



**Ganpat
University**

॥ विद्यया समाजोत्कर्षः ॥

**Institute of
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Technology**

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Batch:61

-----PRACTICAL 19-----

Implement an application with CRUD operation using Postgres with NodeJS.

A social media website xyz.com wants to manage its users records and this task is given to you. They are seeking functionalities:

Practical 19.1: New joiner data should be stored in DB.

Practical 19.2: The admin can see the whole DB,

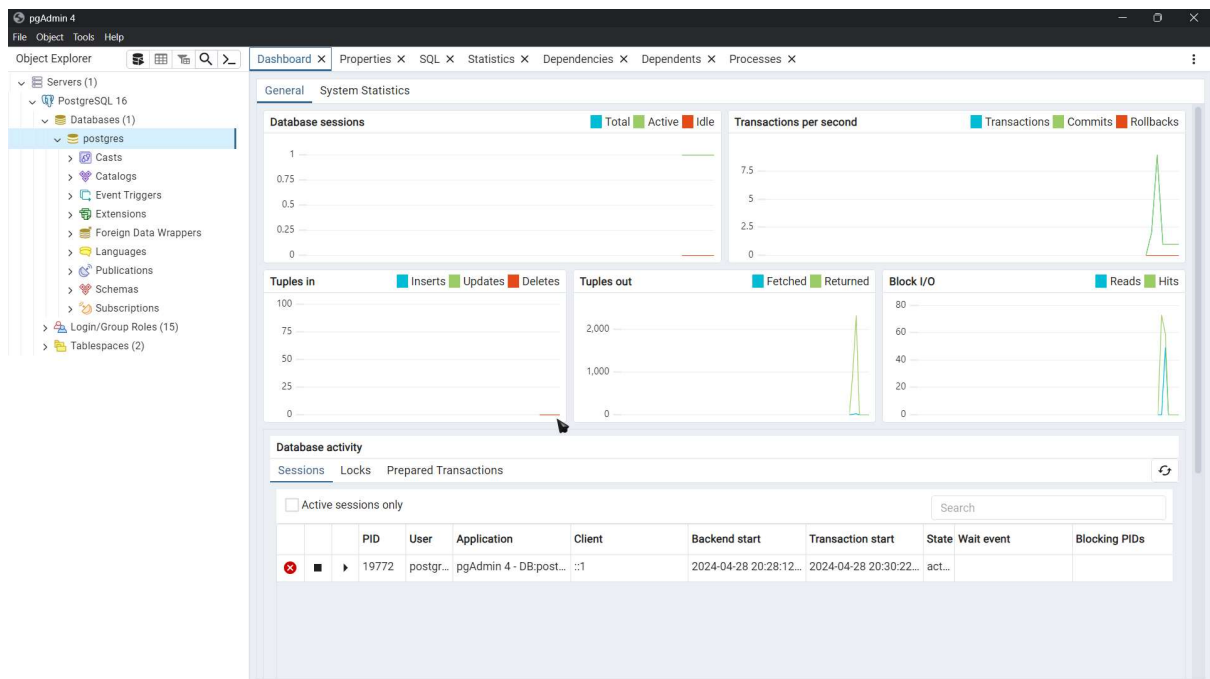
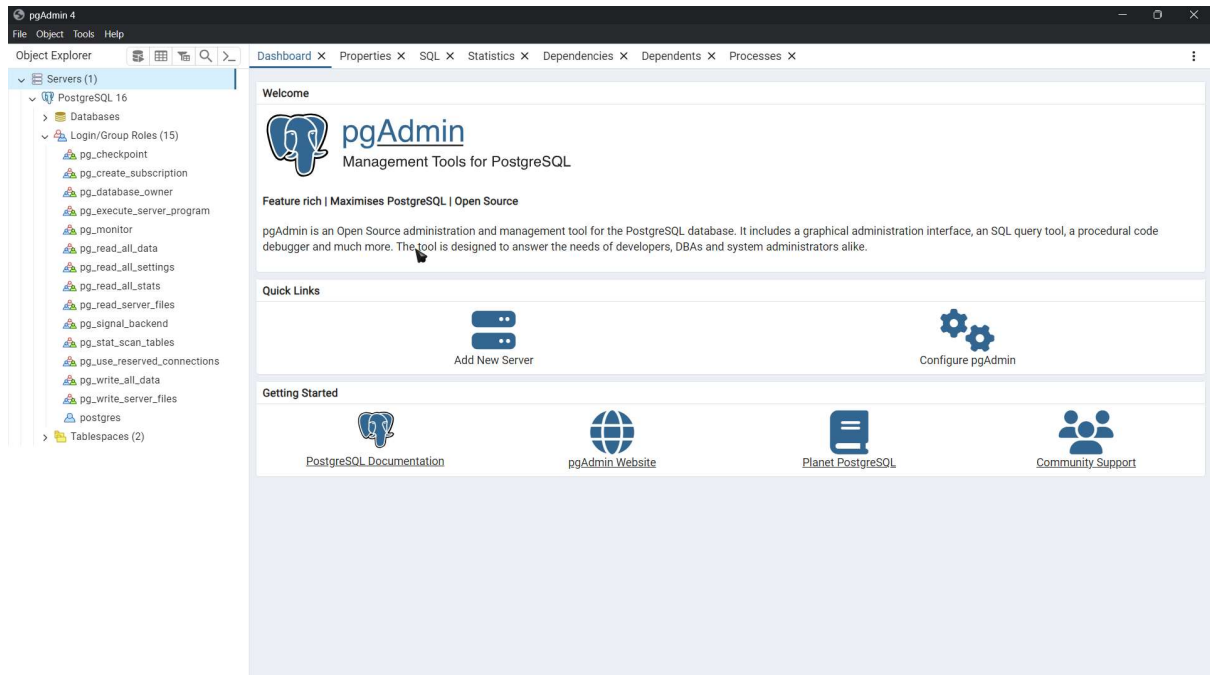
Practical 19.3: The admin can filter out the DB.

Practical 19.4: The user can update their information, which should be updated in the DB.

Practical 19.5: The admin can delete the record from DB.

Practical 19.6: Integrate your Nodejs application with the IBM cloud service- Databases for Postgresql and check for the database status using pg admin.

First login in to pgAdmin



Now open SQL shell then click enter set all default than give password of postgres create database name api

```

SQL Shell (psql)
Server [localhost]:
Database [postgres]:
Port [5432]:
Username [postgres]:
Password for user postgres:

psql (16.2)
WARNING: Console code page (437) differs from Windows code page (1252)
        8-bit characters might not work correctly. See psql reference
        page "Notes for Windows users" for details.
Type "help" for help.

postgres=# CREATE DATABASE api;
CREATE DATABASE
postgres=#

