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## **PRACTICAL 04**

**Interface Ultrasonic Sensor with Arduino, LED and a buzzer.**

**Parts needed :**

- 1) Arduino uno
- 2) led
- 3) Ultrasonic Sensor
- 4) Buzzer
- 5) Jumper wires

✓ **Source Code :**

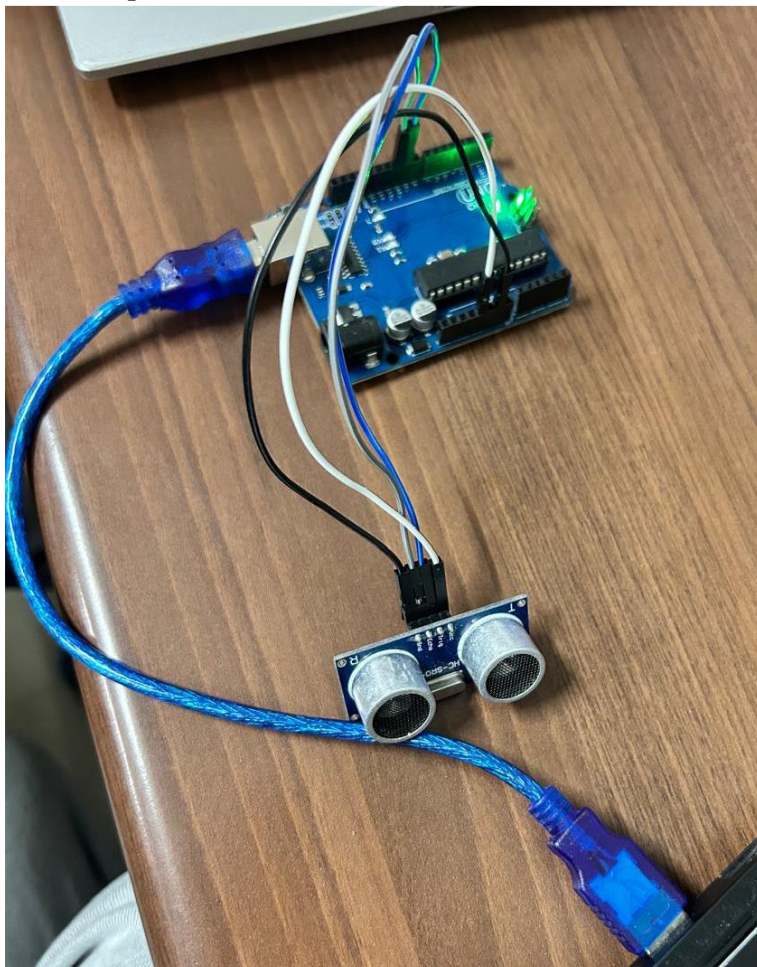
```
const int trigPin = 9;           // Pin connected to the Trigger pin of the
ultrasonic sensor
const int echoPin = 10;          // Pin connected to the Echo pin of the
ultrasonic sensor

long duration;                   // Variable to store the time it takes for
the pulse to return
int distance;                    // Variable to store the calculated
distance

void setup() {
    pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);    // Set the Trigger pin as an output
    pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);     // Set the Echo pin as an input
    Serial.begin(9600);          // Initialize serial communication at
9600 baud
}
```

```
void loop() {  
  // Send a 10µs pulse to trigger the ultrasonic sensor  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
  delayMicroseconds(1000);    // Delay to stabilize sensor  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);  
  delayMicroseconds(1000);    // 10µs pulse  
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);  
  
  // Read the pulse duration  
  duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);  
  
  // Calculate the distance in centimeters  
  distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;  
  
  // Print the distance to the Serial Monitor  
  Serial.print("Distance: ");  
  Serial.println(distance);  
  
  // Wait 1 second before taking another measurement  
  delay(1000);  
}
```

✓ **Output :**



```

1  const int trigPin = 9;
2  const int echoPin = 10;
3
4  long duration;
5  int distance;
6  void setup() {
7    pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);
8    pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);
9    Serial.begin(9600);
10 }
11 void loop() {
12
13     digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
14     delayMicroseconds(1000);
15
16     digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
17     delayMicroseconds(1000);
18     digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
19
20     duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
21
22     distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;
23     Serial.print("Distance: ");
24     Serial.println(distance);
25     delay(1000);
26 }
27

```

Output: Serial Monitor x

Distance: 27  
Distance: 6  
Distance: 159  
Distance: 14  
Distance: 5  
Distance: 156

