

PYTHON VARIABLE ASSIGNMENT

- 1. Which of the following defines a variable in Python?
 - A. var name = "GrowingSeed"
 - B. string name = "GrowingSeed"
 - C. name = "GrowingSeed"
 - D. All of the above
- 2. How to get the type of the following variable?
 - i = 10
 - A. type(i)
 - B. exec(i)
 - C. print(i)
 - D. help(i)
- 3. What is the output of the following code?

$$x = 100$$

TRAINING | DEVELOPMENT | SOLUTION | CONSULTANCY

print(type(x))

- A. integer
- B. int
- C. <class 'int'>
- D. <class 'number'>



4. Which of the following would give a syntax error?

A.
$$x, y, z = 10, 20, 30$$

B.
$$x, y, z = 10$$
, 'hello', True

C.
$$x = 10$$
, $y =$ 'hello', $z = True$

- D. None of the above.
- 5. Which of the following statements are correct?
 - A. The variable names can not start with digit.
 - B. Variables names in Python are case-sensitive.
 - C. Variable names can not start with the underscore.
 - D. Variable names can be reserved keywords.
- 6. What is the output of the following code?

$$x = 100$$

$$y = 100$$

$$id(x) == id(y)^{TRAINING \mid DEVELOPMENT \mid SOLUTION \mid CONSULTANCY}$$

- A. True
- B. False
- C. Error
- 7. In Python, a variable must be declared before it is assigned a value.



- A. True
- B. False
- 8. Which of the following statements assigns the value 100 to the variable x in Python.

A.
$$x := 100$$

B.
$$x = 100$$

D. let
$$x = 100$$

E.
$$x << 100$$

9. In Python, a variable may be assigned a value of one type, and then later assigned a value of a different type.

10. Consider the following sequence of statements:

$$n = 300$$

$$m = n$$

Following execution of these statements, Python has created how many objects and how many references?



- A. Two objects, one reference
- B. One object, one reference
- C. Two objects, two references
- D. One object, two references
- 11. What Python built-in function returns the unique number assigned to an object:
 - A. ref()
 - B. identity()
 - C. id()
 - D. refnum()
- 12. Which of the following are valid Python variable names:
 - A. del
 - B. 4square
 - C. home_address
 - D. Age
- TRAINING | DEVELOPMENT | SOLUTION | CONSULTANCY
- E. var1.3
- F. route66
- 13. You are reading Python code, and these statements appear scattered in different locations throughout the code:



employeenumber = 4398

EmployeeNumber = 4398

employeeNumber = 4398

A. These statements refer to different variables.

B. These statements refer to same variable.