```

Now use \c api command to go in to api database

And create some tables and insert values too

```

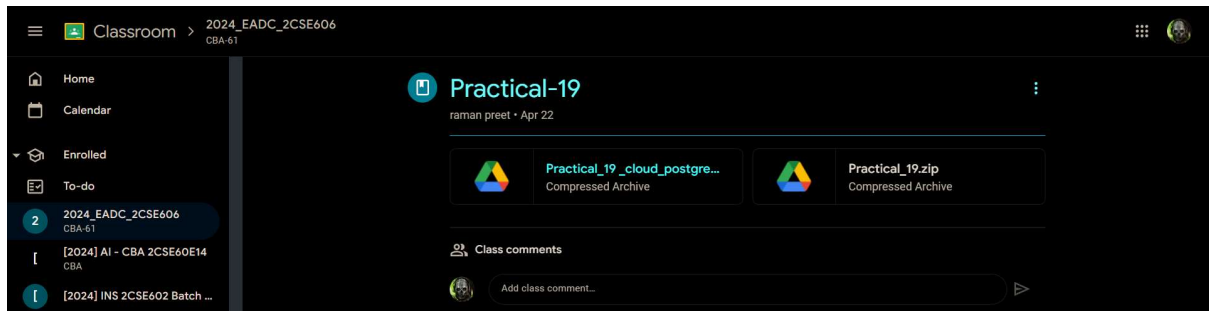
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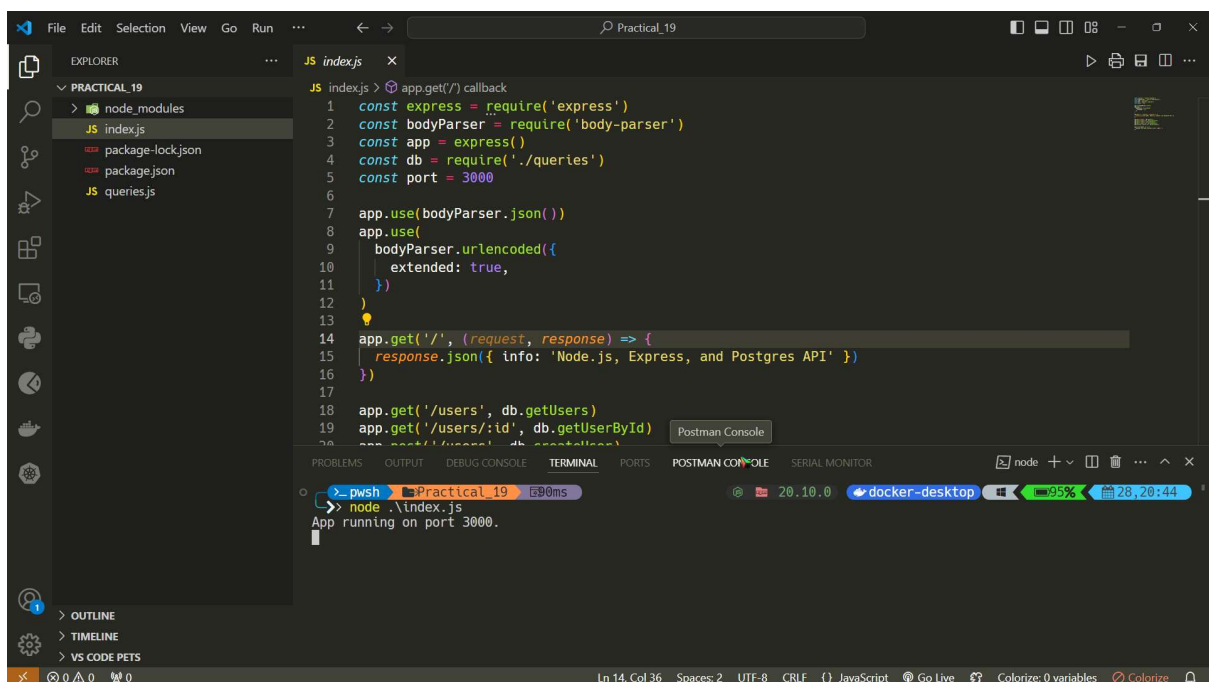
postgres=# CREATE DATABASE api;
CREATE DATABASE
postgres=#
postgres=#
postgres=#
postgres=#
postgres=# \c api
You are now connected to database "api" as user "postgres".
api=# CREATE TABLE COMPANY(ID INT PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,NAME TEXT NOT NULL,AGE INT NOT NULL,ADDRESS CHAR(50),SALARY REAL);
CREATE TABLE
api=# INSERT INTO COMPANY (ID, NAME, AGE, ADDRESS, SALARY) VALUES (1, 'Tushar', 30, '123 Main St', 50000.00);
INSERT 0 1
api=# CREATE TABLE users(ID SERIAL PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(30),email VARCHAR(20));
CREATE TABLE
api=# INSERT INTO users (name, email) VALUES ('John Doe', 'john@example.com');
INSERT 0 1
api=#

```

Now download this code and open in VS code



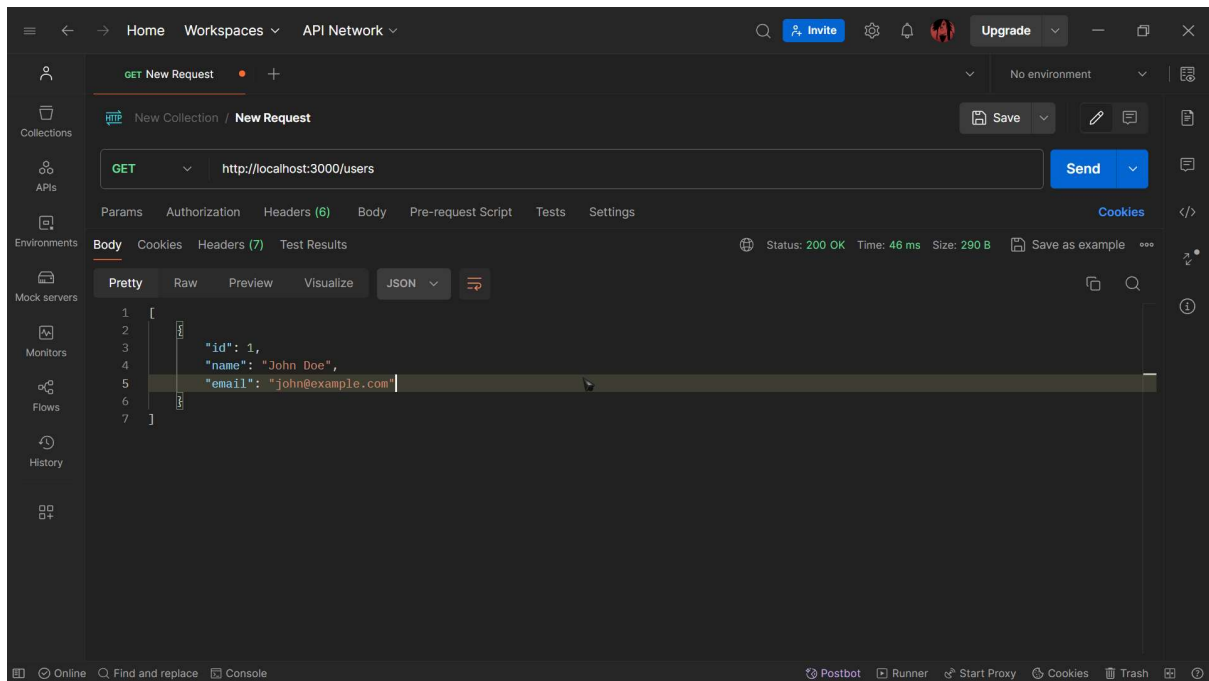
Now no need to change anything and run the code Command:-
Node index.js