### ✓ Ultrasonic Sensor with Led :

```

// Pin definitions
const int trigPin = 9;           // Pin connected to the Trigger pin
of the ultrasonic sensor
const int echoPin = 8;           // Pin connected to the Echo pin of
the ultrasonic sensor
const int nearLedPin = 13;        // Pin connected to the LED that
indicates 'near' distance
const int farLedPin = 12;        // Pin connected to the LED that
indicates 'far' distance

void setup() {
    pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);    // Set the Trigger pin as OUTPUT
    pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);     // Set the Echo pin as INPUT
    pinMode(nearLedPin, OUTPUT); // Set the near LED pin as
OUTPUT
    pinMode(farLedPin, OUTPUT);  // Set the far LED pin as OUTPUT
    Serial.begin(9600);          // Initialize serial communication
at 9600 baud
}

void loop() {
    // Send pulse to trigger the ultrasonic sensor
    digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
    delayMicroseconds(2);
    digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
    delayMicroseconds(10);
    digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);

```

```

// Read pulse duration and calculate distance
long duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Fixed syntax error
int distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;    // Fixed syntax
error

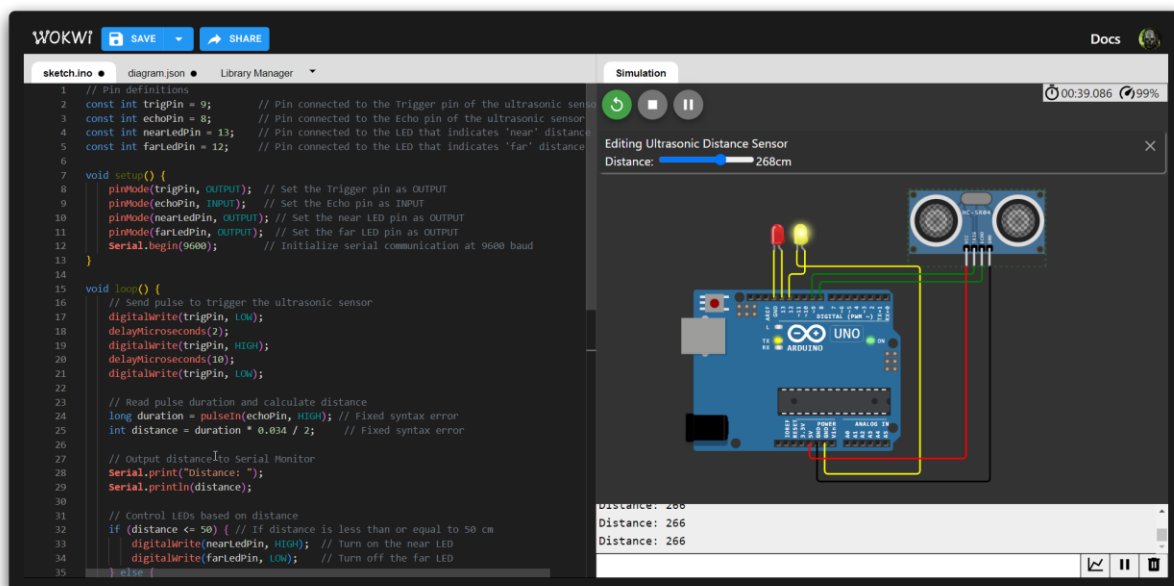
// Output distance to Serial Monitor
Serial.print("Distance: ");
Serial.println(distance);

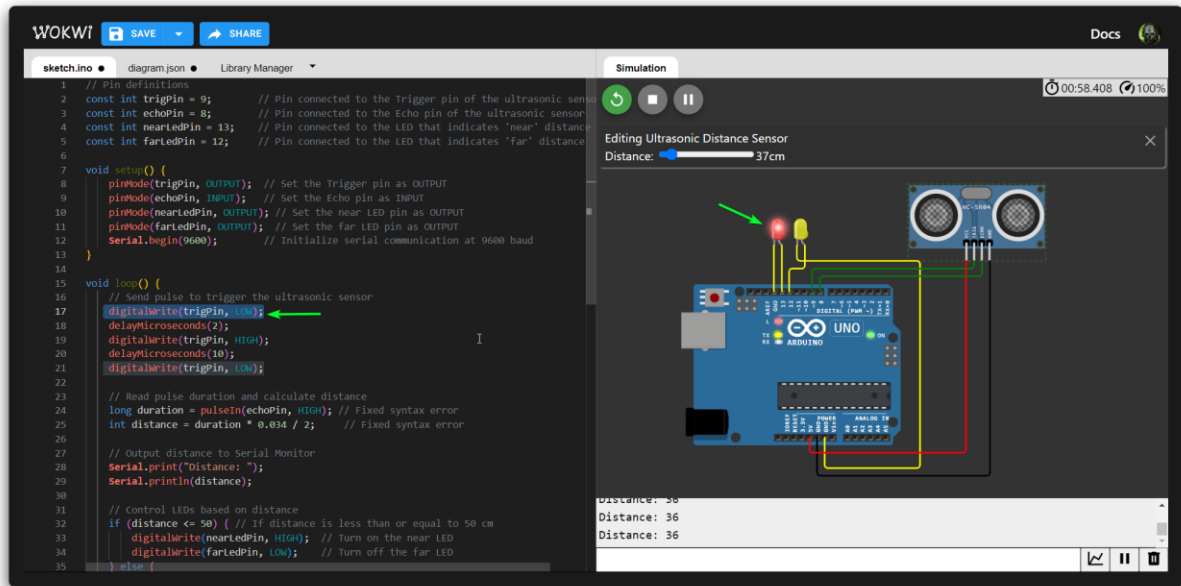
// Control LEDs based on distance
if (distance <= 50) { // If distance is less than or equal to
50 cm
    digitalWrite(nearLedPin, HIGH); // Turn on the near LED
    digitalWrite(farLedPin, LOW);   // Turn off the far LED
} else {
    digitalWrite(nearLedPin, LOW);  // Turn off the near LED
    digitalWrite(farLedPin, HIGH);  // Turn on the far LED
}

delay(100); // Wait 100 ms before the next measurement
}

