

CARDIAC PRO

CARDIAC HEALTH
PROFILE

WHY TO WORRY ABOUT CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE (CVD)?

Primary cause of death

globally is CVD.

422.7 million cases

of CVD exist around the

world as of 2015.

Out of the 17 million

premature deaths (< 70 yrs) due to

noncommunicable diseases in 2019.

38% were

caused by CVDs.

Around 47%

of sudden cardiac

deaths occur outside a

hospital, suggesting

that many people with

heart disease don't act

on early warning signs.

tests that provide immediate, actionable clinical information for the risk stratification and aid in

predicting future cardiac events.

Basic Cardiac Risk Profile

High-Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein (hs CRP)

Homocysteine High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin I test (hs Troponin I)

Basic Cardiac Risk Profile with Lipid Profile*

Comprehensive Cardiac Risk Profile*

CARDIAC PRO consists of a group of advanced

. High-Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein (hs CRP) High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin I test (hs Troponin I) High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin T test (hs Troponin T)

Pro-B-type Natriuretic Peptide (Pro BNP) Leptin

. Lipid Profile*

(Lipid profile with Lipoprotien (a), Apolipoprotein A & B, Homocysteine)

Extended Lipid Profile*

Comprehensive Cardiac Risk Profile with Lp-PLA₂* INR 17.500/-

. Lp-PLA₂ (PLAC)

Hypertension

Risk Factors For Cardiovascular & Heart Disease

Age (>65 years)

• Family history • Diabetes mellitus

Physical inactivity

INR 3.500/-

INR 4,100/-

INR 13,900/-

Smoking/Alcohol Diet Hyperlipidemia

Obesity

can lead to heart attacks or ACT

CARDIAC

RISK MARKERS

hs Troponin I Highly sensitive and preferred

cardiac marker to rule out any

cardiac event and to access

the risk of future CVD.

hs CRP Highly sensitive marker of

An increased level may indicate a higher

risk of CVD.

hs Troponin T

Latest generation

independent prognostic

marker that aids in diagnosis

of MI in an acute setting and

also supports to identify

relative risk of CVD.

Homocysteine

for CVD events.

ProBNP This test is used to diagnose

and & rule out congestive heart failure.

Lp-PLA₂ (PLAC)

(Lipoprotein-associated

Phospholipase A2) is a special

enzyme linked to inflammation

in blood vessels and detects risk

of plague building up in the arteries (atherosclerosis), which

Note- Tests marked with (*) require minimum 10-12 hours fasting **IDENTIFY**

PREDICT

DON'T GUESS.

KNOW YOUR
RISK FOR
DEVELOPING A
CARDIOVASCULAR
DISEASE IN
THE FUTURE!



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