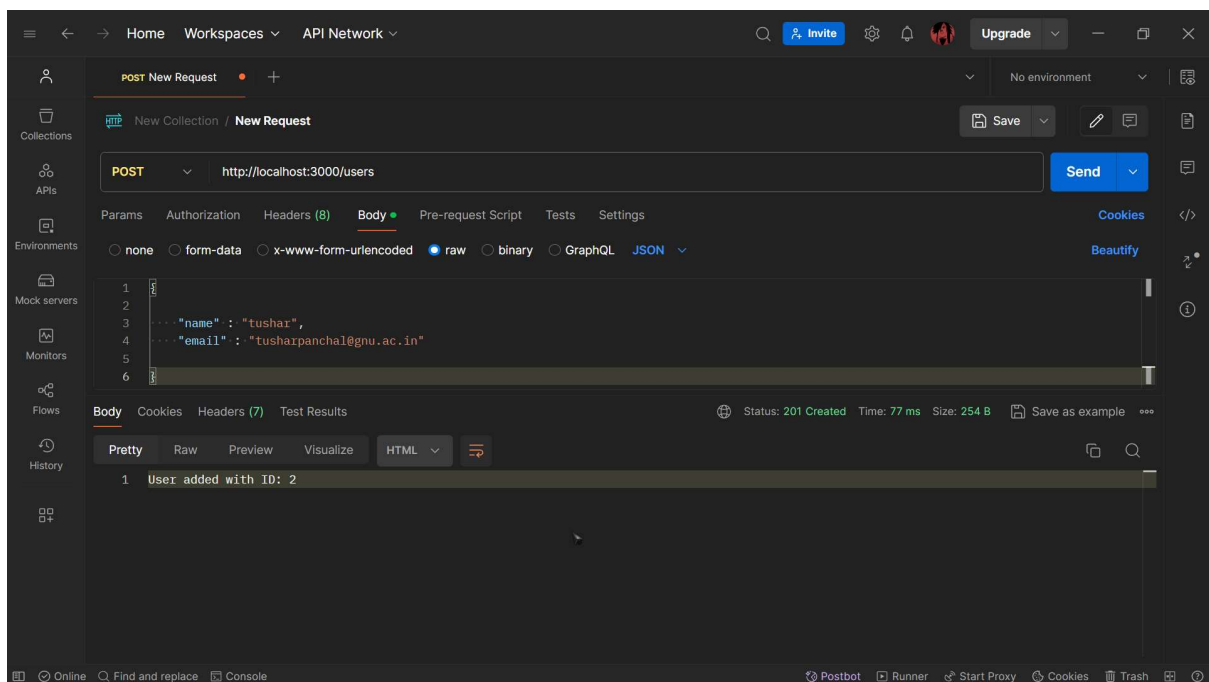
Just change port number and password of yours



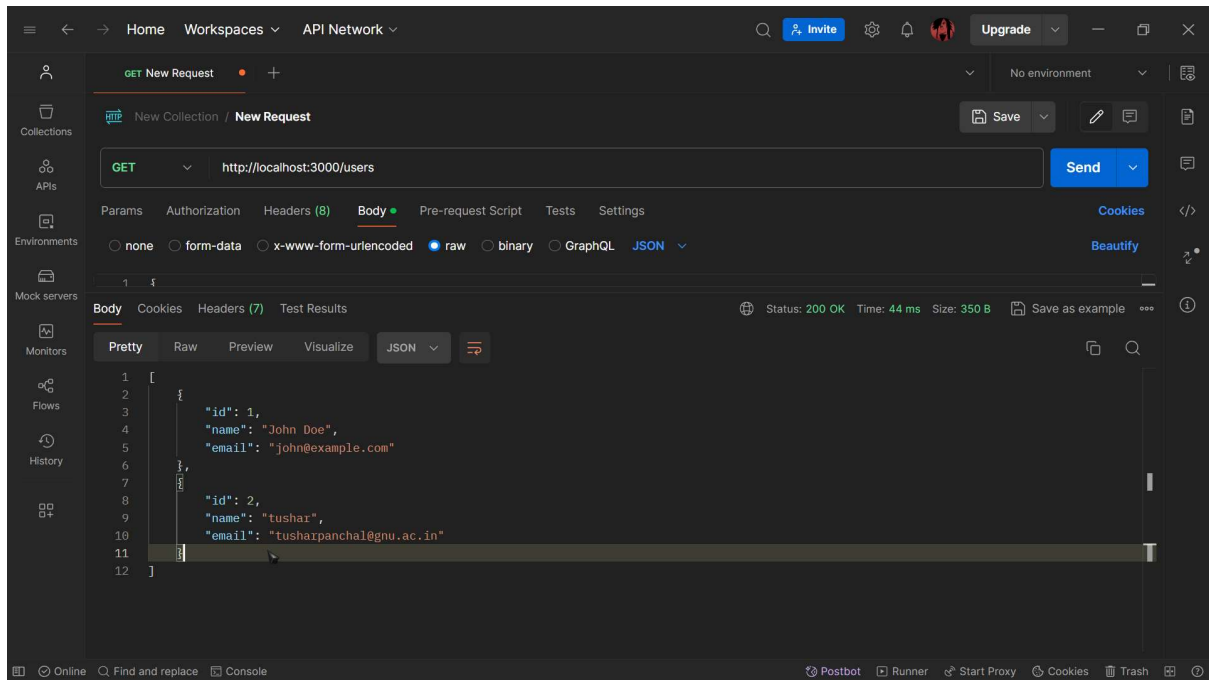
Now open postman and the GET request command :
http://localhost:3000/users and we can get the users data



Now i posted my data in users by POST request

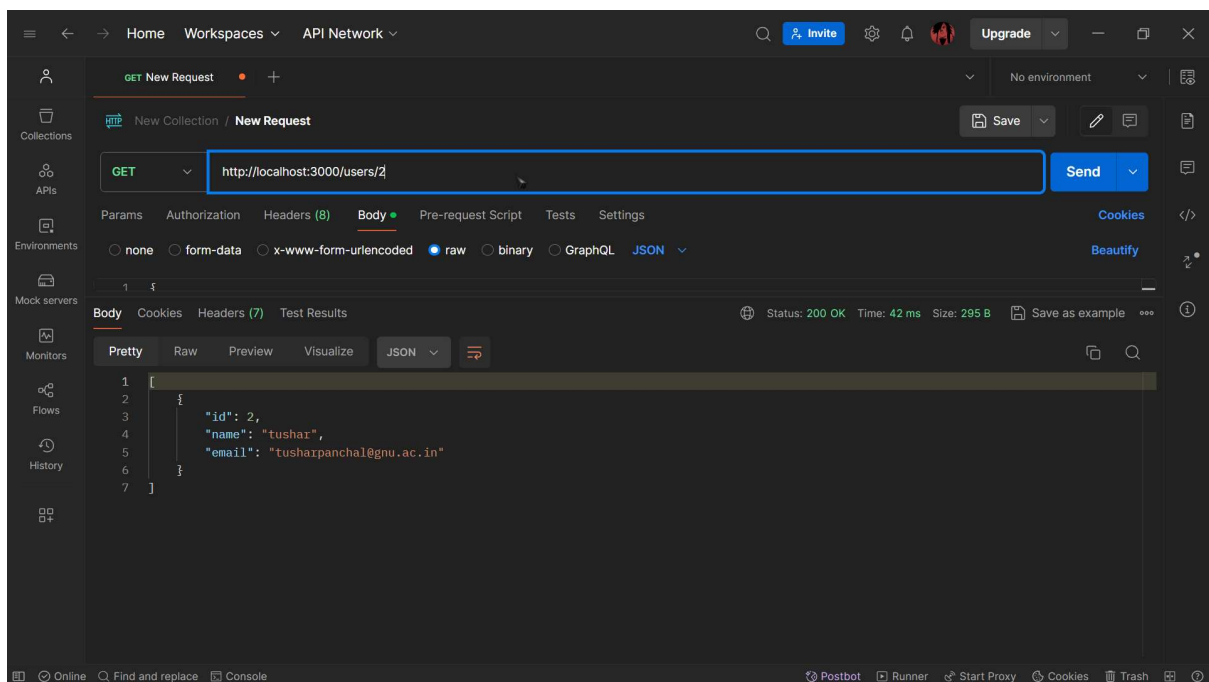


We can see my data showing on no.2



To see only my data use this command

<http://localhost:3000/users/2>



Now open IBM cloud and open Database for postgresQL-ts

Create if not exists, the PostgreSQL service on IBM Cloud and create if not exist its service credentials