```

### ✓ Output :





### ✓ Source Code :

```

const int trigPin = 2; // Pin connected to the Trigger pin of the ultrasonic
sensor
const int echoPin = 3; // Pin connected to the Echo pin of the ultrasonic
sensor
const int nearLedPin = 13; // Pin connected to the LED that indicates 'near'
distance
const int farLedPin = 12; // Pin connected to the LED that indicates 'far'
distance

void setup() {
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Set the Trigger pin as OUTPUT
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Set the Echo pin as INPUT
  pinMode(nearLedPin, OUTPUT); // Set the near LED pin as OUTPUT
  pinMode(farLedPin, OUTPUT); // Set the far LED pin as OUTPUT
  Serial.begin(9600); // Initialize serial communication at 9600 baud
}

void loop() {
  // Trigger the ultrasonic sensor
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10); // Send a 10µs pulse
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);

  // Read pulse duration and calculate distance
  long duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Read the pulse duration
  int distance = duration * 0.034 / 2; // Calculate distance in cm

```

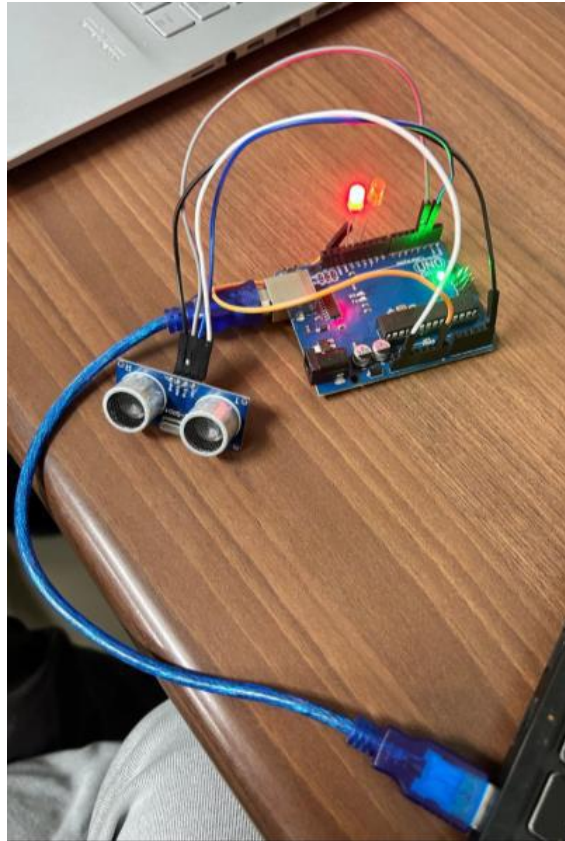
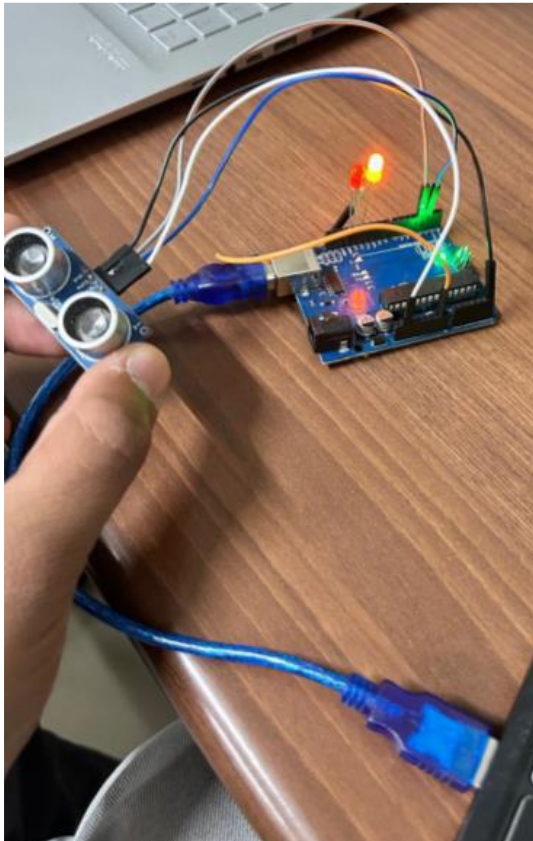


```
// Output distance to Serial Monitor
Serial.println(distance);

// Control LEDs based on distance
if (distance <= 50) { // If distance is less than or equal to 50 cm
    digitalWrite(nearLedPin, HIGH); // Turn on the near LED
    digitalWrite(farLedPin, LOW);   // Turn off the far LED
} else {
    digitalWrite(nearLedPin, LOW);  // Turn off the near LED
    digitalWrite(farLedPin, HIGH);  // Turn on the far LED
}

delay(100); // Wait for 100 ms before the next measurement
}
```

✓ **Output :**



```

sketch_sep24a.ino
1  const int trigPin = 2;
2  const int echoPin = 3;
3  const int nearLedPin = 13;
4  const int farLedPin = 12;
5  void setup() {
6    pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);
7    pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);
8    pinMode(nearLedPin, OUTPUT);
9    pinMode(farLedPin, OUTPUT);
10
11   Serial.begin(9600); // For distance output
12 }
13 void loop() {
14   digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
15   delayMicroseconds(2);
16   digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
17   delayMicroseconds(10);
