

- Parents:

$$x_1 \ x_2 \ x_3 \ x_4 \ \dots x_k \ \dots x_n$$

$$y_1 \ y_2 \ y_3 \ y_4 \ \dots y_k \ \dots y_n$$

- Select a single gene  $k$  at random

- children are created as

$$x_1 \ \dots \ x_{k-1} \ \overset{\alpha}{y_k} + \overset{\beta}{x_k} \ \dots \ x_n$$

$$y_1 \ \dots \ y_{k-1} \ \alpha x_k + \beta y_k \ \dots \ y_n$$

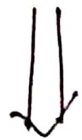
Where  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are constant values

For example:

$$\alpha = 0.5 \text{ (may be positive/negative)}$$

$$\beta = 0.6 \xrightarrow{k=4} \text{ (may be positive/negative)}$$

X:	0.5	0.7	0.6	$\overset{x_k}{\uparrow}$ <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">0.4</span>	0.3
Y:	0.1	0.2	0.4	<span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">0.5</span> $\downarrow$ $y_k$	0.3



After cross over

X:	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.49	0.3
Y:	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.50	0.3

$$0.5 * 0.5 + 0.6 * 0.4 = 0.25 + 0.24 = 0.49$$

$$0.5 * 0.4 + 0.6 * 0.5 = 0.20 + 0.30 = 0.50$$