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud console interface for a resource named 'Databases for PostgreSQL-Tushar'. The 'Overview' tab is active, showing the following details:

- Deployment Details:**
 - Type: PostgreSQL (15)
 - Location: London
 - CRN (deployment ID): crn:v1:bluemix:public:databases-for-postgresql:eu-gb...
 - Disk Encryption Key: Automatic Key
 - Backups Encryption Key: Automatic Key
 - Foundation Endpoint: https://api.eu-gb.databases.cloud.ibm.com/v5/ibm
- Resources (per member):**
 - RAM: 12GB
 - Disk: 128GB
 - Cores: 3
 - Members: 2
- Recent Tasks:**
 - Backups: There are no recent backup tasks from this deployment.
 - General: Provisioning postgresql with version 15 is 66% complete, just now.

Create new credential

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud console interface for a resource named 'Databases for PostgreSQL-ts'. The 'Service credentials' tab is active, displaying a 'Create credential' dialog box. The dialog box has the following fields and options:

- Name:** Service credentials-tushar1
- Advanced options:** A dropdown menu.
- Buttons:** Cancel and Add.

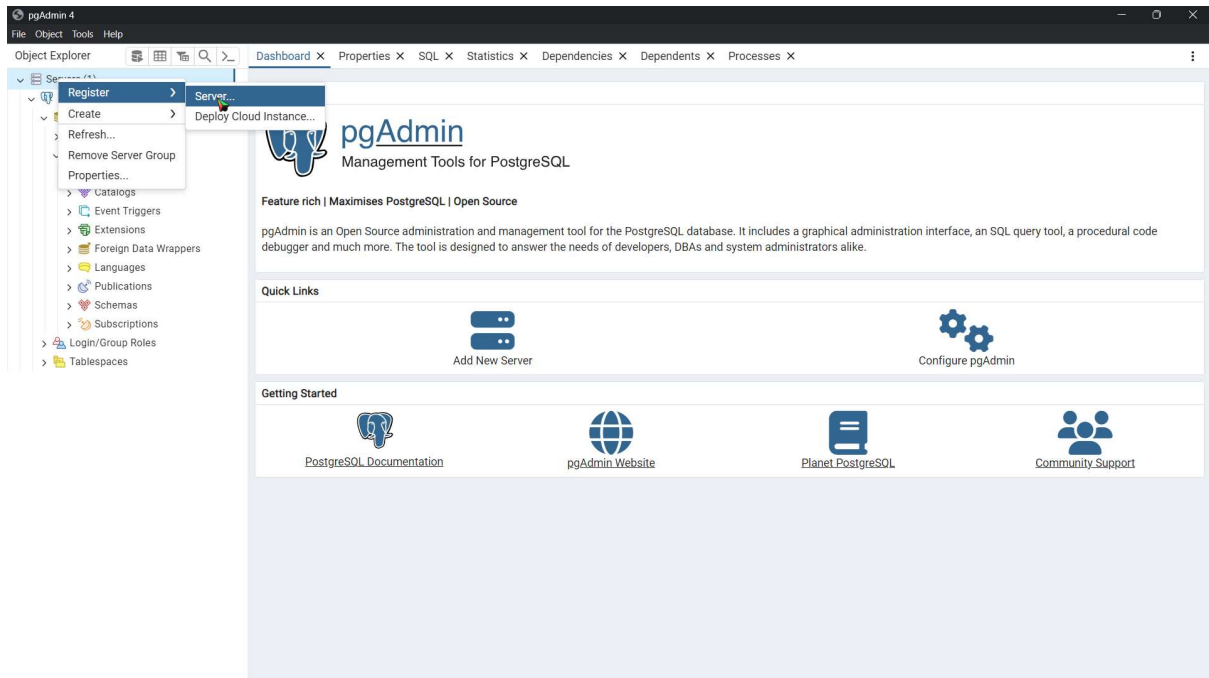
As we can see new credential created

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud console interface for 'Databases for PostgreSQL-ts'. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Getting started, Overview, Resources, Read-only replicas, Backups and restore, Settings, and Service credentials (which is highlighted). The main content area is titled 'Service credentials' and includes a 'New credential' button. Below this, a table lists the created credentials. One credential, 'Service credentials-tushar', is shown with its creation date as '2024-04-29 6:08 PM'. The details of this credential are displayed in a code block, showing a JSON configuration for a PostgreSQL connection, including host, port, database name, user, and a self-signed certificate.

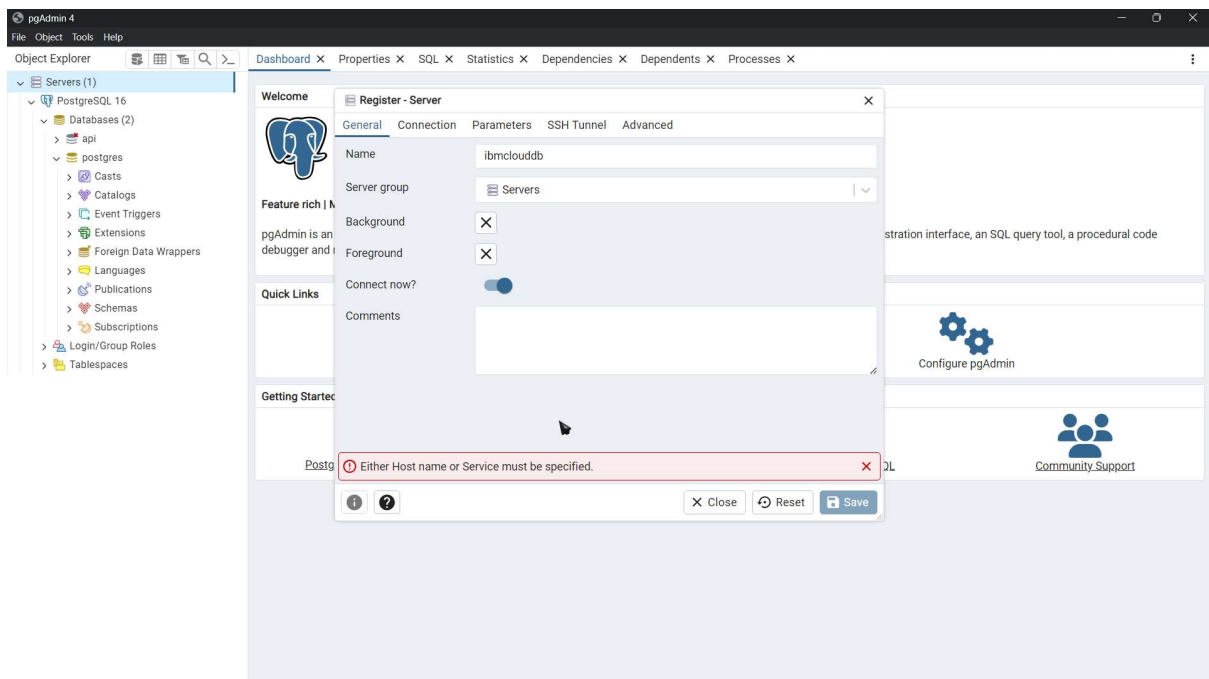
Now scroll down and download certificate

The screenshot shows the 'Endpoints' page for the 'Databases for PostgreSQL' service. It features tabs for 'Quick start', 'PostgreSQL', and 'CLI'. The 'Quick start' tab is active, displaying instructions on how to connect to the database. It provides two methods: 'Connect using a CLI' and 'Connect using a PostgreSQL Client'. Under 'Connect using a CLI', it shows the command to install the 'ibmcloud cdb' plugin and the command to connect to the database. Under 'Connect using a PostgreSQL Client', it shows the steps to get the TLS certificate, download it, and then connect to the database using the certificate. A 'Download Certificate' button is highlighted with a green arrow. The bottom of the page shows the connection string for the PostgreSQL client.

