that trigger if the new data is not we expect.