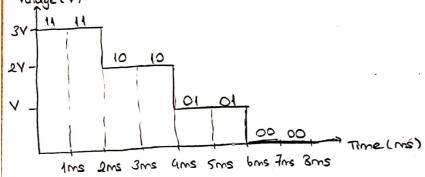
## CSE 232 Spring 2020

## HOMEWORK - 1

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1- Assume that OV is encoded as 00, 1V as 01, 24 as 10, 34 as 11. You are given a digital encoding of an audio signal as follows: 1111101001010000 Alot the re-created signal with time on the x-asis and voltage on the y-axis. Assume that each encoding's corresponding voltage should be output for 1 millsecond. Votage (Y)



2-Convert Abiliousing binary numbers to declind numbers

0. 000011 b.1111 c. 11110 
$$1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$$
  $1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$   $1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$   $1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$   $1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$   $1 \times 2^{0} + 1 \times 2 = 3$ 

d. 111100  

$$0.20 + 0.2^{1} + 1.2^{2} + 1.2^{3} + 1.2^{4} + 1.2^{5} = 60$$
  $0.2^{0} + 1.2^{1} + 0.2^{2} + 4.2^{3} + 1.2^{4} = 25$ 

3-Convert the following binary numbers to hexadecimal

0. 
$$\frac{1100 \cdot 1101}{1.03 + 1.2^2 = 12} \rightarrow 0$$

$$1.2^{3}+1.2^{2}=12 \rightarrow C \qquad 3 CD$$

$$1.2^{3}+1.2^{2}+1.2^{0}=13 \rightarrow D \qquad 3 CD$$

b. 
$$10100101$$
,  
 $1010 \rightarrow 2^{3} + 2 = 10 \rightarrow A$  AS  
 $0101 \rightarrow 2^{2} + 1 = 5 \rightarrow 5$ 

d. 110110111100  

$$1 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 1$$
  
 $1011 \rightarrow 2^{3}+2+1 = 11 \rightarrow B$   
 $0111 \rightarrow 2^{2}+2+1 = 7 \rightarrow 7$   
 $1100 \rightarrow 2^{3}+2^{2} = 12 \rightarrow C$ 

4- Convert the following hexadecimal numbers to decimal a. 10 6. CE 3 3.160+14.16+4.162=1251 0.160+1.16=16 F => 115 . C. FFO d. 200 0.160+15.161+15.162=4080 0.160+ 0.16+2.162 = 512 J. Encode following words into bits using the Ascil encoding table in Figure 1.9 RESET! **b**. α. LET 1000010 1010011 1010011 1010001 0010101 00100 1010001 0011 001 C'1000 110 0010010 0000 010 0011 001 0011 0011 0011 1010001 0001001