Open pgAdmin and create new server

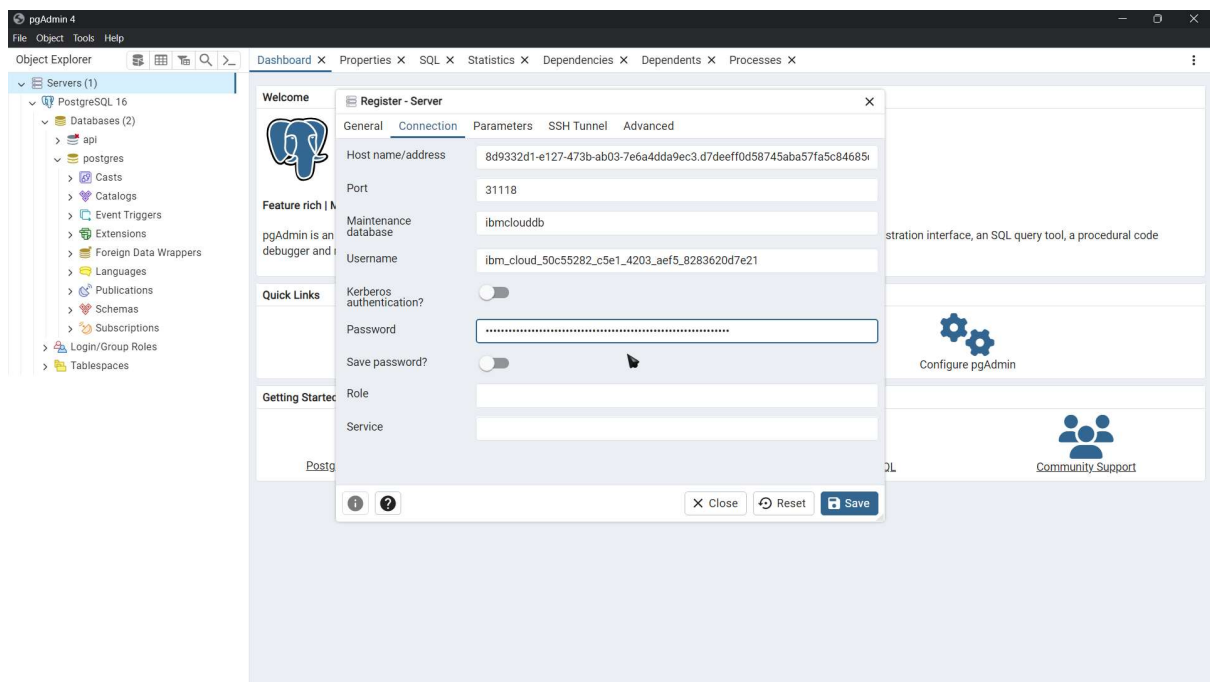


Give name ibmclouddb than go to connection

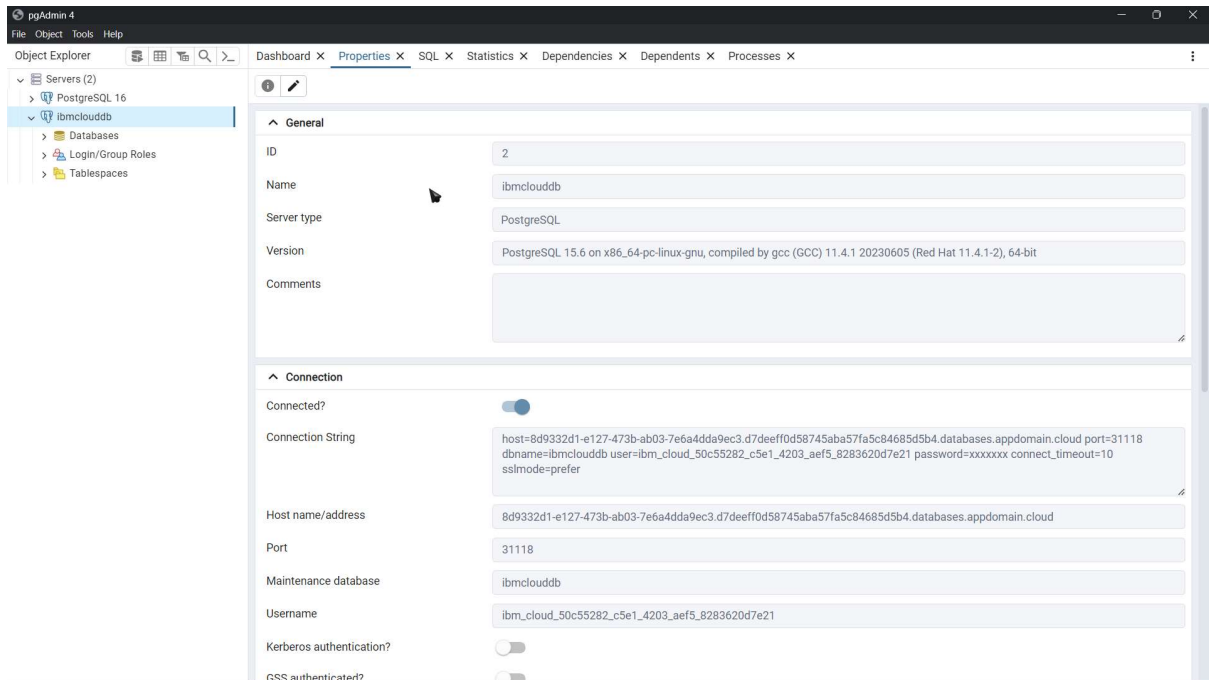


Add this on connection part than click on save

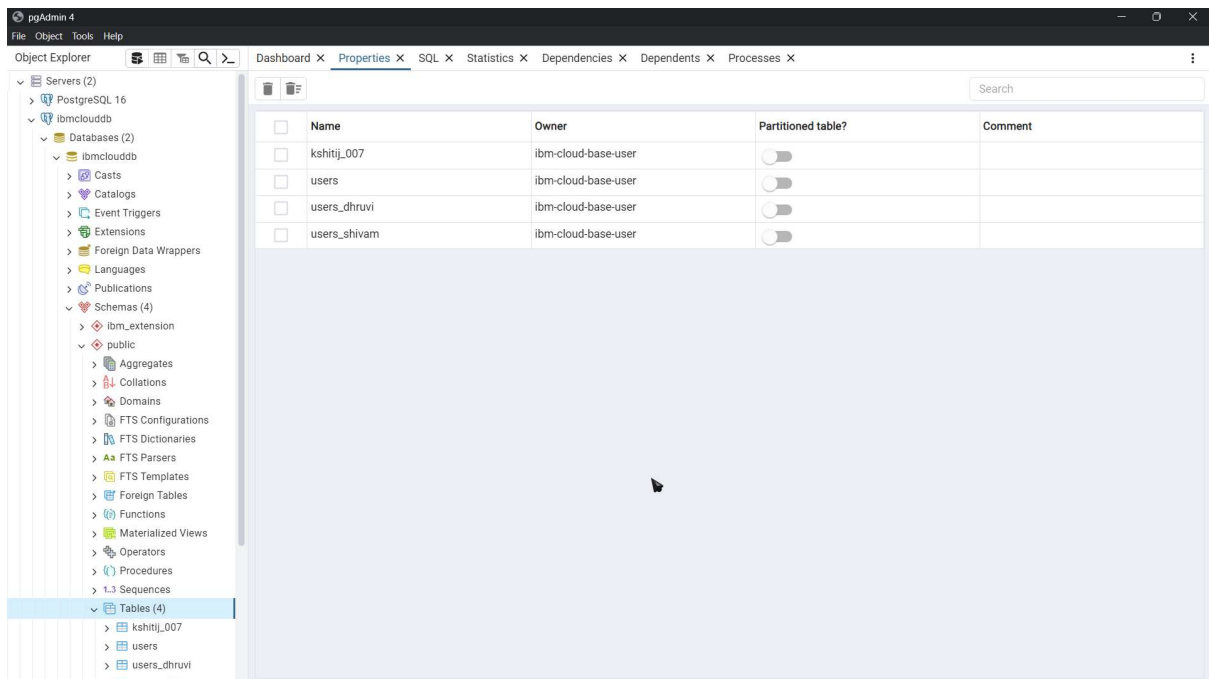
```
user: 'ibm_cloud_50c55282_c5e1_4203_aef5_8283620d7e21',
host: '8d9332d1-e127-473b-ab03-7e6a4dda9ec3.d7deeff0d58745aba57fa5c84685d5b4.databases.appdomain.cloud',
database: 'ibmclouddb',
password: '9b88569fe0efc13c2833745be5183986f3b2cf18d73090c7e8e91620750f80d5',
port: 31118,
```



As we can see ibmclouddb is created



In ibmclouddb we can see users Tables



Now change all data from Database for postgresQL-ts

```
const Pool = require('pg').Pool
var fs = require('fs');
const pool = new Pool({
  user: 'ibm_cloud_50c55282_c5e1_4203_aef5_8283620d7e21',
  host: '8d9332d1-e127-473b-ab03-7e6a4dda9ec3.d7deeff0d58745aba57fa5c84685d5b4.databases.appdomain.cloud',
  database: 'ibmclouddb',
  password: '9b88569fe0efc13c2833745be5183986f3b2cf18d73090c7e8e91620750f80d5',
  port: 31118,

  ssl: {
    rejectUnauthorized: false,
    cert: fs.readFileSync('./cert.pem').toString(),
  }
})
```

After the changes run the code Code is running on port 3000