18   digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
19
20   long duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
21   int distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;
22   Serial.println(distance);
23
24   if (distance <= 50) {
25     digitalWrite(nearLedPin, HIGH);
26     digitalWrite(farLedPin, LOW);
27   } else {
28     digitalWrite(nearLedPin, LOW);
29     digitalWrite(farLedPin, HIGH);
30   }
31
32   delay(100);
33 }
34

```

## ✓ Ultrasonic Sensor with buzzer :

### Source code :

```

#define echoPin 8           // Pin connected to the Echo pin of
the ultrasonic sensor
#define trigPin 10          // Pin connected to the Trigger pin of
the ultrasonic sensor
const int buzzer = 9;       // Pin connected to the buzzer

long duration;              // Variable to store the time it
takes for the pulse to return

```

```

int distance;           // Variable to store the calculated
distance

void setup() {
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Set the Trigger pin as OUTPUT
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);  // Set the Echo pin as INPUT
  pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);  // Set the buzzer pin as OUTPUT
  Serial.begin(9600);       // Initialize serial communication
                             at 9600 baud
  Serial.println("Ultrasonic Sensor HC-SR04 Test");
  Serial.println("with Arduino UNO R3");
}

void loop() {
  // Trigger the ultrasonic sensor
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
  digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
  delayMicroseconds(10); // Send a 10µs pulse
  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);

  // Read pulse duration and calculate distance
  duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Read the pulse duration
  distance = duration * 0.034 / 2;    // Calculate distance in
cm

  // Output distance to Serial Monitor
  Serial.print("Distance: ");
  Serial.print(distance);
  Serial.println(" cm");

  // Trigger the buzzer if the distance is less than 5 cm
  if (distance < 5) {
    tone(buzzer, 500); // Play a tone at 500 Hz
    delay(1000);       // Wait for 1 second
    noTone(buzzer);    // Stop the tone
  }

  delay(100); // Optional: add a small delay to prevent rapid
triggering
}

```

### ✓ **Output :**

At 2 cm we can see our buzzer sounds