The screenshot shows the VS Code editor interface. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows the file structure for 'PRACTICAL_19_CLOUD_POSTGRES', including 'node_modules', 'cert.pem', 'JS index.js', 'package-lock.json', 'package.json', and 'JS queries.js'. The main editor area displays the 'index.js' file with the following code:

```
1 const express = require('express')
2 const bodyParser = require('body-parser')
3 const app = express()
4 const db = require('./queries')
5 const port = 3000
6
7 app.use(bodyParser.json())
8 app.use(
9   bodyParser.urlencoded({
10     extended: true,
11   })
12 )
13
14 app.get('/', (request, response) => {
15   response.json({ info: 'Node.js, Express, and Postgres API' })
16 })
17
18 app.get('/users', db.getUsers)
```

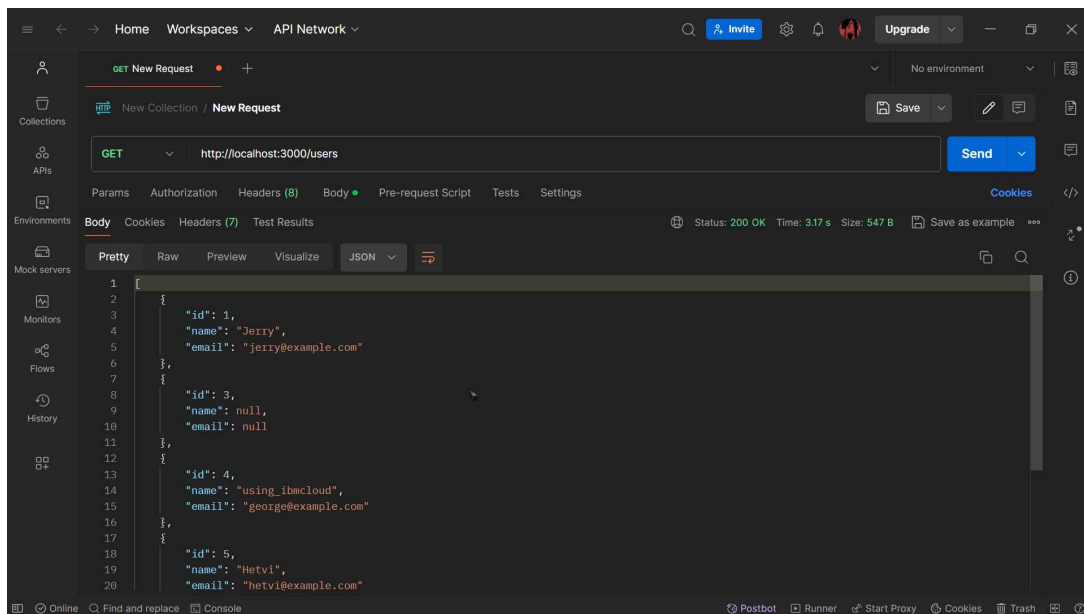
Below the editor, the TERMINAL panel shows a message about a new release of Oh My Posh and a command prompt where the application is run:

```
>> node "c:\Users\Tushar\Documents\SEM 6\EADC\Practical-19\Practical_19_cloud_postgres\index.js"
App running on port 3000.
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the file is 'Ln 14, Col 38', uses 'Spaces: 2', 'UTF-8' encoding, 'CRLF' line endings, and is a 'JavaScript' file.

a) GET all users

Endpoint:- <http://localhost:3000/users>



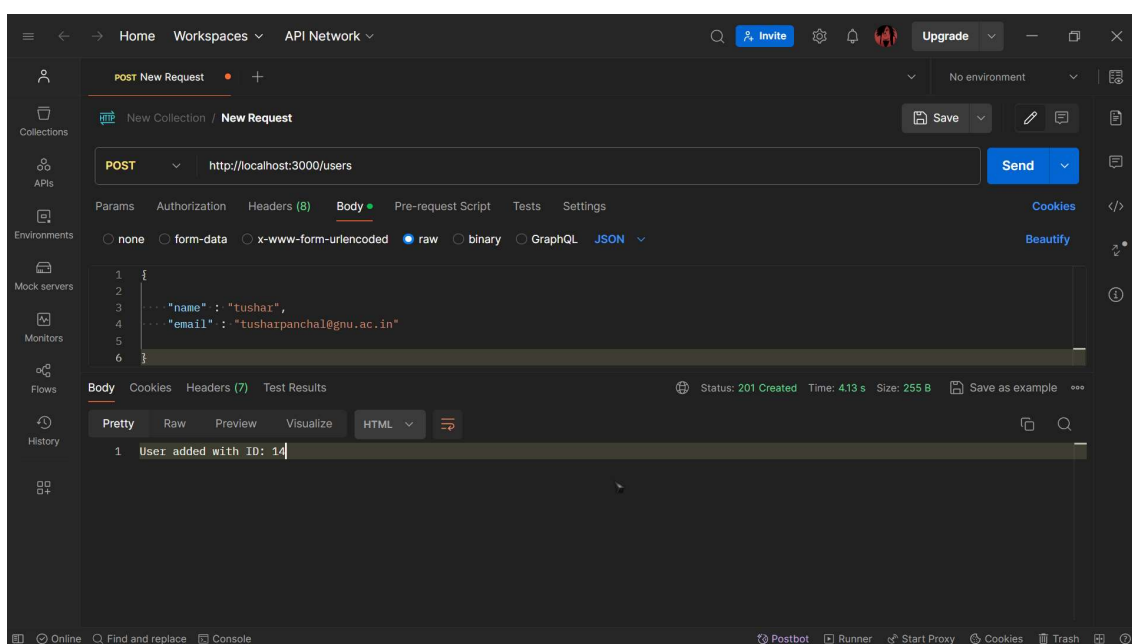
b) POST / add a new user

Endpoint:- <http://localhost:3000/users>

```

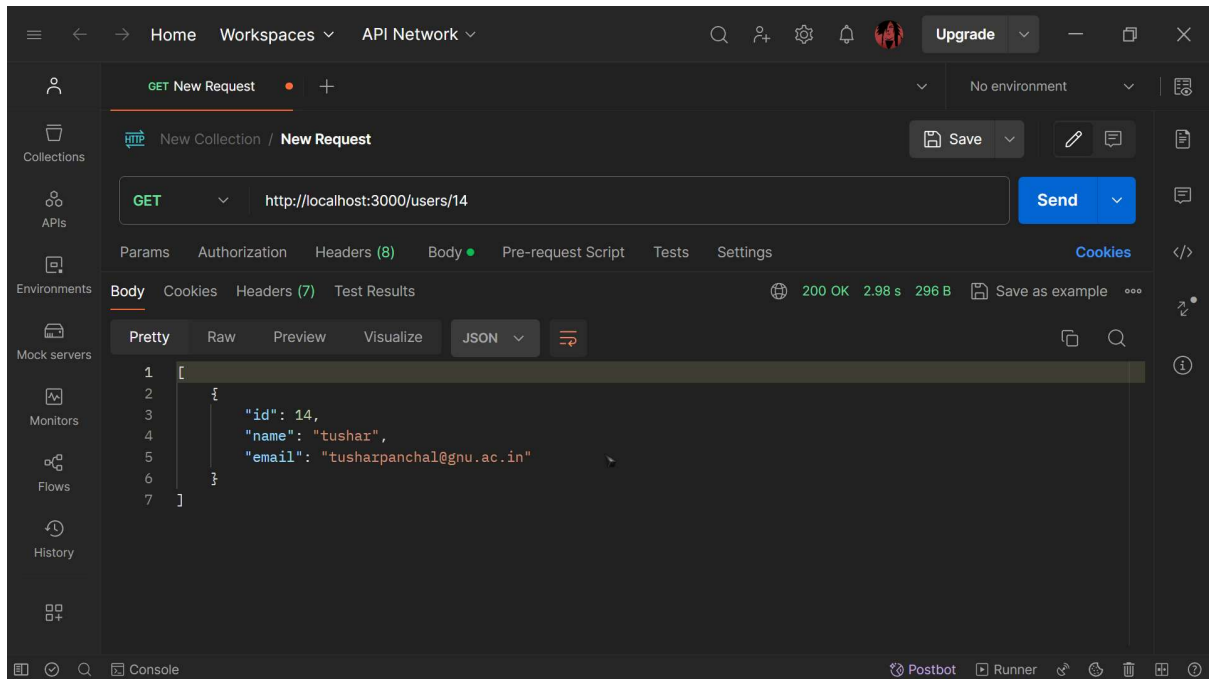
{
  "name" : "tushar",
  "email" : "tusharpanchal@gnu.ac.in"
}

```

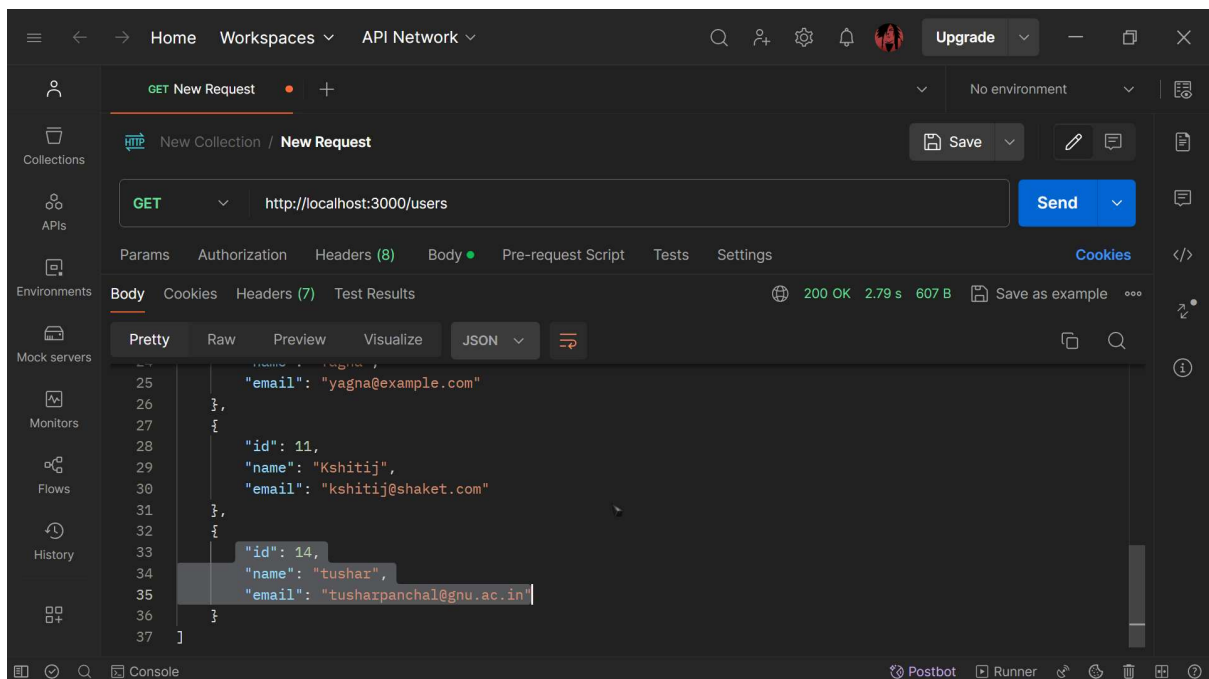


c) Get details of user using ID

Endpoint:- <http://localhost:3000/users/14>

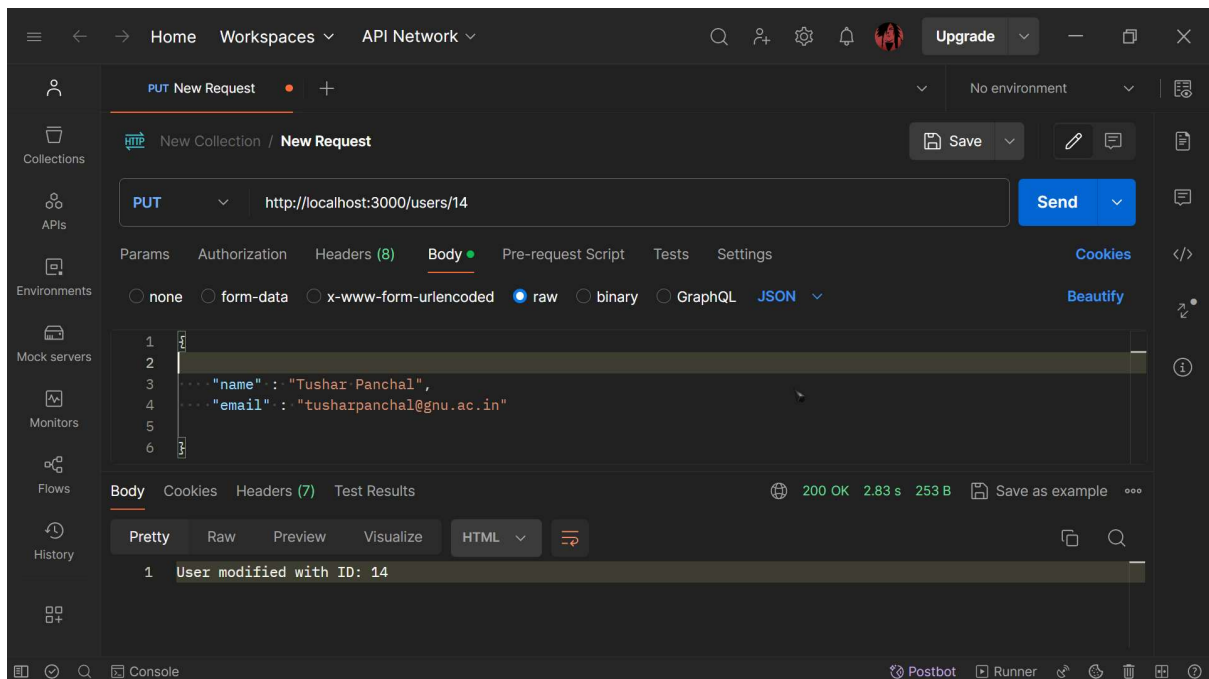


We can see my data at ID = 14

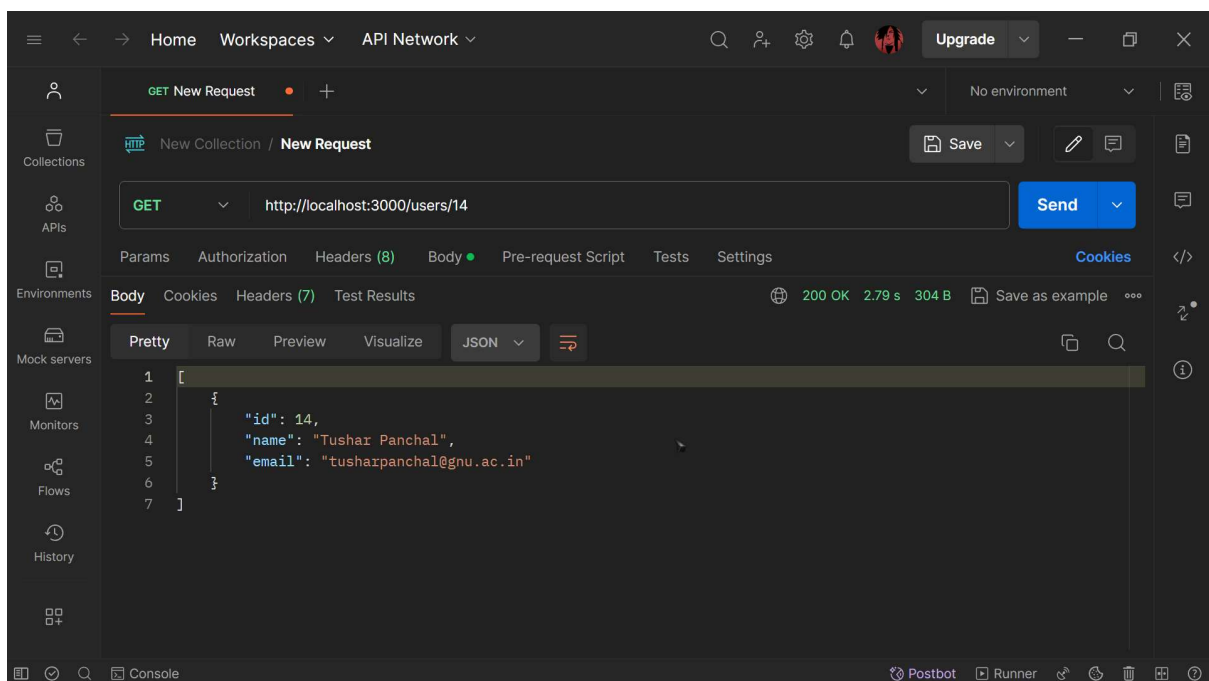


d) Put / Update an existing User

Endpoint:- <http://localhost:3000/users/14>

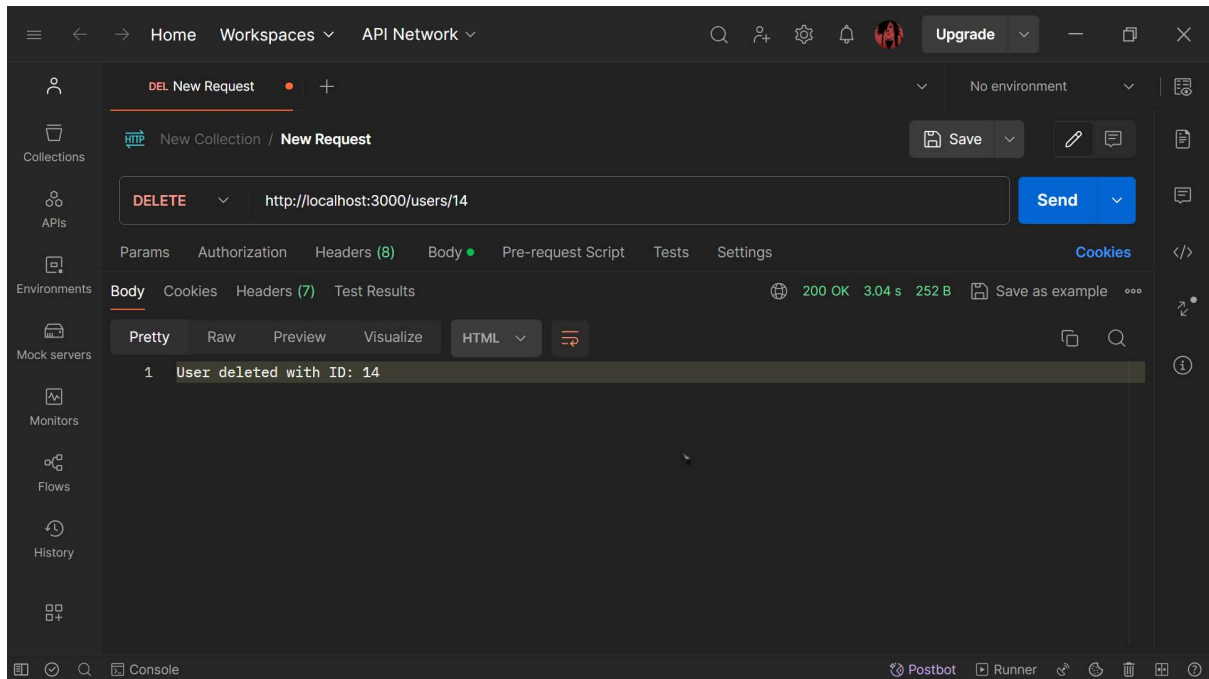


As we can see in below screenshot My name is modified



e) Delete an existing User

Endpoint:- <http://localhost:3000/users/14>



As we can see my data on no.14 ID is deleted

